Relationships.
Responsiveness.
Results.



Final Application for Major Subdivision Orchard Road Cumberland, Maine



PREPARED FOR:
TZ Properties, LLC

May 2018





SUBMITTED BY:
Gorrill Palmer
707 Sable Oaks Drive
Suite 30
So. Portland, ME 04106
207.772.2515



May 22, 2018

707 Sable Oaks Drive, Suite 30 South Portland, Maine 04106 207.772.2515

Ms. Carla Nixon Town Planner Town of Cumberland 290 Tuttle Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Subject: Orchard Road Subdivision

Orchard Road

Final Major Subdivision Plan

Dear Carla,

TZ Properties, LLC has retained Gorrill Palmer to prepare and submit a subdivision application to the Planning Board for a proposed residential development on Orchard Road. The site is shown on the Assessor's Map R08, Lot 59, is approximately 24.9 acres in size, and is located in the Rural Residential 2 (RR2) District. Figure I attached to this letter is a location map depicting the project site.

The Applicant submitted a preliminary subdivision application for the site in October of 2017. Since a land swap was being negotiated with an abutting property owner in order to provide the necessary setback for an additional lot, the Town determined that the application should be tabled until the land swap was finalized. The Town reviewed the application and provided comments based upon the preliminary subdivision application prior to the Planning Board meeting at which the decision to table the project was made. The land swap has been finalized and the Applicant requests a combined preliminary and final subdivision review since the Town has reviewed and commented on the original preliminary subdivision application. The plans have not changed from the original submission, with the exception of revisions due to the Town comments and the finalization of the land swap. The following narrative and application presents the preliminary subdivision information included in Attachment A, responses to the Town comments on the original preliminary submission included in Attachment B, and the required information for a final subdivision application included in Attachment C.

Site Description

The project site consists of Tax Map R08, Lot 59 as shown on the Cumberland Assessor's Map. The site is approximately 24.9 acres in size and has approximately 285 feet of frontage along Orchard Road.

The project site is currently undeveloped with moderate topography and generally slopes to the south. Abutting land uses include:

- ➤ North Residential
- West Residential/Apple Orchard
- ➤ South Residential/Undeveloped
- East Residential

Carla Nixon 5-22-18 Page 2



Project Description

The development of the site is anticipated to include construction of a public roadway to support a residential development of single family homes. The lots will be served by individual wells and subsurface wastewater disposal systems. The current configuration of the subdivision includes 10 single family house lots designed as a clustered residential development. Open space consisting of 8.32 acres of undeveloped land has been provided.

Access to the subdivision is proposed as a public roadway entering the property from Orchard Road. The proposed roadway is a dead end with a cul-de-sac and is approximately 1,500 feet long. Each proposed lot will have a driveway off of the subdivision road.

The roadway is anticipated to consist of a 22' wide paved roadway with a 4' wide paved byway along the southerly side of the roadway. The northerly side of the roadway will have a 2 foot paved shoulder in curbed sections and a 2' gravel shoulder in non-curb sections. Lighting is not proposed for the roadway. Trash pickup is assumed to be municipal collection consistent with other Town roadways.

An abutting parcel northwest of the subject parcel has been designated on the plans as Lot A. A land swap between the Owners of Lot A and the Applicant has been finalized, which will allow for the creation of Lot 10. The land swap agreement is contained in Attachment D of this application.

The project will generate less than 200 trip ends per day, which would therefore qualify under the Cumberland Subdivision Ordinance to be classified as a "Residential Access" roadway.

Major Subdivision Requirement Waivers

The applicant respectfully requests the following waivers from the ordinance requirements:

Trees 10" diameter or more – A waiver is requested to depict trees 10" in diameter or larger. 32.5% of the wooded site is proposed as open space which will preserve the existing woodland and a 75' buffer is provided along the parcel boundary. The open space and buffers will protect the existing trees. The remainder of the site is subject to development therefore the location of the trees is not beneficial.

High Intensity Soil Survey – A waiver is requested for the High Intensity Soil Survey for this project, due to small scale of this project. Test Pits have been conducted on all lots to determine suitability for onsite septic systems and a Hydro-geologic study has also been conducted for the project. A copy of the test pit logs and hydro-geologic study are included in Attachment 7.

Soil boundaries and names superimposed on plot plan – Since a waiver of the High Intensity Soil Survey is requested, a waiver to put the soil boundaries on the plot plan is requested. A medium intensity soil survey is included in the Stormwater Management Report and the Erosion Control Report for this project.

Building locations – The Applicant proposes to construct the roadway, storm drainage, and electric service. The lots will be developed by the lot owners. Building locations will be proposed by the lot owners at the time of applying for building permits to develop each lot. The building envelope, potential subsurface disposal location, and potential well location is indicated for each lot on the subdivision plans. The applicant requests a waiver from the requirement to show building locations on the subdivision plans.

Carla Nixon 5-22-18 Page 3



Location of temporary markers in field – A waiver is requested for location of temporary markers in field. The centerline of the proposed roadway has been marked.

Conclusion

As required by the Ordinance, Gorrill Palmer on behalf of TZ Properties, LLC has submitted the application for Preliminary and Final Subdivision Review. The project team looks forward to the Planning Staff and Board's review of this project.

An application fee of \$1,850 was submitted in October of 2017 with the preliminary application, and an additional \$1,000 was paid to the Town after the initial submission, for a total fee payment of \$2,850.

Sincerely, Gorrill Palmer

William C. Haskell, P.E.

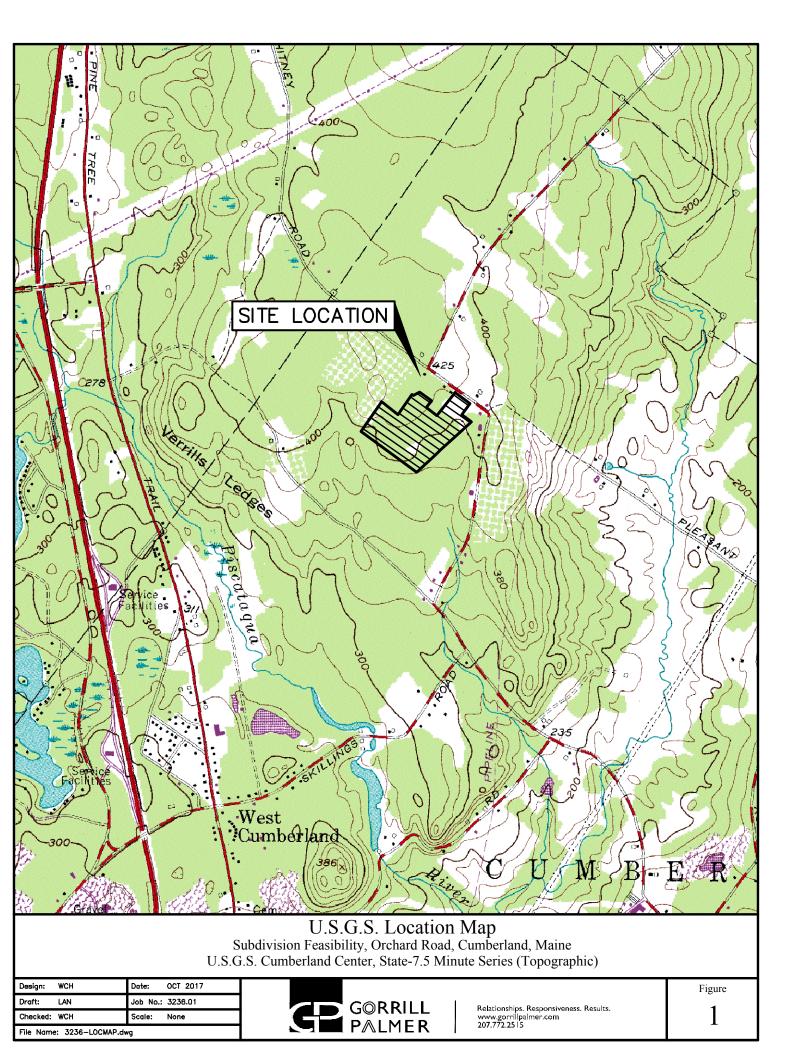
Will C. Hashell

Principal

Enclosure

Copy: Zareh DerHagopian

WCH/jwaU:\3236.01 TZ Properties Orchard Rd Cumberland\P Applications\Local\Subdivision Appl\Final Subdivision Application\Subdivision cover letter 5-22-18.doc





October 19, 2017

707 Sable Oaks Drive, Suite 30 South Portland, Maine 04106 207.772.2515

Zareh DerHagopian TZ Properties 23 Stormy Brook Road Falmouth, ME 04105

RE: Designation of Agent

Dear Zareh,

As required by various approval agencies, please indicate by signing below that Gorrill Palmer is authorized to act as TZ Properties agent for the specific purpose of preparing and submitting permit applications on your behalf. This designation of agent is for the following development projects:

Orchard Road Subdivision

Sincerely,

Gorrill-Palmer Consulting Engineers, Inc.

William C. Haskell, PE

Principal

The undersigned hereby gives Gorrill Palmer the authority to act as agent for TZ Properties for the specific purpose of preparing and submitting permit applications for the project(s) identified above.

[Zareh Der Hagopian]

10-19-17 Date

TZ Properties LLC 23 Stormy Brook Rd Falmouth, ME 04105		/	et 19 217	129
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List of Attachments

Attachment

- A. Preliminary Subdivision Application Submitted October 2017
- B. Response to Comments received from the Town for the Preliminary Subdivision Application
- C. Final Site Plan Application
- D. Land Swap
- E. Financial Ability
- F. MDEP/ACOE Permits
- G. MHPC Response
- H. Groundwater Impact Study
- I. Homeowners Association Document

The following narrative addresses the approval criteria of the Town of Cumberland Subdivision Ordinance.

Chapter 250 Article I General Provisions

- A. Pollution The proposed subdivision will not result in undue water or air pollution
 - 1. The property is located a minimum of 390 feet above sea level and is not within a zone A 100-year floodplain. Attachment 5 contains a copy of the flood map for the project area.
 - 2. Test pits have been excavated to determine the adequacy of the on-site soils to safely dispose of wastewater. The test pit logs are included in Attachment 7.
 - 3. The site does not contain excessive slopes. Subsurface wastewater disposal systems will be appropriately sized to treat wastewater based upon the test pit results in Attachment 7.
 - 4. The existing stream will not be used for disposal of effluents.
 - 5. The subsurface wastewater disposal systems and well locations will conform to all applicable state and local regulations.
- B. <u>Sufficient Water</u> The lots will be served by individual wells, a hydrogeologic study is included in Attachment 7. A water sample was collected from an abutter's water system and submitted to Katahdin for testing. The results are included in Attachment 7.
- C. Municipal Water Supply Not Applicable
- D. <u>Erosion</u> The erosion and sedimentation control report contained in Attachment 10 addresses best management practices to limit the erosion of soil during the construction and post construction phases of the project.
- E. <u>Traffic</u> A traffic assessment of the proposed project is included in Attachment 12.
- F. <u>Sewage Disposal</u> Individual subsurface wastewater disposal systems are proposed for each lot. Attachment 7 contains subsurface investigation logs.
- G. <u>Municipal Solid Waste Disposal</u> The ten single family residences proposed for this subdivision are not anticipated to cause an unreasonable burden on the Town's ability to dispose of solid waste. The applicant proposes that the roadway be accepted by the Town and the utilization of municipal solid waste disposal.
- H. Aesthetic, Cultural, and Natural Values The subdivision is not anticipated to have an adverse impact on aesthetic, cultural, and natural values. A 75 foot wide no cut buffer is proposed along the project boundary, 8.13 acres of open space is proposed, and the State historic and natural resource agencies have been contacted to ensure that the project will not adversely affect historic or natural resources. The response from the Natural Areas Program and MDIF&W is included in Attachment 8. No rare botanical features within the project area or endangered, threatened, or special concern species are listed at the project site. The letter from MDIF&W suggests contacting the US Wildlife Service. An official species list from the US Wildlife Service is included in Attachment 8. The official species list notes that the Northern Long Ear Bat may be present in the project area. In order to avoid potential impacts to the Northern Long Eared Bat, tree cutting on the property will be prohibited during construction between June 1 and July 31. The Historic Preservation Commission contact letter is included in Attachment 8, response from the agency will be forwarded to the Town upon receipt.
- I. <u>Conformance with local ordinances and plans</u> The proposed subdivision has been designed to conform to the Town of Cumberland Subdivision Ordinance.
- J. Financial and Technical Capacity TZ properties, LLC has completed several projects in the Cumberland County area and has the financial capacity to complete the infrastructure construction for the proposed subdivision. A list of projects is included in

- Attachment 2. The Applicant has hired Gorrill Palmer to prepare the subdivision plans and application. Gorrill Palmer has experience in permitting subdivisions in Cumberland. Attachment 2 contains a list of the consultants who have provided information used to assemble this application.
- K. <u>Surface Waters; Outstanding River Segments</u> The proposed subdivision will not adversely affect any surface water or outstanding river segment. The Erosion Control plan included with this application will provide strategies to avoid contamination of surface waters. The proposed stream crossing and wetland impacts will be submitted to, and conform to, the requirements of the MDEP and ACOE.
- L. <u>Groundwater</u> The proposed subdivision will not adversely affect groundwater. The proposed subsurface wastewater disposal systems will conform to the Maine Subsurface Wastewater Disposal Rules.
- M. Flood Areas Attachment 5 contains the Fema Flood Map for the project area. The site is not located within a Zone A 100-year flood zone.
- N. <u>Stormwater</u> The stormwater management report contained in Attachment 9 provides for stormwater control to limit the post development peak runoff from the 2-, 10-, and 25-year storm to predevelopment levels.
- O. <u>Freshwater Wetlands</u> Wetlands have been delineated and GPS located by TRC. The wetland memo is included in Attachment 11.
- P. <u>River Stream or Brook</u> A stream delineated by TRC is located at the northerly end of the parcel and is shown on the plans. The wetland memo in Attachment 11 discusses the stream.

Chapter 250 Article V General Requirements

250-19 Review and approval by other agencies

The project will require a Stormwater Permit, and NRPA Permit by Rule for a stream crossing from MDEP. The project will also require an ACOE Category 2 permit for the stream crossing and notification for wetland and vernal pool habitat impacts. Copies of the applications will be sent to the Town upon submission to the agencies. The approvals will be submitted to the Town prior to Final Plan submission.

250-21 Relationship of subdivision to community services

The applicant proposes the construction of the roadway, driveway aprons to the street line, electrical service from Orchard Road to the proposed transformers, construction of ditches and closed storm drain including driveway culverts, and construction of the two grassed underdrained soil filters. The applicant proposes that the Town accept the roadway as a Town road at which point the Town will be responsible for maintenance of the roadway and storm drainage within the right of way. The applicant proposes a Homeowners Association which will be responsible for the maintenance of the two grassed underdrained soil filters. A draft Homeowners Association document is included in Attachment 3. The ten proposed single family residences will have minimum impact to community services.

250-22 Retention of proposed public sites and open spaces

Open space consisting of 32.5 % of the parcel is proposed by the Applicant. The open space consists of woodland containing uplands and wetlands as well as the stream that traverses the northerly edge of the parcel.

250-23 Preservation of natural and historic features

Historic and natural resource agencies have been contacted as part of this application process. Attachment 8 contains a response from the Natural Areas Program and the MDIF&W. A request letter sent to the Historic Preservation Commission is also included. The Applicant will endeavor to preserve any natural or historic features identified by the agencies. Open space consisting of 32.5% of the parcel area has been proposed for preservation. The open space includes the stream at the northerly end of the property.

250-24 Land not suitable for development

The Applicant does not propose construction on land not suitable for development. The site is not located in a 100-year floodplain. Attachment 5 contains the flood map for the project area.

250-25 Blocks

Not applicable to this subdivision proposal.

250-26 Lots

The proposed lots have been laid out in substantial conformance with the Town Ordinance. All lots have the required minimum frontage for a cluster subdivision in the RR-2 zone. The parcel area adjacent to Orchard Road is part of the proposed open space and will provide a minimum 50 foot buffer.

250-27 Utilities

The lots will be served by individual subsurface wastewater disposal systems and wells. Electric service will be extended overhead across Orchard Road to a new pole. The electric service will be underground from the new pole to the transformers. An Ability to serve letter has been sent to CMP and is included in Attachment 6. The response will be forwarded to the Town upon receipt.

250-28 Water Supply

Individual drilled wells are proposed for the subdivision. Each lot owner will contract with a licensed well drilling company to have a well installed as part of the lot development. A well exclusion zone is depicted on the plans for each lot. Results of a water quality test performed on a sample from an abutter's water system is included in Attachment 7.

250-29 Sewage Disposal

Individual subsurface wastewater disposal systems are proposed for the lots. The lot owners will have their contractor construct each system during the lot development process. Attachment 7 contains the test pit information.

250-30 Trees, Open Spaces and Planting Screens

The Applicant proposes to dedicate 8.13 acres of the parcel as open space. As required by Section 315-43.B.4 of the Zoning ordinance, a minimum 75 foot buffer is proposed between the

clustered development and adjoining parcels. There are two proposed incursions into the buffer for the installation of stormwater management outlet pipes. The ordinance states that the buffer is intended to eliminate potential adverse impacts of the subdivision including glare, noise, and unsightly views of service areas. It is believed by Gorrill Palmer that the 4 inch diameter outlet pipes will be unobtrusive and will not result in adverse impacts.

List of Attachments

Attachment

- I. Subdivision Checklist
- 2. Consultants
- 3. Title/Right/Interest
- 4. Abutters
- 5. Flood Map
- 6. Utilities
- 7. Hydro-geologic Study
- 8. Natural Resource Letters
- 9. Stormwater
- 10. Erosion Control Report
- II. Wetland Memo
- 12. Traffic Assessment

Town of Cumberland Major Subdivision Submission Checklist

BASED ON APPENDIX D MAJOR SUBDIVISION SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Orchard R	oad Subdivision	
Applicant's Name <u>TZ Properti</u> 10-30-17	es, LLC	Date
Per Section 4.1 General Procedu	<i>ires</i> , please note: T	he Code Enforcement Officer will
first determine if the project will Classification will determine sub	v	v
Classification will determine sub	omission requireme	nts.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	omission requirement COPOSED PLAN V AND TOWN PLAN	nts. VITH THE CODE NER PRIOR SUBMITTING

The following is intended to provide a summary of the submission requirements for subdivision review and for the provision of evidence for Findings of Fact. For precise requirements, please refer to the Town of Cumberland Subdivision Ordinance.

THE TOWN PLANNER SHALL DETERMINE IF THE APPLICATION COMPLETE OR INCOMPLETE. ONLY COMPLETE APPLICATIONS SHALL BE REVIEWED BY THE PLANNING BOARD.

Waivers: Please make a check in the *Waiver Request* column for any requested waivers. Attach a separate sheet citing the Subdivision Ordinance section number, description, and reason for request. (Section 15.1)

Specify below the location of information, i.e., plan #, narrative, binder section...

	i.e., pian π , narrative, binder section		
	Yes or No	Location of	Waiver
		Information?	Requested?
General Submissions:			
15 copies of plans and			
materials. All sheet sized	Voc		
to be 24" x 36"	Yes		
1"=100' scale for general			
plan	Yes		
1"=40' scale for			
construction of required	Yes		
improvements	. 33		
Traffic Info?	Yes	Narrative	
Capacity to Serve letters?	Yes	Narrative	
Financial and Technical			
Capacity (Sec.14)	Yes	Narrative	

Sewer user permits			
required? Status?	N/A		
Deed restrictions, if any,			
describe	N/A		
Cover Sheet:			
Proposed subd. name &	Yes		
name of municipality	165	Plans	
Name & address of record			
owner, subdivider, and			
designer of preliminary	Yes	Plans	
plan			
Location Map:			
■ Scale 1"=1000'	Yes	Plans	
• Shows area 1000'			
from property	Yes	Dione	
lines		Plans	
All existing		D.	
subdivisions	Yes	Plans	
Approximate tract lines of	.,	Plans	
adjacent parcels	Yes	Pialis	
Approximate tract lines of			
parcels directly across	Yes	Plans	
street			
Location of existing &			
proposed streets,			
easements, lot lines &			
bldg. lines of proposed	Yes		
subd. & adjacent	162	Plans	
properties.			
Existing Conditions Plan			
Existing buildings	N/A		
Watercourses	Yes	Plans	
Legend	Yes	Plans	
Wetlands	Yes	Plans	
existing physical features			
(trees 10" diameter or	No		Х
more.Stone walls			
Trail System?	N/A		
Subdivision Plan:			
Date of plan submission,	Yes	Plans	
true north & graphic scale	162	i iaiis	

Net residential acreage		
calculations	Yes	Plans
Legend	Yes	Plans
Trail (connecting?)	N/A	
Widths of	14/7 (
existing/proposed streets,	V	
easements & bldg. lines	Yes	Plans
Names of		
existing/proposed streets,	Voo	
easements & bldg. lines	Yes	Plans
Boundaries &		
designations of zoning		
districts, parks, public	Yes	
spaces		Plans
Outline of proposed subd.		
w/ street system	Yes	Plans
Future probable street		
system of remaining	N/A	
portion of tract.	IN/ <i>F</i> A	
Opportunities for		
Connecting Road(s)	N/A	
(13.2D)	,, .	
Space & setback of		
district	Yes	Plans
Classification of road	Yes	Plans
Width of road(s)		
Drainage type (open,	Yes	Plans
closed, mix)	Yes	Plans
Type of byway provided		. 18.118
(8.4D)	Yes	Plans
(0.12)		
Names of adj.		
subdivisions	N/A	
Names of owners of		
record of adjacent acreage	Yes	Plans
Any zoning districts		
boundaries affecting subd.	Yes	Plans
Location & size of		
existing or proposed		
sewers, water mains,		Voc
culverts, hydrants and	Yes	Yes
drains on property		
Connections w/existing		
sewer or water systems	N/A	
Private water supply		
shown	Yes	Plans
Private septic shown	Yes	Plans
Hydro-geologic study	Yes	Narrative
11 Jaio Scologic Study	res	INAIIAUVC

(option for Board)			
Test pit locations	Yes	Plans	
Well locations	Yes	Plans	
Signature & lic. # of site			
evaluator	Yes	Narrative	
Existing streets: location,			
name(s), widths w/in and	Vaa	Plans	
abutting	Yes	i iaiis	
Proposed streets: location,			
name(s), widths w/in and	Yes	Plans	
abutting	162	1 10110	
The above for any			
highways, easements,			
bldg. lines, alleys, parks,			
other open spaces w/in	Yes	Plans	
and abutting			
Grades & street profiles			
of all streets, sidewalks or			
other public ways	Yes	Plans	
proposed	. 55	1 10110	
2'contour lines	Yes	Plans	
	163	Fiaiis	
High intensity soil survey	No		Х
by cert. soil scientist	110		Λ
Soil boundaries & names	No		Х
superimposed on plot plan	110		
Deed reference & map of			
survey of tract boundary			
by reg. land surveyor tied	Yes Plans		
to established reference			
points			
Surface drainage or			
stormwater mgmt plan			
w/profiles & cross			
sections by a P.E.	Yes	Plans/Narrative	
showing prelim. design			
and conveyances			
Proposed lot lines w/			
dimensions and suggested	No		X
bldg. locations.			^
Location of temp. markers	No		Х
in field	140		^
All parcels proposed to be			
dedicated to public use	N/A		
and conditions of such.			
Location of all natural			
features or site elements	Yes	Plans	
to be preserved	. 55		
Street lighting details	N/A		
Landscaping and grading			
plan including natural	Yes	es Plans	
features to be preserved	. 55	7 10110	
1			

Survey stamped by P.E.	Yes	Plans	
Soil surveys w/# of soil			
scientist	N/A		
Septic plan w/# of prof.	.,		
site evaluator	Yes	Narrative	
Geological evals w/ reg.			
geologists number	N/A		
Architect's seal	N/A		
For Rt. One: 75'			
undisturbed buffer			
applicable to all buildings,	N/A		
structures, parking areas,			
drainage facilities and			
uses.			
Open Space?	Yes	Plans	
Any part of parcel in a			
shoreland zone?	No		
Flood Map Number and	Vaa	Disco	
rating?	Yes	Plans	
Stormwater Report?	Yes	Narrative	
Rivers, ponds, wetlands?	Yes	Plans	
Historic, archeological	N/ · ·		
features?	Yes	Narrative	
Solid waste disposal?	Yes	Narrative	
Required Notes on Plan:			
Fire Department notes	No		
Clearing limits note	No		
Re: approval limit of 90			
days before recording or	No		
null p. 10	No		
Final Plan Submissions:	See		
	Appendix		
	D		
Actual field survey of			
boundary lines w/			
monumentation shown			
Assessor's approval of			
street names and			
assignment of lot			
numbers.			
Designation of all open			
spaces w/ notes on			
ownership			
Copies of declarations,			
agreements or other			
documents showing the			
manner in which open			
space or easements are to			

be held and maintained.		
Written offer for any		
conveyance to the Town		
of open space or		
easements along with		
written evidence that the		
Council is willing to		
accept such offer		
Evidence of Outside		
Agency Approvals		
	_	-

As per Section 7.2 - REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY OTHER AGENCIES:

A. Where review and approval of any subdivisions or site plan by any other governmental agency is required, such approval shall be submitted to the Planning Board in writing prior to the submission of the Final Plan.

Please list below all outside agency approvals that are required for this subdivision.

Maine Department of Environmental Protection: List type of permit(s) required (e.g., SLODA, NRPA (tier type?), Maine Construction General Permit, etc.)

Stormwater Permit/Construction General Permit, NRPA Permit by rule for stream crossing

US Army Corps of Engineers: Category 2 for stream crossing, wetland impact, vernal pool habitat impacts.

Maine Department of Transportation: List type of permit(s) required. N/A

Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife:

N/A

Other: (List)

Project Consultants

Civil Engineer

Gorrill Palmer 707 Sable Oaks Drive Suite 30 South Portland, ME 04106

Surveyor

Titcomb Associates 133 Gray Road Falmouth, ME 04105

Site Evaluator

David Chapman Sebago Technics 75 John Roberts Road Suite IA South Portland, ME 04106

Wetland Scientist

Lauren Leclerc TRC 6 Ashley Drive Scarborough, ME 04074

Projects

The following list contains projects completed by TZ Properties, LLC and by Zareh DerHagopian, and Tony Procida, the principals of TZ Properties.

Sorrento Condominiums – Gray, Maine (TZ Properties)
6 buildings – 12 units total currently completing construction

Back Cove Flats – 15 Morse Street, Portland, Maine (Zareh) 3 unit condominium – completed 2017

Whitney Ridge – Gray, Maine (Tony) 3 duplex units – completed 2015

Farmhouse Lane – Gray, Maine (Tony) I duplex – completed 2014

Single Family Residence Kenneth Street, Portland, Maine (Zareh) Completed 2013

Single Family Residence Wilkie Street, Portland, Maine (Zareh) Completed 2011

QUITCLAIM DEED WITH COVENANT

(Maine Statutory Short Form)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that Virginia H. Ward, of 1129 Zylstra Rd, Coupeville, Washington, in consideration of One Dollar (\$1.00) and other good and valuable consideration paid by TZ Properties, LLC, a Maine limited liability company with offices at 23 Stormy Brook Rd, Falmouth, Maine, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, does hereby GIVE, GRANT, BARGAIN, SELL AND CONVEY unto the said TZ Properties, LLC, its successors and assigns forever, with Quitclaim Covenants, as follows:

A certain lot or parcel of land, together with any improvements thereon, situated on the westerly side of Orchard Road, so-called, in the Town of Cumberland, County of Cumberland and State of Maine, being more particularly described in the attached Exhibit A.

Meaning and intending to convey, and hereby conveying, a portion of that property described in a deed from Virginia H. Ward to Frances June Ward, April 29, 2002 and recorded in Cumberland County Registry of Deeds at Book 17716, Page 53. Frances June Ward died December 31, 2005, her estate having not been probated, leaving no widower and Virginia H. Ward as her only child and sole heir at law.

Then personally appeared the above named Virginia H. Ward and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be her free act and deed.

VINCENT L HIMLIE NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF WASHINGTON MY COMMISSION EXPIRES APRIL 20, 2020

Notary Public/Attorney-at-Law

Exhibit A

Description of Large Ward "Back Lot" On the Westerly Side of Orchard Road Cumberland, Maine

A certain parcel of land, located on the westerly side of Orchard Road in Cumberland, County of Cumberland, State of Maine, said parcel being a portion of those premises depicted on a plan entitled, "BOUNDARY SURVEY REMAINING LAND NOW OF VIRGINIA H. WARD dated January 18, 2017 conducted by Sitelines, PA and recorded in Cumberland County Registry of Deeds at Plan Book 217, Page 39 and more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING at a 5/8 inch rebar set on the assumed westerly right of way line of Orchard Road at the most easterly corner of the Lilac LLC lot shown on said plan;

THENCE S 40° 40° 29" E on said road line, a distance of 285.49 feet to a 5/8 inch rebar set at land now or formerly of Philip J. Terison;

THENCE S 49° 19' 31" W along said Terison lot, a distance of 209.91 feet to a 5/8 inch rebar set;

THENCE S 40° 40° 29" E along said Terison lot, a distance of 179.00 feet to a 5/8 inch rebar set;

THENCE S 60° 36' 25" W along the stone wall marking land of Gordon, a distance of 234.00 feet to a survey pin with cap #1328;

THENCE S 60° 51' 11" W along said stone wall, marking land of Parker, a distance of 395.88 feet to a pin;

THENCE S 60° 39' 40" W along said stone wall, marking land of Stone, a distance of 99.90 feet to a pin;

THENCE S 60° 32' 58" W along said stone wall, marking land of McCabe, a distance of 396.73 feet to a 1/2 inch rebar;

THENCE N 40° 37' 30" W along land now or formerly of the Suzanne L. McCormack Trust, a distance of 1036.60 feet to a rebar set;

THENCE N 47° 14' 45" E along land now or formerly of Carl Terison, Jr, a distance of 548.95 feet to a rebar set;

THENCE S 38° 15' 34" E along land formerly of Allen, a distance of 314.44 feet to a rebar set;

THENCE N 48° 55' 44" E along said Allen lot, a distance of 368.95 feet to a point on the south side of the driveway;

THENCE S 41° 04' 16" E a distance of 20.00 feet:

THENCE N 76° 44' 18" E a distance of 111.58 feet to a rebar set at the most westerly corner of the Christopher S. Neagle lot, as shown on said plan;

THENCE S 40° 40' 29" E along said Neagle lot, a distance of 220.01 feet to a rebar set;

THENCE S 51° 12' 22" W along the aforesaid Lilac LLC lot, a distance of 128.27 feet to a rebar set;

THENCE S 38° 47' 38" E along said Lilac LLC lot, a distance of 200.50 feet to a rebar set;

THENCE N 51° 12' 22" E along said Lilac LLC lot, a distance of 445.02 feet to the **POINT OF BEGINNING.**

The Above Parcel Containing 24.97 ac. ± Total, being a portion of those premises conveyed to Frances June Ward by deed dated April 29, 2002 and recorded in Cumberland County Registry of Deeds at Book 17716, Page 053.

All survey pins set are 5/8" rebar with an aluminum cap bearing the name Smith and PLS 1175.

Received Recorded Resister of Deeds Jul 31,2017 02:45:56P Cumberland Counts Nancs A. Lane signatures being necessary on such amendment, and/or the recording by the Declarant of an amended subdivision plan indicating the changes made;

- 2. To locate on the Property, even though not depicted on the Plan, and grant and reserve easements and rights of way for the installation, maintenance, repair, replacement and inspection of utility lines, wires, pipes, conduits and facilities, including, but not limited to, water, electric, telephone, cable and sewer;
- 3. To connect with and make use of utility lines, wires, pipes and conduits located on the Property for construction and sales purposes, provided that the Declarant shall be responsible for the cost of services so used;
- 4. To use the roads shown on the Plan and access easements appurtenant to the Property for ingress and egress to the Property or any portion thereof for all purposes including, but not limited to development and construction of a residential subdivision and use the Property for the storage of materials used in the construction of the residences and improvements on the Lots and infrastructure on the Property and equipment used in the completion of the project;
 - 5. To install and maintain signs and lighting for marketing and sales purposes; and
- 6. To do all things reasonably necessary to facilitate the development of the Property and the marketing and sale of the Lots.

Declarant further reserves from the land described in Exhibit A attached hereto a perpetual easement in gross, assignable to any other party or parties in part or in whole, for vehicular and pedestrian access on and all utilities under, across or over the 50' wide roadway right-of-way as shown on the Plan. The foregoing reserved easement may benefit any additional land and any number of additional lots or dwellings without exceeding the scope of or overburdening the reserved easement rights. The foregoing reserved easement is perpetual in nature and does not expire upon the sale of the Lots by Declarant.

ARTICLE V HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION.

On or about the date of execution and recording of this Declaration, there will be formed *Orchard Road Subdivision Homeowners Association*, a non-profit, non-stock corporation organized under the laws of the State of Maine (the "Association"). Each Owner or Owners of a Lot, including the Declarant prior to the conveyance of each Lot, shall automatically become and be a member of the Association as long as said Owner(s) continues as record owner of a Lot. Upon termination of the interest of an Owner in a Lot, the Owner's membership and any interest in the Association shall automatically terminate and transfer and inure to the next successive record owner of the Lot. Each Owner shall be bound by the Bylaws of the Association, as the same may be amended from time to time, and each Owner shall comply strictly with such Bylaws. No holder of a mortgage on a Lot shall be considered as an Owner until such holder shall have acquired title to such Lot by foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure. With respect to Association governance matters requiring a vote of the Owners, each Lot shall have One (1) vote.

ARTICLE VI ASSESSMENTS FOR COMMON EXPENSES.

- 1. Upon ratification of the budget for Common Expenses (as defined herein), the Association shall cause to be sent to each Owner a statement showing such Owner's share of the Common Expenses. The Common Expenses shall include, without limitation, the costs necessary to own, operate, manage, maintain, repair and replace the Remaining Land and Easement Areas and to operate, maintain, repair and replace the roads, curbing, landscaping, signage, drainage swales, grassed underdrained soil filter, and all structures and equipment related or connected thereto. Assessments for Common Expenses shall be billed on or about the first day of each quarter. All sums so assessed and billed shall become due no later than 30 days after the date of mailing or delivery of each bill. The Members of the Association may from time to time at special meetings levy additional assessments, in accordance with the terms of the Bylaws.
- 2. Assessments authorized and billed by the Association shall be a charge on the Lot and shall be a continuing lien upon the Lot upon which such assessment is made. If the assessment to an Owner shall not be paid within Thirty (30) days after the date when due, then said assessment shall be delinquent and shall, together with interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month or any portion thereof, costs of collection and attorneys' fees, become a continuing lien on the Lot owned by the delinquent Owner, which lien shall bind the Lot with the Building and improvements thereon, as well as the delinquent Owner, his heirs, devisees, successors, personal representatives and assigns, without the necessity of filing any document of record. Such lien may be enforced and foreclosed by the Association in the manner provided by applicable law for the foreclosure of real estate mortgages. The lien for unpaid assessments established hereby shall be prior to all liens and encumbrances on the Lot other than (i) the first mortgage recorded prior to the date on which the assessment that is sought to be enforced becomes delinquent, (ii) any second mortgage in favor of Declarant, (iii) liens for real estate taxes and other governmental/municipal assessments or charges against the Lot, or (iv) any other lien that according to law takes priority over existing liens pursuant to any statute. All such assessments, in addition to being a lien, shall also constitute the personal liability of the Owner of the Lot so assessed at the time of the assessment. In the collection of any assessment, the defaulting Owner also shall pay all of the Association's costs of collection, including attorneys' fees.

ARTICLE VII EASEMENTS.

The Lots and the Remaining Land are and shall be subject to all of the conditions, restrictions, easements and reservations set forth on the Plan, as it may be amended from time to time, and as more fully described below, and all Owners shall be bound by all of said conditions, restrictions, easements and reservations.

- 1. "<u>Common Open Space</u>": An easement for maintenance and use of the land for passive recreational activities such as walking, running, snowshoeing, and Nordic skiing.
- 2. "Roadway Access and Utility Easement": An easement for access by pedestrians and vehicles to and from the Lots and including the right to construct, maintain, repair and replace the roadway, including without limitation the gravel, pavement and curbing therefor. Also an easement to construct, install, use, repair, maintain and replace above and/or below ground any and all utility lines, pipes, conduits, wires, poles, guys, transformer and juncture boxes including without limitation those necessary for the provision of sewer, water, electricity, telephone, cable television, data and other communication services, including the right to enter the easement area at any time and from time to time with workers and equipment to exercise the rights reserved pursuant to this easement, including without limitation the removal of stumps and roots, the construction decorative walls and columns, and the alteration of the grade of the earth, including the right to

maintain and replace all of the foregoing, including the right to enter the easement area at any time and from time to time with pedestrians, motor vehicles and equipment to exercise the rights reserved pursuant to this easement. Declarant reserves for itself and its successors and assigns the right to dedicate and convey the right-of-way to the Town of Cumberland for all public purposes.

- 3. <u>"Drainage Swales"</u>: An easement for the installation, maintenance, repair, and replacement of level lip spreaders and drainage swales for the purpose of treating storm water runoff, which easement includes access thereto with workers and equipment for such purposes.
- 4. <u>"Winter Maintenance Easement":</u> An easement across the roadway for the Town of Cumberland to use for all purposes in connection with the plowing and snow removal activities on the roadway right-of-way, in the event that the roadway is offered and accepted by the Town of Cumberland for winter maintenance purposes.

ARTICLE VIII MAINTENANCE OF STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

The Association shall comply with the recommendations and requirements contained in the "Stormwater management report and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Report for Orchard Road Subdivision, Cumberland, Maine" prepared by Gorrill Palmer for Declarant and dated November, 2017, and October, 2017, as such maintenance plan has been approved by the Town of Cumberland Planning Board and the Maine Department of Environmental Protection. The Maintenance of Facilities section of the Erosion and Sedimentation Report presents the required maintenance for the Orchard Road Subdivision and is included as follows.

Maintenance of facilities

The stormwater facilities will be maintained by the Applicant, TZ Properties, LLC or their assigned heirs. The contract documents will require the contractor to designate a person responsible for maintenance of the sedimentation control features during construction as required by the Erosion Control Report. Long-term operation/maintenance recommended for the stormwater facilities is presented below.

The responsible party may contract with such professionals, as may be necessary in order to comply with this provision and may rely on the advice of such professionals in carrying out its duty hereunder, provided, that the following operation and maintenance procedures are hereby established as a minimum for compliance with this section. A maintenance log of the inspections shall be kept by the responsible party.

Inspection and Maintenance Frequency and Corrective Measures:

The following areas, facilities, and measures will be inspected and the identified deficiencies will be corrected. Clean-out must include the removal and legal disposal of any accumulated sediments and debris.

Catch Basins:

Inspect catch basins 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the catch basins are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Clean structures when sediment depths reach 12" from invert of outlet. If the basin outlet is designed with a hood to trap floatable materials (i.e. Snout), check to ensure watertight

seal is working. At a minimum, remove floating debris and hydrocarbons at the time of the inspection.

Culverts:

Inspect culverts 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the culverts are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the inlet, at the outlet, and within the conduit and repair any erosion damage at the culvert's inlet and outlet.

Inlet/Outlet Control Structures:

Inspect structures and piping 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the structures are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris within the structure.

Stormdrain Outlets:

Inspect outlets 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the outlets are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the outlet and within the conduit Repair any erosion damage at the stormdrain outlet.

Soil Filter - Bio-Filtration:

Inspect all upstream pre-treatment measures 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) for sediment and floatables accumulation. Remove and dispose of any sediments or debris.

Surface (Underdrain Pond, Swale or Bio-Filter):

The soil filter will be inspected within the first three months after construction; thereafter the filter will be inspected 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the filter is draining within 24 to 48 hours of a rain event equivalent to 1" or more. Adjustments will be made to the outlet valve to ensure that the grassed underdrained soil filter drains within 24 to 48 hours. Failure to drain in 72 hours will require part or all of the soil filter media to be removed and replaced with new material meeting the soil filter gradation. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected. Harvesting and weeding of excessive growth shall be performed as needed. Inspect for unwanted or invasive plants and remove as necessary.

Vegetated Areas:

Inspect slopes and embankments early in the growing season to identify active or potential erosion problems. Replant bare areas or areas with sparse growth. Where rill erosion is evident, armor the area with an appropriate lining or divert the erosive flows to on-site areas able to withstand the concentrated flows. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected.

Ditches, Swales and other Open Stormwater Channels:

Inspect 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure they are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of sediment and debris. Remove any obstructions to flow, including accumulated sediments and debris and vegetated growth. Repair any erosion of the ditch lining. Vegetated ditches will be mowed at least annually or otherwise maintained to control the growth of woody vegetation and maintain flow capacity. Any woody vegetation growing through riprap linings must also be removed. Repair any slumping side slopes as soon as practicable. If the ditch has a riprap lining, replace riprap on areas where any underlying filter fabric or underdrain gravel is showing through the stone or where stones have dislodged. Correct any erosion of the channel's bottom or sideslopes. The facilities shall be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies shall be corrected.

Roadways and Parking Surfaces: Clear accumulations of winter sand in parking lots and along roadways at least once a year, preferably in the spring. Accumulations on pavement may be removed by pavement sweeping. Accumulations of sand along road shoulders may be removed by grading excess sand to the pavement edge and removing it manually or by a front-end loader. Repair potholes and other roadway obstructions and hazards. Plowing and sanding of paved areas shall be performed as necessary to maintain vehicular traffic safety.

In the event that the Roadway is accepted by the Town of Cumberland, the maintenance requirements of all stormwater facilities within the right-of-way will become the responsibility of the Town of Cumberland. In the event that the Roadway is accepted by the Town of Cumberland, the Association shall be responsible for the maintenance of all stormwater facilities outside of the right-of-way, including but not limited to the grassed underdrained soil filters, inlet/outlet control structures, storm drain outlets, vegetated areas, and swales.

ARTICLE IX RESTRICTED BUFFER AREAS.

To preserve the "75' Buffer." areas shown on the Plan (hereinafter referred to as the "75' Buffer Areas"), the Buffer Areas shall be maintained as follows:

The Buffer Areas are and shall forever be held, transferred, sold, conveyed, occupied and maintained subject to the conditions and restrictions set forth in this Article IX of the Declaration (the "Restrictions"). The Restrictions shall run with the Buffer Areas and shall be binding on all parties having any right, title or interest in and to the Restricted Buffer Areas, or any portion thereof, and their heirs, personal representatives, successors, and assigns. Any present or future owner or occupant of the Buffer Areas or any portion thereof, by the acceptance of a deed of conveyance of all or part of the Buffer Areas or an instrument conveying any interest therein, whether or not the deed or instrument shall so express, shall be deemed to have accepted the Buffer Areas subject to the Restrictions and shall agree to be bound by, to comply with and to be subject to each and every one of the Restrictions hereinafter set forth.

1. <u>Restrictions on Buffer Area</u>. The Buffer Area must remain undeveloped in perpetuity. To maintain the ability of the Buffer Area to filter and absorb stormwater, the use of the Buffer Area is hereinafter limited as follows.

- a. No soil, loam, peat, sand, gravel, concrete, rock or other mineral substance, refuse, trash, vehicle bodies or parts, rubbish, debris, junk waste, pollutants or other fill material may be placed, stored or dumped on the Buffer Area, nor may the topography of the area be altered or manipulated in any way;
- b. Any removal of trees or other vegetation within the Buffer Area must be limited to the following:
 - (i) No purposefully cleared openings may be created and an evenly distributed stand of trees and other vegetation must be maintained. An "evenly distributed stand of trees" is defined as maintaining a minimum rating score of 24 points in any 50 foot by 50 foot square (2500 square feet) area, as determined by the following rating scheme:

Diameter of tree at 4 1/2 feet above ground level	Points
2-4 inches	1
4-8 inches	2
8-12 inches	4
>12 inches	8

Where existing trees and other vegetation result in a rating score less than 24 points, no

trees may be cut or sprayed with biocides except for the normal maintenance of dead, wind- blown or damaged trees and for pruning of tree branches below a height of 12 feet provided two thirds of the tree's canopy is maintained;

- (ii) No undergrowth, ground cover vegetation, leaf litter, organic duff layer or mineral soil may be disturbed except that one winding path, that is no wider than six feet and that does not pro-vide a downhill channel for runoff, is allowed through the area;
- c. No building or other temporary or permanent structure may be constructed, placed or permitted to remain on the Restricted Buffer Area, except for a sign, utility pole or fence;
- d. No trucks, cars, dirt bikes, ATVs, bulldozers, backhoes, or other motorized vehicles or mechanical equipment may be permitted on the Restricted Buffer Area;

Any activity on or use of the Buffer Area inconsistent with the purpose of these Restrictions is prohibited.

2. <u>Binding Effect</u>. If a Buffer Area is at any time owned by more than one owner, each owner shall be bound by the foregoing restrictions to the extent that any of the Buffer Area is included within such owner's property.

ARTICLE X AMENDMENTS.

This declaration may be amended at any time and from time to time by written instrument duly executed by the Owners of record of six of the ten Lots; provided, however, that at any time during which the Declarant owns one or more Lots, no amendment shall be effective unless the written consent of the Declarant to such amendment is obtained and further provided that no provisions of this Declaration required as conditions of approval for the subdivision of the Property may be terminated or modified without the approval of the planning authority of the Town of Cumberland. Any such amendment shall be recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds.

ARTICLE XI GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- 1. <u>Enforcement.</u> By the acceptance of the deed to a Lot, each Owner covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, devisees, successors, personal representatives and assigns, to comply with the covenants and restrictions set forth in this Declaration. Any failure to so comply shall be grounds for an action against the Owner, his heirs, devisees, successors, personal representatives and assigns, to recover damages or for injunctive relief or both. Such action may be maintained by the Association, the Declarant or by any aggrieved Owner. Notwithstanding anything in this Declaration to the contrary, the Association <u>shall</u> enforce the provisions of this Declaration that satisfy the conditions of the Town Approvals. In the event the Association, Declarant or an Owner shall substantially prevail in any such action, they shall be entitled to recover attorneys' fees and related expenses incurred in enforcing the terms of this Declaration. Nothing herein shall require the Declarant to enforce any of the covenants and restrictions in this Declaration.
- 2. <u>Waivers</u>. No delay or omission on part of the Declarant, the Association, or any Owner in enforcing the covenants set forth herein shall be construed as a waiver of any right to enforce or seek such remedy or acquiescence in such breach.
- 3. <u>Severability</u>. In the event any one or more of the provisions of this Declaration shall be found for any reason by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable or null and void, such judgment or decree shall not affect, modify, change, abrogate or nullify any other provision of this Declaration.
- 4. <u>Pronouns</u>. Wherever used, the singular number shall include the plural, the plural the singular, and the use of any gender shall be applicable to all genders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, TZ Properties, LLC, has caused this Declaration to be executed by Anthony J. Procida, its duly-authorized Manager, as of the day and year first above written.

ocida its Manager
_

STATE OF MAINE
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND

, 2017
, 2017

Personally appeared before me the above-named Anthony J. Procida, Manager of TZ Properties, LLC, as aforesaid, and acknowledged the foregoing to be his free act and deed in said capacity and the free act and deed of said company.

Print name:

Notary Public/Attorney-at-Law

EXHIBIT A

[ADD PERIMETER DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY FROM DEED]

The access and utility easement in gross reserved by Declarant pursuant to Article IV above.



Abutters List Orchard Road Subdivision TZ Properties, LLC JN 3236.01

Tax Map R08 Lot 59 / Orchard Road

TZ Properties, LLC 23 Stormy Brook Lane Falmouth, ME 04105

Tax Map R08 Lot 55A / 9 Whitney Road

Carl Terison Jr. / Annette Terison 62 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 56 / 8 WHitney Road

Carl Terison Jr. / Annette Terison 62 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 57 / 4 Whitney Road

Jillane M. Bolduc / Christopher J. Bolduc 4 Whitney Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 58 / 76 Orchard Road

Christopher S. Neagle 76 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 59A / 62 Orchard Road

Philip J. Terison 62 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 59B / 74 Orchard Road

Zachary O. Davis Jenny J. Davis 21 Sawyer Street – Unit 31 Portland, ME 04103

Tax Map R08 Lot 59C / 78 Orchard Road

Tyler Weidner
9 Poswland Street – Unit #2
Portland. ME 04102

Tax Map R08 Lot 60 / 65 Orchard Road

Brian S. Stearns / Amanda L. Stearns 65 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 60A / 79 Orchard Road

Evan J. Nicholas 79 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 61 / 63 Orchard Road

Breanna J. Copp-Petersen / Ryan E. Petersen 63 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 62 / 50 Orchard Road

Amy Y. Parker 50 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 62A / 58 Orchard Road

Thomas U. Gordon / Norma J. Gordon 58 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 62C / 48 Orchard Road

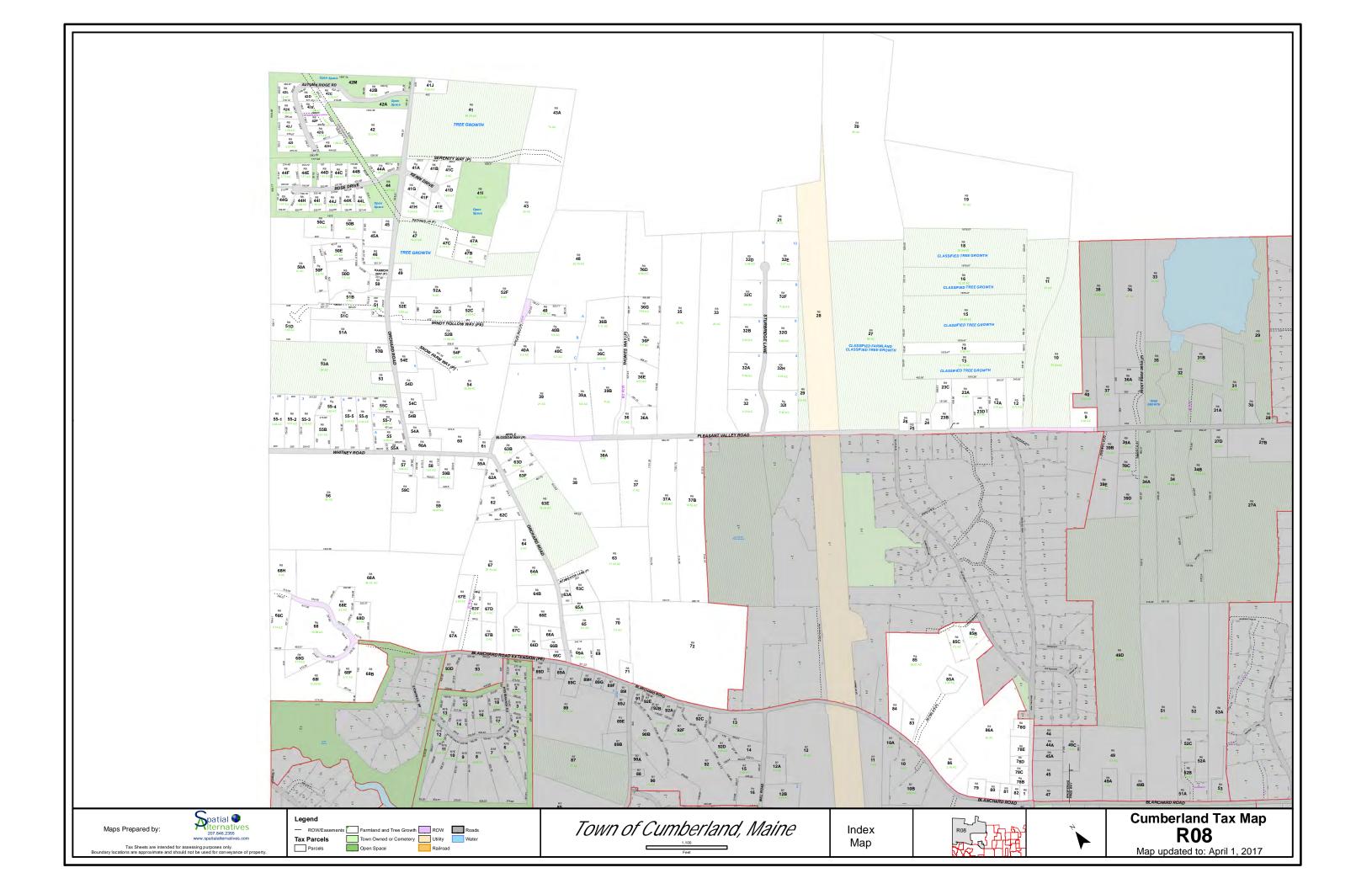
Margaret E. Stone / Stephen S. Carey 48 Orchard Road Cumberland, ME 04021

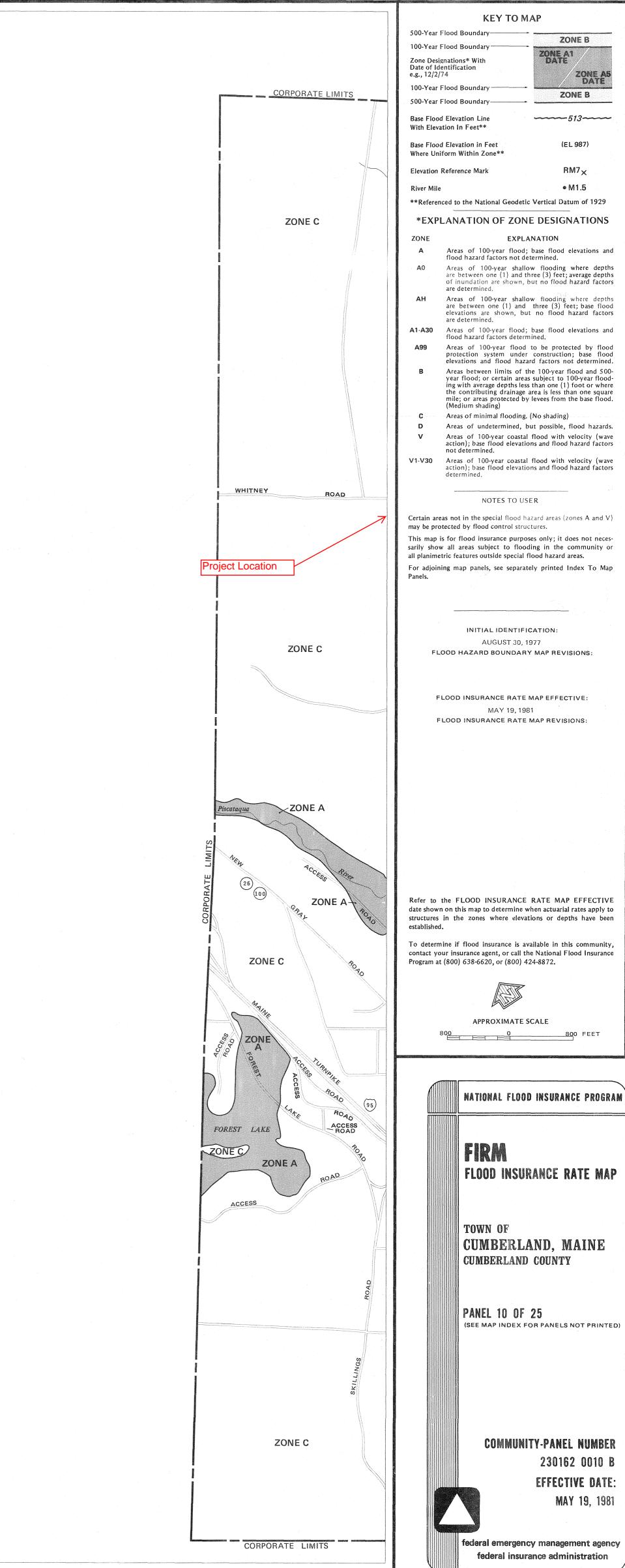
Tax Map R08 Lot 67 / Blanchard Road

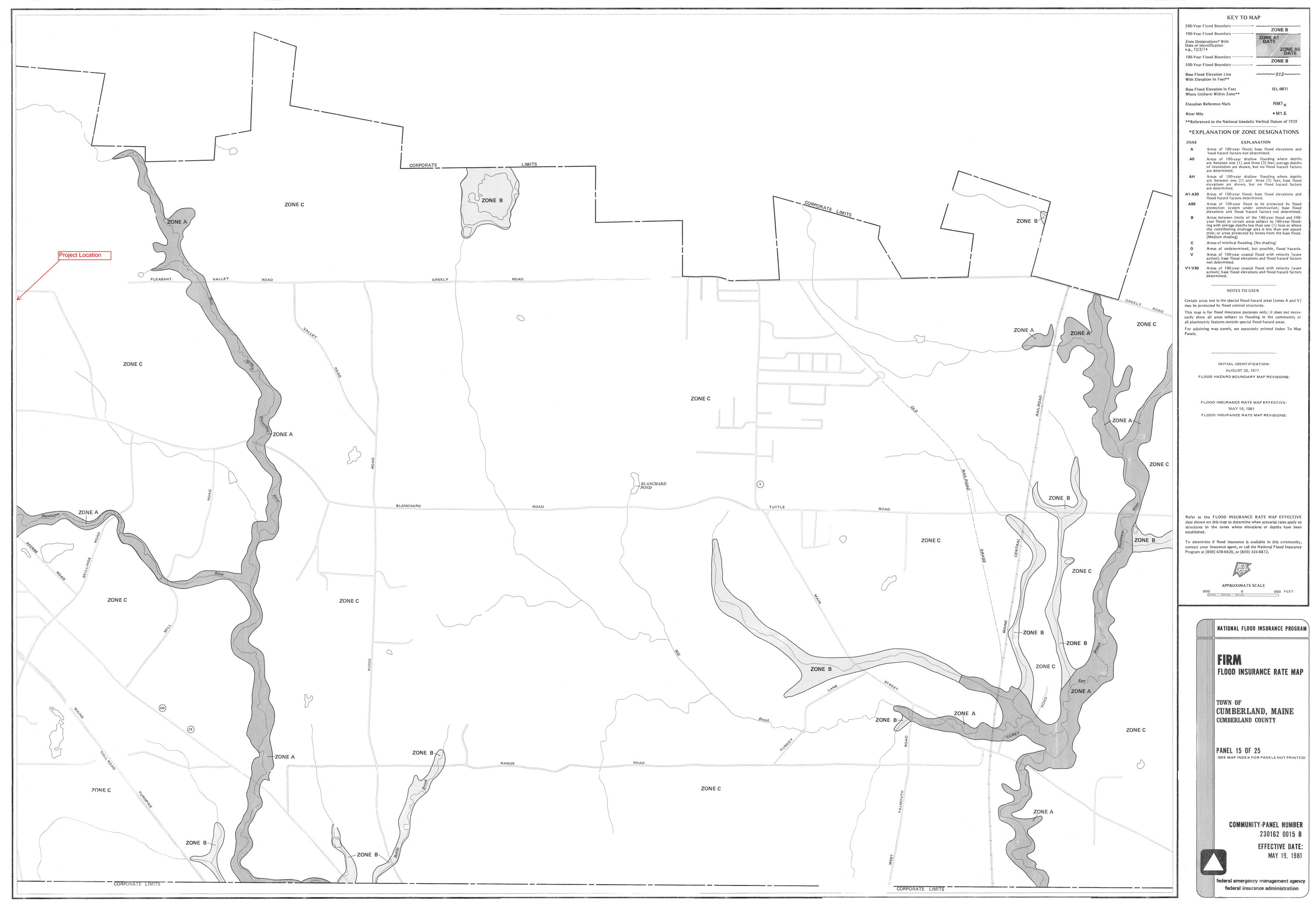
Peter J. McCabe / Cinderella J. McCabe 345 Blanchard Road PO Box 17 Cumberland Ctr., ME 04021

Tax Map R08 Lot 68A / 365 Blanchard Rd

Suzanne L. McCormack – Trustee 365 Blanchard Road Cumberland Ctr., ME 04021









October 25, 2017

707 Sable Oaks Drive, Suite 30 South Portland, Maine 04106 207.772.2515

Central Maine Power 162 Canco Road Portland, ME 04103

Re: Proposed Residential Subdivision Orchard Road, Cumberland Letter of Ability to Serve

To Whom It May Concern:

TZ Properties, LLC has retained Gorrill Palmer to prepare plans and permit applications for a proposed residential subdivision off Orchard Road. The site is shown on Assessor's Map R 08 Lot 59B, is approximately 24.9 acres in size and is located in the Residential Rural District 2 (RR-2). As required by the reviewing authorities, we are writing to request a letter indicating the ability of Central Maine Power to serve this project. A preliminary utility plan is enclosed for your review.

Description of Development Site

The project site is currently undeveloped with slopes of 5% to 17%.

Abutting land uses include:

- ➤ North –Residential
- ➤ West –Residential/Orchard
- ➤ South Residential
- ➤ East Residential

Refer to Figure I – Location Map following this page for the project location.

Project Description

The project is a proposed ten lot residential subdivision. Existing electric service is located at Orchard Road across the street from the site. Electric service is proposed overhead from the existing pole to a new pole along the parcel frontage. The service to the lots will be underground from the new pole. Transformers will be placed as needed along the proposed roadway.

At this time, service requirements are not known. It is anticipated that this development would have single phase electric service requirements similar to other residential developments within the Greater Portland area.



Ability to Serve

In support of the applications to the reviewing authorities, we are writing to request a letter indicating the ability of Central Maine Power Company to serve the project. In addition, we are interested in receiving:

- Indication as to the acceptability of the proposed layout.
- Information as to any easements that you may require on-site.
- Any estimate of connection fees
- Any other information that you believe would be useful as this project proceeds.

Sincerely,

Gorrill Palmer

James Attianese

JWA/jwa/U:\3236.01 TZ Properties Orchard Rd Cumberland\H Utilities\CMP 10-25-17.doc



GROUNDWATER IMPACT STUDY ORCHARD ROAD SUBDIVISION ORCHARD ROAD, CUMBERLAND

INTRODUCTION:

The purpose of this study is to make an assessment of the hydrogeologic conditions of the above-mentioned site and estimate the groundwater quality impact caused by the proposed on-site subsurface wastewater disposal systems for 10 three-bedroom houses.

The proposed development is located along southwest and west sides of Orchard Road opposite the intersection of Orchard Road and Apple Blossom Way at the position indicated on the attached topographic map (Appendix A, Figure 1). Data used for this project includes a site plan titled *Concept Plan – Cluster for TZ Properties* prepared by Gorrill & Palmer and dated June, 2017 along with test pit logs generated by Sebago Technics and published regional maps and literature.

DISPOSAL FIELDS AND WATER SUPPLY:

The proposed disposal fields will be ten individual subsurface wastewater disposal systems (SSWD) each designed to serve a three-bedroom home. Water for this project will be provided by individual on-site wells. The location of test pits, wastewater disposal systems, well exclusion zones and simulated nitratenitrogen (NO₃-N) plumes are shown on the Groundwater Impact Study Map (Appendix A, Figure 2).

A potential water supply related concern was raised concerning the potential presence of arsenic in the groundwater under the site. Arsenic is a naturally occurring element in bedrock and was a component of some pesticides used in orchards historically. To evaluate the potential presence of arsenic in the bedrock aquifer under the site, Sebago Technics collected a sample from the water supply at 74 Orchard Road. The water supply consists of a drilled well located near the north wall of the house.

The sample was placed in containers provided by Katahdin Analytical (Katahdin) of Scarborough, Maine. The containers were stored in a cooler, on ice, and delivered to Katahdin the same day. Katahdin analyzed the samples for arsenic and nitrates. Katahdin reported the arsenic level at below the Practical Quantitation Level (PQL) of 0.008 mg/L. The nitrate concentration was reported at 1.1 mg/L. A copy of the Katahdin report is in Appendix B.

SURFICIAL GEOLOGY AND TOPOGRAPHY:

The site is located on the *U.S.G.S. Cumberland Center, Maine 7.5 Minute Series* (Appendix A, Figure 1). Site area topography slopes generally downward from north to south towards Blanchard Road.

The Significant Sand and Gravel Aquifer Map of the Cumberland Center, Maine Quadrangle (Appendix A, Figure 3) shows that the site does not fall within a Significant Sand and Gravel Aquifer.

The Surficial Geology Map of the Cumberland Center, Maine Quadrangle (Appendix A, Figure 5) shows glacial till underlying the Site.

According to the U.S. Department of Agriculture-National Cooperative Soil Service (USDA-NCSS) soil web, the soil under the site consists of four types of glacial till: Hollis fine sandy loam, Paxton fine sandy loam, Woodbridge fine sandy loam and Ridgebury fine sandy loam. Hollis and Paxton soil forms at the summits and shoulders of hills. Woodbridge soil forms till plains on the shoulders and back slopes of hills. Ridgebury forms till plains in toe slopes environments. Logs for Testpit 101 to 110 are included in Appendix B.

HYDROGEOLOGY:

Precipitation falling on this site enters the open pore spaces on the upper soil horizon, and percolates vertically downward until the water table is encountered. Thereupon, flow is both horizontal and downhill. Two factors of importance in determining the amount of recharge of precipitation into the soil on this site are the groundwater slope or gradient and soil texture. The groundwater seepage velocity is used to calculate the extent of groundwater impact downgradient of the disposal field sites and has been calculated utilizing the following equation:

v = Ki/n

where.

v = groundwater seepage velocity (ft/day)

K = hydraulic conductivity (ft/day)

i = hydraulic gradient (ft/ft)

n = effective porosity (dimensionless)

The hydraulic conductivity of the soil in the disposal area is estimated at 2 feet per day. The average hydraulic gradient under the areas downgradient of the disposal fields varied from 3 to 8%. A groundwater surface gradient of 1.5% was used for the flatter areas and 3% for steeper areas was used as the slope parameter in the model.

CONTAMINATION POTENTIAL:

It is assumed that the worst potential for contamination is the nitrate-nitrogen (NO₃-N) released from wastewater disposal fields. NO₃-N is known to cause methemoglobinemia in infants and is a suspected cause of stomach cancer. The average NO₃-N concentration value of untreated septic tank effluent entering a disposal field is assumed to be 40 milligrams per liter (mg/L). A level of 1.1 mg/L (according to onsite sampling results) was used as a background nitrate concentration in the aquifer. The Federal and State Drinking Water Limit for NO₃-N in public water supplies is 10 mg/L.

The primary mechanism of NO₃-N concentration reduction is through dilution in groundwater and surface water. Since groundwater is always slowly flowing beneath a disposal field, the NO₃-N intercepting the water table below a disposal field mixes and dilutes in the groundwater and moves in the direction of groundwater flow in the form of a plume. NO₃-N is more concentrated in the center than near the edges of a plume. A source that emanates a constant quantity of potential contaminants into groundwater will eventually reach a "steady state." The plume can then be characterized with regard to size, shape, and distribution of concentration.

The method of analysis used to assess the impact of the septic systems on groundwater is an analytical model used to simulate individual plumes. Analysis of the results of this model is instructive in assessing the possible shape and size of wastewater plumes. The model was developed by Baetsle (1969) to depict the migration of radionuclides in porous media, which is adapted here to represent the subsurface

migration of NO₃-N. It is a three-dimensional transport model of plumes generated by continuous, point sources in a uniform groundwater flow field. Variables employed include seepage velocity (hydraulic conductivity multiplied by hydraulic gradient, divided by effective porosity), nitrate mass, time, and dispersivity. The concentration of NO₃-N is calculated at a downgradient point at a specified time by use of the following equation:

$$C(x, y, z, t) = \left[\frac{CoVo}{8(\pi t)^{1.5} \sqrt{DxDyDz}} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{(x - vt)^2}{4Dxt} - \frac{y^2}{4Dyt} - \frac{z^2}{4Dzt} \right] ;$$

where.

NO₃-N concentration at specified location and time (mg/L) C(x,y,z,t)specified distance from source parallel to the direction of groundwater specified distance from source perpendicular to the direction of y groundwater flow (ft) specified vertical distance from source (ft) Z initial concentration at the source (mg/L) Co Vo volume of source (ft³) time elapsed (day) Dx,Dy,Dz dispersion coefficient along the x,y,z axes (ft^2/day) average linear velocity (ft/day).

Assuming that groundwater flow is horizontal, the dispersion coefficient can be calculated as follows:

$$D_{x,y,z} = v_{x,y,z};$$

where $_{x,y,z}$ is dispersivity (ft).

The contaminant velocity of a solute subject to sorption/adsorption is calculated as follows:

$$V_p = v/R_d;$$

where V_p is the contaminant velocity (ft/day) and R_d is the retardation factor (unitless). The retardation factor for NO_3 -N is equal to one, however, so the contaminant velocity is equal to the average linear velocity ($V_p = v$). Dispersivity is estimated by an equation based on a weighted least-squares statistical analysis of collected longitudinal dispersivity data versus scale (Xu, Eckstein, 1995). Longitudinal dispersivity can be estimated based on the following calculation:

$$_{x}$$
 = $(0.83)[log_{10}(L_{p})]^{2.414}$;

where $_x$ is longitudinal dispersivity (ft), and L_p is the plume length (ft). The plume length is a function of the elapsed time and is calculated by the following equation:

$$L_p = V_p t.$$

It has already been established that for NO_3 -N, the contaminant velocity (V_p) is equal to the average linear velocity (v). Thus, $L_p = vt$. The transverse and vertical dispersivities are related to the longitudinal dispersivity, as shown below:

$$_{v}$$
 = $_{v}/3$

 $_{\rm x}/20.$

This method is used to calculate a downgradient NO₃-N concentration at a specified elapsed time for a single release of NO₃-N. However, by applying the superposition technique, the estimated concentration of NO₃-N downgradient at a specified time can be calculated for reoccurring daily NO₃-N releases to simulate the NO₃-N plume of a septic system (Chang, *et al.* 1998).

In the main equation, CoVo is represented as a daily mass of nitrate-nitrogen loaded into the subsurface wastewater disposal systems. This is estimated by multiplying the design flow volume of effluent by the assumed NO₃-N concentration in the effluent. The simulations were run based on average annual precipitation during drought conditions (60% of average annual precipitation). The NO₃-N concentration of the wastewater is diluted by the rainfall infiltrating the disposal fields during drought conditions. The rainfall is assumed to have a NO₃-N concentration of 0.5 mg/L. The percent of rainfall infiltrating the soils above the disposal fields is estimated based on the soil type and ground surface slope (Maine Department of Environmental Protection, 1991).

Parameters and results for the disposal field are displayed in Appendix D. The resulting 10 mg/L NO₃-N concentration plume lengths for the disposal fields are shown on the site plan. The 10 mg/L plumes do not cross the boundaries of the subdivision.

CONCLUSION:

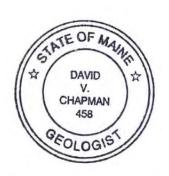
According to the assumptions made for this simulation, the wastewater disposal system will not result in an increase of NO₃-N concentrations above 10 mg/L in groundwater at the subdivision perimeter property line.

David Chapman

Dand v. Chapman

Maine Certified Geologist #458

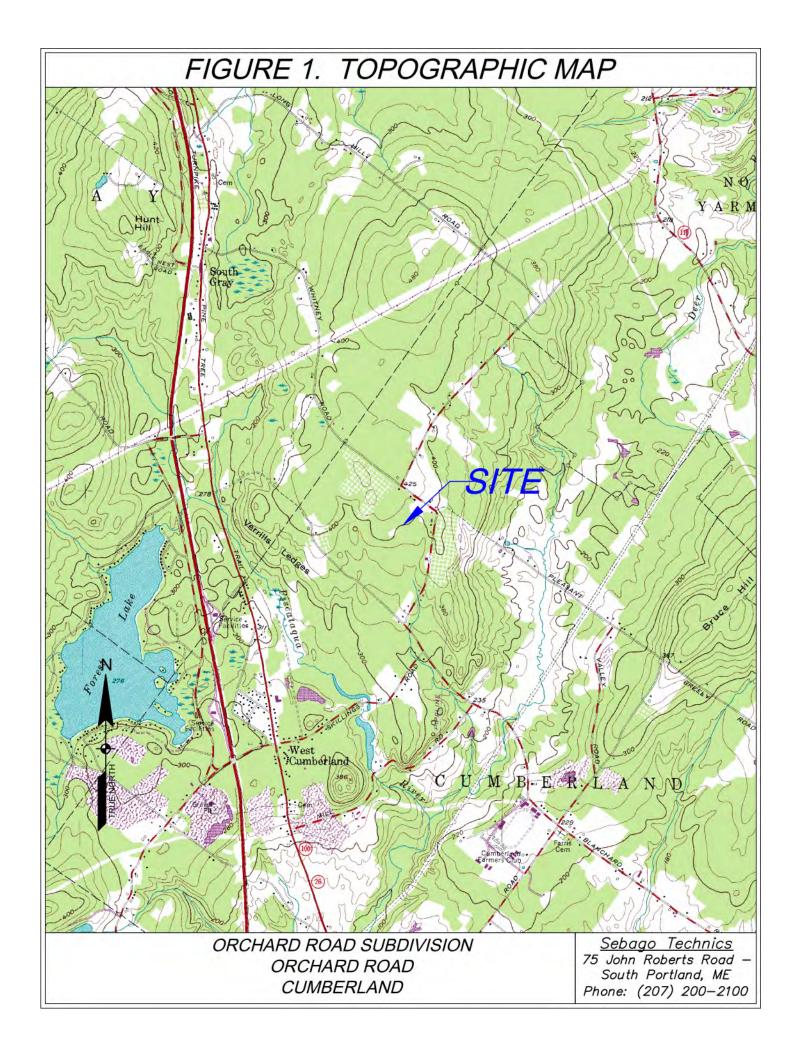
DVC/llg

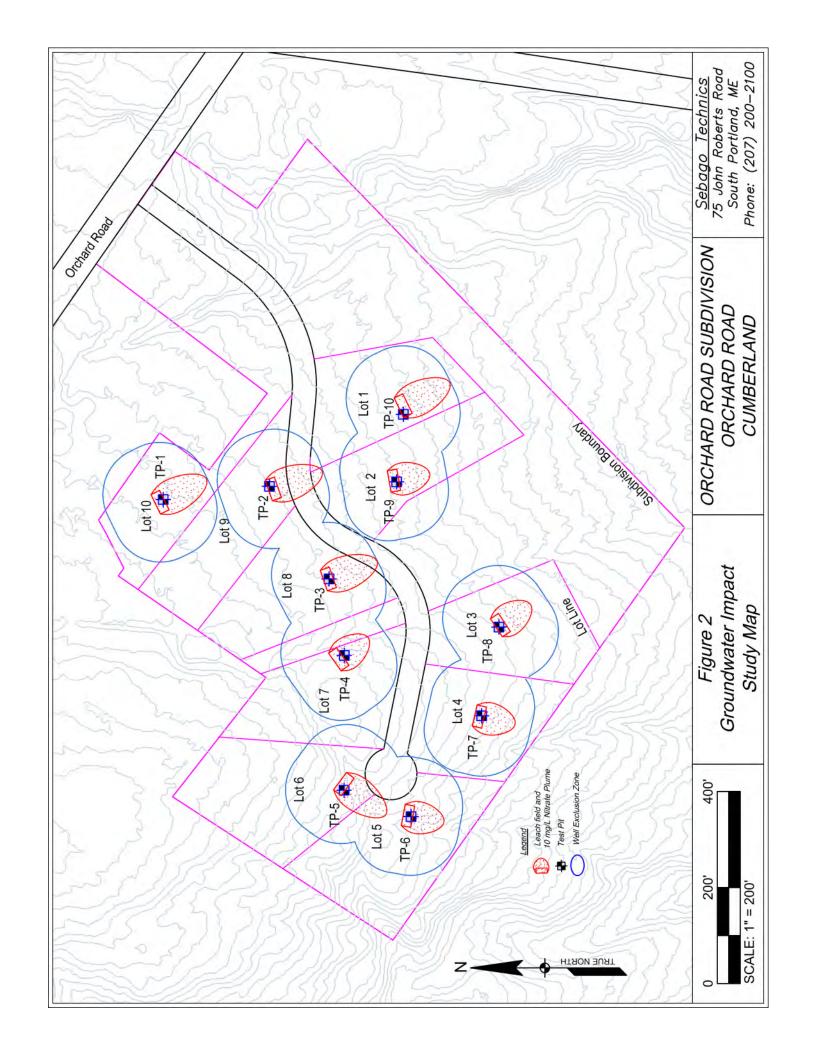


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- U.S.G.S., Cumberland Center Quadrangle (Maine) 7.5' Quadrangle 1:24,000, Topographic Map.
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APPENDIX A FIGURES





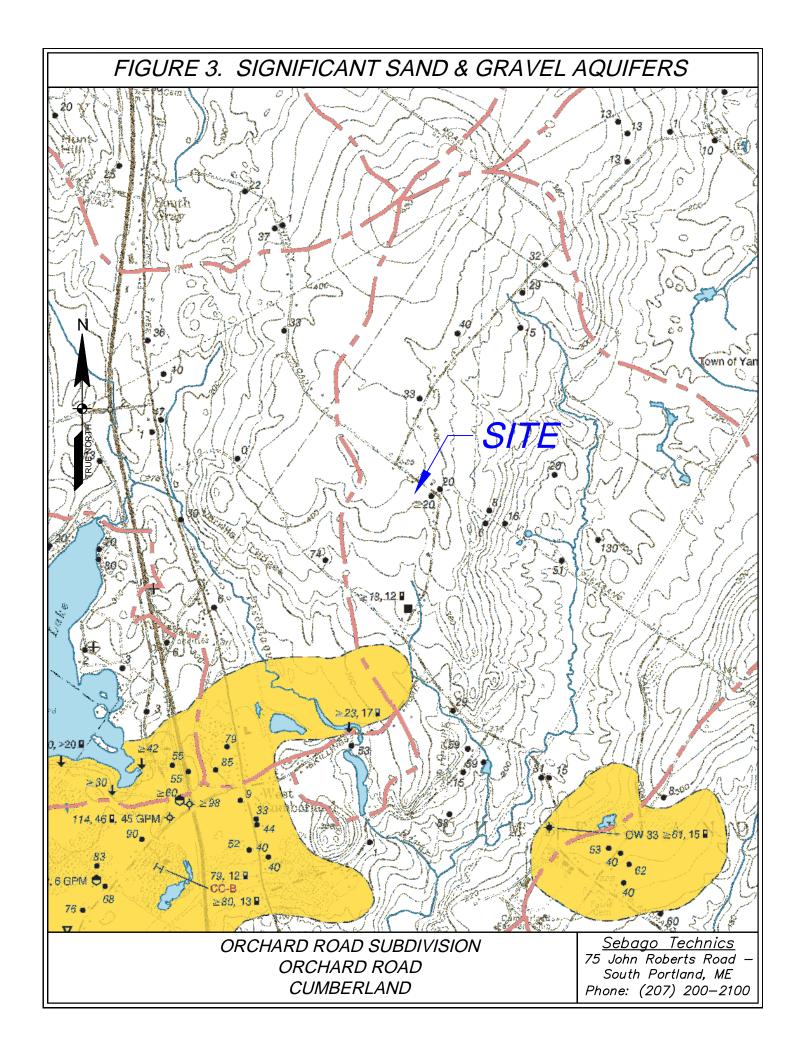
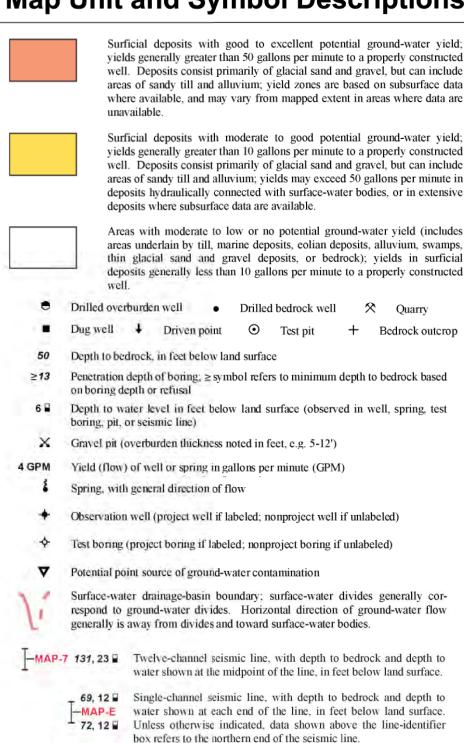


FIGURE 4. AQUIFERS LEGEND

Significant Sand & Gravel Aquifer Map Unit and Symbol Descriptions



ORCHARD ROAD SUBDIVISION
ORCHARD ROAD
CUMBERLAND

<u>Sebago Technics</u> 75 John Roberts Road – South Portland, ME Phone: (207) 200–2100

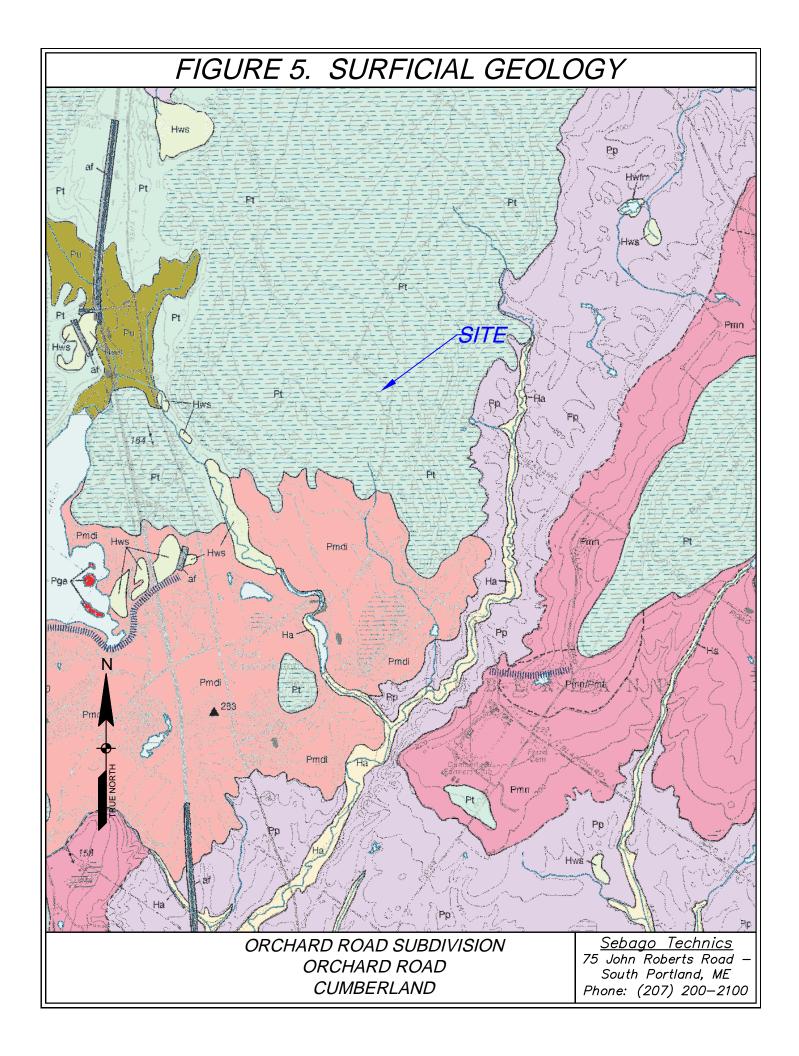


FIGURE 6. SURFICIAL GEOLOGY LEGEND

	HOLOCENE DEPOSITS	P1	Till - Poorly sorted mixture of gravel, sand, silt, and clay deposited directly by the action of glacier ice.
На	Stream alluvium - Sand, silt, and minor amounts of gravel deposited on floed plains of modern streams.	Pu	Undifferentiated sediments - Pleistocene surficial sediments of uncertain origin.
Het	Stream terraces - Flat alluvial benches situated above modern flood plains of streams. Materials forming the depositional terrace include gravel, sand, silt, and clay. Step-like morphology is created by downcutting of the stream through previously deposited material, of glacial or postglacial origin and age.	ţ¢	Bedrock - Gray dots indicate individual outcrops of ledge exposed at the surface Horizontal ruled pattern indicates areas where bedrock is covered by a thin veneer of surficial sediments.
Hws	Wetland, swamp - Peat and fine-grained inorganic sediment. Poorly drained area with standing water common. Hwsp indicates swamps which are likely to include peat deposits that equal or exceed 1.5 meters in thickness.	26	Artificial fill - Mixture of till, gravel, sand, clay, and artificial materials transported and dumped to form elevated sections of roadways, etc.
Hwfm	Wetland, freshwater marsh - Peat and fine-grained inorganic sediment. Poorly drained grassland with standing water common. Hw/mp indicates marshes that are likely to include peat deposits that equal or exceed 1.5 meters in thickness.		Contact - Indicates boundary between adjacent map units, dashed where approximate.
	PLEISTOCENE DEPOSITS	1,05	Glacial striation or groove - Arrow shows direction of former ice movement. Do marks point of observation.
Fmn	Marine nearshore deposits - Sand and gravel deposits formed as beaches, and shallow marine sand bodies formed during marine submergence and regression.		End moraine - Ridge of till, sand, and gravel deposited and/or deformed by glacie
Pρ	Presumpscot Formation - Fine-grained marine mud (silt and clay with local sandy beds and lenses) locally with marine fossils and dropstones deposited in deeperquieterwater during the marine submergence of the coastal lowland	11111111111111111	lce margin position - Line shows approximate position of ice margin during glacial retreat for major ice-margin positions. Dashed where approximate.
Prof	Marine fan - Layered gravel and sand deposited on the seafloor in a wedge or mound form at the glacier margin during marine submergence	D	Glacially streamlined hill - Symbol shows trend of long axis, which is parallel to former ice-flow direction.
Pmd	Marine delta - Sorted and stratified sand and gravel deposited in the late-glacial sea, with flat top graded to ocean surface.	10,150±450 (2)	Marine fossil locality - Indicates site where marine fossils were located. Site where radiocarbon age estimates were obtained also show radiocarbon age estimate.
Prodi	Marine ice-contact delta - Ice-contact delta composed primarily of sorted and stratified sand and gravel. Deposit was graded to surface of late-glacial sea and is distinguished by flat top and foreset and topset beds.	▲ 350	Glaciomarine delta - Elevation of contact between topset and foreset beds in glaciomarine delta, which indicates former position of sea level (from Thompson
Pga	Esker - Gravel and sand deposited in an ice tunnel by subglacial meltwater stream.		and others, 1989).
Pamic	End moraine complex - Area of end moraines and associated glaciomarine sediments (submarine fan and sea-floor deposits). Composed of till, sand, and gravel deposited at the margin of the late Wisconsinan ice sheet.		

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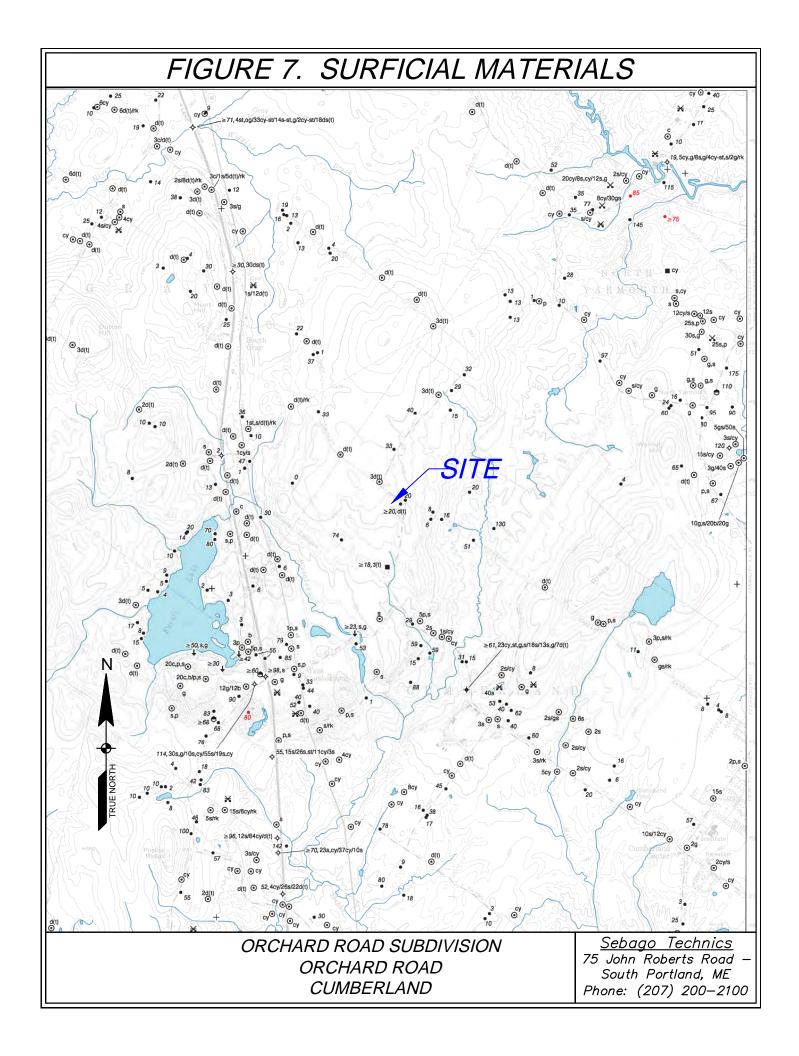


FIGURE 8. SURFICIAL MATERIALS LEGEND

Surficial Material Symbol Descriptions

This map shows the textures of surficial sediments in the quadrangle, independent of interpretations regarding their origin. For example, poorly sorted sediments deposited directly from glacial ice are shown here as "diamicton", although they may be genetically classified as "till".

The symbols listed below indicate materials observed in borrow pits and other surface exposures, as well as subsurface data from varius sources. Where more than one textural class is present, materials are separated by commas and listed in decreasing order of abundance (e.g. s, st, cy). Individual materials may occur in distinct layers, or they may be mixed. Hyphens show the ranges of particle sizes present where their relative abundances are uncertain (e.g. st-c). Slash marks indicate superposition of materials; thicknesses are in feet (e.g. 10s/3cy). "E" indicates a significant stratigraphic sequence of interbedded materials. Some bottow pits and other localities may be designated by numbers that refer to descriptions in the quadrangle text. Not all symbols will necessarily be found on the map.

g Undifferentiated gravel, used as a general term. Can be subdivided by size as follows:

b Boulder gravelc Cobble gravel

>256 mm (10")

Cobble gravel
 Pebble gravel

64-256 mm (2.5-10") 2-64 mm (0.1-2.5")

- gs Gravelly sand (this is a special case for sand with lesser amounts of intermixed gravel, i.e. pebbly sand, cobbly sand, or bouldery sand)
- sg Sand and gravel (used only to describe slumped face or other site where relative abundances of sand vs. gravel are unknown).
- S Undifferentiated sand, used as a general term. Can be subdivided by size as follows:

vcs Very coarse sand cs Coarse sand (1-2 mm)

ms Medium sand fs Fine sand vfs Very fine sand (0.5-1 mm) (0.25-0.5 mm) (0.125-0.25 mm) (0.0625-0.125 mm)

- st Silt (0.002-0.0625 mm)
- cy Clay (<0.002 mm)
- og Organic-rich sediment (can be any organic material, including forest litter, wood, shells, etc.)
- pt Peat (reserved for actual fibrous peat)

- d Undifferentiated diamicton (poorly-sorted sediment in which particle sizes may range from clay to boulders). Used as a general term or subdivided as follows:
 - dq Gravelly-matrix diamicton
 - ds Sandy-matrix diamicton
 - dt Silty-matrix diamicton
 - dy Clayey-matrix diamicton

Note: Diamictons of glacial origin may be classified as one of the following varieties of till (shown on the map in parentheses):

- Till, undifferentiated. Usually of late Wisconsinan age (deposited by the last glacial ice sheet).
- ta Ablation till. Deposited during retreat of the late Wisconsinan ice sheet. Typically sandy, stony, and not very compact.
- tl Lodgement till. Inferred to have been deposited at the base of the late Wisconsinan ice sheet. Usually very compact.
- tf Flowtill. Deposited by slumping adjacent to glacial ice.
- Variably weathered till (usually a lodgment facies) of inferred pre-late Wisconsinanage.
- af Artificial fill (e.g. road fills, building sites, dumps)
- bd Scattered boulders; interpreted as till where followed by (t)
- rk Bedrock (observed in pit floor, boring, or natural exposure)
- rs Rottenstone, disintegrated or weathered bedrock, saprolite,
- u Unknown (material unidentified)
- R Refusal (in test boring or well)
- (f) Fossiliferous (used to indicate fossiliferous units within a sequence).

- Bedrock well
- Drilled overburden well
- Dug well
- Driven point
- + Bedrock outerop
- X Quarr
- ♦ 20fs,st Observation well with materials data
- ♦ 10gs/rk Test boring with materials data

- ⊙ 8s-b
- Materials data from shovel hole, hand-auger hole, natural exposure, or excavation (other than borrow pit).
- 6 Depth to bedrock from well (≥ is used to indicate minimum depth to bedrock), in feet below land surface.
- X s-b Borrow pit, recently active at time of mapping, with materials data.
 - Borrow pit, evidently abandoned or in long disuse at time of mapping, with
 - Location of site for which a data sheet is on file at the Maine Geological Survey.
 - Depth to bedrock from seismic line, in feet below land surface

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APPENDIX B KATAHDIN ANALYTICAL REPORT





October 27, 2017

Mr. Dave Chapman Sebago Technics 75 John Roberts Rd Suite 1A South Portland,ME 04106

RE: Katahdin Lab Number: SK9925

Project ID: Orchard Road IVIT
Project Manager: Mr. Galen Nickerson
Sample Receipt Date(s): October 25, 2017

Dear Mr. Chapman:

Please find enclosed the following information:

- * Report of Analysis (Analytical and/or Field)
- * Chain of Custody (COC)
- * Login Report

A copy of the Chain of Custody is included in the paginated report. The original COC is attached as an addendum to this report.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this Report of Analysis, please do not hesitate to contact the project manager listed above. The results contained in this report relate only to the submitted samples. This cover letter is an integral part of the ROA.

We certify that the test results provided in this report meet all the requirements of the NELAC standards unless otherwise noted in an attached technical narrative or in the Report of Analysis.

We appreciate your continued use of our laboratory and look forward to working with you in the future. The following signature indicates technical review and acceptance of the data.

Please go to http://www.katahdinlab.com/cert.html for copies of Katahdin Analytical Services Inc. current certificates and analyte lists.

Sincerely,

KATAHDIN ANALYTICAL SERVICES

Authorized Signature - Quality Assurance Officer Date

KATAHDIN ANALYTICAL SERVICES - INORGANIC DATA QUALIFIERS

The sampled date indicated on the attached Report(s) of Analysis (ROA) is the date for which a grab sample was collected or the date for which a composite sample was completed. Beginning and start times for composite samples can be found on the Chain-of-Custody.

U Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected above the specified level. This level may be the Practical Quantitation Level (PQL) (also called Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)), the Limit of Detection (LOD) or Method Detection Limit (MDL) as required by the client. Note: All results reported as "U" MDL have a 50% rate for false negatives compared to those results reported as "U" PQL "U" LOQ or "U" LOD, where the rate of false negatives is <1%. Ε Estimated value. This flag identifies compounds whose concentrations exceed the upper level of the calibration range of the instrument for that specific analysis. Estimated value. The analyte was detected in the sample at a concentration less than the laboratory Practical Quantitation J Level (PQL) (also called Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)), but above the Method Detection Limit (MDL). The laboratory's Practical Quantitation Level (PQL) or LOQ could not be achieved for this parameter due to sample 1-7 composition, matrix effects, sample volume, or quantity used for analysis. Please refer to cover letter or narrative for further information. A-4 Please note that the regulatory holding time for ___ _ is "analyze immediately". Ideally, this analysis must be performed in Н the field at the time of sample collection. for this sample was not performed at the time of sample collection. The analysis was performed as soon as possible after receipt by the laboratory. H1 - pH H2 - DO H3 - sulfite H4 - residual chlorine T1 The client did not provide the full volume of at least one liter for analysis of TSS. Therefore, the PQL of 2.5 mg/L could not be achieved. The client provided the required volume of at least one liter for analysis of TSS, but the laboratory could not filter the full one T2 liter volume due to the sample matrix. Therefore, the PQL of 2.5 mg/L could not be achieved. The matrix spike and/or matrix spike duplicate recovery performed on this sample was outside of the laboratory acceptance M1 criteria. Sample matrix is suspected. The laboratory criteria was met for the Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) analyzed concurrently with this sample. The matrix spike and/or matrix spike duplicate recovery was outside of the laboratory acceptance criteria. The native sample M2 concentration is greater than four times the spike added concentration so the spike added could not be distinguished from the native sample concentration. R1 The relative percent difference (RPD) between the duplicate analyses performed on this sample was outside of the laboratory acceptance criteria (when both values are greater than ten times the PQL). MCL Maximum Contaminant Level NL No limit NFL FLP No Free Liquid Present Free Liquid Present NOD No Odor Detected TON Threshold Odor Number As required by Method 5210B, APHA Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater (21st edition), the BOD D-1

- value reported for this sample is 'qualified' because the check standard run concurrently with the sample analysis did not meet the criteria specified in the method (198 +/- 30.5 mg/L). These results <u>may</u> not be reportable for compliance purposes.
- D-2 The measured final dissolved oxygen concentrations of all dilutions were less than the method-specified limit of 1 mg/L. The reported BOD result was calculated assuming a final oxygen concentration equal to 1 mg/L. The reported value should be considered a minimum value.
- D-3 The dilution water used to prepare this sample did not meet the method and/or regulatory criteria of less than 0.2 or 0.4 mg/L dissolved oxygen (DO) uptake over the five day period of incubation. These results <u>may</u> not be reportable for compliance purposes.



REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Client: Dave Chapman

Sebago Technics 75 John Roberts Rd

Suite 1A

South Portland, ME 04106

Lab Sample ID: Report Date:

SK9925-001 10/27/2017

PO No.:

Project:

Orchard Road IVIT

Sample Description				Matrix	Filtered		Date Sample	d	Da Rece				
74 ORCHARD ROAD					AQ		No(Tota	l)	10/25/201	17	10/25	/2017	
Parameter	Result	Units	Adjusted PQL	Dilution Factor	PQL	AnalyticalM ethod	Analysis Date	Ву	Prep F Method	Prepped Date	Ву	QC	Notes
ARSENIC	U 0.008	mg/L	0.008	1	0.008	3 SW846 6010	10/26/17	ME	SW846 3010	10/26/17	AMJ	KJ26ICW2	



STACE CENT NO E87604

Report of Analytical Results

Client: Dave Chapman Sebago Technics

Lab Sample ID: SK9925-1

75 John Roberts Rd

South Portland, ME 04106

Report Date: 26-OCT-17
Client PO:
Project: Orchard Road IVIT

SDG: SK9925

Matrix Date Sampled Date Received

25-OCT-17

25-OCT-17 09:20:00

ΑQ

Sample Description
74 ORCHARD ROAD

Parameter Nitrate As N

RPD/RSD Prep. Date Analyst Footnotes ΑP N/A Prep. Method χX 25-OCT-17 16:56:23 Analysis Date WG216349 QC Batch Anal. Method EPA 353.2 Adj MDL .0152 Adj PQL 0.050 1.1 mg/L Result

Katahdin Analytical Service	Sa	Sample Receipt Condition Report								
Client: Sebago Tech			KAS	S PM:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	N	Sampled By: Clent			
Project:	-		KIM	KIMS Entry By: 50			Delivered By: Clant			
KAS Work Order#: 5K9925			Кім	S Revie	ew By:	(N	Received By: ACA			
SDG #:	Cooler:		of			- 				
						Dettoring	Rec.: 10.25.17 1000			
Receipt Criteria	>	Y	N	EX*	NA	Com	ments and/or Resolution			
Custody seals present / intact?										
2. Chain of Custody present in cooler?										
3. Chain of Custody signed by client?	·									
4. Chain of Custody matches samples?			: :							
Temperature Blanks present? If not temperature of any sample w/ IR gun.						Temp (°C):	4.6			
Samples received at <6 °C w/o free	zing?					Note: Not requir	red for metals (except Hg soil) analysis.			
Ice packs or ice present?		/				The lack of ic	e or ice packs (i.e. no attempt to			
If yes, was there sufficient ice to me temperature requirements?		/	<u> </u>			not meet cert	pegin cooling process) or insufficient ice may not meet certain regulatory requirements and may invalidate certain data.			
If temp. out, has the cooling process (i.e. ice or packs present) and samp collection times <6hrs., but samples yet cool?	le					Note: No coo (except Hg so	oling process required for metals oil) analysis.			
6. Volatiles:		† †					,			
Aqueous: No bubble larger than a pea? Soil/Sediment:	l									
Received in airtight container?					/					
Received in methanol?	ļ	 				Í				
Methanol covering soil?	ļ									
D.I. Water - Received within 48 hour HT							·			
Air: Refer to KAS COC for canister/flow controller requirements.		√ if air	includ	ded						
7. Trip Blank present in cooler?					/					
8. Proper sample containers and volume	;?									
9. Samples within hold time upon receipt										
 Aqueous samples properly preserved Metals, COD, NH3, TKN, O/G, pheno TPO4, N+N, TOC, DRO, TPH – pH Sulfide - >9 	ol.	/.				-				
Cyanide – pH >12					\dashv					
* Log-In Notes to Exceptions: docume	ent any n	-oblam								
and the Extended Liver and the Control of the Contr	site arry pr	ODICH	s will	ı samp	Xes o	r discrepancie	s or pH adjustments.			



600 Technology Way Scarborough, ME 04074 Tel: (207) 874-2400 Fax: (207) 775-4029

CHAIN of CUSTODY

PLEASE BEAR DOWN AND PRINT LEGIBLY IN PEN

Client Sebago Technics	Conta	ct re Cho	i-pma:	L,	Phone #	572	-6190	Fa	ax #		
Sebago Technics Address 75 John Roberts Road City	South	Port	land	7	State 🔨	Œ		Zip Cod	e 0+1	.06	
Purchase Order # /7440 Proj. Name							Katahdin				
Bill (if different than above)	Ac	ddress						No.			
Sampler (Print / Sign) Dae Chapman/DadChy)~~~					Сор	ies To:	N-1			
LAB USE ONLY WORK ORDER #: 5K9925					ANALYSII I	PRESER	VALIVES				
REMARKS:		Filt.	Filt. Y AÚ N	Filt.	Filt. NOYON	Filt. DYDN	Filt.	Filt. DYDN	Filt. DYDN	Filt. OYON	Filt.
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Katahdin Analytical Services

Login Chain of Custody Report (Ino1)

Oct. 25, 2017 11:05 AM

Login Number: SK9925

Quote/Incoming:

Account: SEBAGOTECH001

Sebago Technics

NoWeb

Login Information:

ANALYSIS INSTRUCTIONS : FIRM-HARD COPY BY END OF DAY

Page: 1 of 1

CHECK NO.

CLIENT PO#

CLIENT PROJECT MANAGE:

CONTRACT

COOLER TEMPERATURE : 4.6 DELIVERY SERVICES : Client

EDD FORMAT

LOGIN INITIALS : so PM : GN

PROJECT NAME : Orchard Road IVIT

QC LEVEL

REPORT INSTRUCTIONS : email pdf, EDD and Invoice to Dave, no HC

SDG ID

SDG STATUS : VERBAL TAT

Accounts Payable Sebago Technics

Project:

Dave Chapman

Suite 1A

Sebago Technics

75 John Roberts Rd

South Portland, ME 04106

Primary In the Address:

Primary Report Address:

75 John Roberts Rd

Suite 1A South Portland, ME 04106

Report CC Addresses:

Invoice CC Addresses:

Laborator Sample iD		Collection Date/I	-	Receive Date	PR	Verbal Date	Due Date	Mailed
SK9925-1	74 ORCHARD ROAD	25-OC	T-17 09:20	25-OCT-17		27-OCT-17	27-OCT-17	
Matrix	Product	Hold Date (shortest)	Bottle Type	8	ottle C	ount	Comments	
Aqueous	S E353.2-NITRATE	27-OCT-17	125mL Plastic					
Aqueous	S SW3010-PREP	23-APR-18	250mL Plastic-	+HNO3				
Aqueous	S SW6010-ARSENIC	23-APR-18	250mL Plastic	+HNO3				

Total Samples: Total Analyses: 3

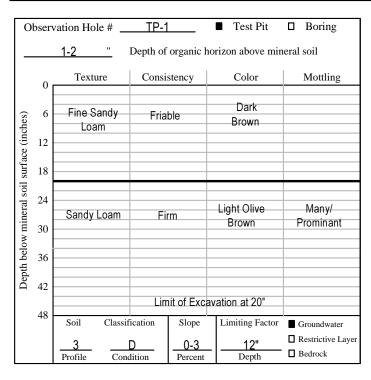
APPENDIX C TESTPIT LOGS

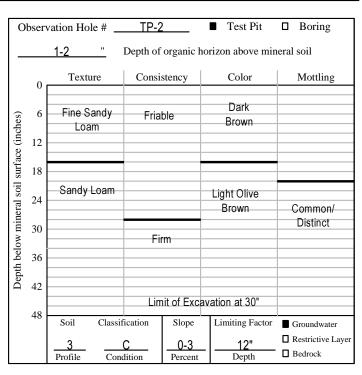
PAGE	1	OF	3
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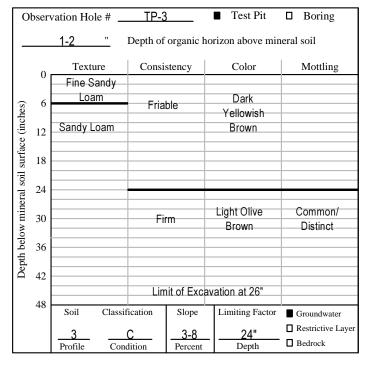
SOIL PROFILE / CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT PROJECT SITES

Project Name: Applicant Name: Project Location (municipality): Orchard Road Subdivision Gorrill & Palmer Cumberland







O	bserv	vation Hole #	TP-4		■ Test Pit	□ Boring
_		eral soil				
	0 1	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
shes)	6	Sandy			Dark Yellowish Brown	
e (inc	12	Loam	Fria	oie -		None Observed
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	18				Yellowish Brown	Observed
eral soi	24					
w min	30					
oth belo	36					
Del	42					
			Lim	it of Exca	vation at 24"	
	48	Soil Classif	ication	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater
		Profile Cond	Clition	3-8 Percent	>24" Depth	Restrictive Layer Bedrock

INVESTIGATOR INFORMATION AND SIGNATURE							
Signature: Land v. Chapman	Date: 9-27-17						
Name Printed/typed: David V. Chapman	Cert/Lic/Reg.# 293						
Title: Licensed Site Evaluator Certified Geologist	☐ Certified Soil Scientist☐ Other:						

Sebago Technics 75 John Roberts Road, South Portland, ME - ph: 207-200-2100

SOIL PROFILE / CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION

Project Name:
Orchard Road Subdivision

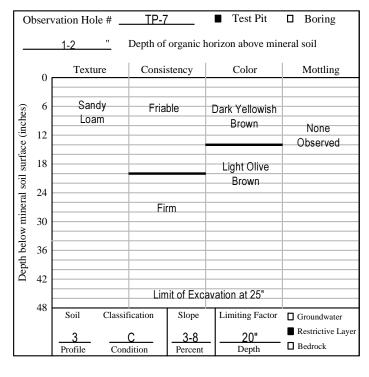
Applicant Name:
Gorrill & Palmer

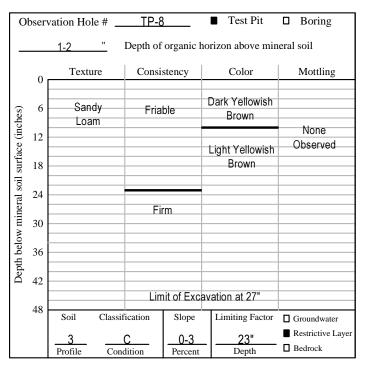
DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT PROJECT SITES

Project Location (municipality):
Cumberland

Ol	bserv	ation Hole #	TP-5)	■ Test Pit	□ Boring
_		1-2 "	Depth of	organic ho	orizon above min	eral soil
	0 г	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
es)	6	Sandy	Fria	ble	Dark Brown	
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	12	Loam			Light Olive Brown	None Observed
l surf	18					
eral soi	24	24 Firm		rm		
w min	30					
th belo	36					
Dept	42					
	40		Lim	nit of Exca	vation at 24"	
	48	Soil Cla	assification	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater
		3	С	3-8	21	Restrictive Layer
		Profile 0	Condition	Percent	Depth	■ Bedrock

О	bserv	vation Hole # _	TP-6	<u> </u>	■ Test Pit	□ Boring	
_		1-2 "	Depth of	organic ho	orizon above mir	neral soil	
	0 1	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling	
es)	6 Sandy		Friable		Dark Brown		
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	12	Loam			Light Olive	None Observed	
l surfa	18	18			Brown		
eral soi	24		Fi	rm			
ow min	30						
th belo	36						
Dep	42						
	48			nit of Exca			
	.0	Soil Classif	fication	Slope	Limiting Factor	☐ Groundwater	
		Profile Con	D dition	3-8 Percent	21" Depth	■ Restrictive Layer □ Bedrock	

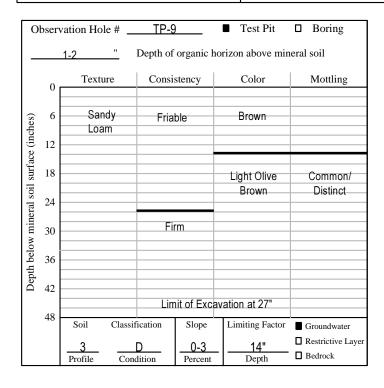




INVESTIGATOR INFORMATION AND SIGNATURE								
Signature: Land v. Chapman	Date: 9-27-17							
Name Printed/typed: David V. Chapman	Cert/Lic/Reg.# 293							
Title: Licensed Site Evaluator Certified Geologist	☐ Certified Soil Scientist☐ Other:							

PAGE _ 3 _ OF _ 3 _

SOIL PROFILE / CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT PROJECT SITES Project Name: Orchard Road Subdivision Applicant Name: Gorrill & Palmer Project Location (municipality): Cumberland



О	bserv	vation Hole #	TP-1	0	■ Test Pit	□ Boring	
_		1-2 "			orizon above mir	Č	
	0	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling	
ches)	6	Sandy Loam	Fria	ble	Dark Yellowish Brown		
e (inc	12				Light Olivo	Common	
surfac	18				Light Olive Brown	Common/ Distinct	
ral soil	24						
w mine	30						
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	36						
Dept	42						
	48		Lim	nit of Exca	vation at 22"		
	70	Soil Classic	fication	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater	
		3 Profile Con	Ddition	0-3 Percent		☐ Restrictive Layer ☐ Bedrock	

0	bserv	ation Hole	#		☐ Test Pit	□ Boring
_			" Depth of	organic he	orizon above min	eral soil
	0 1	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
	Ü					
hes)	6					
e (inc	12					
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	18					
soils						
eral	24					
min	30					
low						
th be	36					
Dep	42					
	40					
	48	Soil (Classification	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater
						☐ Restrictive Layer
		Profile	Condition	Percent	Depth	☐ Bedrock
						·

O	bserv	vation Hole #			☐ Test Pit	□ Boring
_		"	Depth of	organic ho	rizon above min	eral soil
	0	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
hes)	6					
e (inc	12					
surfac	18					
eral soil	24					
w min	30					
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	36					
Del	42					
	48	Soil Cla	ssification	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater Restrictive Layer
		Profile C	ondition	Percent	Depth	☐ Bedrock

INVESTIGATOR INFORMATIO	N AND SIGNATURE
Signature: Land v. Chapman	Date: 9-27-17
Name Printed/typed: David V. Chapman	Cert/Lic/Reg.# 293
Title: Licensed Site Evaluator Certified Geologist	☐ Certified Soil Scientist☐ Other:

APPENDIX D PARAMETERS AND RESULTS

Groundwater Impact Study, Nitrates Model Input Parameters and Solution Orchard Road Subdivision Orchard Road, Cumberland, Maine Lot 1, 6, 8, 9, and 10

Annual rainfall (inches):	44
Hydrologic soil group* (above disposal field):	C to D
% Slope (above disposal field):	3 to 8%
% Infiltration* (into disposal field):	21
Assumed rainfall flow into disposal field (gal/day):	14.20
Assumed rainfall flow into disposal field during drought conditions^(gal/day):	8.52
Background NO3-N concentration (mg/L):	0
Assumed effluent NO3-N concentration (mg/L):	41
Assumed effuent flow into disposal field (gal/day):	270
Assumed NO3-N concentration in rainfall (mg/L):	0.5
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer (ft/day):	2
Hydraulic gradient of aquifer (ft/ft):	0.015
Effective porosity of aquifer:	0.21
Seepage velocity of aquifer (ft/day):	0.14
Retardation factor	1
Half-Life (0 for no decay)	0
Simulation duration to reach NO3-N concentration equilibrium (days)	2,312
Longitudinal dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	2.08
Lateral dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	0.69
Vertical dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	0.10
Disposal bed length (ft)	45
Disposal bed width (ft)	20
Length of 10 mg/L plume during drought conditions (ft)	98

Notes:

- * from The State of Maine Department of Environmental Protection, 1991, The guidelines for expediating the processing of applications under the site location of development act.
- ^- drought conditions equals 60% of average annual rainfall

% - percent

gal/day - gallons per day

ft - feet

mg/L - milligrams per liter

NO3-N - Nitrate-Nitrogen

Groundwater Impact Study, Nitrates Model Input Parameters and Solution Orchard Road Subdivision Orchard Road, Cumberland Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7

	1
Annual rainfall (inches):	44
Hydrologic soil group* (above disposal field):	C to D
% Slope (above disposal field):	1 to 5%
% Infiltration* (into disposal field):	21
Assumed rainfall flow into disposal field (gal/day):	14.20
Assumed rainfall flow into disposal field during drought conditions^(gal/day):	8.52
Background NO3-N concentration (mg/L):	0
Assumed effluent NO3-N concentration (mg/L):	41
Assumed effuent flow into disposal field (gal/day):	270
Assumed NO3-N concentration in rainfall (mg/L):	0.5
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer (ft/day):	2
Hydraulic gradient of aquifer (ft/ft):	0.015
Effective porosity of aquifer:	0.21
Seepage velocity of aquifer (ft/day):	0.14
Retardation factor	1
Half-Life (0 for no decay)	0
Simulation duration to reach NO3-N concentration equilibrium (days)	1,001
Longitudinal dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	3.85
Lateral dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	1.28
Vertical dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	0.19
Disposal bed length (ft)	45
Disposal bed width (ft)	20
Length of 10 mg/L plume during drought conditions (ft)	66

Notes:

- * from The State of Maine Department of Environmental Protection, 1991, The guidelines for expediating the processing of applications under the site location of development act.
- ^- drought conditions equals 60% of average annual rainfall

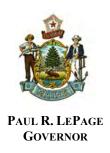
% - percent

gal/day - gallons per day

ft - feet

mg/L - milligrams per liter

NO3-N - Nitrate-Nitrogen



STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION & FORESTRY

93 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333

WALTER E. WHITCOMB COMMISSIONER

October 23, 2017

James Attianese Gorrill Palmer 707 Sable Oaks Drive, Suite 30 South Portland, ME 04106

Via email: <u>jattianese@gorrillpalmer.com</u>

Re: Rare and exemplary botanical features in proximity to: Job #3236.01, Orchard Road Subdivision, Cumberland, Maine

Dear Mr. Attianese:

I have searched the Natural Areas Program's Biological and Conservation Data System files in response to your request received October 20, 2017 for information on the presence of rare or unique botanical features documented from the vicinity of the project in Cumberland, Maine. Rare and unique botanical features include the habitat of rare, threatened, or endangered plant species and unique or exemplary natural communities. Our review involves examining maps, manual and computerized records, other sources of information such as scientific articles or published references, and the personal knowledge of staff or cooperating experts.

Our official response covers only botanical features. For authoritative information and official response for zoological features you must make a similar request to the Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, 284 State Street, Augusta, Maine 04333.

According to the information currently in our Biological and Conservation Data System files, there are no rare botanical features documented specifically within the project area. This lack of data may indicate minimal survey efforts rather than confirm the absence of rare botanical features. You may want to have the site inventoried by a qualified field biologist to ensure that no undocumented rare features are inadvertently harmed.

If a field survey of the project area is conducted, please refer to the enclosed supplemental information regarding rare and exemplary botanical features documented to occur in the vicinity of the project site. The list may include information on features that have been known to occur historically in the area as well as recently field-verified information. While historic records have not been documented in several years, they may persist in the area if suitable habitat exists. The enclosed list identifies features with potential to occur in the area, and it should be considered if you choose to conduct field surveys.

This finding is available and appropriate for preparation and review of environmental assessments, but it is not a substitute for on-site surveys. Comprehensive field surveys do not exist for all natural areas in Maine, and in the absence of a specific field investigation, the Maine Natural Areas Program cannot provide a definitive statement on the presence or absence of unusual natural features at this site.

MOLLY DOCHERTY, DIRECTOR
MAINE NATURAL AREAS PROGRAM



PHONE: (207) 287-8044 FAX: (207) 287-8040 WWW.MAINE.GOV/DACF/MNAP Letter to Gorrill Palmer Comments RE: Orchard Road, Cumberland October 23, 2017 Page 2 of 2

The Natural Areas Program is continuously working to achieve a more comprehensive database of exemplary natural features in Maine. We would appreciate the contribution of any information obtained should you decide to do field work. The Natural Areas Program welcomes coordination with individuals or organizations proposing environmental alteration, or conducting environmental assessments. If, however, data provided by the Natural Areas Program are to be published in any form, the Program should be informed at the outset and credited as the source.

The Natural Areas Program has instituted a fee structure of \$75.00 an hour to recover the actual cost of processing your request for information. You will receive an invoice for \$150.00 for two hours of our services.

Thank you for using the Natural Areas Program in the environmental review process. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have further questions about the Natural Areas Program or about rare or unique botanical features on this site.

Sincerely,

Krit Pung

Kristen Puryear | Ecologist | Maine Natural Areas Program

207-287-8043 | kristen.puryear@maine.gov

Rare and Exemplary Botanical Features within 4 miles of Project: #3236.01, Orchard Road Subdivision, Cumberland, Maine

	State	State	Global	Date Last	Occurrence	
Common Name	Status	Rank	Rank	Observed	Number	Habitat
Broad Beech Fern	l					
	SC	S2	G5	2001-08-28	28	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)
Engelmann's Spik	erush					
	PE	SH	G4G5Q	1916-08-31	2	Open wetland, not coastal nor rivershore (non-forested, wetland)
Enriched Norther	n Hardwoo	ds Forest				
	<null></null>	S3	GNR	2001-08-28	34	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)
Fern-leaved False	Foxglove					
	SC	S3	G5	1902-09-02	13	Dry barrens (partly forested, upland), Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)
Great Blue Lobeli	a					
	PE	SX	G5	1905-09	3	Forested wetland, Non-tidal rivershore (non-forested, seasonally wet)
Horned Pondweed	1					
	SC	S2	G5	1913-09-13	9	Tidal wetland (non-forested, wetland)
Marsh Milkwort						
	PE	SH	G5T4	1903-08-18	1	Dry barrens (partly forested, upland), Open wetland, not coastal nor rivershore (non-forested, wetland)
Oak - Hickory For	est					
	<null></null>	S1	G4G5	2014-08-21	5	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)
Rattlesnake Hawk	weed					
	E	S1	G5T4Q	1909-07	1	Dry barrens (partly forested, upland)
Spotted Pondwee	d					
	Т	S1	G5	1995-10-01	3	Open water (non-forested, wetland)
Spotted Wintergre	een					
	E	S2	G5	2009-07-26	30	Conifer forest (forest, upland), Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)
Maine Natural Areas Pro	ogram		Page 1 of 2			www.maine.gov/dacf/mnan

Maine Natural Areas Program Page 1 of 2

www.maine.gov/dacf/mnap

Rare and Exemplary Botanical Features within 4 miles of Project: #3236.01, Orchard Road Subdivision, Cumberland, Maine

Common Name	State Status	State Rank	Global Rank	Date Last Observed	Occurrence Number	Habitat
Upper Floodplain	Hardwood ?	Forest				
	<null></null>	S3	GNR	2010-08-24	18	Forested wetland
Water-plantain Sp	earwort					
	PE	SH	G4	1903-07-29	2	Open water (non-forested, wetland)

Maine Natural Areas Program Page 2 of 2 www.maine.gov/dacf/mnap

STATE RARITY RANKS

- Critically imperiled in Maine because of extreme rarity (five or fewer occurrences or very few remaining individuals or acres) or because some aspect of its biology makes it especially vulnerable to extirpation from the State of Maine.
- S2 Imperiled in Maine because of rarity (6-20 occurrences or few remaining individuals or acres) or because of other factors making it vulnerable to further decline.
- Rare in Maine (20-100 occurrences).
- **S4** Apparently secure in Maine.
- S5 Demonstrably secure in Maine.
- SU Under consideration for assigning rarity status; more information needed on threats or distribution.
- **SNR** Not yet ranked.
- **SNA** Rank not applicable.
- S#? Current occurrence data suggests assigned rank, but lack of survey effort along with amount of potential habitat create uncertainty (e.g. S3?).
- **Note**: **State Rarity Ranks** are determined by the Maine Natural Areas Program for rare plants and rare and exemplary natural communities and ecosystems. The Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife determines State Rarity Ranks for animals.

GLOBAL RARITY RANKS

- G1 Critically imperiled globally because of extreme rarity (five or fewer occurrences or very few remaining individuals or acres) or because some aspect of its biology makes it especially vulnerable to extinction.
- G2 Globally imperiled because of rarity (6-20 occurrences or few remaining individuals or acres) or because of other factors making it vulnerable to further decline.
- G3 Globally rare (20-100 occurrences).
- **G4** Apparently secure globally.
- G5 Demonstrably secure globally.
- **GNR** Not yet ranked.
- **Note**: Global Ranks are determined by NatureServe.

STATE LEGAL STATUS

- Note: State legal status is according to 5 M.R.S.A. § 13076-13079, which mandates the Department of Conservation to produce and biennially update the official list of Maine's **Endangered** and **Threatened** plants. The list is derived by a technical advisory committee of botanists who use data in the Natural Areas Program's database to recommend status changes to the Department of Conservation.
- E ENDANGERED; Rare and in danger of being lost from the state in the foreseeable future; or federally listed as Endangered.
- THREATENED; Rare and, with further decline, could become endangered; or federally listed as Threatened.

NON-LEGAL STATUS

- SC SPECIAL CONCERN; Rare in Maine, based on available information, but not sufficiently rare to be considered Threatened or Endangered.
- PE Potentially Extirpated; Species has not been documented in Maine in past 20 years or loss of last known occurrence has been documented.

ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RANKS - EO RANKS

Element Occurrence ranks are used to describe the quality of a rare plant population or natural community based on three factors:

- <u>Size</u>: Size of community or population relative to other known examples in Maine. Community or population's viability, capability to maintain itself.
- <u>Condition</u>: For communities, condition includes presence of representative species, maturity of species, and evidence of human-caused disturbance. For plants, factors include species vigor and evidence of human-caused disturbance.
- <u>Landscape context</u>: Land uses and/or condition of natural communities surrounding the observed area. Ability of the observed community or population to be protected from effects of adjacent land uses

These three factors are combined into an overall ranking of the feature of **A**, **B**, **C**, or **D**, where **A** indicates an **excellent** example of the community or population and **D** indicates a **poor** example of the community or population. A rank of **E** indicates that the community or population is **extant** but there is not enough data to assign a quality rank. The Maine Natural Areas Program tracks all occurrences of rare (S1-S3) plants and natural communities as well as A and B ranked common (S4-S5) natural communities.

Note: **Element Occurrence Ranks** are determined by the Maine Natural Areas Program for rare plants and rare and exemplary natural communities and ecosystems. The Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife determines Element Occurrence ranks for animals.

Visit our website for more information on rare, threatened, and endangered species! http://www.maine.gov/dacf/mnap



STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF INLAND FISHERIES & WILDLIFE 284 STATE STREET 41 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA ME 04333-0041

CHANDLER E. WOODCOCK

October 27, 2017

James Attianese Gorrill Palmer 707 Sable Oaks Drive, Suite 30 South Portland, ME 04106

RE: Information Request - Orchard Road subdivision, Cumberland

Dear James:

Per your request received October 23, 2017, we have reviewed current Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife (MDIFW) information for known locations of Endangered, Threatened, and Special Concern species; designated Essential and Significant Wildlife Habitats; and fisheries habitat concerns within the vicinity of the *Orchard Road subdivision Project* in Cumberland.

Our Department has not mapped any Essential Habitats or fisheries habitats that would be directly affected by your project.

Endangered, Threatened, and Special Concern Species

Bats

Of the eight species of bats that occur in Maine, the three *Myotis* species are protected under Maine's Endangered Species Act (MESA) and are afforded special protection under 12 M.R.S §12801 - §12810. The three *Myotis* species include little brown bat (*M. lucifugus*, State Endangered); northern long-eared bat (*M. septentrionalis*, State Endangered); and eastern small-footed bat (*M. leibii*, State Threatened). The five remaining bat species are listed as Special Concern: big brown bat (*Eptesicus fuscus*); red bat (*Lasiurus borealis*), hoary bat (*Lasiurus cinereus*), silver-haired bat (*Lasionycteris noctivagans*), and tricolored bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*).

While a comprehensive statewide inventory for bats has not been completed, it is likely that several of these species occur within the project area during migration and/or the breeding season. We recommend that you contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service--Maine Fish and Wildlife Complex (Wende Mahaney, 207-902-1569) for further guidance, as the northern long-eared bat is also listed as a Threatened Species under the Federal Endangered Species Act. Otherwise, our Agency does not anticipate significant impacts to any of the bat species as a result of this project.

Significant Wildlife Habitat

Significant Vernal Pools

At this time, MDIFW Significant Wildlife Habitat (SWH) maps indicate no known presence of SWHs within the project area, which include Waterfowl and Wading Bird Habitats, Seabird Nesting Islands, Shorebird Areas, and Significant Vernal Pools. However, a comprehensive statewide inventory for Significant Vernal Pools has not been completed. Therefore, we strongly recommend that surveys for vernal pools be conducted within the project boundary by qualified wetland scientists prior to final project design to determine whether there are Significant Vernal Pools present in the area. These surveys should extend up to 250 feet beyond the anticipated project footprint because of potential performance standard requirements for off-site Significant Vernal Pools, assuming such pools are located on land owned or controlled by the applicant. Once surveys are completed, our Department will need to review and verify any vernal pool data prior to final determination of significance.

This consultation review has been conducted specifically for known MDIFW jurisdictional features and should not be interpreted as a comprehensive review for the presence of other regulated features that may occur in this area. Prior to the start of any future site disturbance we recommend additional consultation with the municipality, and other state resource agencies including the Maine Natural Areas Program and Maine Department of Environmental Protection in order to avoid unintended protected resource disturbance.

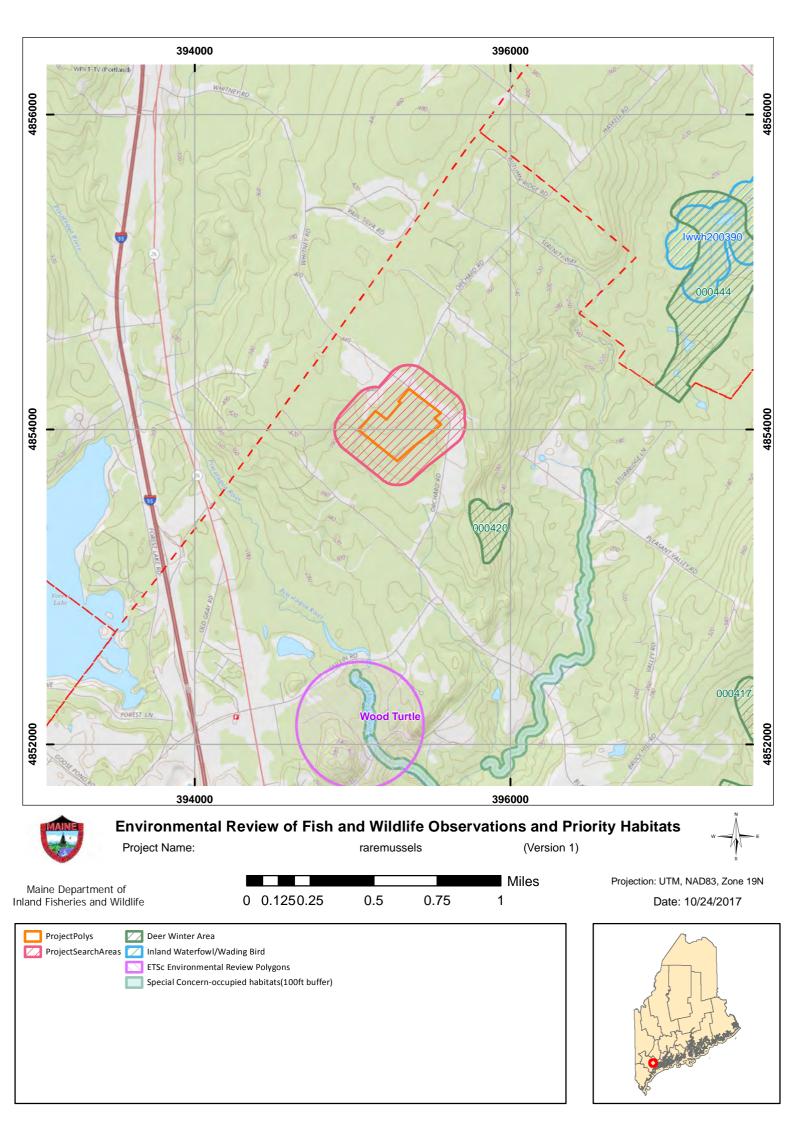
Please feel free to contact my office if you have any questions regarding this information, or if I can be of any further assistance.

Best regards,

John Perry

Environmental Review Coordinator

JRAR





United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Maine Ecological Services Field Office P. O. Box A East Orland, ME 04431

Phone: (207) 469-7300 Fax: (207) 902-1588 http://www.fws.gov/mainefieldoffice/index.html



In Reply Refer To: September 14, 2017

Consultation Code: 05E1ME00-2017-SLI-1012

Event Code: 05E1ME00-2017-E-01978 Project Name: Orchard Road Subdivision

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies the threatened, endangered, candidate, and proposed species and designated or proposed critical habitat that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project or may be affected by your proposed project. This species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC Web site at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having

similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the Endangered Species Consultation Handbook at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

This species list also identifies candidate species under review for listing and those species that the Service considers species of concern. Candidate species have no protection under the Act but are included for consideration because they could be listed prior to completion of your project. Species of concern are those taxa whose conservation status is of concern to the Service (i.e., species previously known as Category 2 candidates), but for which further information is needed.

If a proposed project may affect only candidate species or species of concern, you are not required to prepare a Biological Assessment or biological evaluation or to consult with the Service. However, the Service recommends minimizing effects to these species to prevent future conflicts. Therefore, if early evaluation indicates that a project will affect a candidate species or species of concern, you may wish to request technical assistance from this office to identify appropriate minimization measures.

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are not protected under the Endangered Species Act but are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.). Projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan: http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html Information on the location of bald eagle nests in Maine can be found on the Maine Field Office Web site: http://www.fws.gov/mainefieldoffice/Project%20review4.html

Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines: http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/ for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats. Projects may require development of an avian and bat protection plan.

Migratory birds are also a Service trust resource. Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, construction activities in grassland, wetland, stream, woodland, and other habitats that would result in the take of migratory birds, eggs, young, or active nests should be avoided. Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at:

http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm and at: http://www.towerkill.com; and at:

http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Maine Ecological Services Field Office P. O. Box A East Orland, ME 04431 (207) 469-7300

Project Summary

Consultation Code: 05E1ME00-2017-SLI-1012

Event Code: 05E1ME00-2017-E-01978

Project Name: Orchard Road Subdivision

Project Type: DEVELOPMENT

Project Description: Residential Subdivision

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/place/43.830749558722346N70.30330228389299W



Counties: Cumberland, ME

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 1 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list. Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

Mammals

NAME STATUS

Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045

Threatened

Critical habitats

There are no critical habitats within your project area under this office's jurisdiction.





October 19, 2017

Mr. Kirk Mohney State Historic Preservation Officer Maine Historic Preservation Commission 55 Capitol Street, State House Station 65 Augusta, ME 04333

Subject: Presence of Historical Areas

Orchard Road Subdivision

Cumberland, Maine

Dear Mr. Mohney,

TZ Properties has retained Gorrill Palmer to prepare design plans for a ten lot single family residential subdivision located off Orchard Road in Cumberland, Maine. The development includes construction of a 1,500 linear foot roadway and associated utilities and stormwater controls with development of the lots by the lot owners.

The attached Location Map shows the project location.

The project will include a roadway stream crossing of an unnamed stream tributary to the Piscataqua River.

As part of permitting for the project, Gorrill Palmer requests information from your department relative to the presence of any nearby structure or area with historical, architectural or archeological significance as defined by the National Historic Preservation Act.

Thank you for your consideration. If you have any questions regarding the proposed project, please contact our office.

Sincerely,

Gorrill Palmer

James Attianese

Enclosure

JWA/jwa/U:\3236.01 TZ Properties Orchard Rd Cumberland\P Applications\Local\Resource Letters\Mohney_10-3-17.doc

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT



The proposed 10 lot single family residential subdivision will create approximately 46,354 square feet of impervious area. Pursuant to the Cumberland Subdivision Ordinance 250-38, projects which create more than 10,000 square feet of impervious area shall submit a stormwater management plan. Section 250-39 of the subdivision ordinance states that the peak discharge from the developed site shall not exceed the peak discharge for the undeveloped site for the two- and twenty five-year storms.

12.2 Introduction

Gorrill Palmer has been retained by TZ Properties, LLC to prepare a Stormwater Report for the proposed ten lot subdivision off Orchard Road in Cumberland, Maine. Figure I is a map showing the project location. The project will also need a Stormwater Permit from the MDEP. This narrative contains the stormwater management report for the construction of the project. The plans prepared by Gorrill Palmer include the infrastructure necessary to serve the project.

12.3 <u>Development Description</u>

The development site comprises approximately 24.9 acres and is currently undeveloped. The Applicant proposes the construction of a dead end roadway approximately 1,500 feet in length, construction of related stormwater drainage conveyances, and construction of two proposed grassed underdrained soil filters. The lot development will be by the individual lot owners.

Abutting land uses include:

- North Residential
- East Residential
- South Residential/Undeveloped
- West Residential/Apple Orchard

Runoff from the site is tributary to an unnamed stream which conveys the flow to the Piscataqua River. Neither the unnamed stream, nor the Piscataqua River are currently listed as "Urban Impaired Streams", therefore, the development will not be required to meet the Chapter 500 Urban Impaired Stream Standard.

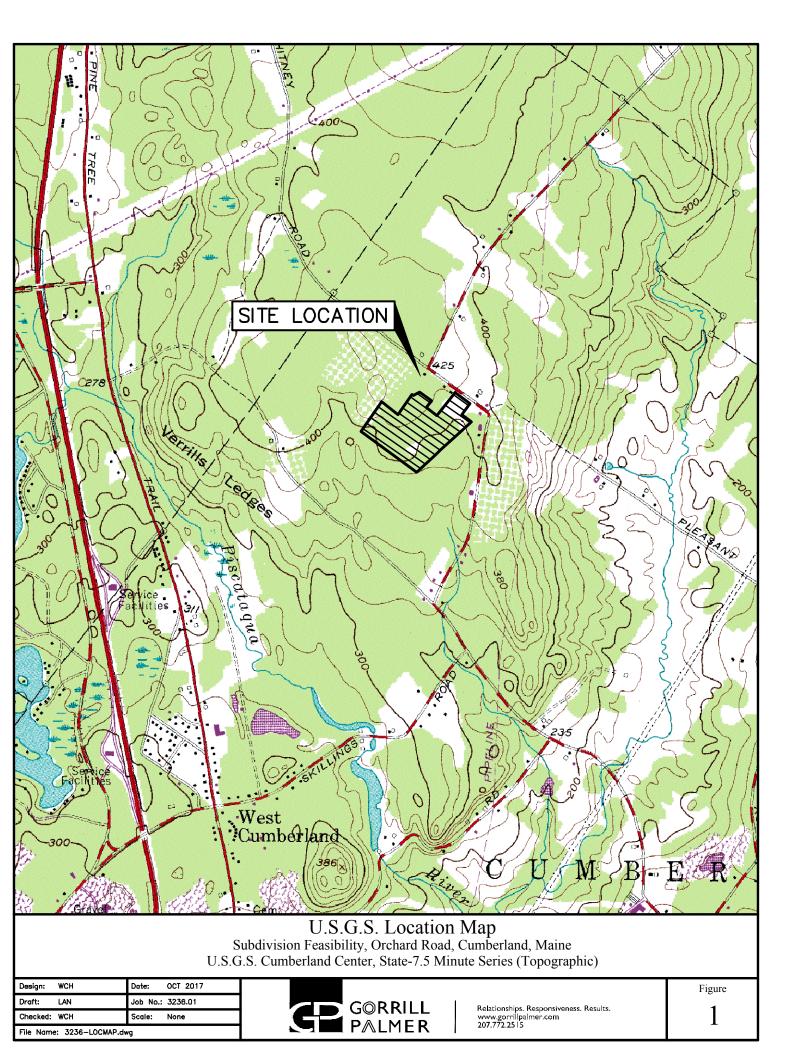
The construction of the subdivision roadway will result in approximately 1.08 acres of new impervious area.

12.4 Surface Water

There are no lakes located on, adjacent to or downstream of the project site.

12.5 General Topography

Topography in the area of the proposed construction is moderately steep with slopes of approximately 5% to 17%.



12.6 Flooding

Based upon the FEMA maps, no part of the site is located within a Zone A 100-year floodplain.

12.7 Natural Drainage Ways

The project will require a stream crossing and a wetland crossing which will be submitted to MDEP and the ACOE for permitting.

12.8 Alterations to Land Cover

Changes in land cover will include removal of wooded areas through portions of the project site and the addition of roof, paved surfaces and lawn areas.

12.9 Stormwater Management Control

This stormwater management report will address the Town of Cumberland peak flow requirements. Although the Applicant does not propose construction of the house lots, an allowance of 3,000 square feet of impervious area and 12,000 square feet of lawn was utilized in the post development condition for each lot to analyze the peak flow.

12.9.1 Approach and Analysis for Quantity Control

Since the proposed subdivision will require approval from the MDEP, grassed underdrained soil filters designed to conform with the MDEP BMP's have been used to provide stormwater peak control. The water quality control provided by the grassed underdrained soil filters will be addressed in the MDEP Stormwater Law permit submission which will be copied to the Town upon submission.

12.9.2 Water Quantity Sizing Requirements

The stormwater management study provides an analysis of predevelopment and post development stormwater runoff rates.

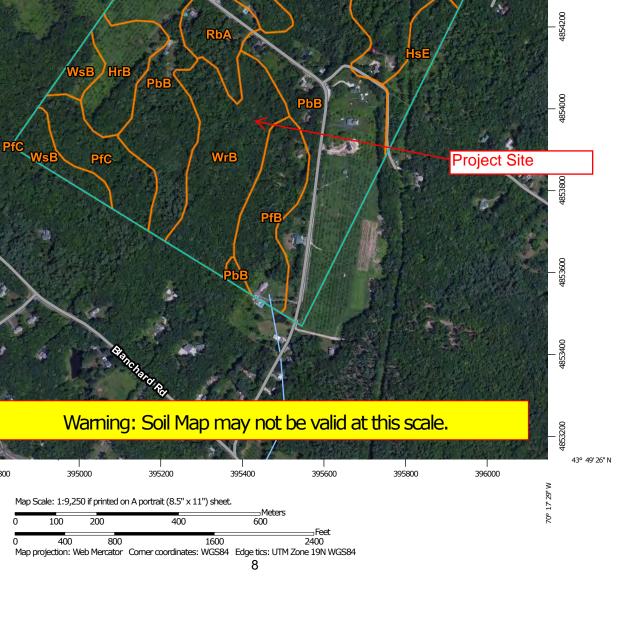
The soil types are shown on the watershed maps included in Attachment A and were obtained from the NRCS Cumberland County Medium Intensity Soil Survey which follows this page.

The SCS TR-20 methodology, using the HydroCad program, was employed by Gorrill Palmer to analyze predevelopment and post development conditions. A 24-hour, SCS Type III storm distribution for the two, ten, and twenty-five year storm frequencies were used. The corresponding rainfall amounts for these storms are 3.1", 4.6", and 5.8" respectively.

Land use cover, delineations of watershed hydraulic flow paths, and hydraulic soils data were obtained using the following data:

- 1. Cumberland Center 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps prepared by the U.S.G.S.
- 2. On-site topographic survey with 1' contour intervals from an existing conditions plan of the site.

Custom Soil Resource Report 70° 18' 33" W 70° 17' 29" W Soil Map 395200 395400 394800 395000 395600 395800 396000 43° 50' 28" N 43° 50' 28" N 4854000 **WrB PfC** Project Site 4853800 Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. 43° 49' 26" N 394800



70° 18' 33" W

MAP LEGEND

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Water Features

Transportation

Background

Spoil Area

Stony Spot

Wet Spot

Other

Rails

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Very Stony Spot

Special Line Features

Streams and Canals

Interstate Highways

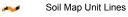
Aerial Photography

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

A Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Cumberland County and Part of Oxford County,

Maine

Survey Area Data: Version 12, Sep 15, 2016

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 20, 2010—Jul 18, 2010

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

	Cumberland County and Part of C	Oxford County, Maine (ME005)	
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
HrB	Hollis fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	8.8	4.5%
HsE	Hollis very rocky fine sandy loam, 20 to 35 percent slopes	6.0	3.1%
PbB	Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	76.5	39.3%
PfB	Paxton very stony fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	11.9	6.1%
PfC	Paxton very stony fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	9.5	4.9%
RbA	Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	7.1	3.6%
RgA	Ridgebury very stony fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	3.9	2.0%
WrB	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes	42.9	22.0%
WsB	Woodbridge very stony fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes	28.2	14.5%
Totals for Area of Interest		194.7	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different

- Aerial Photography of the project site and aerial contours, obtained from the Maine Office of GIS.
- 4. Field Reconnaissance.

Predevelopment Conditions

The drainage study analyzes the watersheds in the predevelopment condition as depicted on the Predevelopment Watershed Map.

The predevelopment condition was analyzed as seven subcatchments with seven points of interest (POI). The tributary areas to the POIs which are affected by the proposed redevelopment are analyzed for this stormwater report.

Subcatchment I consists of wooded area and orchard tributary to POI I. The orchard area was modelled as a meadow landcover. The subcatchment is the area that is tributary to an existing swale at the westerly corner of the property.

Subcatchment 2 is a wooded area tributary to a swale that exits the southwesterly edge of the parcel which is designated as POI 2.

Subcatchment 3 is a wooded area tributary to a swale that exits the southwesterly edge of the parcel which is designated as POI 3.

Subcatchment 4 contains onsite and offsite area consisting of woodland, residential land, and orchard, which is tributary to a drainage swale that exits the southerly edge of the parcel. POI 4 is located at the parcel property line. The existing drainage swale conveys runoff from an offsite farm pond across the subdivision parcel.

Subcatchment 5 is a wooded area that conveys runoff across the southeasterly property line. POI 5 is located within a wetland area at the parcel boundary.

Subcatchment 6 is a wooded area that also conveys runoff to the southeasterly property line with POI 6 located within a wetland area at the parcel boundary.

Subcatchment 7 contains onsite and offsite area tributary to the unnamed stream which exits the parcel at the southeasterly property line. The subcatchment consists of woodland, roadway, residential land, and orchard.

A watershed map for the predevelopment condition is attached to this section as drawing number WI in Attachment A. Table I presents the peak flow rates at the POI for the design storms.

	Peak Flow (cfs)						
Point of Interest	2 Year	10 Year	25 Year				
POI#I	3.5	7.4	10.8				
POI # 2	0.7	1.7	2.6				
POI # 3	0.7	1.7	2.7				
POI # 4	6.2	13.8	20.5				
POI # 5	2.1	5.3	8.2				
POI # 6	2.1	5.0	7.7				
POI # 7	9.2	20.0	29.5				

Copies of the calculations for the predevelopment conditions are included in Attachment B.

Post development Conditions

Analysis for the post development condition consists of determining post development peak flows and limiting the post development flows to predevelopment levels. Detention will be provided within the grassed underdrained soil filters.

The seven predevelopment subcatchments have been modified to reflect the proposed project, the post development condition contains nine subcatchments tributary to seven points of interest. The points of interest are the same as the predevelopment points of interest. The overall watershed area remains the same as in the predevelopment condition.

Subcatchment I is predevelopment subcatchment I reduced in size as a result of the proposed roadway construction.

Subcatchment 2 is predevelopment subcatchment 1 reduced in size as a result of the proposed roadway construction.

Subcatchment 3 is predevelopment subcatchment 1 reduced in size as a result of the proposed roadway construction.

Subcatchment 4 is predevelopment subcatchment 4 which is not tributary to the proposed grassed underdrained soil filter.

Subcatchment 4A is the area tributary to the grassed underdrained soil filter. The outflow of the grassed underdrained soil filter is tributary to POI 4.

Subcatchment 5 is the southerly portion of predevelopment subcatchment 5 tributary to POI 5.

Subcatchment 6 is the southerly portion of predevelopment subcatchment 6 tributary to POI 6.

Subcatchment 6A is the northerly portion of predevelopment subcatchment 5 and 6 which is tributary to the grassed underdrained soil filter. The outflow of the grassed underdrained soil filter is tributary to POI 6.

Subcatchment 7 is the post development area tributary to the unnamed stream and is tributary to POI 7.

A watershed map for the post development condition is attached as drawing number W2 in Attachment A. Attachment B contains the TR-20 calculations.

A comparison of predevelopment and post development peak flow at the POI without detention is presented in the following table.

Table 2		mparisont deter			ws					
		Peak Flow (cfs)								
Point of Interest	2 Year		10 Year		25 Year					
	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post				
POI#I	3.5	3.5	7.4	7.1	10.8	10.3				
POI #2	0.7	0.6	1.7	1.3	2.6	2.0				
POI #3	0.7	0.7	1.7	1.7	2.7	2.6				
POI #4	6.2	7.2	13.8	15.5	20.5	22.8				
POI #5	2.1	1.8	5.3	4.3	8.2	6.5				
POI #6	2.1	4.3	5.0	9.5	7.7	13.9				
POI #7	9.2	9.1	20.0	19.8	29.5	29.2				

As can be seen from Table 2, detention is required to reduce the peak flow at POI 4, and 6 to predevelopment levels. The remainder of subcatchments remain at or below predevelopment flows due to changes in subcatchment area.

The grassed underdrained soil filters will provide detention of stormwater runoff for this project.

Pond I

The grassed underdrained soil filter has been analyzed to determine its performance for the 2-, 10-, and 25-year storms. The stormwater runoff from subcatchment 4A will enter the grassed underdrained soil filter through the inlet ditch. The smaller storms which generate runoff volume equal to or less than the channel protection volume will be conveyed through the soil filter and underdrain system. Larger storms will be conveyed through the soil filter underdrain and through the outlet control structure. The outlet control structure has an orifice with its invert set at the channel protection elevation, and a second orifice set at the 2-year stage. An emergency spillway is set at the 25-year storm stage and modelled as a broad crested weir. Flow over the weir during the 25 year storm, assuming the weir is the sole outlet, results in I foot of freeboard to the top of the pond berm. The following table presents the pond performance.

	Table 3- P	ond I		
		Storm Event		
	2 Year	10 Year	25 Year	
Peak Inflow (cfs)	2.42	5.13	7.49	
Peak Outflow (cfs)	0.5	1.31	1.73	
Stage (Max. Elevation)	397.68	398.46	399.13	
Storage (cf)	4,251	8,587	13,048	
Depth above base (ft)	2.01	2.79	3.46	

Pond 2

The grassed underdrained soil filter has been analyzed to determine its performance for the 2-, 10-, and 25-year storms. The stormwater runoff from subcatchment 6A will enter the grassed underdrained soil filter through the stormdrain system. The smaller storms which generate runoff volume equal to or less than the channel protection volume will be conveyed through the soil filter and underdrain system. Larger storms will be conveyed through the soil filter underdrain and through the outlet control structure. The outlet control structure has a weir with its invert set above channel protection elevation. An emergency spillway is set at the 25-year storm stage and modelled as a broad crested weir. Flow over the weir during the 25 year storm, assuming the weir is the sole outlet, results in I foot of freeboard to the top of the pond berm. The following table presents the pond performance.

	Table 4– P	Storm Event	
2.1	2 Year	10 Year	25 Year
Peak Inflow (cfs)	3.11	6.59	9.63
Peak Outflow (cfs)	0.85	3.10	5.07
Stage (Max. Elevation)	406.57	407.42	408.00
Storage (cf)	7,919	13,593	18,613
Depth above base (ft)	2.40	3.25	3.83

As presented in Table 2 previously, detention of tributary runoff to POI 4, and POI 6 is required. The following table presents a comparison of peak flow with detention at the two POIs.

Table	5 – Co with	mparis detent			ows				
		Peak Flow (cfs)							
Point of Interest	2 \	rear (10	Year	25 Year				
	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post			
POI #4	1#4 6.2 6.2 13.	6.2 6.2		13.8	20.5	20.2			
POI #6	2.1	1.3	5.0	4.6	7.7	7.7			

As can be seen from Table 5 above, the peak post development flow is at or below predevelopment levels at POI 4, and POI 6.

12.9.3 Conclusion - Overall Water Quantity

The peak flow at the Points of Interest have been reduced to be at or below predevelopment peak levels.

12.10 Construction BMPs

Additional water quality treatment will be provided during construction by best management practices (BMP). Standard BMPs to be employed include siltation fencing around the downslope construction perimeter, siltation fence around the vegetated underdrains, riprap, pipe, stabilized construction entrances, and erosion control fabrics applied to slopes prior to revegetation.

12.11 Maintenance of Facilities

See the Erosion and Sedimentation Control report for this project.

12.12 Conclusion

Gorrill Palmer has been retained by TZ Properties, LLC to prepare plans and permit applications for the proposed ten lot subdivision off Orchard Road in Cumberland. Based upon the attached calculations, the proposed subdivision meets or exceeds the Cumberland stormwater management requirement through the use of detention within grassed underdrained soil filters.

12.13 Attachments

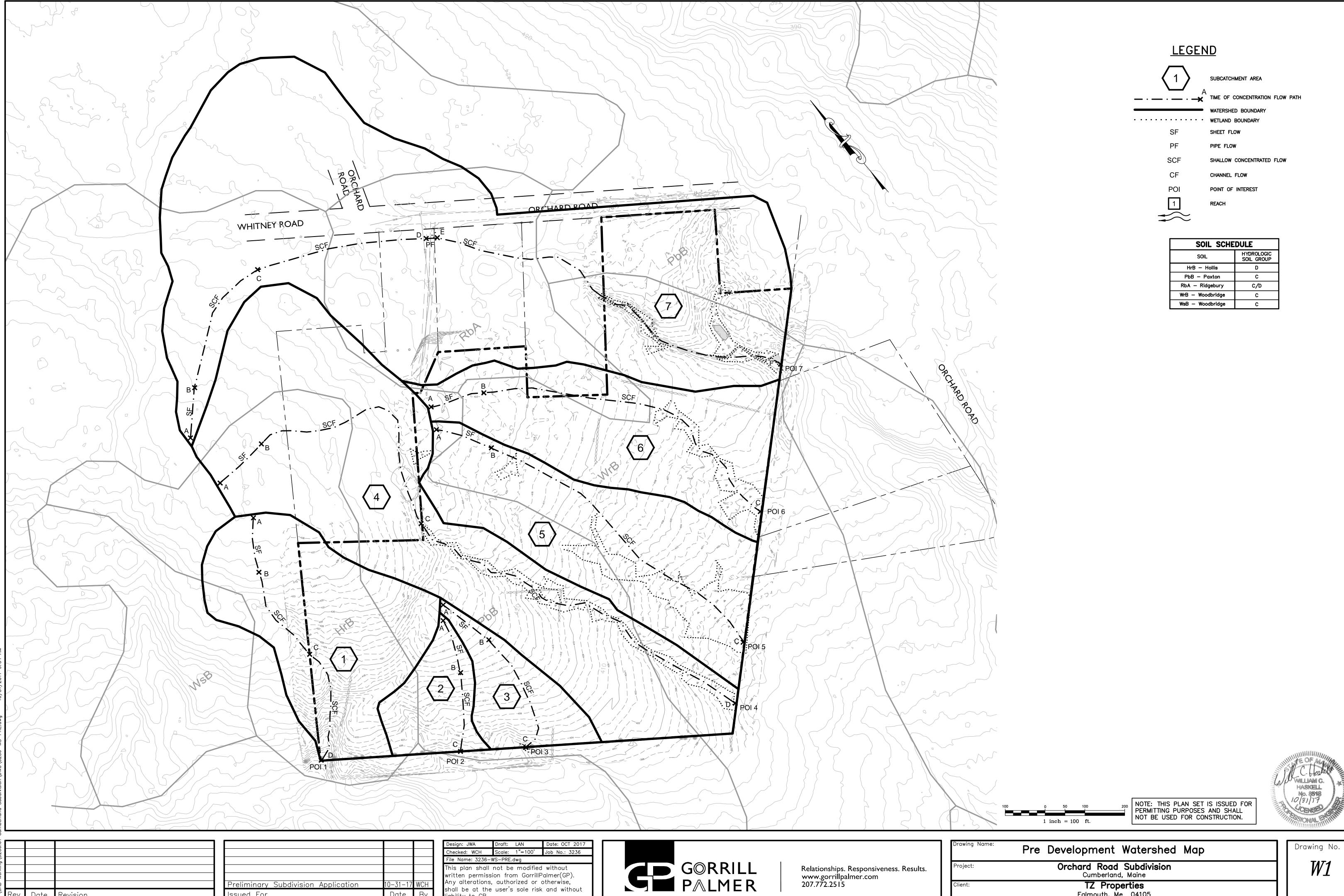
Attached to this section are the following items:

Attachment A - Watershed Maps (Pre, Post,)

Attachment B - TR-20 Calculations

Attachment C - Ditch and Stormdrain Calculations

ATTACHMENT A WATERSHED MAPS

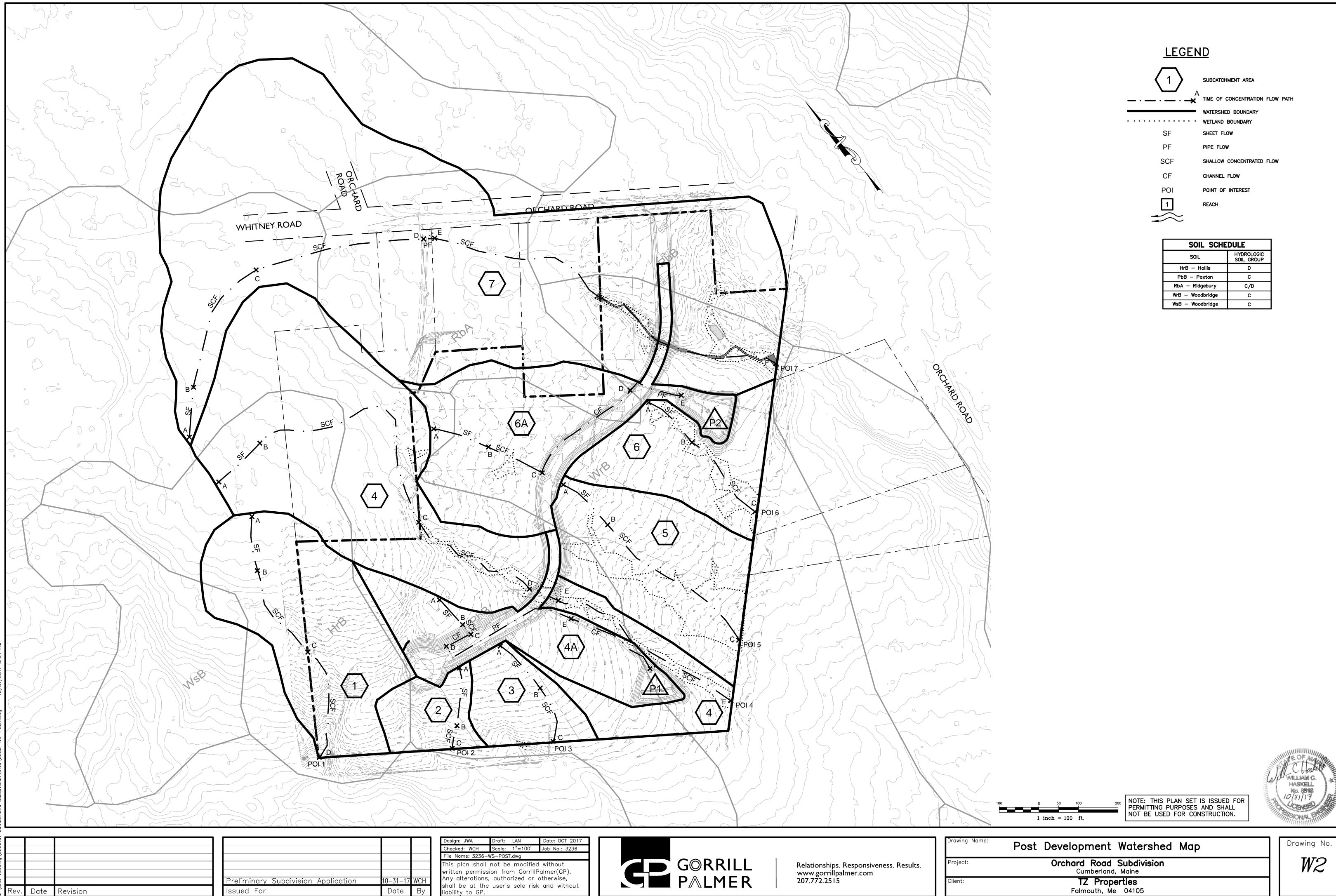


Any alterations, authorized or otherwise,

Preliminary Subdivision Application

Issued For

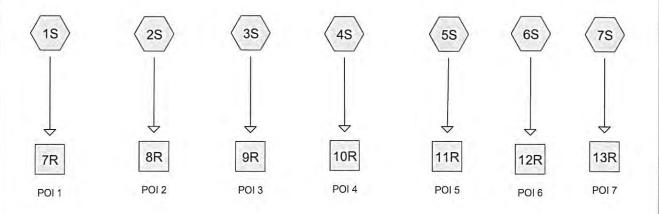
TZ PropertiesFalmouth, Me 04105



shall be at the user's sole risk and without

Issued For

ATTACHMENT B TR-20 CALCULATIONS











Prepared by Gorrill Palmer

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Page 1

Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points x 3
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Runoff Area=211,000 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.08"

Flow Length=690' Tc=27.1 min CN=76 Runoff=3.48 cfs 0.437 af

Subcatchment 2S: Runoff Area=56,900 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.82"

Flow Length=350' Tc=23.9 min CN=71 Runoff=0.70 cfs 0.089 af

Subcatchment 3S: Runoff Area=65,200 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.77"

Flow Length=470' Tc=28.4 min CN=70 Runoff=0.69 cfs 0.096 af

Subcatchment 4S: Runoff Area=485,000 sf 4.32% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.97"

Flow Length=1,690' Tc=35.6 min CN=74 Runoff=6.23 cfs 0.902 af

Subcatchment 5S: Runoff Area=244,400 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.77"

Flow Length=950' Tc=42.6 min CN=70 Runoff=2.13 cfs 0.360 af

Subcatchment 6S: Runoff Area=222,000 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.82"

Flow Length=965' Tc=43.0 min CN=71 Runoff=2.09 cfs 0.348 af

Subcatchment 7S: Runoff Area=800,400 sf 6.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.03"

Flow Length=1,890' Tc=49.3 min CN=75 Runoff=9.21 cfs 1.572 af

Reach 7R: POI 1 Inflow=3.48 cfs 0.437 af

Outflow=3.48 cfs 0.437 af

Reach 8R: POI 2 Inflow=0.70 cfs 0.089 af

Outflow=0.70 cfs 0.089 af

Reach 9R: POI 3 Inflow=0.69 cfs 0.096 af

Outflow=0.69 cfs 0.096 af

Reach 10R: POI 4 Inflow=6.23 cfs 0.902 af

Outflow=6.23 cfs 0.902 af

Reach 11R: POI 5 Inflow=2.13 cfs 0.360 af

Outflow=2.13 cfs 0.360 af

Reach 12R: POI 6 Inflow=2.09 cfs 0.348 af

Outflow=2.09 cfs 0.348 af

Reach 13R: POI 7 Inflow=9.21 cfs 1.572 af

Outflow=9.21 cfs 1.572 af

Prepared by Gorrill Palmer

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Page 2

Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points x 3
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Runoff Area=211,000 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.21"

Flow Length=690' Tc=27.1 min CN=76 Runoff=7.39 cfs 0.892 af

Subcatchment 2S: Runoff Area=56,900 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.82"

Flow Length=350' Tc=23.9 min CN=71 Runoff=1.70 cfs 0.198 af

Subcatchment 3S: Runoff Area=65,200 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.74"

Flow Length=470' Tc=28.4 min CN=70 Runoff=1.72 cfs 0.218 af

Subcatchment 4S: Runoff Area=485,000 sf 4.32% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.05"

Flow Length=1,690' Tc=35.6 min CN=74 Runoff=13.78 cfs 1.902 af

Subcatchment 5S: Runoff Area=244,400 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.74"

Flow Length=950' Tc=42.6 min CN=70 Runoff=5.31 cfs 0.816 af

Subcatchment 6S: Runoff Area=222,000 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.82"

Flow Length=965' Tc=43.0 min CN=71 Runoff=5.02 cfs 0.773 af

Subcatchment 7S: Runoff Area=800,400 sf 6.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.13"

Flow Length=1,890' Tc=49.3 min CN=75 Runoff=20.00 cfs 3.260 af

Reach 7R: POI 1 Inflow=7.39 cfs 0.892 af

Outflow=7.39 cfs 0.892 af

Reach 8R: POI 2 Inflow=1.70 cfs 0.198 af

Outflow=1.70 cfs 0.198 af

Reach 9R: POI 3 Inflow=1.72 cfs 0.218 af

Outflow=1.72 cfs 0.218 af

Reach 10R: POI 4 Inflow=13.78 cfs 1.902 af

Outflow=13.78 cfs 1.902 af

Reach 11R: POI 5 Inflow=5.31 cfs 0.816 af

Outflow=5.31 cfs 0.816 af

Reach 12R: POI 6 Inflow=5.02 cfs 0.773 af

Outflow=5.02 cfs 0.773 af

Reach 13R: POI 7 Inflow=20.00 cfs 3.260 af

Outflow=20.00 cfs 3,260 af

Total Runoff Area = 47.863 ac Runoff Volume = 8.058 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.02" 96.47% Pervious = 46.175 ac 3.53% Impervious = 1.688 ac

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Page 2

Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points x 3
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Runoff Area=211,000 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.21"

Flow Length=690' Tc=27.1 min CN=76 Runoff=10.80 cfs 1.295 af

Subcatchment 2S: Runoff Area=56,900 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.74"

Flow Length=350' Tc=23.9 min CN=71 Runoff=2.60 cfs 0.298 af

Subcatchment 3S: Runoff Area=65,200 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.65"

Flow Length=470' Tc=28.4 min CN=70 Runoff=2.67 cfs 0.330 af

Subcatchment 4S: Runoff Area=485,000 sf 4.32% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.02"

Flow Length=1,690' Tc=35.6 min CN=74 Runoff=20.50 cfs 2.800 af

Subcatchment 5S: Runoff Area=244,400 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.65"

Flow Length=950' Tc=42.6 min CN=70 Runoff=8.21 cfs 1.238 af

Subcatchment 6S: Runoff Area=222,000 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.74"

Flow Length=965' Tc=43.0 min CN=71 Runoff=7.70 cfs 1.163 af

Subcatchment 7S: Runoff Area=800,400 sf 6.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.11"

Flow Length=1,890' Tc=49.3 min CN=75 Runoff=29.54 cfs 4.766 af

Reach 7R: POI 1 Inflow=10.80 cfs 1.295 af

Outflow=10.80 cfs 1.295 af

Reach 8R: POI 2 Inflow=2.60 cfs 0.298 af

Outflow=2.60 cfs 0.298 af

Reach 9R: POI 3 Inflow=2.67 cfs 0.330 af

Outflow=2.67 cfs 0.330 af

Reach 10R: POI 4 Inflow=20.50 cfs 2.800 af

Outflow=20.50 cfs 2.800 af

Reach 11R: POI 5 Inflow=8.21 cfs 1.238 af

Outflow=8.21 cfs 1.238 af

Reach 12R: POI 6 Inflow=7.70 cfs 1.163 af

Outflow=7.70 cfs 1.163 af

Reach 13R: POI 7 Inflow=29.54 cfs 4.766 af

Outflow=29.54 cfs 4.766 af

Total Runoff Area = 47.863 ac Runoff Volume = 11.890 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.98" 96.47% Pervious = 46.175 ac 3.53% Impervious = 1.688 ac

Page 3

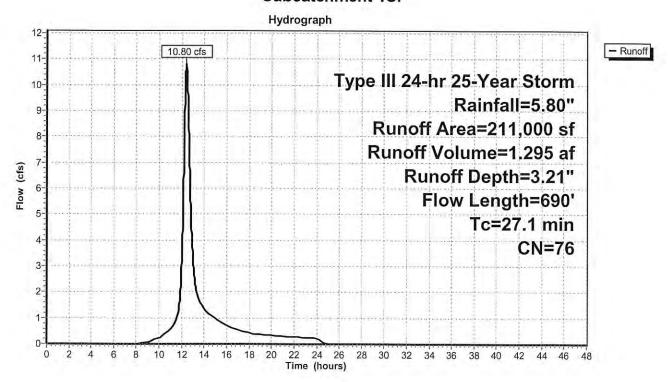
Summary for Subcatchment 1S:

Runoff = 10.80 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume= 1.295 af, Depth= 3.21"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	7,600 77,200	78	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C Meadow, non-grazed, HSG D					
	29,900 96,300		Woods, Go Woods, Go					
	11,000 11,000		Weighted A Pervious Ar					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description			
22.9	150	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"			
1.0	240	0.0700	3.97		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
3.2	300	0.1000	1.58		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
27.1	690	Total						

Subcatchment 1S:



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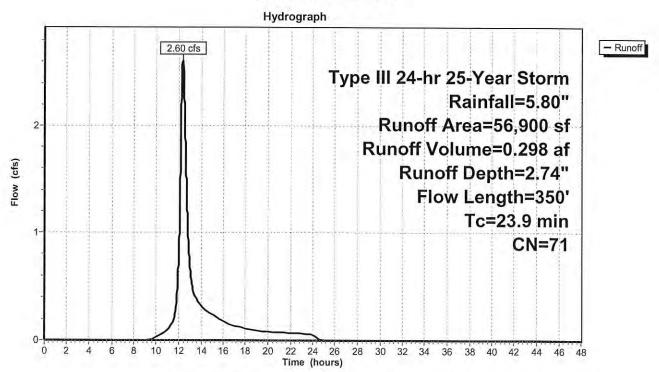
Summary for Subcatchment 2S:

Runoff = 2.60 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.298 af, Depth= 2.74"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	44,800 12,100	70 77	Woods, Go Woods, Go	Remarks of the Control of the Contro	
	56,900 56,900	71	Weighted A Pervious Ar	verage	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)	Description
21.4	150	0.047	0 0.12		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"
2.5	200	0.070	0 1.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
23.9	350	Total			

Subcatchment 2S:



Page 5

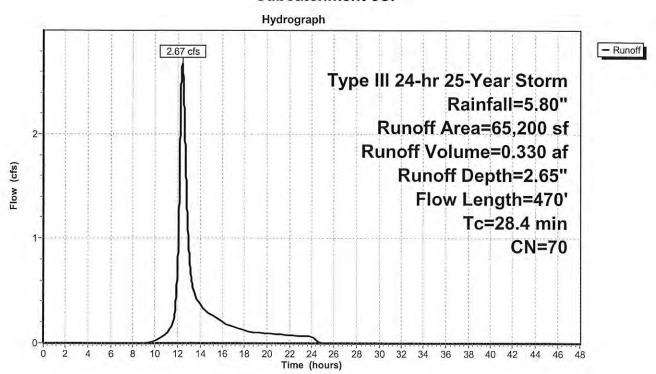
Summary for Subcatchment 3S:

Runoff = 2.67 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 0.330 af, Depth= 2.65"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
	65,200	70 V	70 Woods, Good, HSG C				
	65,200	F	Pervious Ar	ea			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
23.9	150	0.0360	0.10		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"		
4.5	320	0.0550	1.17		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
28.4	470	Total					

Subcatchment 3S:



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Summary for Subcatchment 4S:

Runoff = 20.50 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume=

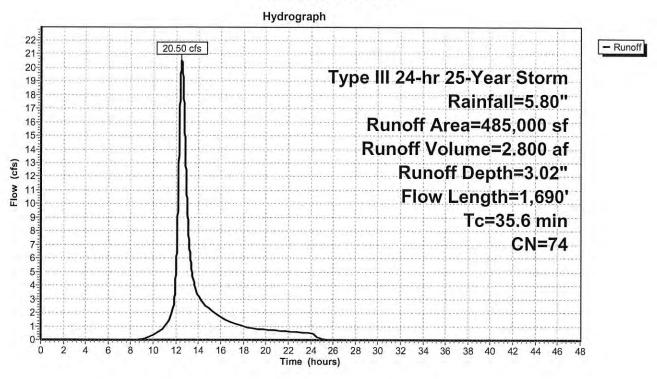
2.800 af, Depth= 3.02"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN E	Description			
1	18,700	77 2	acre lots,	12% imp, I	HSG C	
	55,800			12% imp, I		
	45,000			on-grazed,		
	51,600	78 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG D	
2	11,900	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C		
	2,000	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D		
4	85,000	74 V	Veighted A	verage		
	64,060		Pervious Ar			
	20,940	- In	npervious	Area		
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
17.1	150	0.0300	0.15		Sheet Flow, A-B	
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.10"	
3.7	630	0.0360	2.85		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C	
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps	
14.8	910	0.0420	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D	
2.7.1					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
35.6	1.690	Total				

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Subcatchment 4S:



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Summary for Subcatchment 5S:

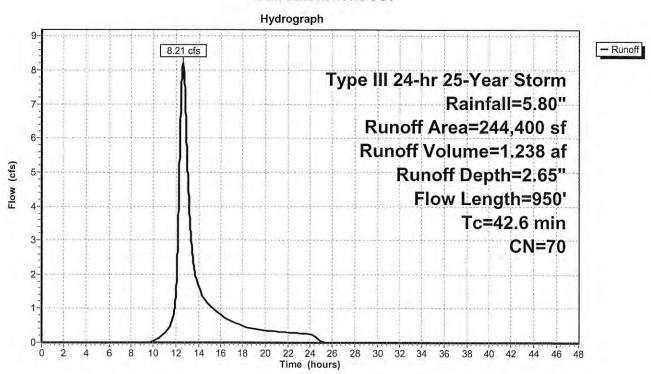
Runoff = 8.21 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume=

1.238 af, Depth= 2.65"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
2	44,400	70 V	Woods, Good, HSG C				
2	244,400 Pervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
29.6	150	0.0210	0.08		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"		
13.0	800	0.0420	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
42.6	950	Total					

Subcatchment 5S:



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Summary for Subcatchment 6S:

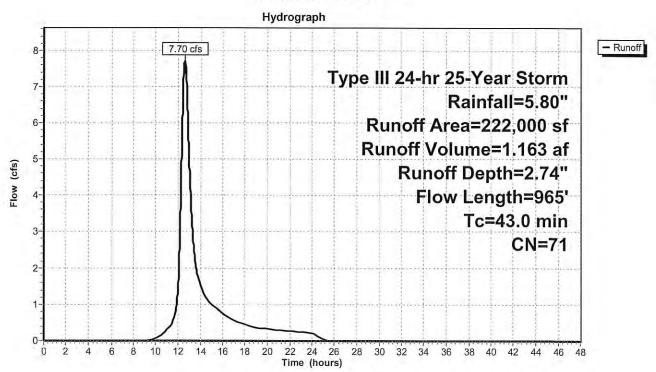
Runoff = 7.70 cfs @ 12.61 hrs, Volume=

1.163 af, Depth= 2.74"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
185,600 70 Woods, Good, HSG C					
36,400 77 Woods, Good, HSG D				od, HSG D	
	22,000 22,000		Weighted A Pervious Ar		
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description
26.8	150	0.0270	0.09		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"
16.2	815	0.0280	0.84		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
43.0	965	Total			

Subcatchment 6S:



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Summary for Subcatchment 7S:

Runoff = 29.54 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume=

4.766 af, Depth= 3.11"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

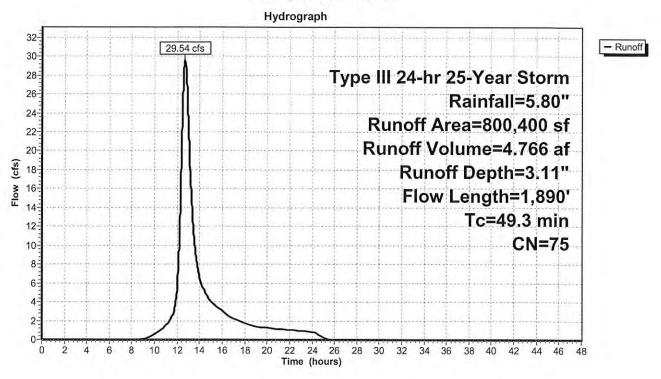
	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
		2,712	98	Paved park	ing & roofs				
218,288 77 2 acre lots, 12% imp, HSG C									
	1	97,200	82	2 acre lots,	12% imp, I	HSG D			
		76,700	71	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C			
	2	284,400	70	Woods, Good, HSG C					
		21,100	77	Woods, Go	od, HSG D				
	8	300,400	75	Weighted A	verage				
	7	47,829			rea				
		52,571		Impervious	Area				
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	18.3	150	0.0250		1	Sheet Flow, A-B			
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.10"			
	2.8	390	0.0240	2.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C			
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
	10.0	390	0.0170	170 0.65		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	0.1	20	0.0100	6.22	7.63	Circular Channel (pipe), D-E			
	Nac v	0.02		Total State		Diam= 15.0" Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.011			
	18.1	940	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, E-F			
-						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	49.3	1,890	Total						

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Subcatchment 7S:



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Summary for Reach 7R: POI 1

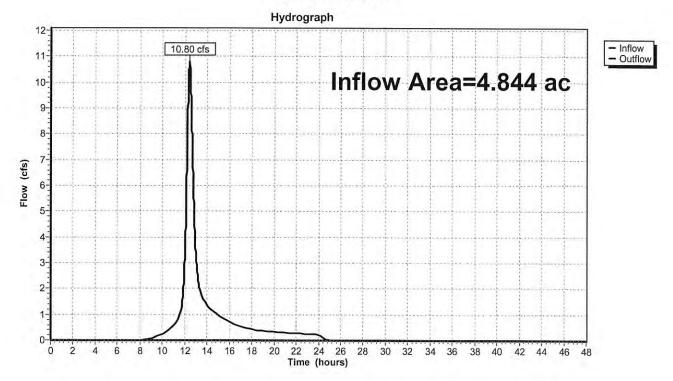
Inflow Area = 4.844 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.21" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 10.80 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume= 1.295 af

Outflow = 10.80 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume= 1.295 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 7R: POI 1



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Summary for Reach 8R: POI 2

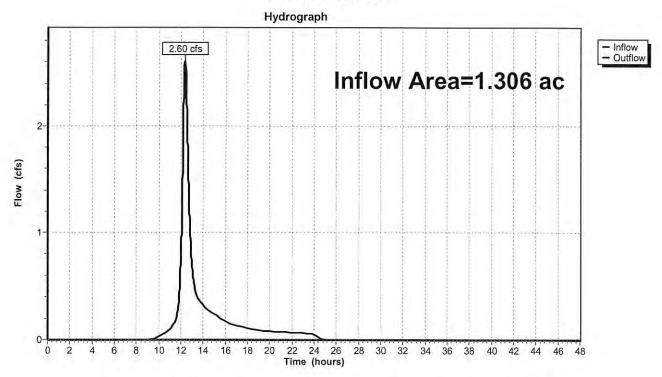
Inflow Area = 1.306 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.74" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 2.60 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.298 af

Outflow = 2.60 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.298 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 8R: POI 2



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Summary for Reach 9R: POI 3

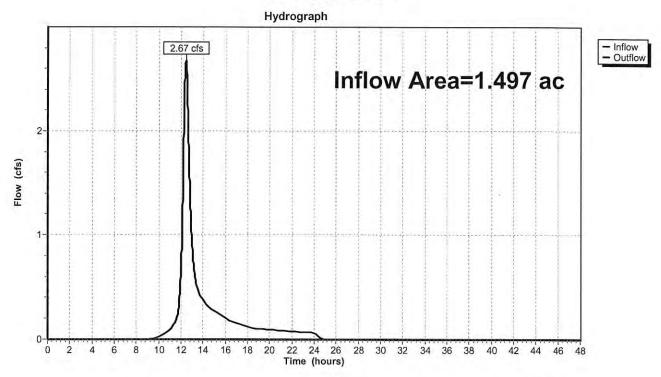
Inflow Area = 1.497 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.65" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 2.67 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 0.330 af

Outflow = 2.67 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 0.330 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 9R: POI 3



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Summary for Reach 10R: POI 4

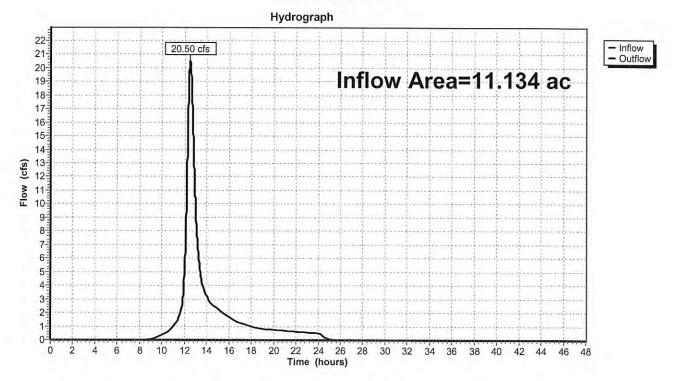
Inflow Area = 11.134 ac, 4.32% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.02" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 20.50 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 2.800 af

Outflow = 20.50 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 2.800 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 10R: POI 4



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Summary for Reach 11R: POI 5

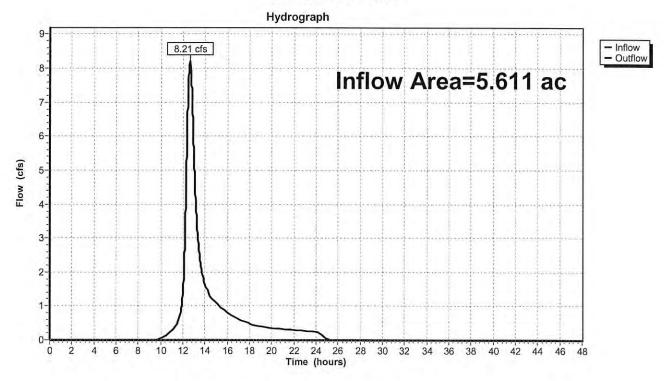
Inflow Area = 5.611 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.65" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 8.21 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume= 1.238 af

Outflow = 8.21 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume= 1.238 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 11R: POI 5



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Summary for Reach 12R: POI 6

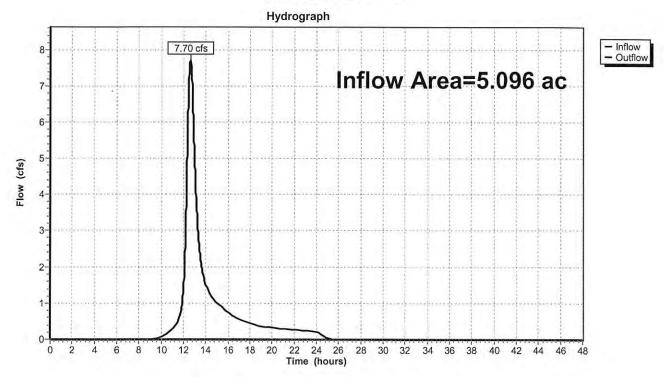
Inflow Area = 5.096 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.74" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 7.70 cfs @ 12.61 hrs, Volume= 1.163 af

Outflow = 7.70 cfs @ 12.61 hrs, Volume= 1.163 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 12R: POI 6



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Summary for Reach 13R: POI 7

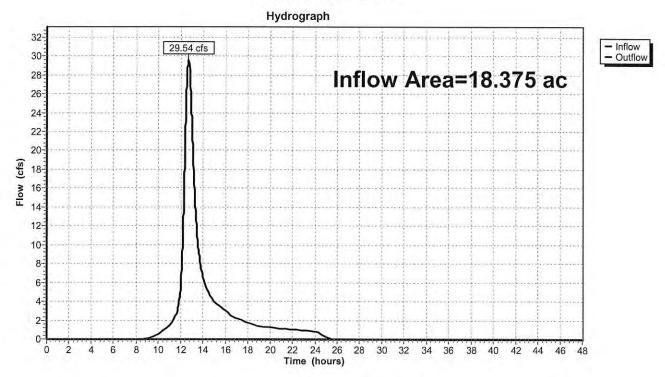
Inflow Area = 18.375 ac, 6.57% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.11" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 29.54 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume= 4.766 af

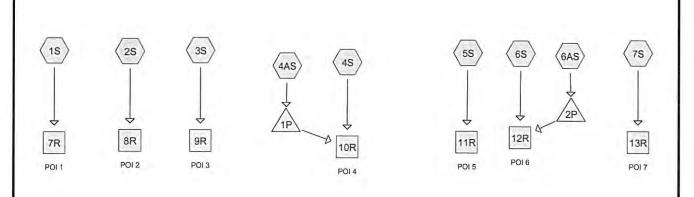
Outflow = 29.54 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume= 4.766 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 13R: POI 7



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Inflow=9.12 cfs 1.556 af Outflow=9.12 cfs 1.556 af

Page 1

Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points x 3 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Reach routing by D	yn-Stor-ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-ind method
Subcatchment 1S:	Runoff Area=189,100 sf 3.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.20" Flow Length=690' Tc=27.1 min CN=78 Runoff=3.52 cfs 0.434 af
Subcatchment 2S:	Runoff Area=39,800 sf 4.46% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.92" Flow Length=200' Tc=22.0 min CN=73 Runoff=0.59 cfs 0.070 af
Subcatchment 3S:	Runoff Area=55,900 sf 5.37% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.87" Flow Length=300' Tc=26.0 min CN=72 Runoff=0.72 cfs 0.093 af
Subcatchment 4AS:	Runoff Area=115,632 sf 17.76% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.08" Flow Length=785' Tc=15.3 min CN=76 Runoff=2.42 cfs 0.240 af
Subcatchment 4S:	Runoff Area=424,528 sf 5.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.03" Flow Length=1,690' Tc=35.6 min CN=75 Runoff=5.82 cfs 0.834 af
Subcatchment 5S:	Runoff Area=158,400 sf 1.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.82" Flow Length=600' Tc=30.2 min CN=71 Runoff=1.77 cfs 0.248 af
Subcatchment 6AS:	Runoff Area=208,960 sf 13.69% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.08" Flow Length=760' Tc=34.1 min CN=76 Runoff=3.11 cfs 0.433 af
Subcatchment 6S:	Runoff Area=100,550 sf 2.98% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.87" Flow Length=390' Tc=27.3 min CN=72 Runoff=1.26 cfs 0.167 af
Subcatchment 7S:	Runoff Area=792,062 sf 7.10% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.03" Flow Length=1,890' Tc=49.3 min CN=75 Runoff=9.12 cfs 1.556 af
Reach 7R: POI 1	Inflow=3.52 cfs 0.434 af Outflow=3.52 cfs 0.434 af
Reach 8R: POI 2	Inflow=0.59 cfs 0.070 af Outflow=0.59 cfs 0.070 af
Reach 9R: POI 3	Inflow=0.72 cfs 0.093 af Outflow=0.72 cfs 0.093 af
Reach 10R: POI 4	Inflow=6.22 cfs 1.049 af Outflow=6.22 cfs 1.049 af
Reach 11R: POI 5	Inflow=1.77 cfs 0.248 af Outflow=1.77 cfs 0.248 af
Reach 12R: POI 6	Inflow=1.29 cfs 0.541 af
Reach 13R: POI 7	Outflow=1.29 cfs 0.541 af Inflow=9.12 cfs 1.556 af

Post 10-26-17

Type III 24-hr 2-Year Storm Rainfall=3.10"

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Pond 1P:

Peak Elev=397.68' Storage=4,251 cf Inflow=2.42 cfs 0.240 af

Primary=0.48 cfs 0.154 af Secondary=0.02 cfs 0.062 af Outflow=0.50 cfs 0.216 af

Pond 2P:

Peak Elev=406.57' Storage=7,919 cf Inflow=3.11 cfs 0.433 af

Primary=0.82 cfs 0.282 af Secondary=0.03 cfs 0.092 af Outflow=0.85 cfs 0.374 af

Total Runoff Area = 47.863 ac Runoff Volume = 4.074 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.02" 93.01% Pervious = 44.518 ac 6.99% Impervious = 3.346 ac

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Outflow=19.79 cfs 3.226 af

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points x 3 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

	Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method
Subcatchment 1S:	Runoff Area=189,100 sf 3.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.38" Flow Length=690' Tc=27.1 min CN=78 Runoff=7.15 cfs 0.859 af
Subcatchment 2S:	Runoff Area=39,800 sf 4.46% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.97" Flow Length=200' Tc=22.0 min CN=73 Runoff=1.34 cfs 0.150 af
Subcatchment 3S:	Runoff Area=55,900 sf 5.37% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.89" Flow Length=300' Tc=26.0 min CN=72 Runoff=1.68 cfs 0.203 af
Subcatchment 4AS:	Runoff Area=115,632 sf 17.76% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.21" Flow Length=785' Tc=15.3 min CN=76 Runoff=5.13 cfs 0.489 af
Subcatchment 4S:	Runoff Area=424,528 sf 5.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.13" Flow Length=1,690' Tc=35.6 min CN=75 Runoff=12.57 cfs 1.729 af
Subcatchment 5S:	Runoff Area=158,400 sf 1.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.82" Flow Length=600' Tc=30.2 min CN=71 Runoff=4.27 cfs 0.551 af
Subcatchment 6AS:	Runoff Area=208,960 sf 13.69% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.21" Flow Length=760' Tc=34.1 min CN=76 Runoff=6.59 cfs 0.883 af
Subcatchment 6S:	Runoff Area=100,550 sf 2.98% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.89" Flow Length=390' Tc=27.3 min CN=72 Runoff=2.96 cfs 0.364 af
Subcatchment 7S:	Runoff Area=792,062 sf 7.10% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.13" Flow Length=1,890' Tc=49.3 min CN=75 Runoff=19.79 cfs 3.226 af
Reach 7R: POI 1	Inflow=7.15 cfs 0.859 af Outflow=7.15 cfs 0.859 af
Reach 8R: POI 2	Inflow=1.34 cfs 0.150 af Outflow=1.34 cfs 0.150 af
Reach 9R: POI 3	Inflow=1.68 cfs 0.203 af Outflow=1.68 cfs 0.203 af
Reach 10R: POI 4	Inflow=13.81 cfs 2.193 af Outflow=13.81 cfs 2.193 af
Reach 11R: POI 5	Inflow=4.27 cfs 0.551 af Outflow=4.27 cfs 0.551 af
Reach 12R; POI 6	Inflow=4.55 cfs 1.187 af Outflow=4.55 cfs 1.187 af
Reach 13R: POI 7	Inflow=19.79 cfs 3.226 af

Post 10-26-17

Type III 24-hr 10-Year Storm Rainfall=4.60"

Prepared by Gorrill Palmer

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Pond 1P:

Peak Elev=398.46' Storage=8,587 cf Inflow=5.13 cfs 0.489 af

Primary=1.29 cfs 0.400 af Secondary=0.02 cfs 0.064 af Outflow=1.31 cfs 0.464 af

Pond 2P:

Peak Elev=407.42' Storage=13,593 cf Inflow=6.59 cfs 0.883 af

Primary=3.07 cfs 0.727 af Secondary=0.03 cfs 0.096 af Outflow=3.10 cfs 0.823 af

Total Runoff Area = 47.863 ac Runoff Volume = 8.455 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.12"
93.01% Pervious = 44.518 ac 6.99% Impervious = 3.346 ac

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Outflow=29.24 cfs 4.716 af

Page 2

Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points x 3 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S:	Runoff Area=189,100 sf 3.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.40" Flow Length=690' Tc=27.1 min CN=78 Runoff=10.27 cfs 1.231 af
Subcatchment 2S:	Runoff Area=39,800 sf 4.46% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.92" Flow Length=200' Tc=22.0 min CN=73 Runoff=2.02 cfs 0.223 af
Subcatchment 3S:	Runoff Area=55,900 sf 5.37% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.83" Flow Length=300' Tc=26.0 min CN=72 Runoff=2.55 cfs 0.303 af
Subcatchment 4AS:	Runoff Area=115,632 sf 17.76% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.21" Flow Length=785' Tc=15.3 min CN=76 Runoff=7.49 cfs 0.710 af
Subcatchment 4S:	Runoff Area=424,528 sf 5.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.11" Flow Length=1,690' Tc=35.6 min CN=75 Runoff=18.52 cfs 2.528 af
Subcatchment 5S:	Runoff Area=158,400 sf 1.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.74" Flow Length=600' Tc=30.2 min CN=71 Runoff=6.53 cfs 0.830 af
Subcatchment 6AS:	Runoff Area=208,960 sf 13.69% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.21" Flow Length=760' Tc=34.1 min CN=76 Runoff=9.63 cfs 1.282 af
Subcatchment 6S:	Runoff Area=100,550 sf 2.98% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.83" Flow Length=390' Tc=27.3 min CN=72 Runoff=4.49 cfs 0.544 af
Subcatchment 7S:	Runoff Area=792,062 sf 7.10% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.11" Flow Length=1,890' Tc=49.3 min CN=75 Runoff=29.24 cfs 4.716 af
Reach 7R: POI 1	Inflow=10.27 cfs 1.231 af Outflow=10.27 cfs 1.231 af
Reach 8R: POI 2	Inflow=2.02 cfs 0.223 af Outflow=2.02 cfs 0.223 af
Reach 9R: POI 3	Inflow=2.55 cfs 0.303 af Outflow=2.55 cfs 0.303 af
Reach 10R: POI 4	Inflow=20.18 cfs 3.212 af Outflow=20.18 cfs 3.212 af
Reach 11R: POI 5	Inflow=6.53 cfs 0.830 af
Reach 12R: POI 6	Outflow=6.53 cfs 0.830 af Inflow=7.65 cfs 1.765 af
Reach 13R: POI 7	Outflow=7.65 cfs 1.765 af Inflow=29.24 cfs 4.716 af

Post 10-26-17

Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Prepared by Gorrill Palmer

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Pond 1P:

Peak Elev=399.13' Storage=13,048 cf Inflow=7.49 cfs 0.710 af

Primary=1.71 cfs 0.619 af Secondary=0.02 cfs 0.066 af Outflow=1.73 cfs 0.684 af

Pond 2P:

Peak Elev=408.00' Storage=18,613 cf Inflow=9.63 cfs 1.282 af

Primary=5.04 cfs 1.123 af Secondary=0.03 cfs 0.098 af Outflow=5.07 cfs 1.221 af

Total Runoff Area = 47.863 ac Runoff Volume = 12.367 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.10" 93.01% Pervious = 44.518 ac 6.99% Impervious = 3.346 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S:

Runoff = 10.27 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume=

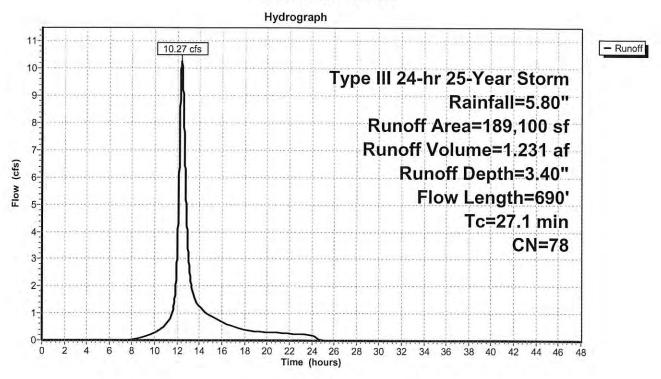
1.231 af, Depth= 3.40"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	6,212	98 F	Paved park	ing & roofs	
	18,000				ood, HSG D
	7,600	71 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
	77,200	78 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG D
	6,000	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
	74,088	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D	
1	89,100	78 V	Veighted A	verage	
1	82,888	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	6,212	b	mpervious	Area	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
22.9	150	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"
1.0	240	0.0700	3.97		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
3.2	300	0.1000	1.58		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
27.1	690	Total			

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Subcatchment 1S:



Page 6

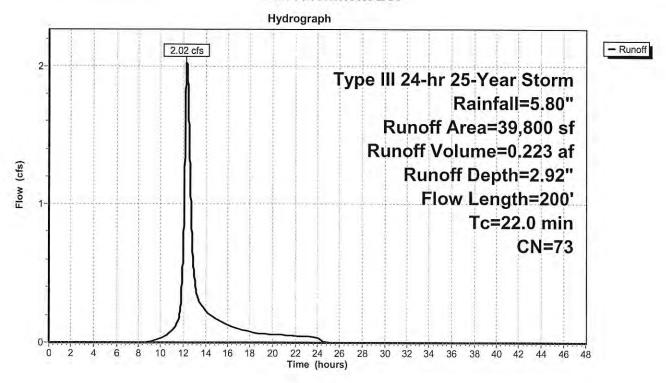
Summary for Subcatchment 2S:

Runoff = 2.02 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 0.223 af, Depth= 2.92"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

А	rea (sf)	CN I	Description							
	1,776	98	Paved parking & roofs							
	5,000	80 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D					
	28,400	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C						
	4,624	77	Woods, Go	/oods, Good, HSG D						
	39,800	73 \	Weighted A	verage						
	38,024		Pervious Ar							
	1,776		mpervious							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description					
21.4	150	0.0470	0.12		Sheet Flow, A-B					
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"					
0.6	50	0.0700	1.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
22.0	200	Total								

Subcatchment 2S:



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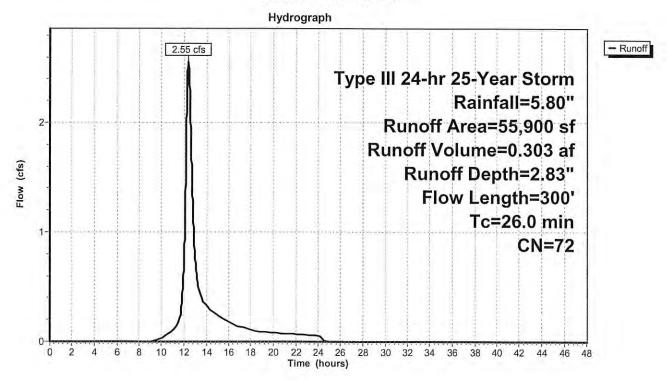
Summary for Subcatchment 3S:

Runoff = 2.55 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 0.303 af, Depth= 2.83"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description	7						
	3,000	98	Paved parking & roofs							
	12,000	74 :	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C							
	40,900	70 \	Woods, Go	od, HSG C						
55,900 72 Weighted Average										
	52,900		Pervious A							
	3,000		mpervious	Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description					
23.9	150	0.0360	0.10		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"					
2.1	150	0.0550	1.17		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
26.0	300	Total								

Subcatchment 3S:



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Summary for Subcatchment 4AS:

Runoff = 7.49 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=

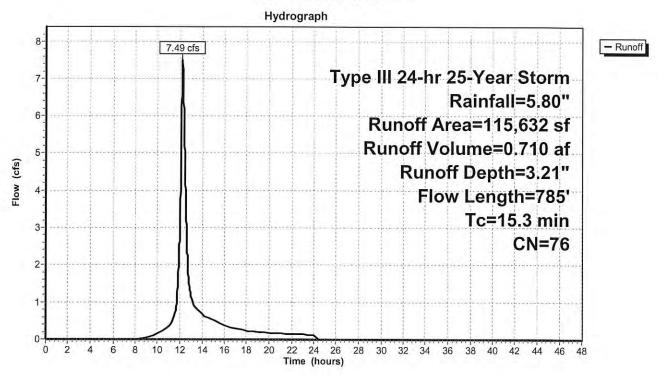
0.710 af, Depth= 3.21"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
	20,542	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs			
	42,904	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C		
	52,186	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C			
1	115,632 95,090 20,542		15,632 76 Weighted Average 95,090 Pervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
13.3	100	0.0250	0.13		Sheet Flow, A-B		
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.10"		
0.0	20	0.3300	8.62		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C		
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps		
0.3	65	0.0100	4.32	60.45	Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, C-D		
					Bot.W=1.00' D=2.00' Z= 3.0 '/' Top.W=13.00' n= 0.035		
1.2	380	0.0100	0.0100 5.26	6.46			
					Diam= 15.0" Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013		
0.5	220	0.0570	6.77	27.09	Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, E-F		
					Bot.W=1.00' D=1.00' Z= 3.0 '/' Top.W=7.00' n= 0.035		
15.3	785	Total					

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Subcatchment 4AS:



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Summary for Subcatchment 4S:

Runoff = 18.52 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume=

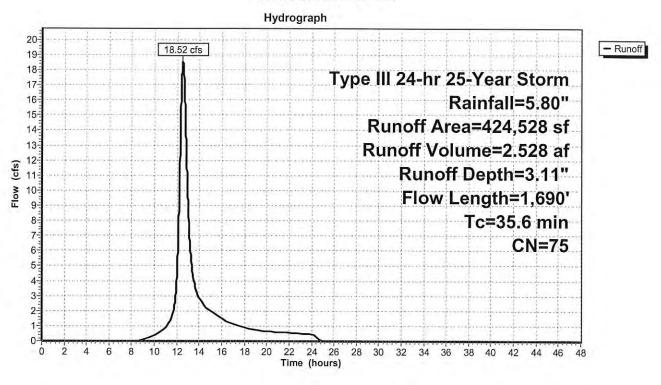
2.528 af, Depth= 3.11"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN E	Description	escription							
	2,394	98 F	Paved parking & roofs								
	10,672	74 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C								
1	18,700	77 2	acre lots,	12% imp, I	HSG C						
	55,800	82 2	acre lots,	12% imp, I	HSG D						
	45,000	71 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C						
	51,600	78 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG D						
1	38,362	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C							
	2,000	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D							
4	24,528	75 V	Weighted Average								
4	01,194		Pervious Ar								
	23,334	t	mpervious	Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description						
17.1	150	0.0300	0.15	(013)	Sheet Flow, A-B						
10.1	100	0.0000	0.10		Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.10"						
3.7	630	0.0360	2.85		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C						
071	22.2	2007			Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps						
14.8	910	0.0420	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D						
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps						
35.6	1,690	Total									

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Subcatchment 4S:



Summary for Subcatchment 5S:

Runoff

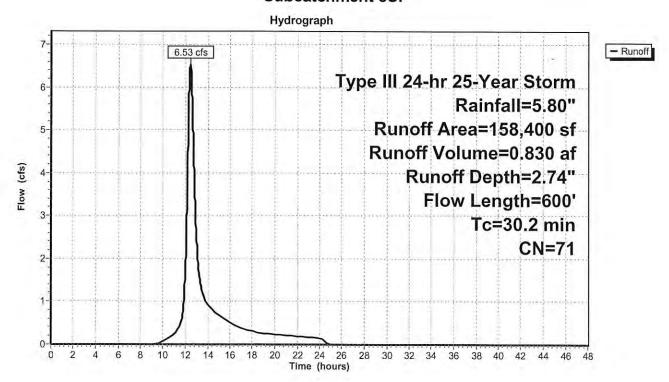
6.53 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume=

0.830 af, Depth= 2.74"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN I	CN Description						
	3,000	98	Paved parking & roofs						
12,000		74 :	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
143,400		70 \	Woods, Good, HSG C						
158,400 155,400 3,000		I	Neighted A Pervious Ar mpervious	rea					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description				
22.9	150	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"				
7.3	450	0.0420	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
30.2	600	Total							

Subcatchment 5S:



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Summary for Subcatchment 6AS:

Runoff = 9.63 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume=

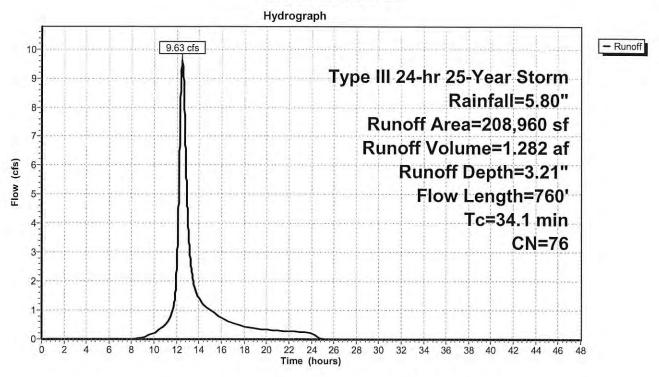
1.282 af, Depth= 3.21"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Area (sf) CN Description							
28,610 9		98 F	Paved parking & roofs				
	70,092		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C				
	82,558		Woods, Good, HSG C				
	27,700		Woods, Good, HSG D				
2	208,960		Weighted Average				
	180,350		Pervious Ar				
	28,610	- Ji	mpervious	Area			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
29.6	150	0.0210	0.08		Sheet Flow, A-B		
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"		
2.8	140	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C		
1.3	330	0.0100	4.32	60.45	Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, C-D		
1.0	000	0.0100	4.02	00.40	Bot.W=1.00' D=2.00' Z= 3.0 '/' Top.W=13.00' n= 0.035		
0.4	140	0.0100	5.26	6.46	에, "무리는 현실 등이 사이를 가게 되었다. [1985] 네티 아니는 사람이 사이를 하는 것이 되었다. 그리고 나를 하는 것이 되었다. 그런		
- 200		21.2.2.2	8.54	5. 1.5	Diam= 15.0" Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013		
34.1	760	Total					

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Subcatchment 6AS:



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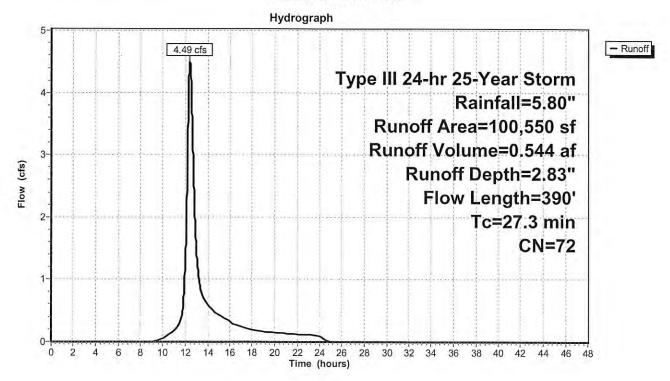
Summary for Subcatchment 6S:

Runoff = 4.49 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 0.544 af, Depth= 2.83"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN [Description			
3,000 98 Paved parking & roo				ing & roofs		
	18,000	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C	
79,550 70 Woods, Good, HS						
100,550 72 Weighted Average			Weighted A	verage		
	97,550	F	Pervious Area			
	3,000	1	mpervious	Area		
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
22.9	150	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"	
4.4	240	0.0330	0.91		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
27.3	390	Total				

Subcatchment 6S:



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Summary for Subcatchment 7S:

Runoff = 29.24 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume=

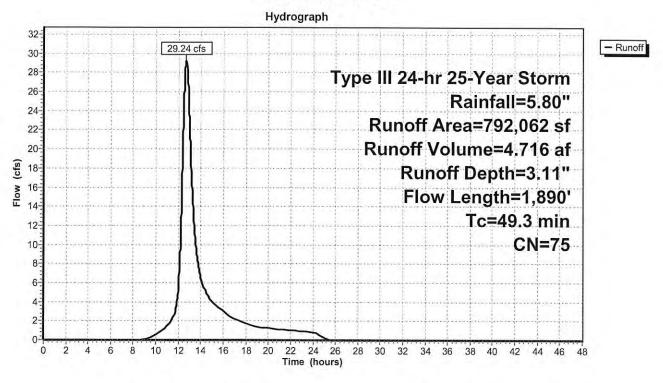
4.716 af, Depth= 3.11"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-Year Storm Rainfall=5.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
		98	Paved parking & roofs				
6,800		74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C				
218,288			2 acre lots, 12% imp, HSG C				
197,200			2 acre lots, 12% imp, HSG D				
76,700		71	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C				
2	265,562		Woods, Good, HSG C				
21,100 77			Woods, Good, HSG D				
7	792,062		Weighted A	verage			
7	35,791		Pervious Ar	rea			
	56,271	II)	mpervious	Area			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description		
18.3	150	0.0250	0.14		Sheet Flow, A-B		
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.10"		
2.8	390	0.0240	2.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C		
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps		
10.0	390	0.0170	0.65		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
0.1	20	0.0100	6.22	7.63	Circular Channel (pipe), D-E		
					Diam= 15.0" Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.011		
18.1	940	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, E-F Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
49.3	1.890	Total					

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Subcatchment 7S:



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Summary for Reach 7R: POI 1

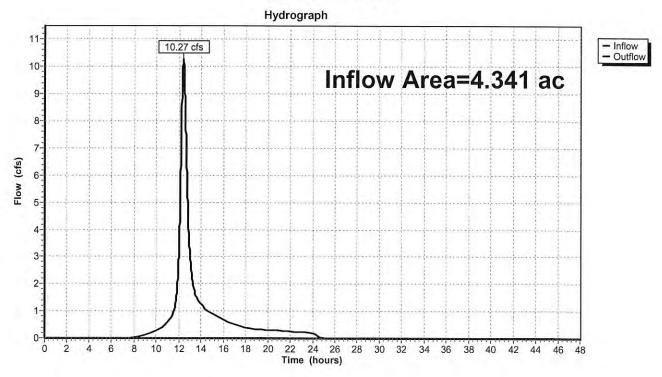
4.341 ac, 3.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.40" for 25-Year Storm event Inflow Area =

10.27 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume= 1.231 af Inflow =

Outflow = 10.27 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume= 1.231 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 7R: POI 1



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Summary for Reach 8R: POI 2

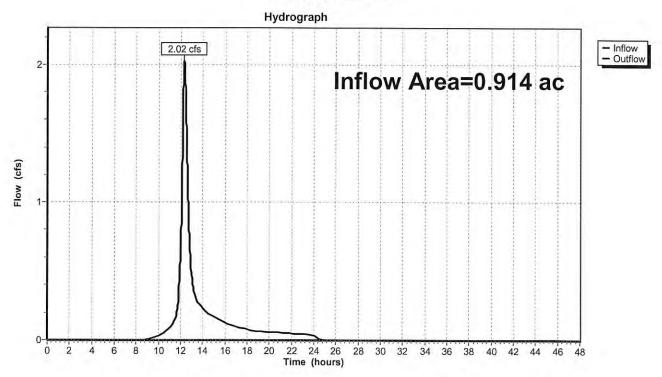
Inflow Area = 0.914 ac, 4.46% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.92" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 2.02 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 0.223 af

Outflow = 2.02 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 0.223 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 8R: POI 2



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Summary for Reach 9R: POI 3

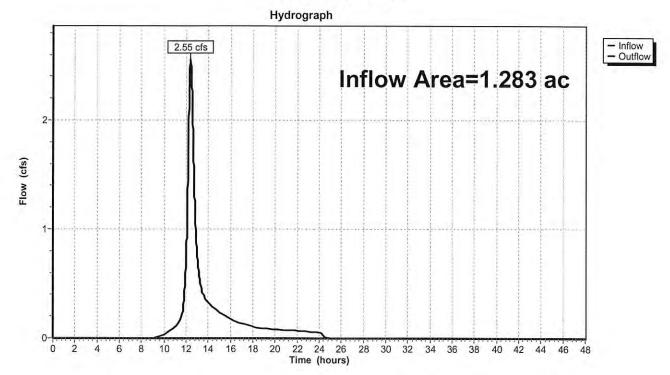
Inflow Area = 1.283 ac, 5.37% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.83" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 2.55 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 0.303 af

Outflow = 2.55 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 0.303 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 9R: POI 3



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Summary for Reach 10R: POI 4

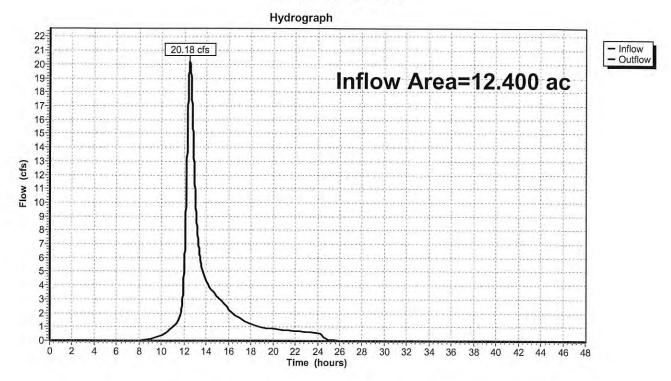
Inflow Area = 12.400 ac, 8.12% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.11" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 20.18 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 3.212 af

Outflow = 20.18 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 3.212 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 10R: POI 4



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Summary for Reach 11R: POI 5

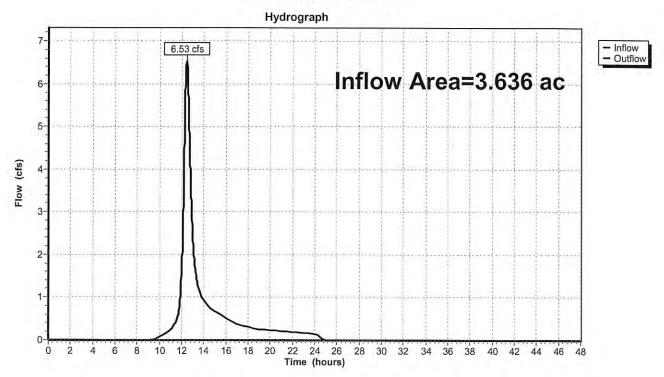
Inflow Area = 3.636 ac, 1.89% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.74" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 6.53 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 0.830 af

Outflow = 6.53 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 0.830 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 11R: POI 5



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Summary for Reach 12R: POI 6

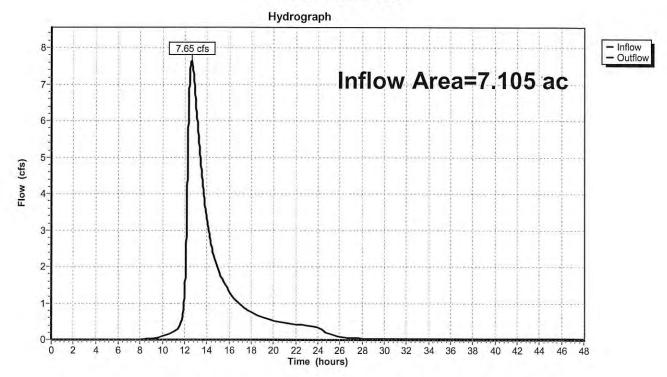
Inflow Area = 7.105 ac, 10.21% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.98" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 7.65 cfs @ 12.59 hrs, Volume= 1.765 af

Outflow = 7.65 cfs @ 12.59 hrs, Volume= 1.765 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 12R: POI 6



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Summary for Reach 13R: POI 7

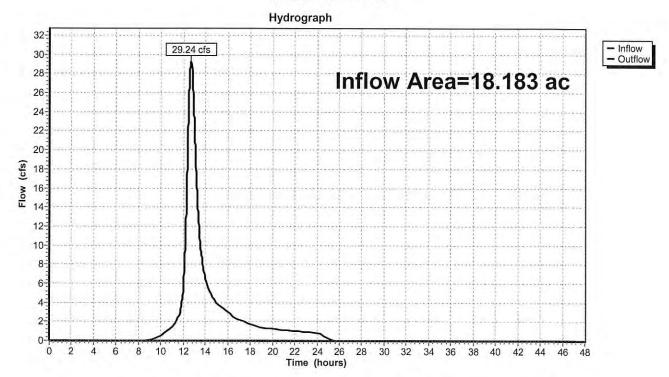
Inflow Area = 18.183 ac, 7.10% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.11" for 25-Year Storm event

Inflow = 29.24 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume= 4.716 af

Outflow = 29.24 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume= 4.716 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Reach 13R: POI 7



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Summary for Pond 1P:

Inflow Area = 2.655 ac, 17.76% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.21" for 25-Year Storm event
Inflow = 7.49 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.710 af

Outflow = 1.73 cfs @ 12.76 hrs, Volume= 0.684 af, Atten= 77%, Lag= 32.8 min
Primary = 1.71 cfs @ 12.76 hrs, Volume= 0.619 af
Secondary = 0.02 cfs @ 9.05 hrs, Volume= 0.066 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 399.13' @ 12.76 hrs Surf.Area= 7,076 sf Storage= 13,048 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 177.7 min calculated for 0.684 af (96% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 157.5 min (991.6 - 834.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	395.67'	19,7	01 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pris	natic) Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevation (fee		urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
395.6	67	1,244	0	0		
397.	17	2,196	2,580	2,580		
398.0	00	5,700	3,277	5,857		
400.0	00	8,144	13,844	19,701		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	s		
#1	Secondary	395.67'	0.02 cfs Exfil	tration at all eleva	tions	

#1 Secondary 395.67' 0.02 cfs Exfiltration at all elevations 397.17' 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 43 Primary 397.68' 4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600

Primary OutFlow Max=1.71 cfs @ 12.76 hrs HW=399.13' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

—2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 1.23 cfs @ 6.29 fps) **3=Orifice/Grate** (Orifice Controls 0.48 cfs @ 5.45 fps)

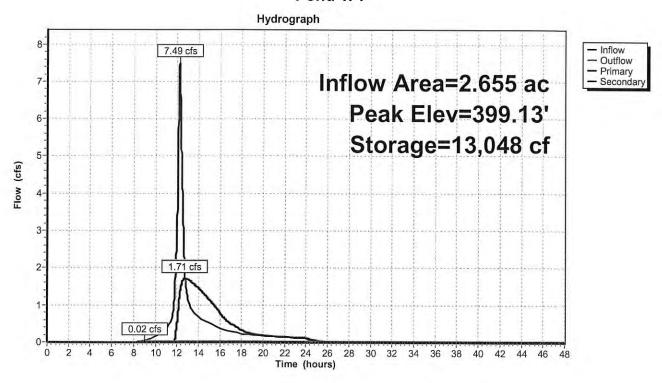
Secondary OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 9.05 hrs HW=395.70' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

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Pond 1P:



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Summary for Pond 2P:

Inflow Area	=	4.797 ac, 1	13.69% Impe	ervious,	Inflow	Depth =	3.2	1" for	25-Y	ear Storm ever	nt
Inflow	=	9.63 cfs @	12.47 hrs,	Volume:	= 1	1.282	af				
Outflow	=	5.07 cfs @	12.90 hrs,	Volume:	=	1.221	af, /	Atten=	47%,	Lag= 26.0 min	
Primary	=	5.04 cfs @	12.90 hrs,	Volume:	=	1.123	af			-	
Secondary	=	0.03 cfs @	9.31 hrs,	Volume:	=	0.098	af				

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3
Peak Elev= 408.00' @ 12.90 hrs Surf.Area= 9,389 sf Storage= 18,613 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 152.2 min calculated for 1.221 af (95% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 125.7 min (977.3 - 851.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stora	age Storage	Description	
#1	404.17'	29,326	6 cf Custom	Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevation (fee		rf.Area (sq-ft) (Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
404.	17	2,136	0	0	
405.6 409.0		3,168 12,056	3,978 25,348	3,978 29,326	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	S	
#1 #2	Secondary Device 3	405.90'	0.5' long x 0.	tration at all elevations 7' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir .20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80	2.00
#3	Primary	405.00'	3.31 3.32 15.0" x 37.0'	long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 404.00' S= 0.0270 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013	

Primary OutFlow Max=5.04 cfs @ 12.90 hrs HW=408.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

3=Culvert (Passes 5.04 cfs of 9.11 cfs potential flow)

2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 5.04 cfs @ 4.80 fps)

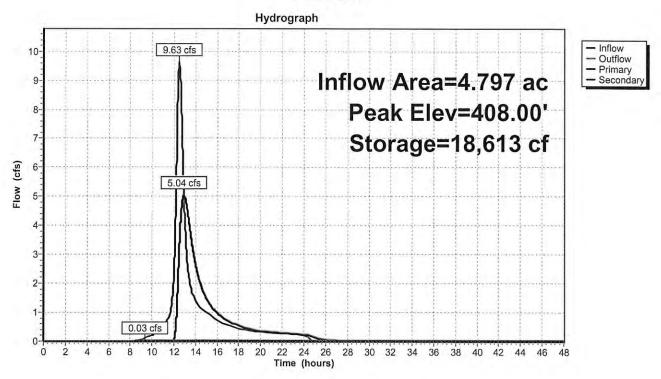
Secondary OutFlow Max=0.03 cfs @ 9.31 hrs HW=404.20' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)
—1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.03 cfs)

Prepared by Gorrill Palmer
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Pond 2P:



ATTACHMENT C DITCH AND STORMDRAIN



JOB 36,01	
SHEET NO.	OF
CALCULATED BY	DATE 10-27-17
CHECKED BY	DATE
SCALE	

STORM DRAINAGE
DRIVEWAY CULVERT LOT?
TOTAL AREA = 2,96(803)= 18,944 fx = 0,43 Ac
IMP = 370 (13) = 4810 fg = 0,11 Ac c=0.9
IMP = 3000 /2 (HOUSE/DW) = 0.07Ac c=0.9
LAUN = 6,000 p2 =0.14 Ac 4=0,2
WOODS = 5/34 / = 0,12Ac C=0,2
ASSUME TE = 5 MIN 125 = 6,2 in/hr
$composite c = \frac{0.18}{0.43}(0.9) + \frac{0.26(0.2)}{9.43} = 0.50$
Q25 = 0,5(6,2)(0.43) = 1.3 g/2
USE 12" CULVERT
INGET STA 24+00 PCT
FROM LOT 7 DRIVEWAY CULVERT A = 0.43 C = 0.50
TOTAL ADDITIONAL AREA = 5,02 (802) = 32,128 / 8-0.74Ac
PANE = 120(13) +90(20) = 3360 fg2 = 0.08 Ac C=09
VEG = 28,768 ft = 0,66 Ac C=0,20
COMPOSITE $C = 0.43 (0.5) + 0.08 (0.9) + 0.66 (0.20) = 0.36$



JOB	
SHEET NO.	OF
CALCULATED BY	DATE 10-27-17
CHECKED BY	DATE

INCET STA ZY +00 RT
ASSUME TE = 5 MIN Ezs = 6,2 in/h
Q25=0,36(6,2)(1.17) = 2,6 yz
U50 12 SD
A= 0,29A= C= 0,55 LT USE: 12" B7 INSPECTION
DRIVEWAY CULVERT LOT 8 USE 12" BY INSPECTION
DRIVEWAY CULVERT LOT 9
TOTAL AREA = 11.98 (803) = 76,672 fg = 1,76 Ac
IMP = 3,000 + 3000 + 250 (13) = 9250 / = 0,2 Ac C=0,9
VEG= 67,422 /1= 1.55 Ac C=0.2
$\frac{\text{composite } c = \frac{0.2}{1.76}(0.9) + 1.55(0.2) = 0.28}{1.76(0.9) + \frac{1.55}{1.76}(0.2) = 0.28}$
FROMAHYDROGAD To = 30 MIN Q25 = 0.28 (3) 1.76 = 1.5 4/2 ir5 = 3 in/hr
USE 12' COWERT



JOB 3236-01	
SHEET NO.	OF
CALCULATED BY	DATE 10-27-17
CHECKED BY	DATE
SCALE	

ERON LOT 9 DRIVEWAY CULVERT A=1.76 & C=0128 TOTAL ADDITIONAL AREA = 12.65(80) = 80,960 ft2 TO INLET DE 15 TOO RT = 1.86 AC IMP = 3000 ft2 + 150(13) = 4950 ft2 0.11Ac C=0.9 VEC = 76,010 ft2 = 1.74 & C=0.2 COMPOSITE C = 1.76 (0,28) + 0.11 (0.9) + 1.74 (0.2) 3.92 (0.24) QUS = 0.24 (3)(3.92) = 2.82 cf2 USO 15' CULVERT CB1 IMP = 190(15) = 2850 ft2 C=0.9 Te=5 Mm Qus = 0.9(6.2) 0.06 = 0.33 cf2 CB = 0.9(6.2) 0.07 = 0.39 cf2 LOT 1 DRIVEWAY CULVERT = 12" BY INSPECTA	
TOTAL ADDITIONAL AREA = $12.65(80^2) = 80.960 \text{ fr}^2$ TO INLET DE 15 TOO RT = 1.86 Ac $1MP = 3000 \text{ fr}^2 + 150(13) = 9950 \text{ fr}^2$ 0.11Ac C=0.9 $VEG = 76,010 \text{ fr}^2 = 1.79 \text{ fc}$ c=0.2 COMPOSITE C = 1.76 (0.26) + 0.11 (0.9) + 1.79 (0.2) $3.92 \frac{3.92}{3.92} = 2.82 \text{ fs}$ C = 0.29 Q2S = 0.29(3)(3.92) = 2.82 fs USE 15'' = UUUCFT CB1 $IMP = 190(15) = 2850 \text{ fr}^2 = 2.0,9 \text{ fc} = 5 \text{ FMM}$ Q2S = 0.9(6.2) 0.06 = 0.33 fs $CB = 220(13) = 2860 \text{ fr}^2 = 2.0,9 \text{ fc} = 5 \text{ FMM}$ Q2S = 0.9(6.2) 0.07 = 0.39 fs	LOT 10 DRIVEWAY CULVERT
TO INVEST & 15 FOORT = 1,86 Ac $1MP = 3000 \text{ G}^2 + 150(13) = 9950 \text{ fg}^2 \text{ O.NAC } C=0.9$ $VEC = 76,010 \text{ fg}^2 = 1.79 \text{ Ac } c=0.2$ $COMPOSITE C = 1.76 (0.18) + 0.11 (0.9) + 1.79 (0.2)$ $3.92 (0.9) + 1.79 (0.2)$ $C = 0.29$ $C = 0.33$ $C = 0.29$ $C = 0.29$ $C = 0.39$ $C = 0.3$	FROM LOT 9 DRIVEWAY CULVERT A=1.76 & C=0,28
VEC = 76,010 fg ² = 1.74 4c c=0.2 COMPOSITE C = 1.76 (0,28) + 0.11 (0.9) + 1.74 (0.2) 3.92 $\overline{3.92}$ $\overline{3.92}$ (0.9) + $\overline{3.92}$ (0.2) C=0,24 Q25 = 0.24(3)(3.92) = 2.82 cfs USE 15' CULVEFT CB1 IMP = 190(15) = 2850 fg ² C=0.9 Tc=5 mm Q25 = 0.9(6.2) 0.06 = 0.33 cfs C13 2 220(13) = 2860 fg ² C=0.9 Tc = 5 mm Q25 = 0.9(6.2) 0.07 = 0.39 cfs	
COMPOSITE $C = 1.76 (0.28) + 0.11 (0.9) + 1.74 (0.2)$ $3.92 (0.9) + 3.92 (0.2)$ $C = 0.24$ $C = 0.24$ $C = 0.24 (3)(3.92) = 2.82 Cp$ $C = 0.24 (3)(3.92) = 2.82 Cp$ $C = 0.24 (3)(3.92) = 2.850 fg^2 C = 0.9 Tc = 5 Mm$ $C = 0.9(6.2) 0.06 = 0.33 Cp$ $C = 0.9(6.2) 0.06 = 0.33 Cp$ $C = 0.9(6.2) 0.07 = 0.39 Cp$	
$Q_{25} = 0.24(3)(3.92) = 2.82 \text{ c/s}$ $0.50 \text{ 15'} < 0.0000000000000000000000000000000000$	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$ MP = 190(15) = 2850 / 3^{2} $	USE 15" CULVERT
$Q_{25} = 0.9(6.2) \cdot 0.06 = 0.33 \text{ g/s}$ $CB = 210(13) = 1860 \text{ fr}^{2} = 0.9 \text{ Tc} = 5 \text{ m/m}$ $Q_{25} = 0.9(6.2) \cdot 0.09 = 0.39 \text{ g/s}$	
$Q_{25} = 0.9(6.2) \cdot 0.06 = 0.33 \text{ g/s}$ $CB = 210(13) = 1860 \text{ fr}^{2} = 0.9 \text{ Tc} = 5 \text{ m/m}$ $Q_{25} = 0.9(6.2) \cdot 0.09 = 0.39 \text{ g/s}$	IMP = 190 (15) = 2850 fg = C=0,9 Te=5 mm
925 = 0.9(6.2)0.07 = 0.39 4	Q25= 0.9(6.2)0.06 = 0.33 cf2
	CB 2 220(13) = 2860 fg 2 C= 0,9 Tc = 5 m/n
LOT I DRIVEWAY CULVERT = 12" BY INSPECT.	
	LOT I DRIVEWAY CULVERT = 12" BY INSPECT,



JOB	
SHEET NO.	OF
CALCULATED BY	DATE 10 -27-17
CHECKED BY	DATE

ROADSIDE DITCH FLOW
ASSUMIND WORST CASE AT STA 16 too RT+
Q= 2,8 fg
PERMISSIBLE VEGETATED VELOCITY WOOD BRIDGE SOIL = 3/4/2
V = 2,8 ft/2
USE VEGETATED LINING
DITCH TO GRASSED UNDERDRAINED SOIL FILTER ADJACENT TO LOT 3
FIP PAP SLOPE DEU = 6"
DITCH TO GRASSED UNDERDRAINED SOIL FILTER
LOW FLOW FROM LEFT SIDE FOADSIDE DITCH
USE VEGETATED LINING

MAINE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs - 10/2016

SOIL NAME	K factor	K factor SURFACE WATER PERMISSIBLE VELOCITY		WATERTABLE				DEPTH TO BEDROCK	
COLLINA	(10"-20")	BARE ft/sec	VEGETATED ft/sec.	INFLOW RATE cfs/1000 ft.	Kind	Depth in ft	Duration	inches	HYDRIC SOIL
Hydrologic	Group C								
Becket	0.17	1.5	3	0.1	Perched	2.0-3.5	Mar-Apr	>60	N
Chesuncook*	0.24/0.32	1.5	3	0.1	Perched	1.5-3.0	Mar-May	>60	N
Conant	0.24	2	3.5	0.15	Apparent	1.0-2.5	Nov-May	>60	N
Dixfield*	0.20	2	3.5	0.1	Perched	1.5-2.5	Nov-Apr	>60	N
Elliottsville	0.24	1.5	3					20-40	N
Howland*	0.24	2	3.5	0.1	Perched	1.5-2.5	Oct-May	>60	N
Linneus	0.28	1.5	3	442				20-40	N
Mapleton	0.20	2	3.5					10-20	N
Marlow	0.24/0.32/0.20	2	4	0.1	Perched	2.0-3.5	Mar-Apr	>60	N
Melrose	0.32/0.49	2	4	0.1		>6		>60	N
Paxton	0.24/0.32/0.20	2	4	0.1	Perched	2.0-3.5	Mar-Apr	>60	N
Penguis	0.32	1.5	3			2.0-3.5	Mar-Apr	20-40	N
Perham*	0.24/0.32/0.37	1.5	3	0.1	Perched	1.5-2.5	Mor Mou		N
Peru*	0.24/0.32/0.37	1.5	3	0.1			Mar-May	>60	N
Plaisted	0.24	2	3.5	0.1	Perched	1.5-2.5	Nov-May	>60	N
Ragmuff*					Perched	2.0-3.5	Nov-May	>60	
Rawsonville									
Sisk	0.28/0.32								
Skerry**	0.20/0.28/0.17	1.5	3	0.1		>6		>60	N
Suffield	0.32/0.49	1.5	3.5	0.05	Perched	1.5-2.5	Nov-May	>60	N
Surplus*	0.28/0.32	1.5			Perched	1.5-3.0	Nov-May	>60	N
100	0.24/0.20	2	2.5		Perched	1.0-2.0	Oct-May	>60	N
Tunbridge Winnecook	0.24/0.20	1.5	3.5 3	1				20-40	N
TTI III GGGGIK	0.20	1.0	J					20-40	IN
Hydrologic	Group C/D						13-11		
Boothbay #	0.32/0.49	1.5	3	0.05	Apparent	1.0-2.0	Nov-May	>60	N
Buxton#	0.32/0.49	1.5	3.5	0.05	Perched	1.5-3.0	Nov-May	>60	N
Chesuncook**	0.24/0.32	1.5	3	0.1	Perched	1.5-3.0	Mar-May	>60	N
Dixfield**	0.20	2	3.5	0.1	Perched	1.5-3.6	Nov-Apr	>60	N
Dixmont	0.28	1.5	3	0.15	Perched	1.0-2.0	Nov-Api	>60	N
Easton	0.24/0.37	1.5	3	0.1	Apparent	0-1.5	Oct-May	>60	Y/N
Howland**	0.24	2	3.5	0.1	Perched	1.5-2.5			N
Lamoine	0.32/0.49	1.5	3	0.05			Oct-May	>60	N
Leicester	0.32	1.5	3	0.1	Perched Perched	0.5-2.0	Nov-Jun	>60	Y
Perham**	0.24/0.32/0.37	1.5	3	0.1		0-1.0	Nov-Jun	>60	
Peru**	0.24/0.32/0.37	1.5	3	0.1	Perched	1.5-2.5	Mar-May	>60	N
Pushaw		1.5		0.1	Perched	1.5-2.5	Nov-May	>60	N
Ragmuff**				- 120	- 100				
Skerry*	0.20/0.28/0.17	1.5	2	0.4			1		
Surplus**			3	0.1	Perched	1.5-2.5	Nov-May	>60	N
Vashburn	0.28/0.32 0.24/0.37	2	3.5	0.1	Perched	1.0-2.0	Oct-May	>60	N
			1		Apparent	+1-0.5	Oct-Jul	>60	Y
Woodbridge	0.24/0.32/0.37	1.5	(3)	0.1	Perched	1.5-2.5	Nov-May	>60	N

TRAPAZOIDAL DITCH SIZING Gorrill Palmer

JOB DATA

Project: 3236.01 Calc. by: JWA

Date: 10/26/2017

Ditch at:

EQUATIONS:

Manning's Equation, $V = (1.49/n)R^{2/3}S^{1/2}$

Q = VA

Froude number, $F = V/(gd)^{1/2}$

INPUT:

Base width (b) = 1.0 ft
Sideslope (z) = 3 on 1
Sideslope (z) = 3 on 1
Depth of flow (d) = 0.44 ft
Manning's n = 0.030 (grass)

Slope of ditch (s) = 0.0180 ft/ft

OUTPUT:

Wet Perimeter (P) = 3.78 ftArea of Flow (A) = 1.02 sq. ft.Hydr. Radius (R) = 0.27 ftVelocity of Flow (V) = 2.8 fpsFlow Capacity (Q) = 2.8 cfs

Froude Number (F) = 0.74 <1, subcritical flow

SN	Element Description ID	From (Inlet) Node	To (Outlet) Node	Length	Inlet Invert Elevation		Outlet Invert Elevation	Invert		Average Slope	Pipe Shape	Pipe Diameter or Height
				(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(%)		(inches)
1	Link-01	Inlet-01	Out-01	77.00	406.82	0.00	405.00	0.00	1.82	2.3600	CIRCULAR	15.000
2	Link-02	Inlet-02	Inlet-01	22.00	407.20	-0.10	406.92	0.10	0.28	1.2700	CIRCULAR	15.000
3	Link-05	64	Inlet-02	48.00	410.00	0.00	407.30	0.00	2.70	5.6200	CIRCULAR	15.000

OUTLET

LINK-01 > A

LINK-02 > CBI

LINK-02 > INLET

LINK-05

Pipe	Manning's	Entrance	Exit/Bend	Additional	Initial	Flap	Lengthening	Peak	Time of	Max	Travel	Design
Width	Roughness	Losses	Losses	Losses	Flow	Gate	Factor	Flow	Peak	Flow	Time	Flow
									Flow	Velocity		Capacity
									Occurrence			
(inches)					(cfs)			(cfs)	(days hh:mm)	(ft/sec)	(min)	(cfs)
15.00	0.0150	0.5000	0.5000	0.0000	0.00	NO	1.00	2.77	0 00:30	5.85	0.22	8.61
15.00	0.0150	0.5000	0.5000	0.0000	0.00	NO	1.00	2.77	0 00:30	4.77	0.08	7.36
15.00	0.0150	0.5000	0.8000	0.0000	0.00	NO	1.00	2.77	0 00:30	5.51	0.15	13.28

Max Flow / Design Flow Ratio	Max Flow Depth / Total Depth Ratio	Total Time Surcharged	Max Flow Depth	Reported Condition
		(min)	(ft)	
0.32	0.41	0.00	0.51	Calculated
0.38	0.48	0.00	0.60	Calculated
0.21	0.43	0.00	0.54	Calculated

SN	Element ID	X Coordinate	Y Coordinate Description	Invert Elevation	Boundary Type	Flap Gate	Fixed Water Elevation	Peak Inflow
1	Out-01	2205.88	8431.37	(ft) 405.00	NORMAL	NO	(ft)	(cfs) 2.77

Peak	Maximum	Maximum
Lateral	HGL Depth	HGL Elevation
Inflow	Attained	Attained
(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)
0.00	0.49	405.49

SN	Element ID	X Coordinate	Y Coordinate Description	Inlet Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number
1	Inlet-01	2205.88	7647.06	FHWA HEC-22 GENERIC	N/A
	Inlet-02	2215.69	7088.24	FHWA HEC-22 GENERIC	N/A

Inlet Location	Number of Inlets	Catchbasin Invert Elevation	Max (Rim) Elevation	Max (Rim) Offset		Water	Ponded Area	Grate Clogging Factor	Roadway Longitudinal Slope	
		(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft²)	(%)	(ft/ft)	
On Sag	1	406.82	412.51	5.69	0.00	0.00	10.00	0.00	N/A	
On Sag	1	407.30	412.55	5.25	0.00	0.00	10.00	0.00	N/A	

Roadway	Roadway	Gutter	Gutter	Gutter	Median	Median	Median	Median
Cross	Manning's	Cross	Width	Depression	Ditch	Ditch	Ditch	Ditch
Slope	Roughness	Slope			Longitudinal	Bottom	Left Side	Right Side
					Slope	Width	Slope	Slope
(ft/ft)		(ft/ft)	(ft)	(inches)	(ft/ft)	(ft)	(V:H)	(V:H)
0.0200	0.0160	0.0620	2.00	2.0000	45.0000	45.0000	64	64
0.0200	0.0160	0.0620	2.00	2.0000	45.0000	45.0000	64	64

Median	Peak	Peak	Peak	Peak	Inlet	Allowable	Max Gutter	Max Gutter
Ditch	Flow	Lateral	Flow	Flow	Efficiency	Spread	Spread	Water Elev.
Manning's		Inflow	Intercepted	Bypassing	during		during	during
Roughness			by Inlet	Inlet	Peak Flow		Peak Flow	Peak Flow
	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(%)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
45.0000	0.33	0.33	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.00	0.43	412.60
45.0000	0.39	0.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.00	0.51	412.66

Max Gutter	Time of	Total	Total
Water Depth	Maximum	Flooded	Time
during	Depth	Volume	Flooded
Peak Flow	Occurrence		
(ft)	(days hh:mm)	(ac-inches)	(minutes)
0.09	0 00:30	0.00	0.00
0.11	0 00:30	0.00	0.00

SN	Element ID	X Coordinate	Y Coordinate Description	Invert Elevation	Ground/Rim (Max) Elevation	(Max)	Initial Water Elevation
				(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
1	64	3705.88	6843.14	410.00	413.00	3.00	0.00

Initial	Surcharge	Surcharge	Ponded	Minimum	Peak	Peak	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Water	Elevation	Depth	Area	Pipe Cover	Inflow	Lateral	HGL	HGL	Surcharge
Depth						Inflow	Elevation	Depth	Depth
							Attained	Attained	Attained
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft²)	(inches)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
-410.00	0.00	-413.00	0.00	21.00	2.78	2.78	410.41	0.41	0.00

Minimum	Average	Average	Time of	Time of	Total	Total
Freeboard	HGL	HGL	Maximum	Peak	Flooded	Time
Attained	Elevation	Depth	HGL	Flooding	Volume	Flooded
	Attained	Attained	Occurrence	Occurrence		
	Attaineu	Attaineu	Occurrence	Occurrence		
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(days hh:mm)		(ac-inches)	(minutes)

SN	Element Description ID	Area	Drainage Node ID	Weighted Runoff Coefficient	Accumulated Precipitation	Total Runoff	Peak Runoff	Rainfall Intensity
		(acres)			(inches)	(inches)	(cfs)	(inches/hr)
1	Sub-01	3.92	64	0.2400	1.48	0.35	2.78	2.950
2	Sub-03	0.06	Inlet-01	0.9000	0.52	0.47	0.34	6.200

Time of Concentration

(days hh:mm:ss)

0 00:30:00

0 00:05:00

0 00:05:00

SN	Element Description ID	From (Inlet) Node	To (Outlet) Node	Length	Inlet Invert Elevation	Inlet Invert Offset	Outlet Invert Elevation	Outlet Invert Offset	
				(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
1	Link-01	64	Out-01	55.00	407.40	0.00	407.00	0.00	0.40
2	Link-02	64	64	23.00	408.15	0.00	407.50	0.10	0.65
3	Link-03	Inlet-01	64	11.00	413.00	0.00	410.78	0.10	2.22
4	Link-05	64	64	255.00	410.68	0.00	408.25	0.10	2.43
5	Link-06	64	64	29.00	413.00	0.00	410.78	0.10	2.22

DHH2 DHH2 DHH4

LINK-02 DHH4

LINK 0-5

LINK 0-5

INCET

Average Slope	Pipe Shape	Pipe Diameter or Height	Pipe Width	Manning's Roughness	Entrance Losses	Exit/Bend Losses	Additional Losses	_	Flap Gate
(%)		(inches)	(inches)					(cfs)	
0.7300	CIRCULAR	15.000	15.00	0.0150	0.5000	0.5000	0.0000	0.00	NO
2.8300	CIRCULAR	12.000	12.00	0.0150	0.5000	0.5000	0.0000	0.00	NO
20.1800	CIRCULAR	12.000	12.00	0.0150	0.5000	0.8000	0.0000	0.00	NO
0.9500	CIRCULAR	12.000	12.00	0.0150	0.5000	0.8000	0.0000	0.00	NO
7.6600	CIRCULAR	12.000	12.00	0.0150	0.5000	0.8000	0.0000	0.00	NO

Lengthening Factor		Time of Peak Flow Occurrence	Max Flow Velocity	Travel Time	Design Flow Capacity	Max Flow / Design Flow Ratio	Max Flow Depth / Total Depth Ratio	Total Time Surcharged
	(cfs)	(days hh:mm)	(ft/sec)	(min)	(cfs)			(min)
1.00	2.98	0 00:06	3.72	0.25	4.77	0.62	0.62	0.00
1.00	2.98	0 00:06	4.84	0.08	5.19	0.57	0.73	0.00
1.00	0.99	0 00:05	6.24	0.03	13.87	0.07	0.51	0.00
1.00	2.98	0 00:06	4.28	0.99	3.01	0.99	0.85	0.00
1.00	2.60	0 00:05	6.60	0.07	8.54	0.30	0.62	0.00

Max Reported Condition
Depth

(ft)
0.78 Calculated
0.73 Calculated
0.51 Calculated

0.85 Calculated0.62 Calculated

SN	Element	X Coordinate	Y Coordinate Description	Invert	Boundary	Flap	Fixed	Peak
	ID			Elevation	Type	Gate	Water	Inflow
							Elevation	
				(ft)			(ft)	(cfs)
1	Out-01	1627.45	7509.80	407.00	NORMAL	NO		2.98

Maximum	Maximum	Peak
HGL Elevation	HGL Depth	Lateral
Attained	Attained	Inflow
(ft)	(ft)	(cfs)
407.72	0.72	0.00

SN	Element ID	X Coordinate	Y Coordinate Description	Invert Elevation	Ground/Rim (Max) Elevation	Ground/Rim (Max) Offset	Initial Water Elevation
				(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
1	Inlet-01	3627.45	6568.63	413.00	416.00	3.00	0.00
2	64	1617.65	6735.29 DMH2	407.40	412.00	4.60	0.00
3	64	1616.81	6420.22 DMH3	408.15	418.00	9.85	0.00
4	64	3626.98	6312.68 DMH4	410.68	415.78	5.10	0.00
5	64	3631.12	6047.97	413.00	416.00	3.00	0.00

Initial Water	Surcharge Elevation	Surcharge Depth	Ponded Area	Minimum Pipe Cover	Peak Inflow		Maximum HGL	Maximum HGL	Maximum Surcharge
Depth						Inflow	Elevation	Depth	Depth
							Attained	Attained	Attained
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft²)	(inches)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
-413.00	0.00	-416.00	10.00	24.00	0.99	0.99	413.18	0.18	0.00
-407.40	0.00	-412.00	0.00	40.20	2.98	0.00	408.24	0.84	0.00
-408.15	0.00	-418.00	0.00	105.00	2.98	0.00	408.88	0.73	0.00
-410.68	0.00	-415.78	0.00	48.00	3.59	0.00	411.64	0.96	0.00
-413.00	0.00	-416.00	0.00	24.00	2.61	2.61	413.43	0.43	0.00

Minimum	Average	Average	Time of	Time of	Total	Total
Freeboard	HGL	HGL	Maximum	Peak	Flooded	Time
Attained	Elevation	Depth	HGL	Flooding	Volume	Flooded
	Attained	Attained	Occurrence	Occurrence		
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(days hh:mm)	(days hh:mm)	(ac-inches)	(minutes)
2.82	413.01	0.01	0 00:05	0 00:00	0.00	0.00
3.76	407.42	0.02	0 00:06	0 00:00	0.00	0.00
9.12	408.17	0.02	0 00:06	0 00:00	0.00	0.00
4.14	410.71	0.03	0 00:06	0 00:00	0.00	0.00
2.57	413.01	0.01	0 00:05	0 00:00	0.00	0.00

SN	Element Description	Area	Drainage	Weighted	Accumulated	Total	Peak	Rainfall
	ID		Node ID		Precipitation	Runoff	Runoff	Intensity
				Coefficient				
		(acres)			(inches)	(inches)	(cfs)	(inches/hr)
1	Sub-01	0.29	Inlet-01	0.5500	0.52	0.28	0.99	6.200
2	Sub-02	1.17	64	0.3600	0.52	0.19	2.61	6.200

Time of Concentration

(days hh:mm:ss)

0 00:05:00 0 00:05:00

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL BASIC STANDARDS



1.1 Overview

This Exhibit demonstrates the developer has made adequate provision for controlling erosion and sedimentation.

1.2 Introduction

Gorrill Palmer has been retained by TZ Properties, LLC to prepare an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Report for a proposed 10 lot residential subdivision off Orchard Road in Cumberland, Maine. TZ Properties, LLC proposes the construction of the roadway, stormwater management facilities, and electric service to the transformer location. House lot construction will be by the individual lot owners. Figure 1 is a map showing the project location. The developer is currently seeking a Subdivision Permit from the Town of Cumberland and a Stormwater Permit from MDEP. Gorrill Palmer has prepared an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan for the proposed development. This narrative contains the general erosion and sedimentation control measures, which are appropriate for the construction of the project.

1.3 Narrative

1.3.1 Existing Conditions and Soil Types

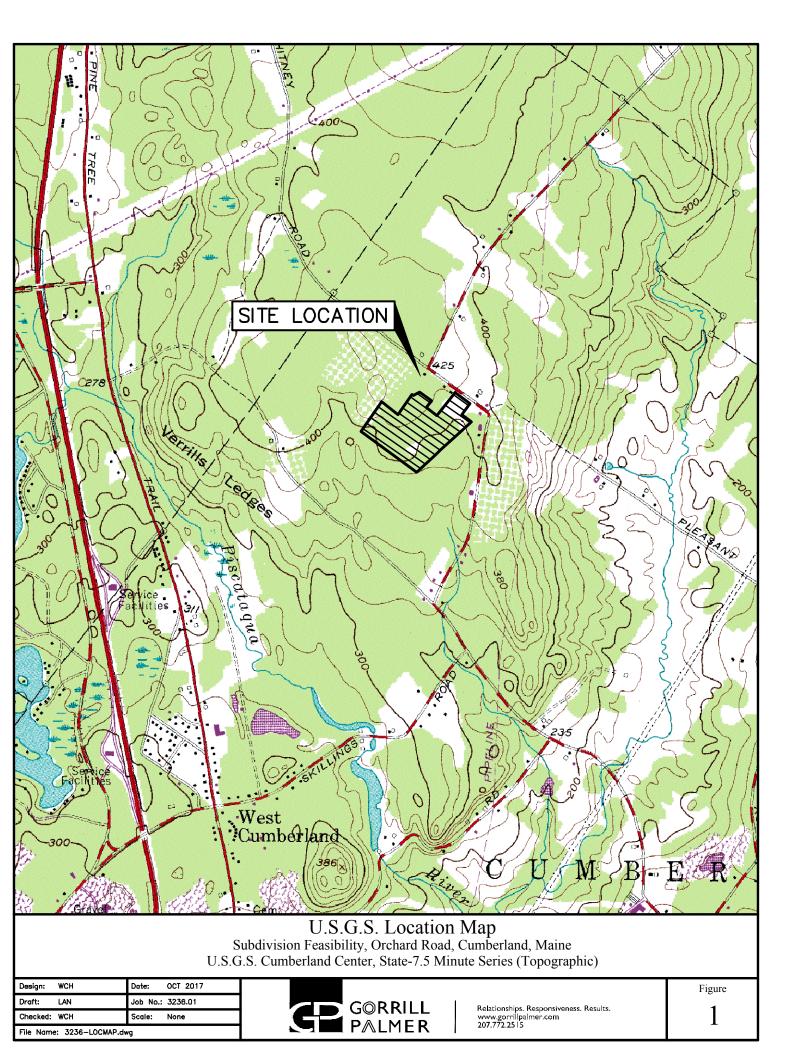
The development parcel is approximately 24.9 acres in size and is located off Orchard Road in Cumberland, Maine. The site is currently undeveloped and forested. Abutting land uses include:

- North Residential
- East Residential
- South Residential/Undeveloped
- West Residential/Apple Orchard

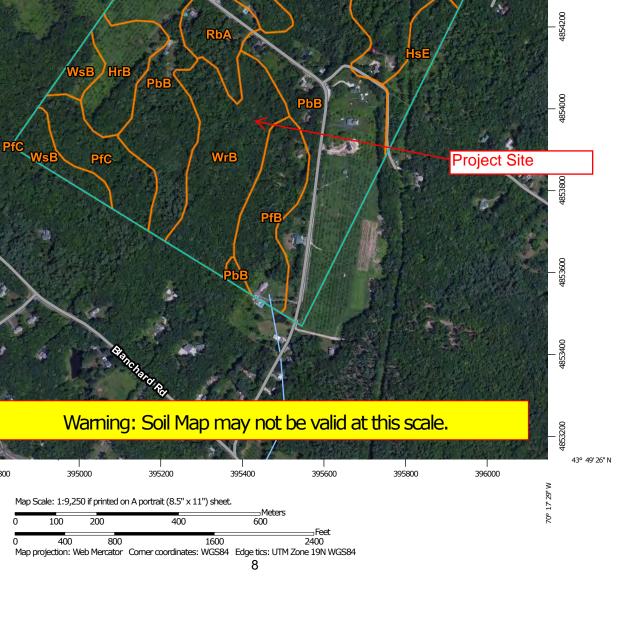
Topography in the area of the proposed construction is moderately steep with slopes of approximately 5% to 17%.

The Medium Intensity Soil Survey for Cumberland County as prepared by the Natural Resources Conservation Service was utilized in identifying the on-site soils. The soil report for this vicinity follows this page. The susceptibility of soils to erosion is indicated on a relative "K" scale of values over a range of 0.02 to 0.69. The higher values are indicative of the more erodible soils. The following table lists the soils found on site and their K values:

K VALUE					
Туре	Subsurface	Substratum			
Hollis	0.32				
Paxton	0.32	0.20			
Ridgebury	0.24	0.24			
Woodbridge	0.32	0.24			



Custom Soil Resource Report 70° 18' 33" W 70° 17' 29" W Soil Map 395200 395400 394800 395000 395600 395800 396000 43° 50' 28" N 43° 50' 28" N 4854000 **WrB PfC** Project Site 4853800 Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. 43° 49' 26" N 394800



70° 18' 33" W

MAP LEGEND

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Water Features

Transportation

Background

Spoil Area

Stony Spot

Wet Spot

Other

Rails

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Very Stony Spot

Special Line Features

Streams and Canals

Interstate Highways

Aerial Photography

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

A Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

→ Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Cumberland County and Part of Oxford County,

Maine

Survey Area Data: Version 12, Sep 15, 2016

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 20, 2010—Jul 18, 2010

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

	Cumberland County and Part of Oxford County, Maine (ME005)						
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI				
HrB	Hollis fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	8.8	4.5%				
HsE	Hollis very rocky fine sandy loam, 20 to 35 percent slopes	6.0	3.1%				
PbB	Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	76.5	39.3%				
PfB Paxton very stony fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes		11.9	6.1%				
PfC	Paxton very stony fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	9.5	4.9%				
RbA	Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	7.1	3.6%				
RgA	Ridgebury very stony fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	3.9	2.0%				
WrB Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes		42.9	22.0%				
WsB Woodbridge very stony fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes		28.2	14.5%				
Totals for Area of Interest		194.7	100.0%				

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different

Based on a review of the K Values, the on-site soils have moderate susceptibility to erosion.

1.3.2 <u>Existing Erosion Problems</u>

Gorrill Palmer is not aware of any existing erosion problems on site.

1.3.3 Critical Areas

Critical areas that would require special attention during construction would be side slopes adjacent to any wetlands or streams.

1.3.4 Protected Natural Resources

Wetlands on-site have been delineated and GPS located by TRC of Scarborough, Maine, and are shown on project plans. The total area of wetlands located on the site is approximately 88,453 +/- s.f. (2.03 acres). It is anticipated that approximately 3,802 s.f. of wetlands will be impacted during development of the site. Based upon the FEMA maps, the site is not located within a Zone A 100-year floodplain.

1.3.5 <u>Erosion Control Measures and Site Stabilization</u>

The primary emphasis of the erosion/sedimentation control plan, which will be implemented for this project, is as follows:

- Development of a careful construction sequence.
- Rapid revegetation of denuded areas to minimize the period of soil exposure.
- ♦ Rapid stabilization of drainage paths to avoid rill and gully erosion.
- ◆ The use of on-site measures to capture sediment (hay bales/ stone check dams/silt fence, etc.)

The following temporary and permanent erosion and sediment control devices will be implemented as part of the site development. These devices shall be installed as indicated on the plans or as described within this report. For further reference, see the latest edition of the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control Practices Field Guide for Contractors.

A. Dewatering

Water from construction trench dewatering shall pass first through a filter bag or secondary containment structure (e.g. hay bale lined pool) prior to discharge. The discharge site shall be selected to avoid flooding, icing, and sediment discharges to a protected resource. In no case shall the filter bag or containment structure be located within 50 feet of a protected natural resource.

B. Inspection and Monitoring

Maintenance measures shall be applied as needed during the entire construction season. After each rainfall, snow storm or period of thawing and runoff, the site contractor shall perform a visual inspection of all installed erosion control measures and perform repairs as needed to insure their continuous function. Following the temporary and/or final seeding and mulching, the contractor shall in the spring inspect and repair any damages and/or unestablished spots. Established vegetative cover means a minimum of 90% of areas vegetated with vigorous growth.

The following standards must be met during construction.

- (a) Inspection and corrective action. Inspect disturbed and impervious areas, erosion control measures, materials storage areas that are exposed to precipitation, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the site. Inspect these areas at least once a week as well as before and within 24 hours after a storm event (rainfall), and prior to completing permanent stabilization measures. A person with knowledge of erosion and stormwater control, including the standards and conditions in the permit, shall conduct the inspections.
- (b) **Maintenance**. If best management practices (BMPs) need to be repaired, the repair work should be initiated upon discovery of the problem but no later than the end of the next workday. If additional BMPs or significant repair of BMPs are necessary, implementation must be completed within 7 calendar days and prior to any storm event (rainfall). All measures must be maintained in effective operating condition until areas are permanently stabilized.
- (c) **Documentation**. Keep a log (report) summarizing the inspections and any corrective action taken. The log must include the name(s) and qualifications of the person making the inspections, the date(s) of the inspections, and major observations about the operation and maintenance of erosion and sedimentation controls, materials storage areas, and vehicles access points to the parcel. Major observations must include BMPs that need maintenance, BMPs that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate for a particular location, and location(s) where additional BMPs are needed. For each BMP requiring maintenance, BMP needing replacement, and location needing additional BMPs, note in the log the corrective action taken and when it was taken.

The log must be made accessible to MDEP and Town of Cumberland staff and a copy must be provided upon request. The permittee shall retain a copy of the log for a period of at least three years from the completion of permanent stabilization.

C. <u>Temporary Erosion Control Measures</u>

The following measures are planned as temporary erosion/sedimentation control measures during construction:

- I. Crushed stone-stabilized construction entrance shall be placed at the entrance from Orchard Road.
- 2. Siltation fence or wood waste compost berms shall be installed downstream of any disturbed areas to trap runoff- borne sediments until grass areas are revegetated. The silt

fence and/or wood waste compost berms shall be installed per the details provided in this package and inspected at least once a week and before and immediately after a storm event of 0.5 inches or greater, and at least daily during prolonged rainfall. Repairs shall be made if there are any signs of erosion or sedimentation below the fence or berm line. If there are signs of undercutting at the center or the edges, or impounding of large volumes of water behind the fence or berm, the barrier shall be replaced with a stone check dam. Wood waste compost berms are not to be used adjacent to wetland areas that are not to be disturbed.

- 3. Straw or hay mulch including hydroseeding is intended to provide cover for denuded or seeded areas until revegetation is established. Mulch placed between April 15th and October 15th on slopes of less then 15 percent shall be anchored by applying water; mulch placed on slopes of equal to or steeper than 15 percent shall be covered by a fabric netting and anchored with staples in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation. Fabric netting and staples shall be used on disturbed areas within 50' of lakes, streams, and wetlands regardless of the upstream slope. Mulch placed between October 15th and April 15th on slopes equal to or steeper than 8 percent shall be covered with a fabric netting and anchored with staples in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Slopes steeper than 3:1 and equal to or flatter than 2:1, which are to be revegetated, shall receive curlex blankets by American Excelsior or equal. Slopes steeper than 2:1 shall receive riprap as noted on the plans. The mulch application rate for both temporary and permanent seeding is 75 lbs per 1000 sf as identified in Attachment A of this section. Mulch shall not be placed over snow.
- 4. Temporary stockpiles of stumps, grubbings, or common excavation will be protected as follows:
 - a) Temporary stockpiles shall not be located within 100 feet of any wetlands which will not be disturbed and shall be located away from drainage swales.
 - b) Stockpiles shall be stabilized within 7 days by either temporarily seeding the stockpile by a hydroseed method containing an emulsified mulch tackifier or by covering the stockpile with mulch, such as hay, straw, or erosion control mix.
 - c) Stockpiles shall be surrounded by sedimentation barrier at the time of formation.
- 5. All denuded areas that are within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland, which have been rough graded and are not located within a building pad, parking area, or access drive subbase area, shall receive mulch or erosion control mesh fabric within 48 hours of initial disturbance of soil. All areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland shall be mulched prior to any predicted rain event regardless of the 48 hour window. In other areas, the time period may be extended to 7 days.
- 6. For work, which is conducted between October 15th and April 15th of any calendar year, all denuded areas, shall be covered with hay mulch or erosion control mix, applied at twice the normal application rate and anchored with a fabric netting. The time period for applying mulch shall be limited to 2 days for all areas.

- 7. Orchard Road shall be swept to control mud and dust as necessary. Additional stone shall be added to the stabilized construction entrance to minimize the tracking of material off the site and onto the surrounding roadways.
- 8. During grubbing operations stone check dams shall be installed at any evident concentrated flow discharge points and as directed on the Erosion Control Plans.
- 9. Silt fencing with a minimum stake spacing of 6 feet shall be used, unless the fence is supported by wire fence reinforcement of minimum 14 gauge and with a maximum mesh spacing of 6 inches, in which case stakes may be spaced a maximum of 10 feet apart. The bottom of the fence shall be anchored. A double row of silt fence shall be used adjacent to wetlands.
- 10. Wood waste compost/bark berms may be used in lieu of siltation fencing. Berms shall be removed and spread in a layer not to exceed 3" thick once upstream areas are completed and a 90% catch of vegetation is attained.
- II. Storm drain catch basin inlet protection shall be provided through the use of stone sediment barriers or approved sediment bags (such as Silt Sack). Installation details are provided in the plan set. The barriers shall be inspected after each rainfall and repairs made as necessary. Sediment shall be removed and the barrier restored to its original dimensions when the sediment has accumulated to ½ the design depth of the barrier. The barrier shall be removed when the tributary drainage area has been stabilized.
- 12. Water and/or calcium chloride shall be furnished and applied in accordance with MDOT specifications Section 637 Dust Control.
- 13. Loam and seed is intended to serve, as the primary permanent revegetative measure for all denuded areas not provided with other erosion control measures, such as riprap. Application rates are provided in Attachment A of this section. Seeding shall not occur over snow.

D. Permanent Erosion Control Measures

The following permanent erosion control measures have been designed as part of the Erosion/Sedimentation Control Plan:

- I. All areas disturbed during construction, but not subject to other restoration (paving, riprap, etc.) will be loamed, limed, fertilized, mulched, and seeded. Fabric netting, anchored with staples, shall be placed over the mulch in areas as noted in **Temporary Erosion Control Measures** paragraph 3 of this report. All areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland shall be mulched prior to any predicted rain event regardless of the 48 hour window. Native topsoil shall be stockpiled and reused for final restoration when it is of sufficient quality.
- 2. All storm drain pipe outlets shall have riprap aprons at their outlet to protect the outlet and receiving channel from scour and deterioration. Installation details are provided in the plan set. The aprons shall be installed and stabilized to the extent practicable prior to directing runoff to the tributary pipe or culvert.

3. Catch basins shall be provided with sediment sumps and inlet hoods (the Snout) for all outlet pipes that are 18" in diameter or less.

1.4 <u>Implementation Schedule</u>

The following construction sequence shall be required to insure the effectiveness of the erosion and sedimentation control measures are optimized:

It is anticipated that construction of the Subdivision roadway and related infrastructure will commence in Spring of 2018 and be completed by Winter of 2018.

Note: For all grading activities, the contractor shall exercise extreme caution not to overexpose the site, this shall be accomplished by limiting the disturbed area.

- I. Install stabilized construction entrance at the intersection of the proposed roadway and Orchard Road.
- 2. Install perimeter silt fence and/or wood waste berms prior to grubbing respective areas.
- 3. Clear and grub roadway and stormwater management areas using caution not to overexpose the site. Install stone check dams at any evident concentrated flow discharge points.
- 4. Commence earthwork and grading to subgrade.
- 5. Commence installation of drainage appurtenances.
- 6. Commence construction grassed underdrained soil filter.
- 7. Commence installation of electric/cable/telephone lines.
- 8. Complete remaining earthwork operations.
- 9. Complete installation of catch basins and appurtenances.
- 10. Install sub-base and base gravel within roadway.
- 11. Install curbing along the streets as needed.
- 12. Install base course paving for roadway.
- 13. Loam, lime, fertilize, seed and mulch disturbed areas.
- 14. Install surface course paving for roadway. Stripe per plan.
- 15. Once the site is stabilized and a 90% catch of vegetation has been obtained, remove all temporary erosion control measures.
- 16. Touch up loam and seed.

Note: All denuded areas not subject to final paving, riprap, or gravel shall be revegetated.

Prior to construction of the project, the contractor shall submit to the owner a schedule for the completion of the work, which will satisfy the following criteria:

I. The above construction sequence should generally be completed in the specified order; however, several separate items may be constructed simultaneously. Work must also be scheduled or phased to reduce the extent of the exposed areas as specified below. The intent of this sequence is to provide for erosion control and to have structural measures such as silt fence and construction entrances in place before large areas of land are denuded.

2. The work shall be conducted in sections which shall:

- a) Limit the amount of exposed area to those areas in which work is expected to be undertaken during the proceeding 30 days.
- b) Revegetate disturbed areas as rapidly as possible. All areas shall be permanently stabilized within 7 days of final grading or before a storm event; or temporarily stabilized within 48 hours of initial disturbance of soil for areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland and 7 days for all other areas. Areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland shall be mulched prior to any predicted rain event regardless of the 48 hour window.
- c) Incorporate planned inlets and drainage system as early as possible into the construction phase. The ditches shall be immediately lined or revegetated as soon as their installation is complete.

1.5 <u>Erosion, Sedimentation and Stabilization Control Plan</u>

The Erosion Control Plan is included in the plan set.

1.6 <u>Details and Specifications</u>

The Erosion Control details and specifications are included in the plan set.

1.7 Winter Stabilization Plan

The winter construction period is from November I through April 15. If the construction site is not stabilized with pavement, a road gravel base, 75% mature vegetation cover or riprap by November 15 then the site needs to be protected with over-winter stabilization. An area considered open is any area not stabilized with pavement; vegetation, mulching, erosion control mats, riprap or gravel base on a road.

Winter excavation and earthwork shall be completed such that any area left exposed can be controlled by the contractor. Limit the exposed area to those areas in which work is expected to be under taken during the proceeding 15 days and that can be mulched in one day prior to any snow event.

All areas shall be considered to be denuded until the subbase gravel is installed in roadway/parking areas or the areas of future loam and seed have been loamed, seeded and mulched. Hay and straw mulch rate shall be a minimum of 150 lbs./1,000 s.f. (3 tons/acre) and shall be properly anchored.

The contractor shall install any added measures which may be necessary to control erosion/sedimentation from the site dependent upon the actual site and weather conditions. Continuation of earthwork operations on additional areas shall not begin until the exposed soil surface on the area being worked has been stabilized, in order to minimize areas without erosion control protection.

I. Soil Stockpiles

Stockpiles of soil or subsoil shall be mulched for over winter protection with hay or straw at twice the normal rate or at 150 lbs/1,000 s.f. (3 tons per acre) or with a four-inch layer of woodwaste erosion control mix. This shall be done within 24 hours of stocking and re-established prior to any rainfall or snowfall. Any soil stockpile shall not be placed (even covered with hay or straw) within 100 feet from any natural resources.

2. Natural Resource Protection

Any areas within 100 feet from any natural resources, if not stabilized with a minimum of 75% mature vegetation catch, shall be mulched by December I and anchored with plastic netting or protected with erosion control mats. During winter construction, a double line of sediment barriers (i.e. silt fence backed with hay bales or erosion control mix) shall be placed between any natural resource and the disturbed area. Projects crossing the natural resource shall be protected a minimum distance of 100 feet on either side from the resource. Existing projects not stabilized by December I shall be protected with the second line of sediment barrier to ensure functionality during the spring thaw and rains.

3. Sediment Barriers

During frozen conditions, sediment barriers shall consist of woodwaste filter berms as frozen soil prevents the proper installation of hay bales and sediment silt fences.

4. Mulching

An area shall be considered denuded until areas of future loam and seed have been loamed, seeded and mulched. Hay and straw mulch shall be applied at a rate of 150 lb. per 1,000 square feet or 3 tons/acre (twice the normal accepted rate of 75-lbs./1,000 s.f. or 1.5 tons/acre) and shall be properly anchored. Mulch shall not be spread on top of snow. The snow shall be removed down to a one-inch depth or less prior to application. After each day of final grading, the area shall be properly stabilized with anchored hay or straw or erosion control matting. An area shall be considered to have been stabilized when exposed surfaces have been either mulched with straw or hay at a rate of 150 lb. per 1,000 square feet (3 tons/acre) and adequately anchored that ground surface is not visible though the mulch.

Between the dates of November I and April 15, all mulch shall be anchored by peg line, mulch netting, asphalt emulsion chemical, or wood cellulose fiber. When ground surface is not visible through the mulch then cover is sufficient. After November Ist, mulch and anchoring of all bare soil shall occur at the end of each final grading workday.

5. Mulching on Slopes and Ditches

Slopes shall not be left exposed for any extended time of work suspension unless fully mulched and anchored with peg and netting or with erosion control blankets. Mulching shall be applied at a rate of 230 lbs/1,000 s.f. on all slopes greater than 8%.

Mulch netting shall be used to anchor mulch in all drainage ways with a slope greater than 3% for slopes exposed to direct winds and for all other slopes greater that 8%. Erosion control blankets shall be used in lieu of mulch in all drainage ways with slopes greater than 8%. Erosion control mix can be used to substitute erosion control blankets on all slopes except ditches.

6. Seeding

Between the dates of October 15 and April 1st, loam or seed will not be required. During periods of above freezing temperatures finished areas shall be fine graded and either protected with mulch or temporarily seeded and mulched until such time as the final treatment can be applied. If the date is after November 1st and if the exposed area has been loamed, final graded with a uniform surface, then the area may be dormant seeded at a rate of 3 times higher than specified for permanent seed and then mulched. Dormant seeding may be selected to be placed prior to the placement of mulch and fabric netting anchored with staples. If dormant seeding is used for the site, all disturbed areas shall receive 4" of loam and seed at an application rate of 5 lbs/1,000 s.f. All areas seeded during the winter shall be inspected in the spring for adequate catch. All areas insufficiently vegetated (less than 75% catch) shall be revegetated by replacing loam, seed and mulch. If dormant seeding is not used for the site, all disturbed areas shall be revegetated in the spring.

Standards for Timely Stabilization of Construction Sites During Winter

I. Standard for the timely stabilization of ditches and channels -- The applicant shall construct and stabilize all stone-lined ditches and channels on the site by November 15. The applicant shall construct and stabilize all grass-lined ditches and channels on the site by September 1. If the applicant fails to stabilize a ditch or channel to be grass-lined by September 1, then the applicant will take one of the following actions to stabilize the ditch for late fall and winter.

<u>Install a sod lining in the ditch</u> -- The applicant shall line the ditch with properly installed sod by October I. Proper installation includes the applicant pinning the sod onto the soil with wire pins, rolling the sod to guarantee contact between the sod and underlying soil, watering the sod to promote root growth into the disturbed soil, and anchoring the sod with jute or plastic mesh to prevent the sod strips from sloughing during flow conditions.

Install a stone lining in the ditch -- The applicant shall line the ditch with stone riprap by November 15. The applicant shall hire a registered professional engineer to determine the stone size and lining thickness needed to withstand the anticipated flow velocities and flow depths within the ditch. If necessary, the applicant shall regrade the ditch prior to placing the stone lining so to prevent the stone lining from reducing the ditch's cross-sectional area.

2. Standard for the timely stabilization of disturbed slopes -- The applicant shall construct and stabilize stone-covered slopes by November 15. The applicant shall seed and mulch all slopes to be vegetated by September 1. The department shall consider any area having a grade greater than 15% to be a slope. If the applicant fails to stabilize any slope to be vegetated by September 1, then the applicant shall take one of the following actions to stabilize the slope for late fall and winter.

Stabilize the soil with temporary vegetation and erosion control mats -- By September I the applicant shall seed the disturbed slope with winter rye at a seeding rate of 3 pounds per I,000 square feet and apply erosion control mats over the mulched slope. The applicant shall monitor growth of the rye over the next 30 days. If the rye fails to grow at least three inches or cover at least 75% of the disturbed slope by November I, then the applicant shall cover the slope with a layer of woodwaste compost as described in item iii of this standard or with stone riprap as described in item iv of this standard.

<u>Stabilize the slope with sod</u> -- The applicant shall stabilize the disturbed slope with properly installed sod by September I. Proper installation includes the applicant pinning the sod onto the slope with wire pins, rolling the sod to guarantee contact between the sod and underlying soil, and watering the sod to promote root growth into the disturbed soil. The applicant shall not use late-season sod installation to stabilize slopes having a grade greater than 33% (3H:IV).

Stabilize the slope with woodwaste compost -- The applicant shall place a six-inch layer of woodwaste compost on the slope by November 15. Prior to placing the woodwaste compost, the applicant shall remove any snow accumulation on the disturbed slope. The applicant shall not use woodwaste compost to stabilize slopes having grades greater than 50% (2H:IV) or having groundwater seeps on the slope face.

Stabilize the slope with stone riprap -- The applicant shall place a layer of stone riprap on the slope by November 15. The applicant shall hire a registered professional engineer to determine the stone size needed for stability and to design a filter layer for underneath the riprap.

3. Standard for the timely stabilization of disturbed soils -- By September 15 the applicant shall seed and mulch all disturbed soils on areas having a slope less than 15%. If the applicant fails to stabilize these soils by this date, then the applicant shall take one of the following actions to stabilize the soil for late fall and winter.

Stabilize the soil with temporary vegetation -- By September I the applicant shall seed the disturbed soil with winter rye at a seeding rate of 3 pounds per 1000 square feet, lightly mulch the seeded soil with hay or straw at 75 pounds per 1000 square feet, and anchor the mulch with plastic netting. The applicant shall monitor growth of the rye over the next 30 days. If the rye fails to grow at least three inches or cover at least 75% of the disturbed soil before November I, then the applicant shall mulch the area for over-winter protection as described below.

<u>Stabilize the soil with sod</u> -- The applicant shall stabilize the disturbed soil with properly installed sod by September 15. Proper installation includes the applicant pinning the sod onto the soil with wire pins, rolling the sod to guarantee contact between the sod and underlying soil, and watering the sod to promote root growth into the disturbed soil.

<u>Stabilize the soil with mulch</u> -- By November 15 the applicant shall mulch the disturbed soil by spreading hay or straw at a rate of at least 150 pounds per 1000 square feet on the area so that no soil is visible through the mulch. Prior to applying the mulch, the applicant shall remove any snow accumulation on the disturbed area. Immediately after applying the mulch, the applicant will anchor the mulch with plastic netting to prevent wind from moving the mulch off the disturbed soil.

1.8 Maintenance of facilities

The stormwater facilities will be maintained by the Applicant, TZ Properties, LLC or their assigned heirs. The contract documents will require the contractor to designate a person responsible for maintenance of the sedimentation control features during construction as required by the Erosion Control Report. Long-term operation/maintenance recommended for the stormwater facilities is presented below.

The responsible party may contract with such professionals, as may be necessary in order to comply with this provision and may rely on the advice of such professionals in carrying out its duty hereunder, provided, that the following operation and maintenance procedures are hereby established as a minimum for compliance with this section. A maintenance log of the inspections shall be kept by the responsible party.

Inspection and Maintenance Frequency and Corrective Measures:

The following areas, facilities, and measures will be inspected and the identified deficiencies will be corrected. Clean-out must include the removal and legal disposal of any accumulated sediments and debris.

Catch Basins:

Inspect catch basins 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the catch basins are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Clean structures when sediment depths reach 12" from invert of outlet. If the basin outlet is designed with a hood to trap floatable materials (i.e. Snout), check to ensure watertight seal is working. At a minimum, remove floating debris and hydrocarbons at the time of the inspection.

Culverts:

Inspect culverts 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the culverts are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the inlet, at the outlet, and within the conduit and repair any erosion damage at the culvert's inlet and outlet.

Inlet/Outlet Control Structures:

Inspect structures and piping 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the structures are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris within the structure.

Stormdrain Outlets:

Inspect outlets 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the outlets are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the outlet and within the conduit Repair any erosion damage at the stormdrain outlet.

Soil Filter — Bio-Filtration:

Inspect all upstream pre-treatment measures 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) for sediment and floatables accumulation. Remove and dispose of any sediments or debris.

Surface (Underdrain Pond, Swale or Bio-Filter):

The soil filter will be inspected within the first three months after construction; thereafter the filter will be inspected 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the filter is draining within 24 to 48 hours of a rain event equivalent to 1" or more. Adjustments will be made to the outlet valve to ensure that the grassed underdrained soil filter drains within 24 to 48 hours. Failure to drain in 72 hours will require part or all of the soil filter media to be removed and replaced with new material meeting the soil filter gradation. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected. Harvesting and weeding of excessive growth shall be performed as needed. Inspect for unwanted or invasive plants and remove as necessary.

Vegetated Areas:

Inspect slopes and embankments early in the growing season to identify active or potential erosion problems. Replant bare areas or areas with sparse growth. Where rill erosion is evident, armor the area with an appropriate lining or divert the erosive flows to on-site areas able to withstand the concentrated flows. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected.

Ditches, Swales and other Open Stormwater Channels:

Inspect 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure they are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of sediment and debris. Remove any obstructions to flow, including accumulated sediments and debris and vegetated growth. Repair any erosion of the ditch lining. Vegetated ditches will be mowed at least annually or otherwise maintained to control the growth of woody vegetation and maintain flow capacity. Any woody vegetation growing through riprap linings must also be removed. Repair any slumping side slopes as soon as practicable. If the ditch has a riprap lining, replace riprap on areas where any underlying filter fabric or underdrain gravel is showing through the stone or where stones have dislodged. Correct any erosion of the channel's bottom or sideslopes. The facilities shall be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies shall be corrected.

Roadways and Parking Surfaces: Clear accumulations of winter sand in parking lots and along roadways at least once a year, preferably in the spring. Accumulations on pavement may be removed by pavement sweeping. Accumulations of sand along road shoulders may be removed by grading excess sand to the pavement edge and removing it manually or by a front-end loader. Repair potholes and other roadway obstructions and hazards. Plowing and sanding of paved areas shall be performed as necessary to maintain vehicular traffic safety.

Recertification

As part of the Stormwater Permit, the applicant is required to meet the standards in Appendix B of the Chapter 500 Rules. Appendix B states that a project must submit a certification of the following to the department within three months of the expiration of each five-year interval from the date of issuance of the permit.

- (a) Identification and repair of erosion problems. All areas of the project site have been inspected for areas of erosion, and appropriate steps have been taken to permanently stabilize these areas.
- (b) Inspection and repair of stormwater control system. All aspects of the stormwater control system have been inspected for damage, wear, and malfunction, and appropriate steps have been taken to repair or replace the system, or portions of the system.

- (c) Maintenance. The erosion and stormwater maintenance plan for the site is being implemented as written, or modifications to the plan have been submitted to and approved by the department, and the maintenance log is being maintained.
- (d) Proprietary Systems. All proprietary systems have been maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Where required by the Department, the permittee shall execute a 5-year maintenance contract with a qualified professional for the coming 5-year interval. The maintenance contract must include provisions for routine inspections, cleaning, and general maintenance.

Housekeeping

As part of the Stormwater Permit, the applicant is required to meet the standards in Appendix C of the Chapter 500 Rules. The following procedures are hereby established as a minimum for compliance with this section. For further information on the procedures listed below, refer to Chapter 500 rules – Appendix C.

Spill Prevention:

Appropriate spill prevention, containment, and response planning/implementation shall be used to prevent pollutants from being discharged from materials on site.

Groundwater Protection:

During construction, hazardous materials with the potential to contaminate groundwater shall not be stored or handled in areas of the site which drain to an infiltration area.

Fugitive Sediment and Dust:

Appropriate measures shall be taken to ensure that activities do not result in noticeable erosion of the soils and water and/or calcium chloride shall be used to ensure that activities do not result in fugitive dust emissions during or after construction.

Debris and Other Materials:

Litter, construction debris, and chemicals exposed to stormwater must be prevented from becoming a pollutant source.

Trench or Foundation De-watering:

Water collected through the process of trenching and/or de-watering must be removed from the ponded area, and must be spread through natural wooded buffers or other areas that are specifically designed to collect the maximum amount of sediment possible.

Non-stormwater Discharges:

Identify and prevent contamination by non-stormwater discharges.

Conclusion

The Applicant has provided temporary and permanent erosion control measures as well as specifying a sequence of construction as measures to minimize erosion and sedimentation.

Attachments

Attachment A - Seeding Plan

Attachment B - Inspection Report

ATTACHMENT A SEEDING PLAN

SEEDING PLAN

<u>Pro</u>	ject: Orchard Road Subdivision						
Site	e Location: Orchard Road, Cumberland	d, ME					
	Permanent Seeding	☐ Temporary Seeding					
1.	Instruction on preparation of soil: Prep	pare a good seed bed for planting method used.					
2.	. Apply lime as follows:# / acres, OR 138 # /M Sq. Ft.						
3.	Fertilize with pounds of	N-P-K/ac. OR <u>13.8</u> pounds of <u>10-10-10</u> N-P-K/M Sq. Ft.					
4.	Method of applying lime and fertilizer	:: Spread and work into the soil before seeding.					
5.	Seed with the following mixture:						
	50% Winter Rye						
	50% Annual Rye						
6.	Mulching instructions: Apply at the ra	ate ofper acre, OR <u>75 pounds per M. Sq. Ft.</u>					
7.	TOTAL LIME	Amount 138 Unit # Tons. Etc. #/1000 sq. ft.					
8.	TOTAL FERTILIZER	13.8 #/1000 sq. ft.					
9.	TOTAL SEED	1.03 #/1000 sq. ft.					
10.). TOTAL MULCH 75 #/1000 sq. ft.						
11.	TOTAL other materials, seeds, etc.						
12.	REMARKS						

Spring seeding is recommended; however, late summer (prior to September 1) seeding can be made. <u>Permanent</u> seeding should be made prior to August 5 or as a dormant seeding after the first killing frost and before the first snowfall. If seeding cannot be done within these seeding dates, temporary seeding and mulching shall be used to protect the site. Permanent seeding shall be delayed until the next recommended seeding period.

SEEDING PLAN

<u>Pro</u>	Project: Orchard Road Subdivision						
Site	e Location: Orchard Road, Cumberland, ME						
\boxtimes	Permanent Seeding	Temporary Seeding					
1.	1. Instruction on preparation of soil: Prepare a good seed bed for planting method used.						
2.	. Apply lime as follows:# / acres, OR 138 # /M Sq. Ft.						
3.	Fertilize with pounds of N-P-F	X/ac. OR <u>18.4</u> pounds of <u>10-20-2</u>	<u>0</u> N-P-K/M Sq. Ft.				
4.	Method of applying lime and fertilizer: Spr	ead and work into the soil before	seeding.				
5.	Seed with the following mixture:						
	40% Creeping Red Fescue						
	30% Charger II Perennial Ryegrass						
	20% KenBlue Kentucky Bluegrass						
	10% Tiffany Chewings Fescue						
6.	Mulching instructions: Apply at the rate of	per acre, OR <u>75</u> pounds pe	r M. Sq. Ft.				
		<u>Amount</u>	Unit # Tons. Etc.				
7.	TOTAL LIME	138	#/1000 sq. ft.				
8.	TOTAL FERTILIZER	18.4	#/1000 sq. ft.				
9.	TOTAL SEED	1.03	#/1000 sq. ft.				
10.	O. TOTAL MULCH 75 #/1000 sq. ft.						
11.	TOTAL other materials, seeds, etc.						
12.	2. REMARKS						

Spring seeding is recommended, however, late summer (prior to September 1) seeding can be made. <u>Permanent</u> seeding should be made prior to August 5 or as a dormant seeding after the first killing frost and before the first snowfall. If seeding cannot be done within these seeding dates, temporary seeding and mulching shall be used to protect the site. Permanent seeding shall be delayed until the next recommended seeding period.

ATTACHMENT B INSPECTION REPORT

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

INSPECTION REPORT

PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name:	Orchard Road Subdivision
Address:	Orchard Road Cumberland, Maine
CONTRACTOR/SUI	BCONTRACTOR INFORMATION
Inspector Name: Firm:	
Title:	
Qualifications:	
INSPECTION SUMM	MARY
Date of Inspection:	
Major Observations: -	
	N COMPLIANCE WITH THE STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION OLLOWING EXCEPTIONS:

ACTIONS NECESSARY TO BRIN	NG FACILITY INTO COMPLIANCE:
DEOLUBED MODIFICATIONS T	O CTODAWATED DOLLLITION DREVENTION DLAN
(MUST BE IMPLEMENTED WIT	O STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN HIN 7 DAYS OF INSPECTION):
CERTIFICATION STATEMENT:	
direction or supervision in accordar properly gathered and evaluated the persons who manage the systems, of the information submitted is, to the	this document and all attachments were prepared under my nee with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel e information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility ing violations."
Signature	
Typed Name	
Title	
Date	



TRC 6 Ashley Drive Scarborough, ME 04074

Main 207-879-1930 Fax 207-879-9293

Memorandum

To: Will Haskell, Gorrill-Palmer

From: Lauren Leclerc

Subject: Ward Farm Property: Wetland, Stream and Vernal Pool Survey – Cumberland

Date: May 24, 2017

CC: Rich Jordan and David Brenneman (TRC)

Dear Will,

On May 3rd and 4th, 2017, I visited the Ward Farm property located south of Orchard Road, in Cumberland, Maine. The purpose of my site visit was to delineate wetlands, streams, and vernal pools on the property. A third site visit was conducted on May 10, 2017 for a second vernal pool check. Below I will detail the methods and findings of my recent resources delineation.

Property Description and Survey Area

The entire property is approximately 27 acres. The northwestern portion of the property is relatively flat while there is a valley with a wetland, stream and vernal pool located in the northeastern corner of the property. The topography of the central portion of the site slopes slightly to the southeast while the topography of the southern portion of the site slopes to the south. Uplands onsite are dominated by northern red oak (*Quercus rubra*), eastern white pine (*Pinus strobus*), quaking aspen (*Populus tremuloides*), American beech (*Fagus grandifolia*), and Canada mayflower (*Maianthemum canadense*). A small pine plantation is located in the southcentral portion of the site, near the southern property boundary. Wetlands are interspersed throughout the site, except within the southwestern corner which is comprised of upland. The property has been logged in the past and forestry trails can be found throughout the site. The entire property was surveyed for wetlands, waterbodies, and vernal pools. A map depicting the limits of my resources survey, which includes the natural resources identified is attached to this memo.

Methodology

To identify natural resources within the property boundary, I visited the study area on May 3^{rd} and 4^{th} , 2017. Prior to the site visit, I reviewed existing data sources including:

- United States Geological Survey (USGS) topographic mapping;
- United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) mapping;
- Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) medium-intensity soil survey mapping;
- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs);

- State of Maine Office of GIS (MEGIS) data; and
- Recent and historic aerial photography.

These data were used to assist in the identification of protected natural resources during my field survey.

Wetlands: Wetland delineations were conducted in accordance with the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region, v2 (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers [USACE] 2012). This supplement follows criteria established in the USACE Wetlands Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory, Technical Report T-87-1, 1987), but is region specific, giving the wetland delineator a better tool to apply to regional vegetation communities, indicators of hydrology and indicators of hydric soils when conducting a wetland boundary determination. This document provides a repeatable methodology to identify potential wetland areas.

The study area was investigated on foot. When a location having the requisite three factors that constitute a wetland (i.e., hydrophytic vegetation, indicators of hydrology, and the presence of hydric soils) was encountered, the boundaries were flagged in the field and each flag was geo-located using a mapping grade global positioning system (GPS) unit (Trimble GeoXT). The data was then post-processed using data collection and processing standards designed by the manufacturer to achieve submeter accuracy. These data were provided to Gorrill-Palmer for use in project design and planning natural resource avoidance and minimization measures.

Streams: Watercourse identification followed the Maine Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA) definition of a "River, stream or brook." Streams meeting this definition were flagged and geolocated as described in the wetlands section.

Vernal Pools: The study area was also surveyed for the presence of vernal pools. Wetlands that contain natural vernal pool habitat and exhibit a high level of breeding productivity are considered Significant Wildlife Habitat under the Maine NRPA. Under the USACE's Maine General Permit, vernal pool habitats of natural or anthropogenic origin of any level of functionality may require a higher level of project review depending upon the scope of a project and its proposed impacts. Our field study was performed within the breeding season of vernal pool indicator species (e.g., wood frogs (*Lithobates sylvatica*) and spotted salamanders [*Ambystoma maculatum*]). Thus, a vernal pool (VP) survey was conducted pursuant to the Maine Association of Wetland Scientists' (MAWS) Vernal Pool Survey Protocol (April 2014) description of "breeding season surveys." TRC's wetland scientist performed the survey within the study area based on current state and federal definitions, as well as looking for indicators such as topographic changes (including isolated depressions with a sparsely vegetated bottom), ecological use, standing water or evidence thereof, evidence of secondary indicator species (e.g., caddisfly larvae cases, fingernail clam shells, aquatic snail shells) and best professional judgment.

Findings

My survey identified seven wetlands, one perennial stream, and two natural, non-significant vernal pools on the property.

Attached you will find copies of the completed wetland summary and USACE data forms, Maine State Vernal Pool Assessment Forms, and a photographic log from my site visit. GIS shapefiles showing the location of the delineated resources were previously provided to you via email on May 10, 2017. The unique identifiers noted on the data forms can be crossed referenced against the data herein and the resources map to see where a particular resource is located. I have included summary tables below that outline the delineated resources.

	RE	SOURCE SUMMARY TABLES					
WETLANDS	WETLANDS						
Resource ID	Covertype ¹	Dominant Vegetation	Comments				
Wetland W 1	PFO1/4E	Red maple (<i>Acer rubrum</i>), eastern hemlock (<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>), quaking aspen, American beech, winterberry (<i>Ilex verticillata</i>), Canada mayflower	Pit and mound forested wetland which contains natural, non-significant vernal pool VP 1.				
Wetland W 2	PFO1B	Red maple, quaking aspen, eastern hemlock, broad-leaf meadow sweet (<i>Spiraea latifolia</i>), red osier (<i>Cornus alba</i>), interrupted fern (<i>Osmunda</i> claytoniana)	Small isolated forested wetland.				
Wetland W 3	PFO1E	Red maple, eastern white pine, yellow birch (<i>Betula alleghaniensis</i>)	Forested wetland swale fed by offsite pond.				
Wetland W 4	PFO1B	Red maple, ash species (<i>Fraxinus</i> sp.), eastern hemlock	Headwaters of seep at property boundary.				
Wetland W 5	PFO1E	Red maple, black ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> nigra), yellow birch, American beech, Canada mayflower, interrupted fern	Pit and mound forested wetland.				
Wetland W 6	PEM1E/PFO1E	Red maple, meadowsweet, winterberry, sensitive fern (<i>Onoclea</i> <i>sensibilis</i>)	Emergent/forested wetland swale associated with perennial stream S 1 and natural, non-significant VP 2.				
Wetland W 7	PFO1E	Red maple, yellow birch, quaking aspen, ash species, eastern hemlock, white pine, Canada mayflower, cinnamon fern (<i>Osmundastrum</i> <i>cinnamomeum)</i>	Pit and mound forested wetland.				
¹ Per Cowardin et. al	l.						

STREAMS					
Resource ID	Flow Regime	Width (ft.)	Depth (in.)	Substrate	Comments
Stream S 1	Perennial	5-8	1-4	Sand, gravel, cobble	Unnamed tributary.

Thank you for allowing me to assist you in assessing the natural resources on this property. If you have any questions regarding my assessments, or if you would like additional assistance with project permitting, please do not hesitate to contact me or Rich.

Respectfully submitted,

Lawren J. Jeclere

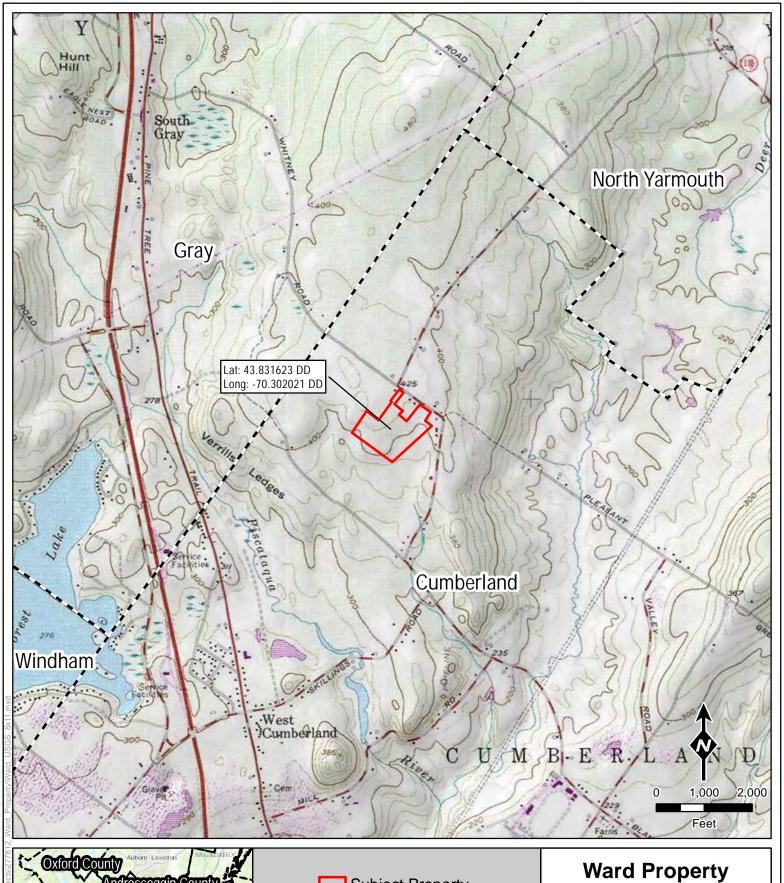
Lauren Leclerc, PWS (#2363)

Wetland Scientist

Cell: 207-756-9322 Office: 207-620-3857

Email: lleclerc@trcsolutions.com

ATTACHMENT A Resource Mapping





Subject Property Town Boundary

!___:County Boundary

Coordinate System: NAD 1983 StatePlane Maine West FIPS 1802 Feet Units: Foot US Sources: ESRI, USGS, MEGIS

Cumberland County, Cumberland, ME

USGS Location Map



5/10/2017





- **Delineated Stream**
- **Delineated Wetland**
 - Natural, Not Significant Delineated Vernal Pool
- Town Boundary

Coordinate System: NAD 1983 StatePlane Maine West FIPS 1802 Feet Units: Foot US Sources: ESRI, USGS, MEGIS

Ward Property

Cumberland County, Cumberland, ME

Resource Map



5/10/2017

ATTACHMENT B Photographic Log



Wetland W 1: Looking northwest at forested wetland adjacent to driveway and Orchard Road, 05/03/2017.



Wetland W 1 and Vernal Pool VP 1: Looking northwest at forested wetland and natural, non-significant vernal pool south of Orchard Road, 05/03/2017.



Vernal Pool VP 1: Spotted salamander egg mass within VP 1, 05/03/2017.



Wetland W 2: Looking west across the forested wetland, 05/03/2017.



Wetland W 3: Looking south along the wetland swale which runs north-south across the southern extents of the property, 05/03/2017.



Wetland W 3: Looking north along the wetland swale which runs north-south across the southern extents of the property, 05/04/2017.



Wetland W 4: Headwaters of forested wetland seep at southern property boundary, looking south, 05/04/2017.



Wetland W 5: Looking southeast from the northern end of the forested wetland, slightly downslope, 05/04/2017.



Wetland W 5: Looking east at windthrows in forested wetland, near eastern property boundary, 05/04/2017.



Wetland W 6 and Stream S 1: Emergent component of wetland and associated Stream S 1 looking south and downstream, 05/04/2017.



Wetland W 6 and Vernal Pool VP 2: Looking north at forested wetland and natural, non-significant VP 2, 05/04/2017.



Vernal Pool VP 2: Spotted salamander egg mass within VP 2, 05/04/2017.



Wetland W 7: Looking north at forested wetland and seep, 05/04/2017.



Upland: Looking northeast at forested upland to the northeast of Wetland W 3, 05/04/2017.



Upland: Looking southwest at forested upland to the south of Wetland W 2, 05/03/2017.



		TRC			ND SUMMAR	
	Observers:		ederc	Date Feat	5-4	-17
-	Corps plot:	Yes	× No	Feat	are ID	\
1	REVISIT?	Yes_	X No If Y	es, any changes? ?	Yes	No If yes, Explain:
-	Daminant M	WI Class	Dest/4	F Other NW	Classes	
-	Donnaan 14 Denresentat	ive/Damina	nt Wetland Vege	etation by Strata	Classes.	***
	Tree	Saplin	g .	Shrub	Herb	Vinex
A	ce cub	A	erub	Tsuca	r Mo	lican NA
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3	Representat	ive Wetland	Hydrology			
	Pen	nanently Flo	oded (a	Seasonally Floor pproximate depth -	led 🔼	Saturated
]	Hydrologic I	ndicators:	Surface Wa	ıter; 🔀 Water St	ained Leaves;	Sediment Deposits; Lines;
	Sparsi	ely Vegetate	I Concave Surfac	e; Water Mai	ks; Drift	Lines;
,	Surfa Moss	ce Scouring; Trim Lines	Sc.4	to Succes	sumessed trees;	Elevated Roots;
i	Other Observ	vations:	Migh w	K table	Win ;	Firmed "F
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			100			
1	Representati	ve Hydric Sc	ils: 🥍 Miner	alOrganic		1
•	Other Observ	vations:				
•		·	NA			
	Width (Top-	of-Bank-Top	-of-Bank):	Depth @ Center:	Perennial	Intermittent
	Bank Config	uration:	Undercut	VerticalGra	dual	IntermittentBoulderBedrock
1	Channel Sub Stream # 2 !	strate:P	eat-MuckSH	I-MIIISand	Gravel/Conole	Boulder Bedrock
	Width (Top-	of-Bank-Tor	-of-Bank):	Depth @ Center:	Perennial	Intermittent
	Bank Config Channel Sub	uration:	Undercut est-Muck Sil	Vertical Gra	duat Gravel/Cobble	Intermittent Boulder Bedrock
•						
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	6.4	+ &	wound	· microt	Lappode	1
	•				, 0 4	1

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region Project/Site: Ward Farm Parcel city/county: Cumberland Applicant/Owner: 500011-Sampling Point: Investigator(s): L. Leclesc Section, Township, Range:_ Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Stat Local relief (concave, convex, none): Slightly Contex Slope (%): O Lat: 43.83213044 Long: -7034003181 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): _ VOOW NWI classification: Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No (If no, explain in Remarks.) Are Vegetation _____, Soîl _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? N 🔿 Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes 📈 No Are Vegetation _____, Soll _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? No (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. is the Sampled Area Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? within a Wetland? Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.) debression **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Surface Water (A1) X Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B10) X High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13) > Moss Trim Lines (B16) X Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) __ Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) _ Crayfish Burrows (C8) Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ___ Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2) ___ Iron Deposits (B5) ___ Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ___ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Fleld Observations: Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Water Table Present? Depth (inches): To Survace Depth (Inches): 45544 Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Remarks:

VEGET	ATION -	Use	scientific	names	of	nlants.
A COC!	~ IIVII —	COC	3010114116	names	v,	pia:ita.

ree Stratum (Plot size:	Absolute	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
Populus tremuloides	30	× ×	FACU	Number of Dominant Species
Acec rubrum	25	X	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
	* •		"A II	
				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 6700 (A/B)
				Prevalence Index worksheet:
				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	<u> </u>	= Total Cov	er	OBL species x 1 =
oling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5)		v		FACW species x 2 =
Tsuga canadensis	10		FACU	FAC species x3 =
Spiraca latistia	<u> 10</u>	<u>X</u>	EACH	FACU species x 4 = UPL species x 5 =
Cornus allow	5_		FACW	Column Totals: (A) (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A =
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	<u>25 </u>	= Total Cov	er	X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
erb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
Osmunda claytoniana	30	<u> </u>	FAC	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
Maianthemum canadorse		,		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
Carex species	<u>_</u>			¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of
				size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
•	34	= Total Cov	er	height.
oody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15)				
Nae		***************************************		
·				Hydrophytic Vegetation
				Present? Yes No
		= Total Cov	ver	
marks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate				to account for

Profile Description: (Describe to the d	epth needed to document the indicator or	confirm the absence	of indicators.)
Depth Matrix (inches) Color (moist) %	Redox Features	Loc ² Texture	Damaria
- ") \ \ \	n_	Loc ² Texture	Remarks
			<u>Oe</u>
	90 -	<u>SiL</u>	
9-12+10424/2 95	90104RA/6 590 C	<u> M Sil</u>	
	<i>1</i>		

	-		
	M=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grain		: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil Indicators:	Balarahia Balari Sueface (CO) / BD 5		for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR F MLRA 149B)		fuck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Histic (A3)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLR		lucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L		urface (S7) (LRR K, L, M)
Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3)		lue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) ark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6)		anganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		ont Floodplain Solls (F19) (MLRA 149B)
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Redox Depressions (F8)		Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6)			arent Material (F21) hallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 14	98)	-	Explain in Remarks)
			·
	wetland hydrology must be present, unless d	isturbed or problematic	·
Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: TOUL			
Depth (inches): 6 ¹		Hydric Soil	Present? Yes Y No No
Remarks:		nyulic 3011	NO
Normany.			
			*
			~
\$2 ⁵			

AAETI	AND DETERMINA	ATION DATA FOR	(W - Northcentr	ai and Northeast Region
Project/Site: <u>Ward</u>	Parcel	City/0	County: <u>Cumb</u>	
Applicant/Owner: <u>560</u>	<u>ill - Palme</u>	<		State: <u>ME</u> Sampling Point: <u>U − ⊻</u>
nvestigator(s):	lesc	Secti	on, Township, Range	1.
andform (hillslope, terrace, et	ic.): <u>Slat</u>	Local rel	ief (concave, convex,	none): <u>none</u> Slope (%): 0
ubregion (LRR or MLRA):	LOTE La	1: 43.8320513	S Long:	-70.3020325 Datum: WGS 198
	Sphindhond			vm NWI classification: Upland
	7\		,	(If no, explain in Remarks.)
				rmal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
				ed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
re vegetation, our	, or riyarology	naturally problem	add: / V D (II lieeds	su, explain any answers in Nemarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDIN	GS – Attach site r	nap showing san	npling point loca	ations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Pres	ent? Yes	No X	Is the Sampled Ar	
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	No 'X	within a Wetland?	Yes No X
Wetland Hydrology Present?			If yes, optional Wet	lland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternativ			(0ad5	
upland has	many or	6 WOODS	(Og 8)	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
YDROLOGY		-		
Netland Hydrology Indicat	ors:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum	of one is required; chec	ck all that apply)		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1)	******	Water-Stained Leave	es (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2)		Aquatic Fauna (B13)		Moss Trim Lines (B16)
\underline{X} Saturation (A3)		_ Marl Deposits (B15)		Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)	******	_ Hydrogen Sulfide Od		Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)		Oxidized Rhizospher		
Drift Deposits (B3)	W-111-A	_ Presence of Reduce		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	-	Recent Iron Reduction		
Iron Deposits (B5)	(DZ)	Thin Muck Surface (•	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Ae Sparsely Vegetated Con		Other (Explain in Rei	пагкѕ)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsery vegetated Correlated	cave ounace (bb)			FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Surface Water Present?	Yes No	Depth (inches):		
Water Table Present?	YesX_ No		5 "	
Saturation Present?	Yes X No	Depth (inches):		nd Hydrology Present? Yes 🗶 No
(includes capillary fringe)			1	
Describe Recorded Data (str	eam gauge, monitoring	well, aerial photos, pre	evious inspections), if	available:
				,
Remarks:				
				•

ı,	/EGET	Δ	TI	ΩI	u.		عواا	scientific	names	Ωf	nlants
٧	CGEI	_	L I I	v	* .	_	voc	SUBILLIE	11011100	Ų.	viaina.

Tree Stratum (Plot size:

Herb Stratum (Plot size:

Sampling Point:
Dominance Test worksheet:
Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
Prevalence Index worksheet:
Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
OBL species
FACW species
FAC species $dO \times 3 = GO$
FACU species 120 x4 = T80
UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$ Column Totals: 140 (A) 540 (B)
Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.86
Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
2 - Dominance Test is >50%
3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
Hydrophytic

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				
1. None				
2		Hydrophytic Vegetation	. /	
3		Present?	Yes No 🗡	
4	,		/	
**	= Total Cover			
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separa	ate sheet.)			,
7.47.54 44.545 2.475				

20 = Total Cover

Absolute Dominant Indicator

% Cover Species? Status

†○ = Total Cover

= Total Cover

40

10

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the Indicator or confirm the absence of Indicators.)											
Depth Matrix Redox Features											
(inches)	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Color (mois	<u>st) %</u>	Type ¹	Loc ²	<u>Texture</u>	Remarks			
0-2	107Ra/1	100					<u>0e</u>				
2-3	104R3/2	<u>95</u>	black	<u>organic</u>	<u>~~``</u>)	<u>edir</u>	<u>S.L</u>				
3-9	10482/1	100	Constitution of the Consti				<u> </u>				
4-9	104243	95	10424	6 5			Sil	w/ some gravel			
9-201	104233	90	IN PS	16 10			Sil	wil some gravel.			
						•		34 34.3			
			۷								

							~~~				
¹Type: C=Co	ncentration, D=Depl	etion. RM=	Reduced Matr	ix. MS=Masked	Sand Gra	ains.	² Location	: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.			
Hydric Soil I								for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :			
Histosol		,		Below Surface	(S8) (LRF	RR,		Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)			
	ipedon (A2)		MLRA	•	DD D 14	DA 440D\		Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)			
Black His	n Sulfide (A4)			Surface (S9) (L Jcky Mineral (F1				Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Surface (S7) (LRR K, L, M)			
1	Layers (A5)			eyed Matrix (F2)		,,		lue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)			
1	Below Dark Surface	(A11)		Matrix (F3)				ark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)			
	rk Surface (A12)			rk Surface (F6)				anganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)			
	lucky Mineral (S1) leyed Matrix (S4)			Dark Surface (F pressions (F8)	7)			ont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)			
	edox (S5)		Redox De	pressions (Fb)				Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) arent Material (F21)			
1	Matrix (S6)							hallow Dark Surface (TF12)			
Dark Sur	face (S7) (LRR R, M	ILRA 1498)				Other	(Explain in Remarks)			
3Indicators of	hydrophytic vegetat	ion and we	tland hydrolog	v must ha nrasa	nt unlace	: disturbed (or problematic				
	.ayer (if observed):		dana rryarolog	y mast be prese	nn, amea.	, distalbed (or problemane	**			
Туре:			NORE	observed	D)						
Depth (inc	:hes):						Hydric Soil	Present? Yes No			
Remarks:		***************************************					<u> </u>				

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region City/County: Cumberland Sampling Date: 5-9-17State: 18 Sampling Point: 18Project/Site: _ Applicant/Owner: Section, Township, Range:__ Investigator(s): _ Local relief (concave, convex, none): Slightly (cnco Slope (%): 26)0 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): __ Sいっし Subregion (LRR or MLRA): Sandy loam NWI classification: Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ______ No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.) ~Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? N_G Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No_____ Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? No (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Is the Sampled Area Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? within a Wetland? Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.) **HYDROLOGY** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) X Water-Stained Leaves (B9) X Surface Water (A1) Drainage Patterns (B10) ★ High Water Table (A2) ___ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ___ Moss Trim Lines (B16) X Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8) X Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ___ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) X Drift Deposits (B3) ___ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) __ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) _ Geomorphic Position (D2) Iron Deposits (B5) _ Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3) ___ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Yes X No Depth (inches): 2 Surface Water Present? Yes X No Depth (inches): 10 5 cc 2 Water Table Present? Yes X No Depth (inches): to Sucha Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Remarks:

١	Æ	G	Εī	-Δ	T	IO	N	 Use	€ :	scientific	names	of	plants.
	-	·		•		, ~		 0.50	•	SCICITATIO	11011103	Ų,	Picilica

	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Bawinana Taat waskabaati
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 151)		Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Acer rubium	65	X	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
	William .			HIRCARD OBE, FAOVY, OF FAO.
2				Total Number of Dominant
3,		***************************************	•••	Species Across All Strata: (B)
4		•	~~~	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL FACW or FAC: 5000 (A/B)
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
6				
		***************************************	***************************************	Prevalence index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
. ~1	<u>60</u>	= Total Cove	er	OBL species x1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5)				FACW species x 2 =
1. Pinus Stolous	5	X	EACU	FAC species <u>65</u> x 3 = <u>195</u>
2	•			FACU species
				UPL species
3				Column Totals:(A)
4				D
5		***************************************		Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.0
6			***************************************	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	χ	= Total Cove	er er	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5	/	7012.001		3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
1. Nane				4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
_				,
3,				Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
4,				<u> </u>
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6		***************************************		Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in, DBH
8				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
9			***************************************	Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of
10				size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
12		***************************************		height.
		= Total Cove	er	***************************************
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15)				
1None				
1				Hydrophytic
2				Vegetation
3				Present? Yes No
4	***************************************			·
		= Total Cove	er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate				
Plot size adjusts		· C C A	\ <u>\</u>	c base weather
1 101 Site adjuste	10 0	reour	`	a Lanor meriors
width				

^	^	

		V	2
Sampling	Point:	and the same	>

Depth (inches)	Matrix Color (moist)		Redo Color (moist)	x Features %	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-12	10482/1	100	<u> </u>		1124		8.1	mucky
12-19	10484/2	90	104R3/4	10			<u>S:L</u> _	
-112-11 -								
<u> </u>		***************************************		***************************************				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			***************************************				
				-				
***************************************		***************************************		***************************************			*****	
•								
······································								
								
<u></u> _								
							······	
		etion, RM≃	Reduced Matrix, MS	S=Masked S	Sand Gra	ains.		L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
lydric Soil In Histosol (A			Deberatus Balan	u Curtono (S	201 /I DE			Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
	nedon (A2)	•	Polyvalue Below MLRA 149B)		00) (LKF	ιτ,		(A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) irie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Hist	ic (A3)		Thin Dark Surfa				5 cm Mucl	ky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, F
	Sulfide (A4) Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky N Loamy Gleyed I		(LRR K	, L)		nce (S7) (LRR K, L, M)
	Below Dark Surface	(A11)	Depleted Matrix					Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Thick Dark	k Surface (A12)	,	Redox Dark Su				Iron-Mang	anese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L,
	cky Mineral (S1) eyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark S Redox Depress)			Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 14
Sandy Gle Sandy Re		•	Redux Depless	ions (rb)				dic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149 nt Material (F21)
Stripped M								ow Dark Surface (TF12)
Dark Surfa	ace (S7) (LRR R, M	ILRA 149B)				Other (Exp	olain in Remarks)
ndicators of h	nydrophytic vegetati	ion and we	tland hydrology mus	t be presen	t, unless	disturbed o	or problematic.	
	yer (if observed):							
Type:	rocky 19							
Depth (inch	nes):						Hydric Soil Pre	sent? Yes X No
lemarks:								

Corps plot:	<u>LGL</u>			Date	: <u>5</u> ire ID:		17_	
REVISIT?		× No If					lo If yes	Explain:
	a wasan							2
		Foldwr			Classes:	Sag Di	1217W	42 2m
Tree	ive/Domina Saplin	nt Wetland Veg g	etation by Shri			Herb		Vines
~slape &	FCO	جي جي	Tsuc	an	T	su		Noc
40	1,10	:-1		1.1514	grafia Grafia	: "		1 4 CAGE
e rub	e gerales	Control of State of		4.11	a Paris			
	nea	whin	业、	\ S\	LOU	a	RO	
Representat	ive Wetland	l Hydrology		7 3	y to			
Peri (approxima	nanently Flo		Seaso	nally Flood	led }		Saturate	d
	•			•	,			
Hydrologic I	ndicators:	Surface W d Concave Surfa	/ater; 🗡	Water St	ained Leav	es;	_Sedimer	it Deposits;
Surfa	ny vegetater ce Scouring;	Draina	ice, ige Pattern:	, water ivial s;	suttressed	Trees;	Ele	vated Root
Moss	Trim Lines,	high wa	۔ کہ سمجھ	mblo	<44.0	ati na	· Va	ر را ا
Other Observ	/ations:	1.2 NO	7.4°	eu Cie,	- 150° C	w 12 57.4	`, 'J'	-1 50
Soils								
Depth	Horizon	Matrix		Features	Textu	re	No	tes
(inches)		Color	Color	/ Percent	و بسم			
0-3	_ A	10462/3) -		ا، ر	<u> </u>		
3-9	B	10463	401	23/4	S.			
Hā:	- T	, , , ,	, , ,	1000	-			
177	rock			/-				
Representati	ve Hydric Sc	oils: X Mine	ral	Organic				
Other Obser	ations:	/		+ 40	2،2		5	e Hac
Stream # 1 1	V.,	ŃΑ	34	170	241	acu,	Ji ∾	< 1, 4,
	of-Bank-Top	o-oNBank):	_ Depth @	Center:		ial	Intermitte	nt
Width (1op-	uration:	Undercut_	Vertica	IGrad	dual Canad <i>iC</i> ol	dala K) autilar	Dadarah
Bank Config		cat-totack 200	III-1410KI		CHAVESCO	JUIC	30usacı	Deniock
Bank Config Channel Sub Stream # 2 1	strate:P			Center	Perenn	ial	Intermitte	ent
Bank Config Channel Sub Stream # 2 I Width (Top-	Name: of-Bank-Top							
Bank Config Channel Sub Stream # 2 I Width (Top- Bank Config	Vame: of-Bank-Top uration:	Undercut	Vertica	lGrad	dual	oble I	Boulder	Bedrock
Bank Config Channel Sub Stream # 2 I Width (Top-	Name: of-Bank-Top uration: strate; P	Undercut Peat-Muck S		lGrad		ble	3oulder_	Bedrock
Bank Config Channel Sub Stream # 2 ! Width (Top- Bank Config Channel Sub Wildlife Ob	Name: of-Bank-Top uration: strate; P servations/S	Undercut Peat-Muck S Sign	Vertica	lGrad	dual	ble l	Soulder_	Bedrock
Bank Config Channel Sub Stream # 2 ! Width (Top- Bank Config Channel Sub Wildlife Ob	Name: of-Bank-Top uration: strate; P	Undercut Peat-Muck S Sign	Vertica	lGrad	dual	ble l	3oulder_	Bedrock
Bank Config Channel Sub Stream # 2 ! Width (Top- Bank Config Channel Sub Wildlife Ob	Name:of-Bank-Top uration: strate; P servations/S	Undercut Peat-Muck S Sign	Vertica ilt-Mud	l Grad	dual Gravel/Col			
Bank Config Channel Sub Stream # 2 ! Width (Top- Bank Config Channel Sub Wildlife Ob	Name:of-Bank-Top uration: strate; P servations/S	Undercut Peat-Muck S Sign	Vertica ilt-Mud	l Grad	dual Gravel/Col			

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FO	RM – Northcentral and Northeast Region
Project/Site: Wash Parcel City/	County: Cumberland Sampling Date: 5-4-17
Applicant/Owner: Garall - Palmer	State: <u>H E</u> Sampling Point: <u>¥</u> S
1 1 - 1	tion, Township, Range:
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Stight Sugle Local re	t I
	76 Long: - 763013013 Datum: WGS 1789
	sandy loam NWI classification: PFOLE
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year?	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly distu	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problem	,
The vegetation, on, or rivereing naturally problem	india. 1 - C (in nococa, explain any anomoro in recinario.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sa	mpling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	Is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No	within a Wetland? Yes No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:5
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)	
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) X Water-Stained Leav	ves (B9) X Drainage Patterns (B10)
X Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15	
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide O	
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizosphe Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduc-	
	ion in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface	
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Re	emarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	arke 15h
Surface Water Present? Water Table Present? Yes X No Depth (inches):	ence.
Water Table Present? Yes X No Depth (inches): To	Swingare X
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): to (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, p	revious inspections), if available:
Remarks:	
0 11 -11 0 00000	etel roots on many trees
10 conversed runles & 6 600	
1	l l

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of p
--

Sampling Point: <u>45</u>

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominan Species?	Indicator Status FAC	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species
1. Acec rubrum 2. Fraxinus nigra 3. Populus tremulados	20	<u> </u>	FACU FACU	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
4. Pinus strobus	<u> </u>		FACO	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (B)
5				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7	90	= Total Co	ver	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 151)			F A	FACW species x 2 =
1. DOUTE CHANGES		<u> </u>	- HAC	FAC species x 3 = FACU species x 4 =
2. Fagus grandisolia	10	<u>_X</u> _	racu	UPL species x 5 =
3				Column Totals: (A) (B)
5				Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7.				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
1	45	= Total Co	ver	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size:5)				3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
1. Handhemum canadonse	10	<u>X</u>	FACU	4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2. Osmurda Claytoriana	<u> </u>	<u>X</u>	FAC	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3				¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
7				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
9				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11				Woody vines All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
		= Total Co	ver	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				
1. None				Hydrophytic
. 2				Vegetation V-
3				Present? Yes No
4				
		= Total Co	ver	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	sheel.)			

Sampling Point: <u>45</u>

Depth Matrix		n the absence of indicators.)
(inches) Color (moist) %	Redox Features Color (moist) % Type¹ Loc²	Texture Remarks
0-2 black		
2-11 10422/1 1009	0	SIL
	0 104R3/6 290 C M	
11-19 1091413 987	0 10-11-0/6 · 295 C	5.D very wet
		*
*		
		40-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2
		<u> </u>
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		*
4		2
	=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.	² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil Indicators:	0.1 1 0.1 0.7 (00) (100.0	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)	2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Histic (A3)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 1498	
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L)	Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L, M)
Stratified Layers (A5)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	Depleted Matrix (F3)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Redox Dark Surface (F6)	Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Redox Depressions (F8)	Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
Sandy Redox (S5)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Red Parent Material (F21)
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6)		Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Sandy Redox (S5)		
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149 Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks)
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149 Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks)
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:	В)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149 Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks)
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed one observed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed one observed.	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed one observed.	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed one observed.	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):	B) etland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed one observed	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) d or problematic.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FOI	RM – Northcentral and Northeast Region
Project/Site: Wash Parcel City/	County: Cumborlan D sampling Date: 5-4-17
Applicant/Owner: Gomll - Palmer	State: ME Sampling Point: 75- 43
	ion, Township, Range:
	lief (concave, convex, none): Slope (%):
	834 Long: - 70 30716758 Datum: WOS 198
t t t	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year?	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly distu	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problem	atic?
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sar	mpling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No	is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X	within a Wetland? Yes No X
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No 💢	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: 1 btwo 45385
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)	
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leave	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15)	
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Oc	
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizosphe	res on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduce	d Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
	on in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Re	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	
Surface Water Present? Yes No X Depth (inches):	
Water Table Present? Yes NoX Depth (inches):	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): (Includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, pro	evious inspections), if available:
Damadus	
Remarks:	
	l l

3 1	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	% Cover	Species?	Status	
1. Frans grandisalia	40	X	FACU	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
2. Bettila albahanierss	30	$\overline{}$	FAC	
	***************************************		FAC	Total Number of Dominant 5
3. Acer ribring	_20			Species Across All Strata: (B)
4. Quolais rubra	$\underline{10}$	•	EACU	Percent of Dominant Species
5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4000 (A/B)

6				Prevalence index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	100	= Total Co	ver	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				FACW species x 2 =
\	47	X	FALL) FAC species <u>50</u> x 3 = <u>150</u>
1. Fagus grandifolia			1/100	FACU species 1\2 x4= 448
2				UPL species
3				Column Totals: 162 (A) 598 (B)
4				Column rotals. 100 (A) 10 (b)
5				Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.7
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		***************************************		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7			***************************************	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
ports of	(0_	= Total Co	ver	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5) 1. Manthemum canadoise	20	×	FACU	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting
2. Princis serotina	1		FAW	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) ——Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
3				Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
				·
7				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
8	***************************************			and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
9				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of
10				size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11				27 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
12				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
	72	= Total Co		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)		- Total Co	VCI	
1. None		***************************************		
2.				Hydrophytic Vegetation
2				Present? Yes No
3			· ·	
4		***************************************		THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT O
		= Total Co	ver	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	sheet.)			
1				

Sampling Point: 7 × 3/5

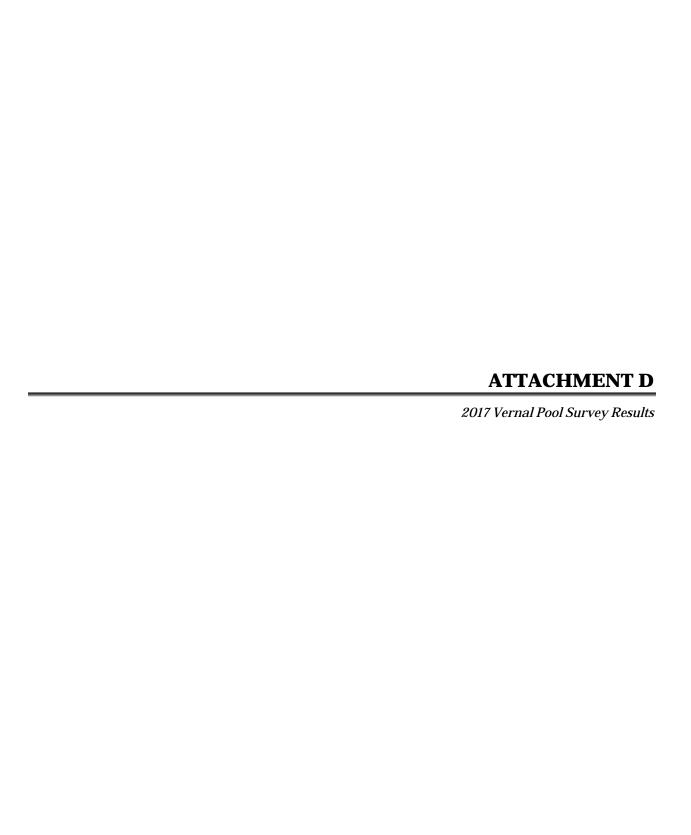
Profile Description: (Describe to the dep	th needed to document the Indicato	or confirm	the absence of	indicators.)
Depth Matrix (inches) Color (moist) %	Redox Features Color (moist) % Type¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-3 104/2/1 100			Oi -	
3-775182/1 100	4		5,2	
7-20104R36 85	104R3/4 15 D	M		
<u> </u>	1011047 10			
				
4	1 1 1			

¹ Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand G	rains.	² Location: P	L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil Indicators: Histosol (A1)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LF	10 D		Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : k (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
Histic Epipedon (A2)	MLRA 149B)	an n,		irie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Histic (A3)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, M		5 cm Muc	ky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR	K, L)		ace (S7) (LRR K, L, M)
Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3)			Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Redox Dark Surface (F6)			panese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)			Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Redox Depressions (F8)			odic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6)				nt Material (F21) low Dark Surface (TF12)
Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149	В)			plain in Remarks)
3				
Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w Restrictive Layer (if observed):	etland hydrology must be present, unle	ss disturbed	or problematic.	
Type:				
Depth (inches):			Hydric Soli Pre	esent? YesNoX
Remarks:				
				A
				-
				=

		1541 F	Other NWI	Classes: PF	OI E
Tree	Wo/Domina Saplin		etation by Strata Shruh	Herb	Vines
Acerulo	> ·	M Shigh Million A	Spilat	- or	~ ser√
		: -	The nec	Şç	? lat
,	, t	ayati sang. Sa		i konstralje i k Rogijes konflavije	a de la companya de
Representat	ive Wetland	l Hydrolegy ,	ing in the second of the seco	n is de la propia de de des Escribo Nobel (1886)	natura naredna
Perr	nanently Flo ite depth -	oried	Seasonally Floor	₩, 2	Saturated
			יייי כי	. LANGETON	Ÿ
Hydrologic I Sparac	ndicators: ly Vegetate	Surface W. d Concave Surface	nter; X Water St	ained Leaves; Drift	Sediment Deposit Lines;
X_Surfiu	ce Scouring; Trim Lines	. 🔀 Draina	ge Patterns; I	Buttressed Trees;	Elevated Ro
Other Observ				900	
Soils		Andrew Comments		 	
Depth	Horizon	Matrix	Redox Features Color / Percent	Texture	Notes
(inches) // 1	Δ	Color		1000	* 2,
0-2	A	164671	- 4 15	FSL	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
0-2	A B	1.00		FSL FSL	
0-2 2-11 11+	A B red	164671	- 4 15	FSL FSL	
0-2 2-11 11+	A B red	164671	- 4 15	FSL FSL	
0-11 11:4 11:4	A B Tel	164921/ 10424/2 4	40484/6-18	FSL FSL	
0-2 2-11 11+ Representati	A B Tecl	10424/2 10424/2 4	404R4/6-18/2	FSL FSL	
O-J O-JI II 4 Representation of their Observation	ations: F	10424/2 10424/2 1018: X Miner	40\[4/6-8] alOrganic Organic		izately S
O-J O-JI II 4 Representation of their Observation	ations: F	10424/2 10424/2 1018: X Miner	40\[4/6-8] alOrganic Organic		izately S
O-J O-JI II 4 Representation of their Observation	ations: F	10424/2 10424/2 1018: X Miner	40\[4/6-8] alOrganic Organic		izately S
C-2 2-[1] [L-4 Representation other Observation of the Configuration	Name: Of-Bank-Top uration: strate: P	IOYEA 2 IOYEA 2 IOYEA 2 IOYEA 2 IOYEA 3 IOYEA 4 IOYEA 3 IOYEA 4	al Organic Co Question Depth @ Center: 1— Vertical X Gran It-Mud X Sand X	4 Perennial 2 dual Gravel/Cobble _	Intermittent Böulder Bedroc
C-2 2-[1] [L-4 Representation other Observation of the Configuration	Name: Of-Bank-Top uration: strate: P	IOYEA 2 IOYEA 2 IOYEA 2 IOYEA 2 IOYEA 3 IOYEA 4 IOYEA 3 IOYEA 4	al Organic	4 Perennial 2 dual Gravel/Cobble _ Perennial _ dual	Intermittent Boulder Bedroc Intermittent
Representation of the Configuration of the Configur	Name:	IONEA 2	al Organic	4 Perennial 2 dual Gravel/Cobble _ Perennial _ dual	Intermittent Böulder Bedroc
Representation of the Configuration of the Configur	Name:	IOYEAD IOYEAD	al Organic Org	4 Perennial 2 dual Gravel/Cobble _ Perennial _ dual	Intermittent Boulder Bedroc Intermittent

ALAMINARES ON SANASANA CASOS CASOS CASOS CONTRACTOR CON

		TRC 1			ND SUMMAE	RY FORM
Obse	ervers:		Llecter	<u>ر</u> Da	e 5-9	17
	s plot		X No	Fea	ture ID:	ł Tari
REV	'ISI' <u>1</u> 7	Yea	<u>≭</u> No If`	Yes, any changes??	Yes .	No_If yes, Explain:
Dom	inant NV	VI Class	VFOI	Cother NW	/I Classes:	
		service and any order	it Wetland Veg	etation by Strata		
Tree	Vs	Soplin An c	stall.	Shrub Tsu.co Pinst	Merb Harb	Can NT
Bat	\widetilde{H}_{Σ}	A.	dura	Pind	C 05m	cin
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INSTRUCTIONS:

- Complete all 3 pages of form thoroughly. Most fields are <u>required</u> for pool registration.

egg mass) are <u>required</u> for all observers.	the indicators (one example of each species
Observer's Pool ID: VP I	MDIFW Pool ID:
1. PRIMARY OBSERVER INFORMATION a. Observer name: L.Lecle(C. b. Contact and credentials previously provided? O N	lo (submit Addendum 1) 💥 Yes
2. PROJECT CONTACT INFORMATION a. Contact name: Same as observer O other b. Contact and credentials previously provided? O No. c. Project Name: Universe	o (submit Addendum 1) 🗘 Yes
b. Landowner's contact information (required) Name: Street Address: c. Large Projects: check if separate project landov 4. VERNAL POOL LOCATION INFORMATION	
a. Location Township: <u>Cumberked</u> Brief site directions to the pool (using mapped land) South of the intersection Loads in Cumberland, M	
b. Mapping Requirementsi. USGS topographic map OR aerial photograph with the control of the co	lth pool clearly marked.
ii. GPS location of vernal pool (use Datum NAD) Longitude/Easting: 43.833867 Latitud Coordinate system: NAS 1984	
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VPI



Maine State Vernal Pool Assessment Form



. VERNAL POOL HABITAT INFORMATION									
a. Habitat survey date (only if different from indicator	survey dates on page 3):								
b. Wetland habitat characterization									
■ Choose the best descriptor for the landscape setting: O Isolated depression O Floodplain depression O Other:	sociated with larger wetland complex								
■ Check all wetland types that best apply to this pool:									
Forested swamp	☐ Slow stream ☐ Dug pond or								
Shrub swamp	☐ Floodplain borrow pit								
Peatland (fen or bog) Abandoned beaver flows Emergent marsh Active beaver flowage	age								
c. Vernal pool status under the Natural Resources P	rotection Act (NRPA)								
i. Pool Origin: Natural O Natural-Modified O U									
If modified, unnatural or unknown, describe any mo	dern or historic human impacts to the pool (required):								
Though perhaps pooled tags	poding on opposite site of the								
ii. Pool Hydrology									
■ Select the pool's estimated hydroperiod AND provid	e rationale in box (required):								
OPermanent O Semi-permanent (drying partially in all years an									
completely in drought years) Explain:	• ,								
Winter berry & Circamor growing throughout pod	Sin & grasess/sedges								
■ Maximum depth at survey: 0-12" (0-1 ft.) O12	2-36" (1-3 ft.) O 36-60" (3-5 ft.) O >60" (>5 ft.)								
■ Approximate size of pool (at spring highwater): Wid	dth: 30 Om Øft Length: 50 Om Øft								
■ Predominate substrate in order of increasing hydro									
Mineral soil (bare, leaf-litter bottom, or upland mosses present)	 Organic matter (peat/muck) shallow or restricted to deepest portion 								
O Mineral soil (sphagnum moss present)	O Organic matter (peat/muck) deep and widespread								
■ Pool vegetation indicators in order of increasing hyd	droperiod (check all that apply):								
Terrestrial nonvascular spp. (e.g. haircap moss, lycopodium spp.)	Wet site ferns (e.g. royal fern, marsh fern)								
☐ Dry site ferns (e.g. spinulose wood fern,	Wet site shrubs (e.g. highbush blueberry, maleberry,								
lady fern, bracken fern)	winterberry, mountain holly)								
Moist site ferns (e.g. sensitive fern, cinnamon	Wet site graminoids (e.g. blue-joint grass, tussock sedge, cattail, bulrushes)								
 fern, interrupted fern, New York fern) Moist site vasculars (e.g. skunk cabbage, 	Aquatic vascular spp. (e.g. pickerelweed, arrowhead)								
jewelweed, blue flag iris, swamp candle)	☐ Floating or submerged aquatics (e.g. water lily,								
☐ Sphagnum moss (anchored or suspended)	water shield, pond weed, bladderwort) No vegetation in pool								
Faunal indicators (check all that apply):	Tomas Pore dos								
☐ Fish ☐ Bullfrog or Green Frog tadpoles	Other:								
iii. Inlet/Outlet Flow Permanency									
Type of inlet or outlet (a seasonal or permanent cha	nnel providing water flowing into or out of the pool):								
No inlet or outlet O Permanent inlet or outle	et (channel with well-defined banks and permanent flow)								
O Intermittent inlet O Other or Unknown (exp or outlet	olain):								



6. VERNAL POOL INDICATOR INFORMATION

Maine State Vernal Pool Assessment Form





a. I	ndicator surve	/ dates:_	<u>5-9</u>	-17	<u> </u>	<u>5-10</u>	1-1-	<u> </u>							
b. I	ndicator abund	lance crit	eria and p	ool surv	ey effo	rt	·								
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	determination, and egg mass maturity. Separate cells are provided for separate survey dates.														
	INDICATOR	1.0-16		gg Masse	s (or ad	ult Fairy	Shrim	p)				Tadp	oles/La		
	SPECIES	Visit #1	Visit #2	Visit #3	Confidence Level Egg Mass Maturity Observed Confidence Level Level										
	Wood Frog	0	D		3										
	Spotted Salamander	2	2		3										
	Blue-spotted Salamander	٥	0		3									丁	\Box
	Fairy Shrimp ³	NK	NA		3	,									
	1-Confidence level 2-Egg mass matur Hatching 3-Fairy shrimp: X = 4-Tadpoles/larvae:	ity: F= Fres = present : X = present	h (<24 hrs), N t	√l= Mature (ix, curved					
с. і	Rarity criteria	N	one o	obsen	bse										
-	Note any rare sp	ecles ass	oclated wit	th vernal	pools. (Observ	ations	should	be acc	ompan	led	by ph	otogra	phs	•
	SPECIES	Method of	f Verification*	CL**	SPECIE	S		-					rication'	CI	**
	Blanding's Turtle		<u>н s</u>		Wood T	urtle					<u> </u>	Н	s		
:	Spotted Turtle				Ribbon S	Snake		·]				
	Ringed Boghaunter				Other:			<u> </u>							
1	*Method of verificate **CL - Confidence							= >95%	,		t-				
	Optional observ SVP Po General vernal p	otential SV	P XNo	on Signific					eding A	rea					
	دەھلا چىلا	y lan	Jae	observ	ed in	-bool					·				
Send completed form and supporting documentation to: Maine Dept. of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife Attn: Vernal Pools 650 State Street, Bangor, ME 04401 IOTE: Digital submission (to Jason.Czapiga@maine.gov) of vernal pool field forms and photographs is only											only				
	acceptable for	projects	with 3 or	fewer as	sessec	l pools	; <u>larqe</u>	r proje	octs m	ust be	mai	led as	s harç	cor	iles.
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INSTRUCTIONS:

- Complete all 3 pages of form thoroughly. Most fields are <u>required</u> for pool registration.
- Clear photographs of a) the pool AND b) the indicators (one example of each species

egg mass) are <u>required</u> for all observers	•		
Observer's Pool ID: VP 2	MDIFW Pool ID:		
1. PRIMARY OBSERVER INFORMATION a. Observer name: L. Lederc b. Contact and credentials previously provided? O	No (submit Addendum 1)	⊠ Yes	
2. PROJECT CONTACT INFORMATION			
a. Contact name: 🔯 same as observer 🔾 other			
b. Contact and credentials previously provided? O N	No (submit Addendum 1)	Yes	
3. LANDOWNER CONTACT INFORMATION			
a. Are you the landowner? OYes No If no, wa	s landowner permission obtai	ned for survey?	Yes ONo
b. Landowner's contact information (required)			
Name:	Phone:		
Street Address: c. Large Projects: check if separate project lands		State:	Zip:
4. VERNAL POOL LOCATION INFORMATION a. Location Township: Cumberland Brief site directions to the pool (using mapped lan Approx Goo' to the ea Othard & white holds	dmarks): st of the interior	section of & appri	300'
b. Mapping Requirements		·	
i. USGS topographic map OR aerial photograph	with pool clearly marked.		
ii. GPS location of vernal pool (use Datum NAI Longitude/Easting: 43.831938 Latitu Coordinate system: W65 198 4	D83 / WGS84) ude/Northing: <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
Check one: GIS shapefile - send to Jason.Czapiga@maine O The pool perimeter is delineate - Include map or spreadsheet with O The above GPS point is at the O The center of the pool is approdegrees from the above	ed by multiple GPS points. (E: h coordinates. center of the pool. (Good)		





	5. VERNAL POOL HABITAT INFORMATION												
	a. Habitat survey date (<u>only if different</u> from indicator survey dates on page 3):												
	b. Wetland habitat characterization												
	■ Choose the best descriptor for the landscape setting:												
	O Isolated depression O Floodplain depression O Other:												
	■ Check all wetland types that best apply to this pool:												
	☐ Forested swamp ☐ Wet meadow ☐ Slow stream ☐ Dug pond or												
	Shrub swamp ☐ Lake or pond cove ☐ Floodplain borrow pit												
	☐ Peatland (fen or bog) ☐ Abandoned beaver flowage ☐ Mostly unvegetated pool ☐ Roadside ditch ☐ Emergent marsh ☐ Active beaver flowage ☐ ATV or skidder rut ☐ Other:												
	c. Vernal pool status under the Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA)												
	i. Pool Origin: Natural O Natural-Modified O Unnatural O Unknown												
	If modified, unnatural or unknown, describe any modern or historic human impacts to the pool (required):												
	ii. Pool Hydrology												
	ii. Pool Hydrology ■ Select the pool's <u>estimated</u> hydroperiod AND <u>provide rationale</u> in box (required):												
	O Permanent O Semi-permanent Ø Ephemeral O Unknown												
	(drying partially in all years and / (drying out completely												
	completely in drought years) in most years) Explain:												
	Shallow depth with winterbery growing throughold pool												
	■ Maximum depth at survey: ○0-12" (0-1 ft.) ○12-36" (1-3 ft.) ○36-60" (3-5 ft.) ○>60" (>5 ft.)												
	■ Approximate size of pool (at spring highwater): Width: 30 Om Øft Length: 45 Om Øft												
	■ Predominate substrate in order of increasing hydroperiod:												
	Mineral soil (bare, leaf-litter bottom, or upland O Organic matter (peat/muck) shallow or												
	mosses present) O Mineral soil (sphagnum moss present) O Organic matter (peat/muck) deep and widespread												
C	■ Pool vegetation indicators in order of increasing hydroperiod (check all that apply):												
on loc	was lyconodium son \												
les	Dry site ferns (e.g. spinulose wood fern, lady fern, bracken fern)												
	☐ Moist site ferns (e.g. sensitive fern, cinnamon fern, interrupted fern, New York fern) ☐ Wet site graminoids (e.g. blue-joint grass, tussock sedge, cattail, bulrushes)												
	☐ Moist site vasculars (e.g. skunk cabbage, ☐ Aquatic vascular spp. (e.g. pickerelweed, arrowhead)												
	jewelweed, blue flag iris, swamp candle) Sphagnum moss (anchored or suspended) Floating or submerged aquatics (e.g. water lily, water shield, pond weed, bladderwort)												
:	☐ No vegetation in pool ■ Faunal indicators (check all that apply): None obs.												
	☐ Fish ☐ Bullfrog or Green Frog tadpoles ☐ Other:												
	iii. Inlet/Outlet Flow Permanency												
	Type of inlet or outlet (a seasonal or permanent channel providing water flowing into or out of the pool):												
	O No inlet or outlet O Permanent inlet or outlet (channel with well-defined banks and permanent flow)												
	Intermittent inlet O Other or Unknown (explain):												
	or outlet wetland seep above, wetland seep > stream												



VP2



6. VEF	RNAL POOL IN	DICATOR	INFORM	IATION										
a. Ir	ndicator survey	dates:_	5	-4-1	7	8	<u>5-10</u>	-17						
b. lı	ndicator abunda	ance crite	eria and	pool surv	ey effo	rt								
	Is pool depress Was the entire For each indica determination,	pool surv tor specie	eyed for e es, indica	egg masso e the exa	es? S ct numb	Yes (erofe	O No; v gg ma:	what % sses, c	of ent onfide	ire poo nce lev	el foi	r specie		_
	INDICATOR			gg Masse			•		·		_	Tadpole	s/La	rvae⁴
	SPECIES	Visit #1	Visit #2	Visit #3	1	idence l	_evel ¹	aturity ²		served	Co	nfidence Level ¹		
	Wood Frog	0	0		3									
	Spotted Salamander	9:-	9		3									
	Blue-spotted Salamander	0	ð		3									
	Fairy Shrimp ³	NA	NX		3									
	1-Confidence level: 1 = <60%, 2 = 60-95%, 3 = >95% 2-Egg mass maturity: F= Fresh (<24 hrs), M= Mature (round embryos), A= Advanced (loose matrix, curved embryos), H= Hatched or Hatching 3-Fairy shrimp: X = present 4-Tadpoles/larvae: X = present C. Rarity criteria Note any rare species associated with vernal pools. Observations should be accompanied by photographs.													
ſ	PDECIES	Method of	Verification	CL**	CDCOI	·				Me	thod o	of Verifica	tion*	CL**
-	SPECIES Blanding's Turtle	P	H S		SPECIE Wood T					<u>F</u>			s ¬	
l l	Blanding's Turtle Spotted Turtle	 			Ribbon]]			
-	Ringed Boghaunter	+			Other:					<u>-</u>	=+			
d. O	*Method of verification: P = Photographed, H = Handled, S = Seen ***CL - Confidence level In species determination: 1 = <60%, 2 = 60-95%, 3 = >95% d. Optional observer recommendation: SVP Potential SVP Non Significant VP Indicator Breeding Area													
e. General vernal pool comments and/or observations of other wildlife: Send completed form and supporting documentation to: Maine Dept. of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife Attn: Vernal Pools 650 State Street, Bangor, ME 04401 NOTE: Digital submission (to Jason.Czapiga@maine.gov) of vernal pool field forms and photographs is only acceptable for projects with 3 or fewer assessed pools; larger projects must be mailed as hard copies.														
	ol is: Significant		MDIFW D sentially SI lacking crit	nlficant	li ∐ Not S	nitials:	it due to					riteria. nal pool c	rileria.	

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Print Form

Page 3 of 3



Traffic Assessment Orchard Road Subdivision – Cumberland, Maine October 2017

Introduction

Gorrill Palmer has completed a traffic assessment for the proposed Orchard Road Subdivision on Orchard Road in Cumberland, Maine. The site is proposed to be accessed via a full movement driveway on Orchard Road, approximately 750 ft south of its intersection with Whitney Road. The development is proposed to be a 10 lot subdivision for 10 single family homes. The following is a summary of the trip generation, crash history, and sight distance evaluation for the proposed project.

Trip Generation

The trip generation for the proposed 10 single family houses has been calculated using the Institute of Transportation Engineers' (ITE) publication, *Trip Generation*, Ninth Edition, Land Use Code (LUC) 210 – Single-Family Detached Housing. The proposed development is forecast to generate the following:

• Weekday: 95 trip ends

• AM peak hour of the generator: 8 trip ends

• PM peak hour of the generator: 10 trip ends

• AM peak hour of the adjacent street: 8 trip ends

• PM peak hour of the adjacent street: 10 trip ends

• Saturday: 99 trip ends

• Saturday Peak hour of the generator: 9 trip ends

This level of trip generation is not anticipated to have a significant impact on the surrounding roadway network. Additionally, the forecast trip generation is less than the threshold of 99 trip ends during a <u>peak hour</u> for requiring a MaineDOT Traffic Movement Permit.

Crash History

GP obtained the three year collision data in the vicinity of the site from MaineDOT (attached) for the period of 2014 to 2016, the most recent period available. To evaluate if a location has a higher rate of crashes, MaineDOT uses two criteria to define a High Crash Location (HCL). Both criteria must be met in order to be classified as an HCL.



- 1. A critical rate factor (CRF) of 1.00 or more for a three year period. A CRF compares the actual crash rate to the rate for similar intersections in the state. A CRF of less than 1.00 indicates a rate of less than average and:
- 2. A minimum of eight crashes over the same three year period.

Based on a review of the collision data, there are no HCLs in the vicinity of the site.

Sight Distance Evaluation

GP evaluated the sight distance at the proposed site access on Orchard Road. Both the Town and MaineDOT have guidelines for sight distance. The basic sight distance standards are as follows:

Standards for Sight Distance

Posted Speed (mph)	Sight Distance Requirement (ft)			
r osted speed (mpn)	Town of Cumberland	MaineDOT		
25	250	200		
30	300	250		
35	350	305		
40	400	360		
45	450	425		
50	500	495		

The Town does not specify an evaluation method, so the sight distance has been evaluated using MaineDOT methodology. The evaluation methodology is as follows:

Driveway observation point: 10 feet off edge of traveled way

Height of eye at driveway:

3 ½ feet above ground

Height of approaching vehicle:

4 ¼ feet above ground

The speed limit on Orchard Road is 35 mph. The Town requires a sight distance of 350 ft and MaineDOT requires a sight distance of 305 ft. The following table summarizes the measured sight distances at the proposed subdivision road:

Existing Sight Distance Summary

	Sight Distance (ft)					
Approach	Looking Left	Looking Right	Requirement			
		LOOKING INGIN	Town	MaineDOT		
Exiting Subdivision onto Orchard	275	340	350	305		

Traffic Assessment October 2017 Page 3



As shown in the table, the existing sight distances are forecast to be less than the sight distances required by the Town and MaineDOT. However, if vegetation in the sight triangle is cleared, the sight distances are anticipated to exceed the Town and MaineDOT requirements. Looking left, if trees are removed adjacent to the site access, the sight distance is anticipated to be greater than 450 ft. Looking right, if brush is cleared along the roadway, the sight distance is anticipated to be 360 ft. The sight distance should be evaluated throughout construction of the site access, to ensure the Town and MaineDOT requirements are met.

Conclusions

The following is a summary of the conclusions:

- 1. The proposed project is forecast to generate 8 trip ends and 10 trip ends during the Weekday AM and PM peak hours of the generator respectively. This is less than the 99 trip end threshold for requiring a MaineDOT Traffic Movement Permit.
- 2. Based on a review of the MaineDOT crash data, there are no high crash locations in the vicinity of the site.
- 3. The sight distances at the site driveway are anticipated to meet the MaineDOT and Town requirements, with the removal of vegetation along the roadway adjacent to the site access.
- 4. Overall the project is anticipated to have minimal impact on the surrounding roadway network.



This narrative is in response to Town review comments dated November 15, 2017 and peer review comments from Daniel P. Diffin, P.E. of Sevee & Maher Engineers, Inc., dated November 14, 2017 for the Preliminary Subdivision Application for the Orchard Road Subdivision submitted in October 2017. The responses are reflected in the current plan set for the project.

For ease of review each comment as been repeated followed by our response.

Fire Chief's review comments

Comment:

The application material for this subdivision project does not show any fire protection requirements as mandated by the Town of Cumberland's ordinances which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- I. As denoted in the project drawings, all dwellings in this subdivision shall include an automatic fire protection sprinkler system conforming to applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards, State of Maine Fire Marshal's Office mandates and approval by the Cumberland Fire Chief.
- 2. It is recommended, **but not required**, to have monitored fire alarm systems in each residence.
- 3. It is recommended, **but not required**, to have fire department approved key boxes on each residence.

Response: Sheet 4 Subdivision Plan, and Sheet 5 Overall Layout and Utility Plan, submitted with the Preliminary Subdivision application contain notes requiring sprinkler systems for all residential buildings within the subdivision.

Town Planner's review comments

Comment:

1. The Restrictions on Restricted Buffer Area should be referenced as a note on the plan.

Response: The following notes have been added to the Subdivision Plan.

- I. <u>Restrictions on Restricted Buffer Area</u>. The Restricted Buffer Area must remain undeveloped in perpetuity. To maintain the ability of the Restricted Buffer Area to filter and absorb stormwater, the use of the Restricted Buffer Area is hereinafter limited as follows.
- a. No soil, loam, peat, sand, gravel, concrete, rock or other mineral substance, refuse, trash, vehicle bodies or parts, rubbish, debris, junk waste, pollutants or other fill material may be placed, stored or dumped on the Restricted Buffer Area, nor may the topography of the area be altered or manipulated in any way;
- b. Any removal of trees or other vegetation within the Restricted Buffer Area must be limited to the following:
 - (i) No purposefully cleared openings may be created and an evenly distributed stand of trees and other vegetation must be maintained. An "evenly distributed stand of trees" is defined as maintaining a minimum rating score of 24 points in any 50 foot by 50 foot square (2500 square feet) area, as determined by the following rating scheme:



Diameter of tree at 4 I/2 feet above ground level	Points
2-4 inches	I
4-8 inches	2
8-12 inches	4
>12 inches	8

Where existing trees and other vegetation result in a rating score less than 24 points, no trees may be cut or sprayed with biocides except for the normal maintenance of dead, wind-blown or damaged trees and for pruning of tree branches below a height of 12 feet provided two thirds of the tree's canopy is maintained;

- (ii) No undergrowth, ground cover vegetation, leaf litter, organic duff layer or mineral soil may be disturbed except that one winding path, that is no wider than six feet and that does not provide a downhill channel for runoff, is allowed through the area;
- c. No building or other temporary or permanent structure may be constructed, placed or permitted to remain on the Restricted Buffer Area, except for a sign, utility pole or fence;
- d. No trucks, cars, dirt bikes, ATVs, bulldozers, backhoes, or other motorized vehicles or mechanical equipment may be permitted on the Restricted Buffer Area;

Any activity on or use of the Restricted Buffer Area inconsistent with the purpose of these Restrictions is prohibited.

Comment:

2. If Lot 10 is developed, there will be a break in the 75' perimeter buffer required for clustered subdivisions.

Response: The land swap has been finalized, Lot 10 can be developed without impacting the 75' buffer.

Comment:

3. Please confirm that there are no identified trails on the site.

Response: The Applicant is not aware of any existing trails.

Comment:

4. Landscaping and buffering plan?

Response: The perimeter of the subdivision lots will contain a minimum 75 foot wooded buffer as shown on the plans. Landscaping of the existing forested buffer is not proposed with the exception of six blue spruce trees between the road and Lot A. See the Overall Layout and Utility Plan Sheet 5 of the plan set.

Comment:

5. Provide a Subdivision Road name that is acceptable to Public Safety Chiefs.



Response: The road name as approved by John E. Brushwein, the Town of Cumberland Tax Assessor is Cortland Court.

Comment:

6. Clearing to obtain necessary sight distances should be done prior to final review; however removal of vegetation is limited to brush, not tree, clearing.

Response: Brush clearing to the east of the proposed roadway has been completed. A clump of four six inch diameter trees will need to be removed from the Orchard Road right-of-way in order to provide the necessary sight distance. As directed by the comment, the trees have not been cut.

Sevee and Maher review comments

Comment:

1. Section 250-1.J. – Financial Capacity - SME recommends the applicant provide evidence of Financial Capacity

Response: A financial Capacity Letter is included in Attachment E.

Comment:

2. Section 250-19 — Review and approval by other agencies - SME understands that stormwater and wetlands permitting are underway for the project.

Response: The Applicant has received the MDEP Stormwater Permit and the ACOE Category 2 permit. The permits are included in Attachment F.

Comment:

3. Section 250-23 Preservation of natural and historic features - The proposed underdrain soil filters will create large areas of clearing in the proposed open space and are designed adjacent to the existing wetland areas. Please provide detail on the required sizing of the soil filters, storage area and if a lower impact alternative has been reviewed.

Response: The proposed grassed underdrained soil filters perform two tasks, I) provide peak flow control as required by the Town's ordinance, and 2) provide water quality control as required by MDEP. Control for the peak flow in order to limit the post development peak runoff to predevelopment levels has few options. A detention pond is an accepted control. If detention wasn't required by the Town Ordinance, a lower impact water quality treatment could be utilized. The open space required for the subdivision is 25% of the parcel area. The open space provided is 33.3% including the grassed underdrained soil filters. Removing the grassed underdrained soil filter area from the proposed open space results in 29.8% of open space provided, which exceeds the requirements. The storage aspects of the grassed underdrained soil filters are included in the stormwater report submitted with the preliminary subdivision application. The water quality sizing of the ponds as required for the MDEP Stormwater Permit was included with that submission and copied to the Town.

Comment:

4. Section 250-23 Preservation of natural and historic features - The Maine Historic Preservation Commission (MHPC) has been contacted. SME recommends that the final review letter be provided with the final plan application.

Response: Gorrill Palmer has received the reply from the MHPC which states that there will be no historic properties affected by the proposed undertaking. The response letter is included in Attachment G

Comment:



5. Section 250-27 — Utilities - It appears that there is a 10-foot wide drainage easement on Lot 10 that should be labeled an Utility Easement for access to the transformer.

Response: The label has been revised.

Comment:

6. Section 250-29 Sewage Disposal - Groundwater Impact Study - As depicted, the nitrate-nitrogen plume length for Lot 5 will be influenced by the plume from Lot 6. The groundwater impact study report does not address this condition.

Response: The report has been revised to reflect 4-bedroom homes. The nitrate plume from one lot will have minimal impact to the plume on an adjacent lot. The extent of the 10 mg/L plume for each lot will remain within the subdivision boundary as depicted in the Groundwater Impact Study for the project.

Comment:

7. Section 250-29 Sewage Disposal - Groundwater Impact Study - The nitrate-nitrogen study was completed for 3-bedroom homes. Is it the intent of the applicant to limit the design of the homes to 3-bedrooms only?

Response: The study has been revised to reflect 4-bedroom homes. The revised groundwater impact study is included in Attachment H.

Comment:

8. Section 250-29 Sewage Disposal - Groundwater Impact Study - The proposed subsurface disposal field location for Lot 7 shows what appears to be a zero-foot setback to the adjoining open space property line, and the fill extension for this proposed disposal field (as depicted) would almost certainly extend into the open space. It is recommended that the disposal field for Lot 7 be depicted with required setbacks of 10-feet in the final approved subdivision application.

Response: The location of the subsurface systems have been revised to provide the necessary setbacks.

Comment:

9. Section 250-29 Sewage Disposal - Groundwater Impact Study - The well exclusion zones as depicted would allow for a well to be installed 100 feet directly downgradient of a disposal field plume. SME recommends that the well exclusion zones be expanded to remove lot areas directly downgradient of the nitrate plumes.

Response: The proposed well exclusion zones have been revised to provide additional setbacks on the affected lots. Proposed wells will be installed in accordance with applicable regulations.

Comment:

10. Section 250-29 Sewage Disposal - Groundwater Impact Study - While it is unlikely that a dug or overburden well would be constructed for water supply, SME recommends that dug wells or overburden wells be prohibited on-site for drinking water supply.

Response: A note is included on the subdivision plan prohibiting dug wells or overburden wells.

Comment:

11. Section 250-29 Sewage Disposal - Groundwater Impact Study - If significant modifications are necessary to accommodate future building plans on a lot, then it is recommended that a revised groundwater impact study be prepared by a qualified Professional Engineer or Certified Geologist licensed in the State of Maine and submitted to the Town.

Response: No reply necessary.



Comment:

12. Section 250-32 through 250-34 — Street Design and Construction standards - In existing conditions, there is not adequate sight distance at the intersection with Orchard Road, in either direction. The Applicant proposes removal of vegetation on both sides to provide adequate sight distance. SME recommends that removal of vegetation to provide the required sight distances be a condition of the Planning Board approval and the area be identified on the Subdivision Plan to be recorded.

Response: A note requiring removal of trees to improve sight distance is shown on the Subdivision Plan.

Comment:

13. Section 250-44 – Fire Protection - Please provide information on fire protection.

Response: Sheet 4 Subdivision Plan, and Sheet 5 Overall Layout and Utility Plan, submitted with the Preliminary Subdivision application contain notes requiring sprinkler systems for all residential buildings within the subdivision.

Comment:

14. Section 250-49 — Waivers and modifications. - Trees 10-inch diameter or more: SME recommends approval of this waiver.

Response: No response necessary.

Comment:

15. Section 250-49 — Waivers and modifications. - High Intensity Soil Survey: A wetland delineation and soil test pit information are consistent with the soils and geological map information provided in the Application. SME recommends approval of this waiver.

Response: No response necessary.

Comment:

Section 250-49 – Waivers and modifications. - Soil boundaries and names superimposed on plot plan:
 SME recommends approval of this waiver.

Response: No response necessary.

Comment:

17. Section 250-49 — Waivers and modifications. - Building locations: SME recommends approval of this waiver.

Response: No response necessary.

Comment:

18. Section 250-49 — Waivers and modifications. - Location of temporary markers in field: SME recommends approval of this waiver.

Response: No response necessary.

Comment:

19. SME recommends that space and bulk standards and notes from the Overall Layout and Utility Plan be added to the Subdivision Plan to be recorded.

Response: The standards and notes have been added to the Subdivision Plan.

Comment:

20. SME recommends that the transformer easements be labeled on the Subdivision Plan to be recorded.



Response: The transformer easements have been added to the Subdivision Plan.

WCH/jwa/U:\3236.01 TZ Properties Orchard Rd Cumberland\P Applications\Local\Comments\LOC #1 11-15-17.docx

NARRATIVE

Final Plan Submission

The following narrative addresses the final subdivision application submittal requirements.

Chapter 250 -7.D.2

- a) Written approval from the MDEP and the ACOE is included in Attachment F.
- b) Individual wells are proposed for water service.
- c) Individual subsurface wastewater disposal systems are proposed for each lot. See Attachment H for Groundwater Impact Study. The individual lot owners will be responsible for obtaining a subsurface wastewater disposal system design for their lot.
- **d)** A solid waste disposal plan has not been provided. It has been assumed that municipal solid waste disposal will be provided.
- e) The stormwater management plan has been reviewed and approved by the MDEP as part of the Stormwater Permit application. See Attachment F for MDEP approval.

Chapter 250 -7.D.6

b) The following construction schedule is submitted as required for the performance guarantee. The opinion of cost follows this page.

The following construction sequence shall be required to insure the effectiveness of the erosion and sedimentation control measures are optimized:

It is anticipated that construction of the Subdivision roadway and related infrastructure will commence in Spring of 2018 and be completed by Winter of 2018.

Note: For all grading activities, the contractor shall exercise extreme caution not to overexpose the site, this shall be accomplished by limiting the disturbed area.

- Install stabilized construction entrance at the intersection of the proposed roadway and Orchard Road.
- 2. Install perimeter silt fence and/or wood waste berms prior to grubbing respective areas.
- Clear and grub roadway and stormwater management areas using caution not to overexpose the site. Install stone check dams at any evident concentrated flow discharge points.
- 4. Commence earthwork and grading to subgrade.
- 5. Commence installation of drainage appurtenances.
- 6. Commence construction grassed underdrained soil filter.
- 7. Commence installation of electric/cable/telephone lines.
- 8. Complete remaining earthwork operations.
- 9. Complete installation of catch basins and appurtenances.

- 10. Install sub-base and base gravel within roadway.
- 11. Install curbing along the streets as needed.
- 12. Install base course paving for roadway.
- 13. Loam, lime, fertilize, seed and mulch disturbed areas.
- 14. Install surface course paving for roadway. Stripe per plan.
- 15. Once the site is stabilized and a 90% catch of vegetation has been obtained, remove all temporary erosion control measures.
- 16. Touch up loam and seed.

PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT

AGREEMENT made this 2/3t day of MAY, 2018, by and between Zachary O. Davis and Jenny J. Davis (hereinafter called "Davis") and TZ Properties, LLC (hereinafter called "TZ").

In consideration of the covenants hereinafter set forth, Davis and TZ hereby agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Purchase and Sale</u>. Davis and TZ hereby agree to exchange parcels of land and agree that TZ will pay a sum of money in addition to conveying a parcel of land to Davis. In particular, TZ agrees to convey to Davis the unimproved land situated in Cumberland, Maine, consisting of .47 acres, more or less, further described in Exhibit A attached hereto. Davis agrees to convey to TZ abutting unimproved land situated in Cumberland, Maine, consisting of .46 acres, more or less, further described in Exhibit B attached hereto.
- 2. <u>Purchase Price</u>. The total purchase price to be paid by TZ (in addition to its conveyance of the above-described parcel to Davis) for the Property to be conveyed by Davis shall be Three Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$ 3500) payable by certified or bank check immediately upon approval of TZ's subdivision application by the Town of Cumberland. Davis will have no obligation to make any cash payment to TZ. The obligation of TZ to make this cash payment shall survive the closing.

3. Closing. Closing shall occur, except as may otherwise be provided herein, on or
before Tube 1 , 2018, at the offices of
, Maine or shall occur at any other time, date and/or other place as may be agreed upon in writing by the parties hereto. The closing shall involve the
other place as may be agreed upon in writing by the parties hereto. The closing shall involve the
exchange of parcels of real estate, but not the \$3500 cash payment above-referenced, which shall
be made subsequent to closing and upon the final approval of the subdivision.

- 4. <u>Conditions to Closing:</u> This Agreement is subject to the following conditions precedent to closing:
 - (a) TZ shall not be required to pay the \$3500 above-referenced unless and until it receives final approval for its pending application for approval of a subdivision situated on Orchard Road, Cumberland, Maine, from the Cumberland Town Planning Board.
 - (b) The title to each parcel to be exchanged shall be marketable.
- 5. <u>Conveyance</u>; <u>Title</u>. At the Closing, each party shall execute and deliver to the other a good and sufficient deed with quitclaim covenant conveying to the respective grantee the parcel in fee simple, with good and marketable title thereto, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances. In the event that either party on the Closing Date cannot deliver title in such

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto, hereunto duly authorized, have executed and delivered this Agreement as of the day and year first above written.

Witness

Witness

Jonny has

Witness

Zachary O. Davis

lennyji. Davis

TZ Properties, LLC

ZAREH DERHA 60 PIAN

By: PRESIDENT

condition, the Closing Date shall be postponed for a period of thirty (30) days, and such conveying party shall use its best efforts to remove the title defect during such thirty (30) day period. If such defect cannot be removed by such conveying party during such thirty (30) day period, the other party may either (a) terminate this Agreement, in which case all parties hereto shall be released from their obligations hereunder; or (b) consummate the purchase of the Property in accordance with this Agreement, accepting such title as such conveying party is able to convey, with appropriate adjustment of the consideration.

6. <u>Possession</u>; <u>Transfer Tax</u>; <u>Real Estate Tax</u>; <u>Income Tax Withholding</u>, <u>Pro-rations</u>. At closing, each party will acquire the right to immediate possession of the parcel conveyed to it. The parties will each pay their respective share of the Maine state transfer tax due with respect to each parcel exchanged..

All real estate taxes will be pro-rated as of the date of closing. Each conveying party is responsible for any unpaid taxes for prior years, including any interest or penalties thereon.

- 7. <u>Default</u>. In the event of default by either party, the other shall have all its remedies at law or in equity, including the right to specific performance.
- 8. Other Terms and conditions: TZ agrees to plant six (6) evergreen trees to serve as a buffer along the properly line of the lot it will acquire hereunder and the access road to the lots in the subdivision. This obligation shall survive the closing.
- 9. <u>Notices</u>. Any notice required or permitted hereunder shall be either hand delivered or mailed by certified mail, return receipt requested as follows:

To TZ:	To Davis:	***************************************
		W

10. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon the heirs, successors, personal representatives, and assigns of the parties hereto. This Agreement represents the entire agreement of the parties; all prior discussions, representations and agreements are integrated herein; and any modification or amendment hereby shall be in writing, signed by the parties hereto. This Agreement shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Maine.

EXHIBIT A

Proposed Description
TZ Properties, LLC to Zachary O. & Jenny J. Davis
Orchard Road, Cumberland, Maine
December 13, 2017

A certain lot or parcel of land located on the southwesterly side of Orchard Road in the Town of Cumberland, County of Cumberland, State of Maine, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a capped iron rod found (PLS 1175) on the southwesterly sideline of Orchard Road at the easterly corner of land now or formerly of Zachary O. Davis and Jenny J. Davis as described in a deed recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds in Book 33622, Page 303. Thence:

- (1) S 53°49'19" E by said Orchard Road a distance of Fifty-Seven and 50/100 (57.50) feet to a point and remaining land of the Grantor;
- (2) S 36°39'29" W by said remaining land of the Grantor a distance of Two Hundred Forty-Three and 33/100 (243.33) feet to a point of curvature;
- (3) Southwesterly by said remaining land of the Grantor, following a curve to the right having a radius of Two Hundred and 00/100 (200.00) feet, an arc distance of One Hundred Seven and 43/100 (107.43) feet to a point, said point being located S 52°02'45" W a distance of One Hundred Six and 14/100 (106.14) feet from the last mentioned point;
- (4) N 51°56'28" W by said remaining land of the Grantor a distance of Thirty-Seven and 77/100 (37.77) feet to a point and the southeasterly sideline of said land of Davis;
- (5) N 38°03'32" E by said land of Davis a distance of Three Hundred Forty-Four and 36/100 (344.36) feet to the point of beginning.

The above described parcel contains 20,370 square feet, or 0.47 acres, and being a portion of property described in a deed to TZ Properties, LLC as described in a deed recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds in Book 34200, Page 67. Bearings are referenced to Grid North, Maine State Plane Coordinate System, West Zone (NAD83).

Reference is herein made to a Plan of Standard Boundary Survey made for Gorrill-Palmer by Titcomb Associates dated September 29, 2017 and revised December 13, 2017. Reference is also made to a Boundary Survey of Remaining Land Now of Virginia H. Ward made for Virginia H. Ward by Brian Smith at Sitelines, PA dated January 18, 2017.

EXHIBIT B

Proposed Description

Zachary O. & Jenny J. Davis to TZ Properties, LLC

Orchard Road, Cumberland, Maine

December 13, 2017

A certain lot or parcel of land located on the southwesterly side of, but not adjacent to, Orchard Road in the Town of Cumberland, County of Cumberland, State of Maine, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a capped iron rod found (PLS 1175) at the southeasterly corner of the Grantor at a corner of land now or formerly of TZ Properties, LLC as described in a deed recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds in Book 34200, Page 67. Thence:

- (1) N 51°56'28" W by said land of TZ Properties, LLC a distance of Two Hundred and 50/100 (200.50) feet to a capped iron rod found (PLS 1175);
- (2) N 38°03'32" E by said land of TZ Properties, LLC a distance of One Hundred and 66/100 (100.66) feet to a point and the southwesterly corner of remaining land of the Grantor;
- (3) S 51°56'28" E by said remaining land of the Grantor a distance of Two Hundred and 50/100 (200.50) feet to a point and land of said TZ Properties, LLC;
- (4) S 38°03'32" W by said land of TZ Properties, LLC a distance of One Hundred and 66/100 (100.66) feet to the point of beginning.

The above described parcel contains 20,183 square feet, or 0.46 acres, and being a portion of property described in a deed to Zachary O. Davis and Jenny J. Davis recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds in Book 33622, Page 303. Bearings are referenced to Grid North, Maine State Plane Coordinate System, West Zone (NAD83).

Reference is herein made to a Plan of Standard Boundary Survey made for Gorrill-Palmer by Titcomb Associates dated September 29, 2017 and revised December 13, 2017. Reference is also made to a Boundary Survey of Remaining Land Now of Virginia H. Ward made for Virginia H. Ward by Brian Smith at Sitelines, PA dated January 18, 2017.

\217083\descriptions\FromDavis.dsc



November 16, 2017

Confirmation:

Information regarding the credit line account of TZ Properties LLC

C/o Zareh Derhagopian -- UBS Account Number: 5Vxxx37

I am writing in response to your request for verification of information concerning the UBS Financial Services Inc. ("UBS") account of TZ Properties LLC. As of the close of business on Wednesday, November 15, 2017, the above mentioned credit line account had cash available in excess of \$600,000.

Please be aware this account is linked to a securities account and is not a "bank" account. Securities, mutual funds and other non-deposit investment products are not FDIC-insured or bank guaranteed and are subject to market fluctuation. The above-referenced account value may reflect assets not held at UBS.

Questions

If you have any questions about this information, please contact Katie Ouellette at 207-791-5526.

UBS Financial Services is a member firm of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

Sincerely,

Katie Ouellette, RP®

Wealth Management Associate

Senior Registered Client Service Assoc.

UBS Financial Services Inc.

Ground Breaking Excavation Inc.

460 Greely Rd Ext Cumberland, ME 04021 US (207) 650-1930 groundbreakr@gmail.com **Estimate**

4,000.00

ADDRESS

Zareh Derhagopian 23 Stormy Brook Rd Falmouth, ME 04105

ESTIMATE#

36" N-12 Culvert

DATE

1213

11/12/2017

Please detach top portion and return with your payment.

ACTIVITY	AMOUNT
RE: Orchard Rd Subdivision. Cumberland,ME	
Estimate includes: Erosion control, cutting trees, stumping and disposal, grubbing/installing @1500' of 26' wide road with base and finish gravel, allowance for testing, installing culverts/crossings,catch basins and grassed underdrains. Installing underground utilties(power/cable/tele).Installing curbing after base coat paving. Loaming/seeding/mulching the disturbed areas.	
Estimate does not include: Surveys,paving,signs,landscaping.	
Erosion Control,mulch, silt fence,construction entrance, Cutting trees.	8,000.00
Stumping/grinding on site/installing @1500' of 26' wide gravel road with cross culverts:	
Cat 312 Excavator	60,000.00
Skid-Steer	40,000.00
Trucking	20,000.00
Labor	7,000.00
Vibratory Roller, 52"	3,375.00
Disposal Fees/ Grinding stumps	10,000.00
Sieve test allowance	700.00
Sand	30,000.00
4" Crushed Gravel	46,800.00
1 1/2 Crushed Gravel	12,390.00
3/4" Crushed Stone	7,200.00
Insulation	2,880.00

Ground Breaking Excavation Inc.

460 Greely Rd Ext Cumberland, ME 04021 US (207) 650-1930 groundbreakr@gmail.com

ADDRESS

Zareh Derhagopian 23 Stormy Brook Rd Falmouth, ME 04105

ESTIMATE#

DATE

1213

11/12/2017

Please detach top portion and return with your payment.

ACTIVITY

RE: Orchard Rd Subdivision. Cumberland, ME

Estimate includes: Erosion control, cutting trees, stumping and disposal, grubbing/installing @1500' of 26' wide road with base and finish gravel, allowance for testing, installing culverts/crossings,catch basins and grassed underdrains. Installing underground utilities(power/cable/tele).Installing curbing after base coat paving. Loaming/seeding/mulching the disturbed areas.

Estimate does not include: Surveys, paving, signs, landscaping.

Erosion Control, mulch, silt fence, construction entrance, Cutting trees.

8,000.00

46,800.00

Estimate

Stumping/grinding on site/installing @1500' of 26' wide gravel road with cross culverts:

Cat 312 Excavator	60,000.00
Skid-Steer	40,000.00
Trucking	20,000.00
Labor	7,000.00
Vibratory Roller, 52"	3,375.00
Disposal Fees/ Grinding stumps	10,000.00
Sieve test allowance	700.00
Sand	30,000.00

4" Crushed Gravel

1 1/2 Crushed Gravel 12,390.00

3/4" Crushed Stone 7,200.00

Insulation 2,880.00

36" N-12 Culvert 4,000.00

ACTIVITY		AMOUNT
72" N-12 Culvert		5,760.00
15" N-12 Culvert		3,080.00
12" N/12 Smooth Bore Culvert		5,720.00
4' Catch Basins w/grates		5,000.00
Misc Fittings/pipe		1,000.00
Silt Sack, Erosion control for CB's		405.00
Catch Basin Snout		2,000.00
6" Rip Rap		3,600.00
Granite curb and concrete curb install:		
New granite curb installed.		3,600.00
Concrete curb installed		29,900.00
Underground conduit/transformers:		
Cat 312 Excavator		10,000.00
Skid-Steer		3,000.00
Trucking		3,200.00
Labor		2,000.00
Sand		3,800.00
Transformer Pads (Fiberglass))		3,325.00
4" Sched 40 Conduit, 2 runs (2.90 ft)		12,180.00
2 1/2" Conduit, 2 runs		7,350.00
Misc Fittings		500.00
Grassed underdrains:		No. Televis and
2, Grassed underdrain install.		35,000.00
Loaming/seeding disturbed areas:		
Cat 312 Excavator		8,400.00
Trucking		3,840.00
Skid-Steer		2,850.00
Labor		2,400.00
Screened Loam		13,200.00
Lawn Install, Seed, Fert, Mulch		6,400.00
	TOTAL	\$429,855.00



200 PERIMETER ROAD 603-627-4659 **MANCHESTER** NH 03103

Quotation

UNLESS THERE ARE DIFFERENT OR ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS CONTAINED IN A MASTER AGREEMENT THAT MODIFY WESCO'S STANDARD TERMS, BUYER AGREES THAT THIS QUOTE AND ANY RESULTING PURCHASE ORDER WILL BE GOVERNED BY WESCO'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS DATED 011107 AVAILABLE AT HTTP://WWW.WESCO.COM/TERMS_AND_CONDITIONS_OF_SALE.PDF, WHICH TERMS ARE INCORPORATED HEREIN BY REFERENCE AND MADE PART HEREOF. PLEASE CONTACT THE SELLER IDENTIFIED ON THIS QUOTE IF YOU REQUIRE A PRINTED COPY.

To: **RUDY ALHQUIST** 20 SMALL POND RD TZ PROPERTIES / ORCHARD SUBDIV **GORHAM** ME 040382091

Date: 04/10/18 Branch: 1120

Project Number: ORCHARD RD SUB

Project Name Quoted To:

Date of Your 04/10/18 Inquiry:

When ordering please refer to Quotation Number:

527483

Item	Quantity	Catalog Number and Description	Unit Price	U/M	Total Price	Rate of Cash Discount	Shipping Time (Weeks)	Customer Delivery Date
10	3475	OKON 161-23-3060 2AL-15KV-URD 280	2230.000	М	7749.25	0.00		04/19/18
		REEL PUT UPS OF 1 X						
		915'- 1 X 1,200'- 1 X						
		1360'.						
23	8	T&B 162LR-B-5220 15KV 200A LB ELB	32.000	E	256.00	0.00		04/19/18
33	8	3M 8452 CABLE ACCESSORY SEALING K	12.500	E	100.00	0.00		04/19/18
43	1	T&B 161SOP STAND OFF PLUG 15KV	38.500	E	38.50	0.00		04/19/18
53	1	T&B 160DRG INSULATED CAP/GRD LEAD	25.000	E	25.00	0.00		04/19/18
63	4	ERC 615880 GR RODPTDCU-BONDNOM 5/	12.500	E	50.00	0.00		04/19/18
73	4	BUR GRC58 5/8 IN GRD ROD CLAMP	1.800	E	7.20	0.00		04/19/18
83	2	IDEAL 42-151 6-IN RED ELEC BURIED	46.000	E	92.00	0.00		04/19/18
93	4	HGL HL48M-DS BOX PAD	330.000	E	1320.00	0.00		04/19/18
95		INBOUND TRANSPORTATION			300.00			
96		OUTBOUND TRANSPORTATION			75.00			
		SUB-TOTAL			10012.95			
		ESTIMATED TAX			546.59			
		TOTAL			10559.54			

F.O.B. Point of Shipment. The prices stated in this offer shall, unless renewed, automatically expire fifteen days (15) from the date of this offer.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 696 VIRGINIA ROAD CONCORD, MASSACHUSETTS 01742-2751

MAINE GENERAL PERMIT (GP) **AUTHORIZATION LETTER AND SCREENING SUMMARY**

TZ PROPERTIES, LLC

23 STORMY BROOK ROAD	CORPS PERMIT #	NAE-2018-00061 18-010
FALMOUTH, MAINE 04105	CORPS GP ID# STATE ID#	PBR
DESCRIPTION OF WORK:		• •
Place temporary and permanent fill below the ordinary high water freshwater wetlands off Orchard Road at Cumberland, Maine in ord		
subdivision. The work will result in approximately 771 s.f. of stream		
impact. This work is shown on the attached plans entitled "Orcha"		
"NOV 2017" and "Orchard Road Subdivision, Cumberland, Maine"	in three sheets date	<u>a "NOV 2017". </u>
_AT/LONG COORDINATES : 44.831650° N N70.300948°	W USGS QUAD	CUMBERLAND CTR, ME
. CORPS DETERMINATION:		
Based on our review of the information you provided, we have determined that your project vaters and wetlands of the United States. <u>Your work is therefore authorized by the U.S</u>	will have only minimal ind	ividual and cumulative impacts on
Permit, the Maine General Permit (GP). Accordingly, we do not plan to take any further:	action on this project.	ers under the enclosed rederal
ou must perform the activity authorized herein in compliance with all the terms and condition	ions of the GP [including a	ny attached Additional Conditions
and any conditions placed on the State 401 Water Quality Certification <u>including any requir</u> Including the GP conditions beginning on page 5, to familiarize yourself with its contents. Y	ed mitigation]. Please revi	ew the enclosed GP carefully,
equirements; therefore you should be certain that whoever does the work fully understand:	s all of the conditions. You	u may wish to discuss the
conditions of this authorization with your contractor to ensure the contractor can accomplish	h the work in a manner tha	t conforms to all requirements.
f you change the plans or construction methods for work within our jurisdiction, please con uthorization. This office must approve any changes before you undertake them.	tact us immediately to disc	cuss modification of this
Condition 38 of the GP (page 16) provides one year for completion of work that has comme		
of the GP on October 13, 2020. You will need to apply for reauthorization for any work with 1021.	in Corps jurisdiction that is	s not completed by October 13,
This authorization presumes the work shown on your plans noted above is in waters of the	II S. Should you don't to	annoal our juriediction, places
ubmit a request for an approved jurisdictional determination in writing to the undersigned.	U.S. Should you desire to	appear our jurisdiction, please
No work may be started unless and until all other required local, State and Federal license imited to a Flood Hazard Development Permit issued by the town if necessary.	s and permits have been	obtained. This includes but is not
I. STATE ACTIONS: PENDING [X], ISSUED [], DENIED [] DATE_		
APPLICATION TYPE: PBR <u>: X ,</u> TIER 1 <u>: ,</u> TIER 2 <u>; ,</u> TIER 3 <u>; ,</u> L'	URC: DMR LEAS	SE: NA:
II. FEDERAL ACTIONS:		
OINT PROCESSING MEETING: 1/11/18 LEVEL OF REVIEW: CATE	GORY 1: CATE	GORY 2 <u>: X</u>
AUTHORITY (Based on a review of plans and/or State/Federal applications): SEC 10	, 404 <u>X</u> 10/	404, 103
XCLUSIONS: The exclusionary criteria identified in the general permit do not apply to the	his project.	
EDERAL RESOURCE AGENCY OBJECTIONS: EPA_NO_, USF&WS_NO_, NA	MFS <u>NO</u>	
you have any questions on this matter, please contact my staff at 207-623-8367 at our Auou, we would appreciate your completing our Customer Service Survey located at		

JAYL. CLEMENT SENIOR PROJECT MANAGER MAINE PROJECT OFFICE

FRANK J. DEL GIUDICE

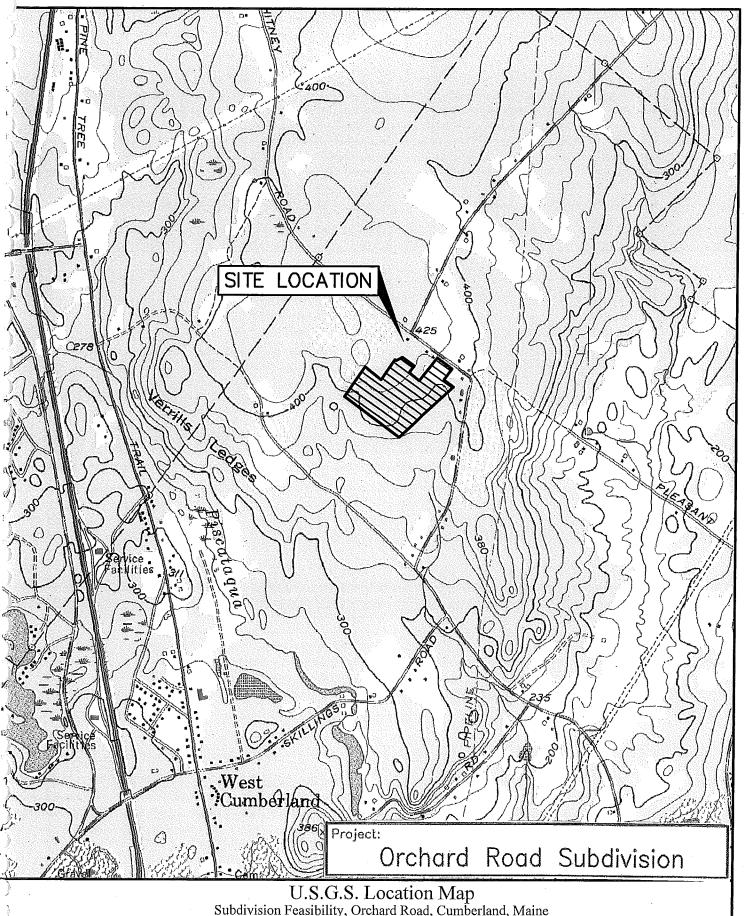
CHIEF, PERMITS & ENFORCEMENT BRANCH
REGULATORY DIVISION

/DATE



PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS FOR DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY GENERAL PERMIT NO. NAE-2018-00061

- 1. This authorization requires you to 1) notify us before beginning work so we may inspect the project, and 2) submit a Compliance Certification Form. You must complete and return the enclosed Work Start Notification Form(s) to this office at least two weeks before the anticipated starting date. You must complete and return the enclosed Compliance Certification Form within one month following the completion of the authorized work and any required mitigation (but not mitigation monitoring, which requires separate submittals).
- 2. The permittee shall assure that a copy of this permit is at the work site whenever work is being performed and that all personnel performing work at the site of the work authorized by this permit are fully aware of the terms and conditions of the permit. This permit, including its drawings and any appendices and other attachments, shall be made a part of any and all contracts and sub-contracts for work which affects areas of Corps of Engineers' jurisdiction at the site of the work authorized by this permit. This shall be done by including the entire permit in the specifications for the work. If the permit is issued after construction specifications but before receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit shall be included as an addendum to the specifications. The term "entire permit" includes permit amendments. Although the permittee may assign various aspects of the work to different contractors or sub-contractors, all contractors and sub-contractors shall be obligated by contract to comply with all environmental protection provisions of the entire permit, and no contract or sub-contract shall require or allow unauthorized work in areas of Corps of Engineers jurisdiction.
- 3. Adequate sedimentation and erosion control devices, such as geotextile silt fences or other devices capable of filtering the fines involved, shall be installed and properly maintained to minimize impacts during construction. These devices must be removed upon completion of work and stabilization of disturbed areas. The sediment collected by these devices must also be removed and placed upland, in a manner that will prevent its later erosion and transport to a waterway or wetland.
- 4. All exposed soils resulting from the construction will be promptly seeded and mulched in order to achieve vegetative stabilization.
- 5. All areas of temporary fill shall be restored to their original contour and character upon completion of the work.
- 6. All tree cutting shall occur between October 16 and April 19 of any year to the maximum extent practicable and no tree cutting shall occur between June 1 and July 31 of any year in order to minimize potential impacts to federally listed northern long-eared bats.



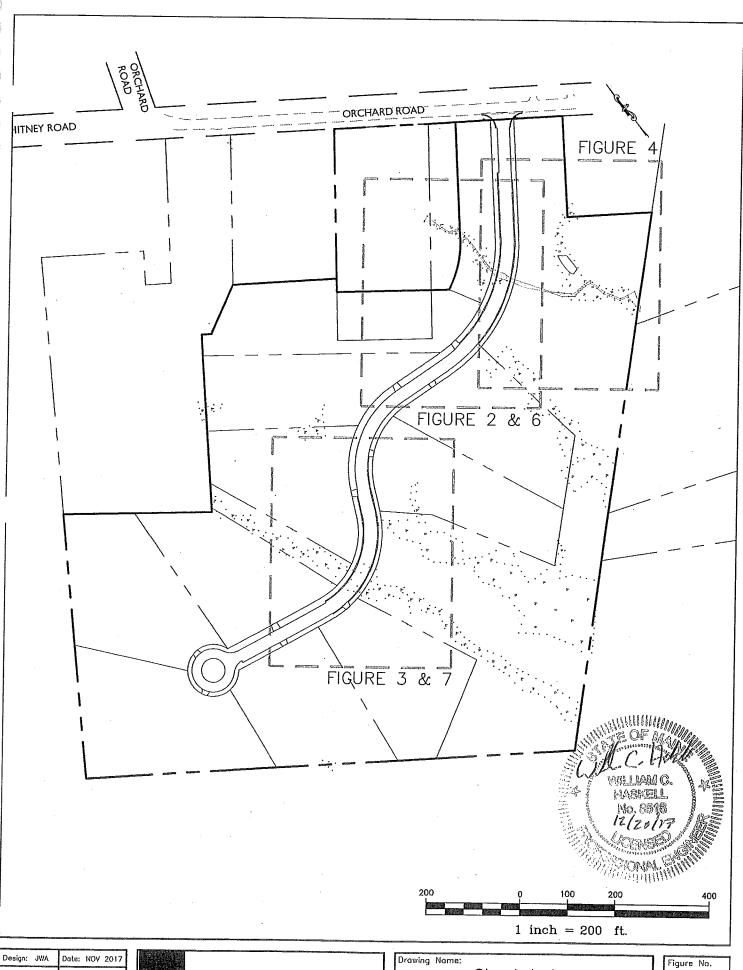
Subdivision Feasibility, Orchard Road, Cumberland, Maine U.S.G.S. Cumberland Center, State-7.5 Minute Series (Topographic)

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Relationships. Responsiveness. Results. www.gorrillpalmer.com 207.772.25 | 5

Figure

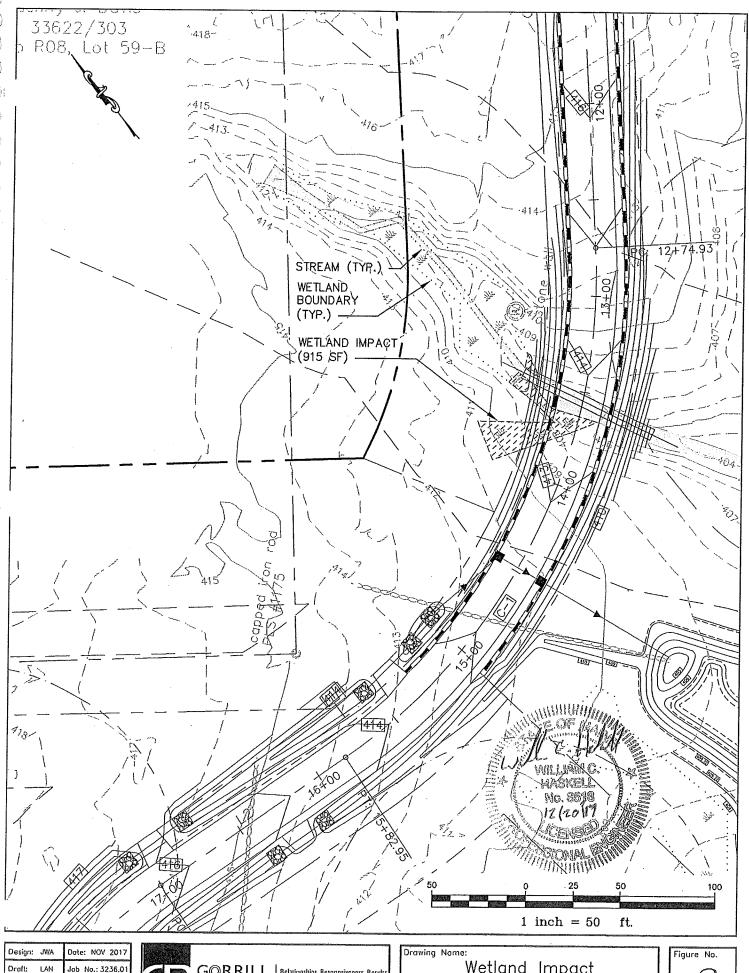


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Drawing Name:
Sheet Index
Project:
Orchard Road Subdivision

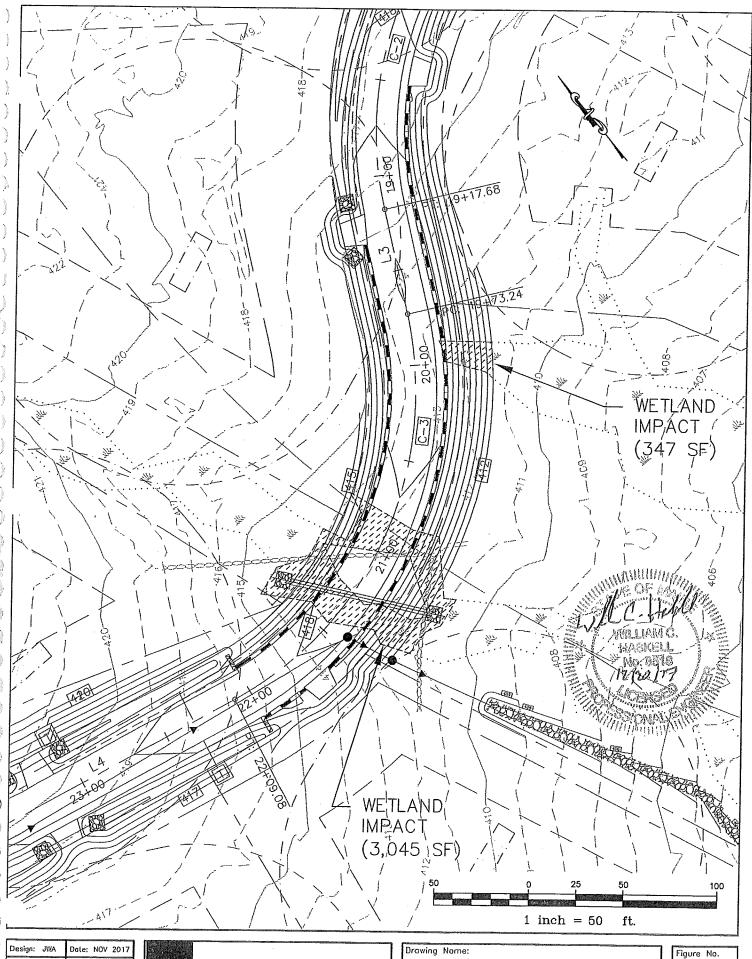
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Wetland Impact
Praject:
Orchard Road Subdivision

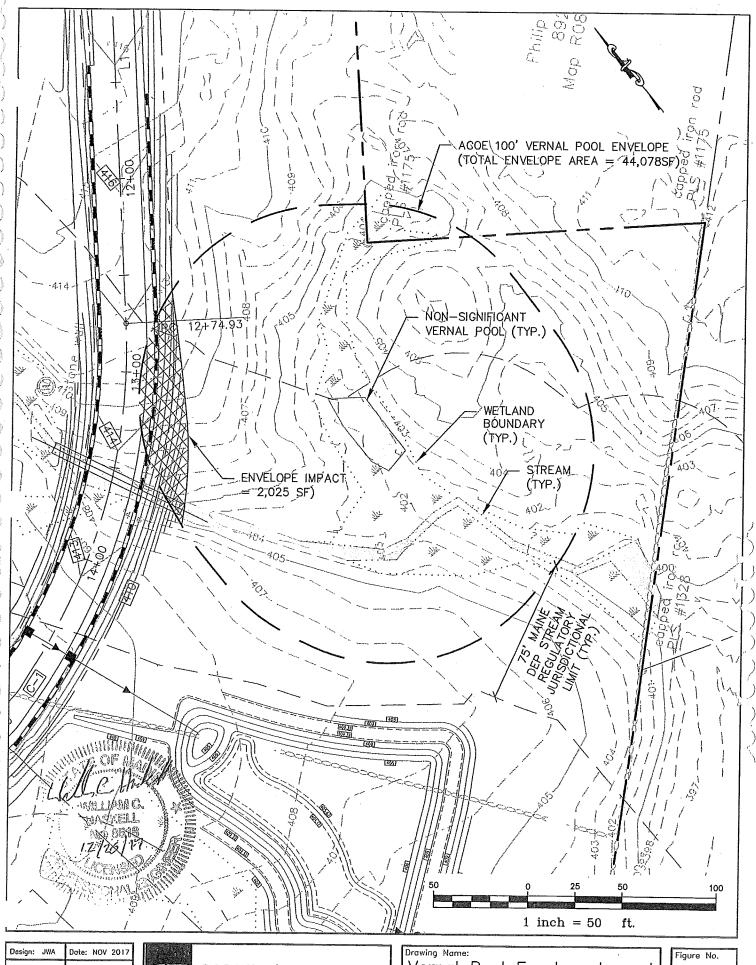
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Wetland Impact
Project:
Orchard Road Subdivision

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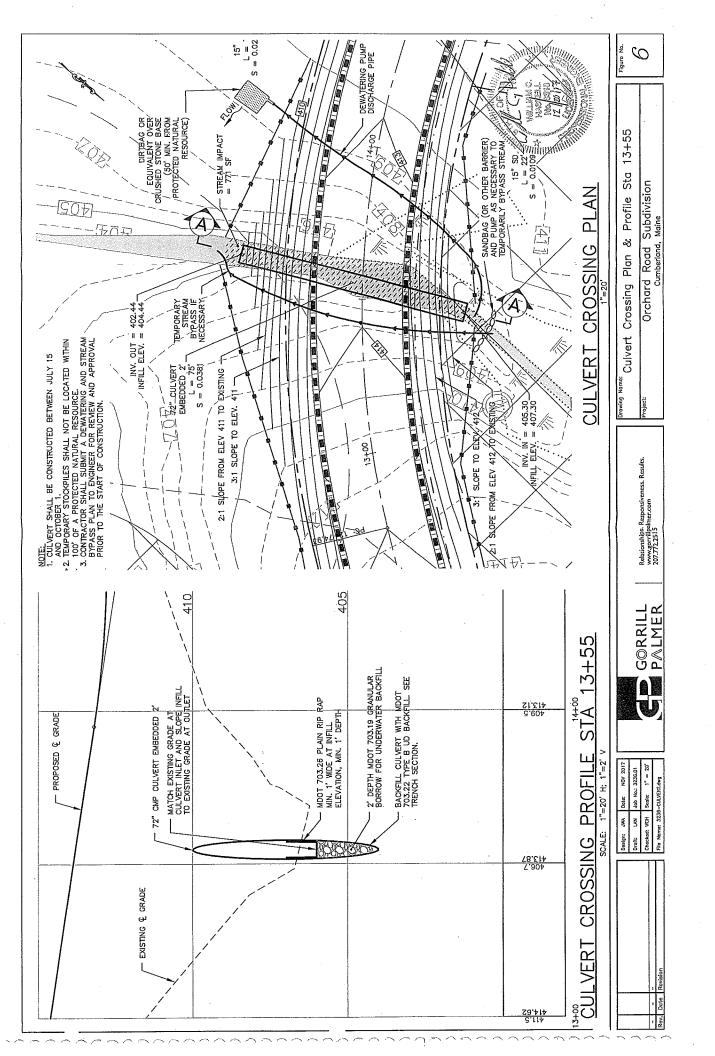
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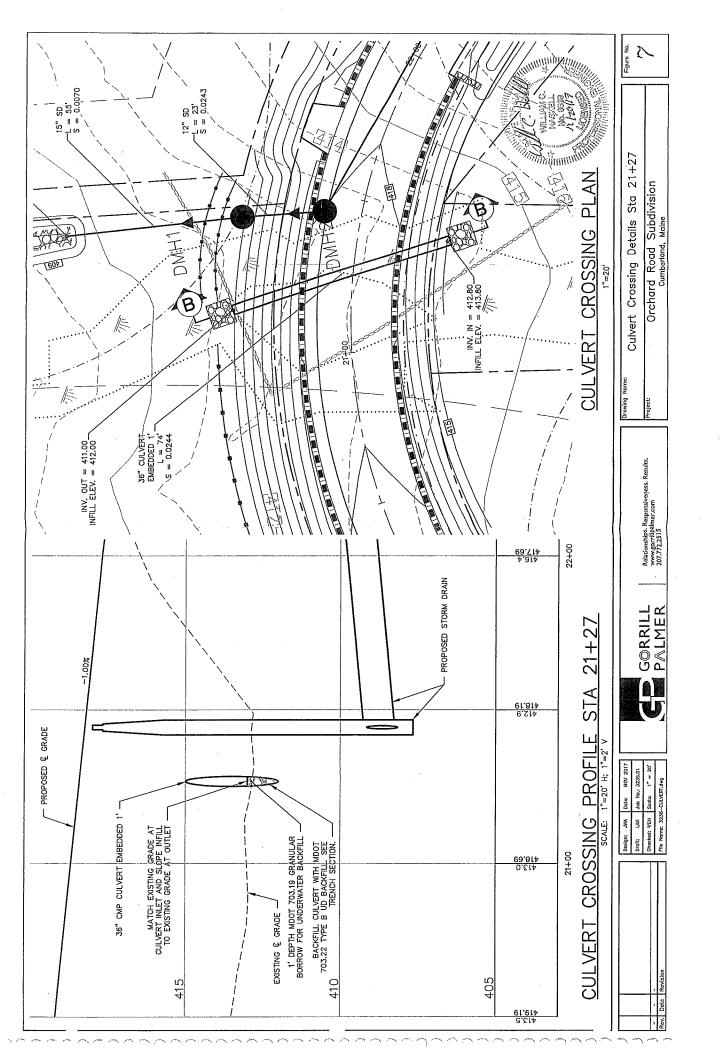
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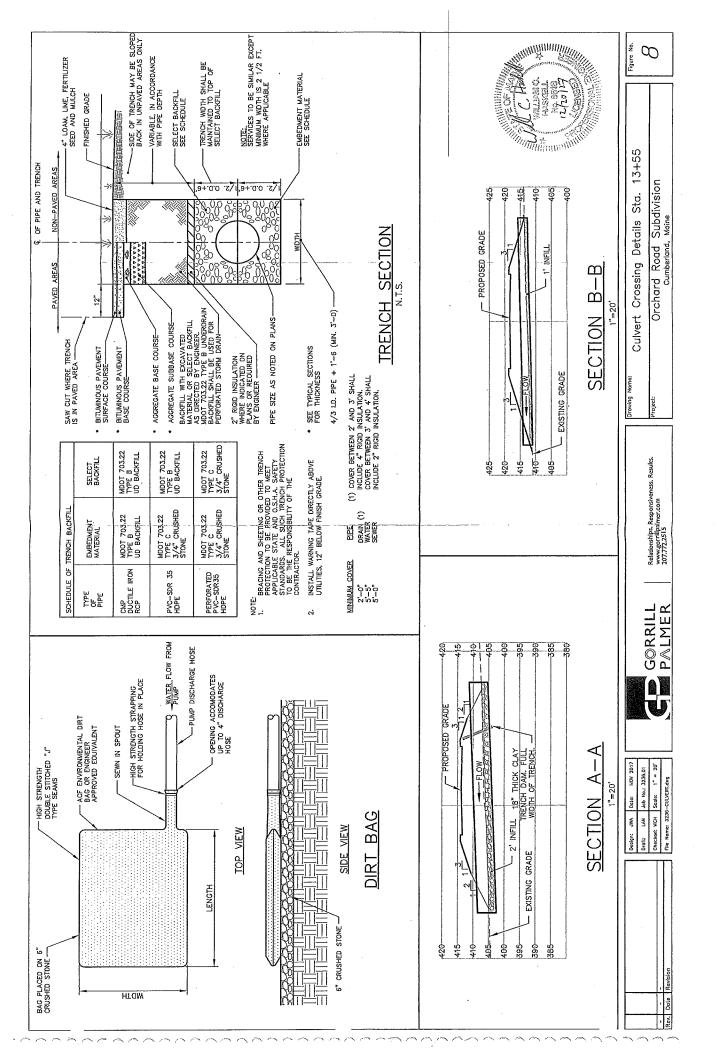


Vernal Pool Envelope Impact
Project:
Orchard Road Subdivision

4









GENERAL PERMIT WORK-START NOTIFICATION FORM

(Minimum Notice: Two weeks before work begins)

* MAIL TO: IIS Army Corns of Fre	**************************************
* MAIL TO: U.S. Army Corps of Eng * Permits and Enforcement	
* Regulatory Division	it Dianen *
* 696 Virginia Road	*
* Concord, Massachusetts	
************	****************
freshwater wetlands off Orchard Road at C permittee to place temporary and permaner	-00061 was issued to TZ Properties, LLC ocated in an unnamed stream and in adjacent Cumberland, Maine. The permit authorized the nt fill in order to develop a 10-lot residential ximately 771 s.f. of stream bed impact and 4,307 s.f.
The people (e.g., contractor) listed below veconditions and limitations.	will do the work, and they understand the permit's
PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE	
Name of Person/Firm:	
Business Address:	
Telephone Numbers: ()	()
-	Finish:
Permittee/Agent Signature:	·
Printed Name:	Title:
Date Permit Issued:	
	E CORPS OF ENGINEERS
DM. Clamont	Submittals Described. No
PM: Clement	Submittals Required: No
Inspection Recommendation: Inspe	ct as convenient



Permit Number: NAE-2018-00061

(Minimum Notice: Permittee must sign and return notification within one month of the completion of work.)

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION FORM

Project Manager	Clement			
Name of Permittee:	TZ Properties, LLC			
Permit Issuance Da	te:			
and any mitigation re	fication and return it to the fequired by the permit. You a monitoring, which requires	must subr	nit this after the mi	
*********	********	******	******	*****
* MAIL TO: U.	S. Army Corps of Engineers	s. New Er	ngland District	*
	ermits and Enforcement Bran		8	*
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* 69	6 Virginia Road			*
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Corps of Engineers repermit suspension, multiple of the permit suspension, multiple of the permit suspension of the permi	permitted activity is subject epresentative. If you fail to codification, or revocation. If the work authorized by the terms and conditions of the pleted in accordance with	comply when the above the above	vith this permit you referenced permit referenced permit	are subject to
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STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 17 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333-0017

DEPARTMENT ORDER

IN THE MATTER OF

TZ PROPERTIES, LLC) STORMWATER MANAGEMENT LAW
Cumberland, Cumberland County)
ORCHARD ROAD SUBDIVISON)
L-27792-NJ-A-N (Approval)) FINDINGS OF FACT AND ORDER

Pursuant to the provisions of 38 M.R.S. § 420-D, and Chapters 500 (06-096 C.M.R. ch.500, last amended August 12, 2015) of the Department's Regulations, the Department of Environmental Protection has considered the application of TZ PROPERTIES, LLC with the supportive data, agency review comments, and other related materials on file and FINDS THE FOLLOWING FACTS:

1. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

- A. Summary: The applicant proposes to construct a stormwater management system for an access road, called Orchard Road, which will service a 10-lot single family residential subdivision called Old Orchard Subdivision. The proposed project results in 1.06 acres of impervious area and 2.27 acres of developed area. The project is indicated on a set of plans the first of which is entitled "Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine," prepared by Gorrill Palmer, and dated January 12, 2017. The project site is located off Whitney Road in the Town of Cumberland.
- B. Current Use of the Site: The site of the proposed project is vacant fields and woodland. There are no structures on the property.

2. STORMWATER STANDARDS:

The proposed project includes approximately 2.27 acres of developed area of which 1.06 acres is impervious area. It lies within the watershed of Piscataqua River. The applicant submitted a stormwater management plan based on the Basic and General Standards contained in Department Rules, Chapter 500. The proposed stormwater management system consists of two underdrained soil filters.

A. Basic Standards:

(1) Erosion and Sedimentation Control: The applicant submitted an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan that is based on the performance standards contained in Appendix A of Chapter 500 and the Best Management Practices outlined in the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control BMPs, which were developed by the Department. This plan and plan sheets containing erosion control details were reviewed by, and revised in response to the comments of, the Bureau of Land Resources (BLR).

L-27792-NJ-A-N Page 2 of 8

Erosion control details will be included on the final construction plans and the erosion control narrative will be included in the project specifications to be provided to the construction contractor.

(2) Inspection and Maintenance: The applicant submitted a maintenance plan that addresses both short and long-term maintenance requirements. The maintenance plan is based on the standards contained in Appendix B of Chapter 500. This plan was reviewed by, and revised in response to the comments of, BLR. The applicant will be responsible for the maintenance of all common facilities including the stormwater management system.

Storm sewer grit and sediment materials removed from stormwater control structures during maintenance activities must be disposed of in compliance with the Maine Solid Waste Management Rules.

(3) Housekeeping: The proposed project will comply with the performance standards outlined in Appendix C of Chapter 500.

Based on BLR's review of the erosion and sedimentation control plan and the maintenance plan, the Department finds that the proposed project meets the Basic Standards contained in Chapter 500(4)(B).

B. General Standards:

The applicant's stormwater management plan includes general treatment measures that will mitigate for the increased frequency and duration of channel erosive flows due to runoff from smaller storms, provide for effective treatment of pollutants in stormwater, and mitigate potential thermal impacts. The proposed road meets the definition of "a linear portion of a project" in Chapter 500 and the applicant is proposing to reduce runoff volume control to no less than 75% of the impervious area and no less than 50% of the developed area.

The stormwater management system proposed by the applicant was reviewed by, and revised in response to comments from, BLR. After a final review, BLR commented that the proposed stormwater management system is designed in accordance with the Chapter 500 General Standards and recommended that the applicant's design engineer or other qualified professional oversee the construction of the underdrained soil filters to ensure that they are installed in accordance with the details and notes specified on the approved plans. Within 30 days from completion of the entire system or if the project takes more than one year to complete, at least once per year, the applicant must submit a log of inspection reports detailing the items inspected, photographs taken, and the dates of each inspection to the BLR for review.

L-27792-NJ-A-N Page 3 of 8

Based on the stormwater system's design and BLR's review, the Department finds that the applicant has made adequate provision to ensure that the proposed project will meet the Chapter 500 Basic and General Standards.

BASED on the above findings of fact, and subject to the conditions listed below, the Department makes the following conclusions pursuant to 38 M.R.S. § 420-D, and Chapter 500 of the Department's Regulations:

- A. The applicant has made adequate provision to ensure that the proposed project will meet the Chapter 500 Basic Standards for: (1) erosion and sediment control; (2) inspection and maintenance; (3) housekeeping; and (4) grading and construction activity provided that sediment material removed during maintenance activities are properly disposed of as described in Finding 2A.
- B. The applicant has made adequate provision to ensure that the proposed project will meet the Chapter 500 General Standards provided that stormwater construction inspections and reports are completed as outlined in Finding 2B.

THEREFORE, the Department APPROVES the above noted application of TZ PROPERTIES, LLC to construct a stormwater management system as described above in Cumberland, Maine, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS, and all applicable standards and regulations:

- 1. The Standard Conditions of Approval, a copy attached.
- 2. In addition to any specific erosion control measures described in this order, the applicant shall take all necessary actions to ensure that its activities or those of its agents do not result in noticeable erosion of soils or fugitive dust emissions on the site during the construction and operation of the project covered by this approval.
- 3. Severability. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision, or part thereof, of this License shall not affect the remainder of the provision or any other provisions. This License shall be construed and enforced in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision or part thereof had been omitted.
- 4. Storm sewer grit and sediment materials removed from stormwater control structures shall be disposed of in compliance with the Maine Solid Waste Management Rules.

L-27792-NJ-A-N Page 4 of 8

5. The applicant shall retain the design engineer or other qualified professional to oversee the construction of the stormwater management structures according to the details and notes specified on the approved plans. Within 30 days of completion of the entire system or if the project takes more than one year to complete, at least once per year, the applicant shall submit a log of inspection reports detailing the items inspected, photographs taken, and dates of each inspection to the BLR for review.

THIS APPROVAL DOES NOT CONSTITUTE OR SUBSTITUTE FOR ANY OTHER REQUIRED STATE, FEDERAL OR LOCAL APPROVALS NOR DOES IT VERIFY COMPLIANCE WITH ANY APPLICABLE SHORELAND ZONING ORDINANCES.

DONE AND DATED IN AUGUSTA, MAINE, THIS 30TH DAY OF MARCH, 2018.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

BY: Mah Bruon

Filed

APR 3 2018

State of Maine
Board of Environmental Protection

PLEASE NOTE THE ATTACHED SHEET FOR GUIDANCE ON APPEAL PROCEDURES.

AA/L27792AN/ATS#82639

L-27792-NJ-A-N Page 5 of 8

STORMWATER STANDARD CONDITIONS

STRICT CONFORMANCE WITH THE STANDARD AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF THIS APPROVAL IS NECESSARY FOR THE PROJECT TO MEET THE STATUTORY CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

Standard conditions of approval. Unless otherwise specifically stated in the approval, a department approval is subject to the following standard conditions pursuant to Chapter 500 Stormwater Management Law.

- (1) Approval of variations from plans. The granting of this approval is dependent upon and limited to the proposals and plans contained in the application and supporting documents submitted and affirmed to by the applicant. Any variation from these plans, proposals, and supporting documents must be reviewed and approved by the department prior to implementation. Any variation undertaken without approval of the department is in violation of 38 M.R.S.A. §420-D(8) and is subject to penalties under 38 M.R.S.A. §349.
- (2) Compliance with all terms and conditions of approval. The applicant shall submit all reports and information requested by the department demonstrating that the applicant has complied or will comply with all terms and conditions of this approval. All preconstruction terms and conditions must be met before construction begins.
- (3) Advertising. Advertising relating to matters included in this application may not refer to this approval unless it notes that the approval has been granted WITH CONDITIONS, and indicates where copies of those conditions may be obtained.
- (4) Transfer of project. Unless otherwise provided in this approval, the applicant may not sell, lease, assign, or otherwise transfer the project or any portion thereof without written approval by the department where the purpose or consequence of the transfer is to transfer any of the obligations of the developer as incorporated in this approval. Such approval may only be granted if the applicant or transferee demonstrates to the department that the transferee agrees to comply with conditions of this approval and the proposals and plans contained in the application and supporting documents submitted by the applicant. Approval of a transfer of the permit must be applied for no later than two weeks after any transfer of property subject to the license.
- (5) Time frame for approvals. If the construction or operation of the activity is not begun within four years, this approval shall lapse and the applicant shall reapply to the department for a new approval. The applicant may not begin construction or operation of the project until a new approval is granted. A reapplication for approval may include information submitted in the initial application by reference. This approval, if construction is begun within the four-year time frame, is valid for seven years. If construction is not completed within the seven-year time frame, the applicant must reapply for, and receive, approval prior to continuing construction.
- (6) Certification. Contracts must specify that "all work is to comply with the conditions of the Stormwater Permit." Work done by a contractor or subcontractor pursuant to this approval may not begin before the contractor and any subcontractors have been shown a copy of this approval with the conditions by the developer, and the owner and each contractor and subcontractor has certified, on a form provided by the department, that the approval and conditions have been

L-27792-NJ-A-N Page 6 of 8

- received and read, and that the work will be carried out in accordance with the approval and conditions. Completed certification forms must be forwarded to the department.
- (7) Maintenance. The components of the stormwater management system must be adequately maintained to ensure that the system operates as designed, and as approved by the department.
- (8) Recertification requirement. Within three months of the expiration of each five-year interval from the date of issuance of the permit, the permittee shall certify the following to the department.
 - (a) All areas of the project site have been inspected for areas of erosion, and appropriate steps have been taken to permanently stabilize these areas.
 - (b) All aspects of the stormwater control system have been inspected for damage, wear, and malfunction, and appropriate steps have been taken to repair or replace the facilities.
 - (c) The erosion and stormwater maintenance plan for the site is being implemented as written, or modifications to the plan have been submitted to and approved by the department, and the maintenance log is being maintained.
- (9) Severability. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision, or part thereof, of this permit shall not affect the remainder of the provision or any other provisions. This permit shall be construed and enforced in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision or part thereof had been omitted.

November 16, 2005 (revised December 27, 2011)



DEP INFORMATION SHEET

Appealing a Department Licensing Decision

Dated: March 2012 Contact: (207) 287-2811

SUMMARY

There are two methods available to an aggrieved person seeking to appeal a licensing decision made by the Department of Environmental Protection's ("DEP") Commissioner: (1) in an administrative process before the Board of Environmental Protection ("Board"); or (2) in a judicial process before Maine's Superior Court. An aggrieved person seeking review of a licensing decision over which the Board had original jurisdiction may seek judicial review in Maine's Superior Court.

A judicial appeal of final action by the Commissioner or the Board regarding an application for an expedited wind energy development (35-A M.R.S.A. § 3451(4)) or a general permit for an offshore wind energy demonstration project (38 M.R.S.A. § 480-HH(1)) or a general permit for a tidal energy demonstration project (38 M.R.S.A. § 636-A) must be taken to the Supreme Judicial Court sitting as the Law Court.

This INFORMATION SHEET, in conjunction with a review of the statutory and regulatory provisions referred to herein, can help a person to understand his or her rights and obligations in filing an administrative or judicial appeal.

I. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS TO THE BOARD

LEGAL REFERENCES

The laws concerning the DEP's *Organization and Powers*, 38 M.R.S.A. §§ 341-D(4) & 346, the *Maine Administrative Procedure Act*, 5 M.R.S.A. § 11001, and the DEP's *Rules Concerning the Processing of Applications and Other Administrative Matters* ("Chapter 2"), 06-096 CMR 2 (April 1, 2003).

HOW LONG YOU HAVE TO SUBMIT AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD

The Board must receive a written appeal within 30 days of the date on which the Commissioner's decision was filed with the Board. Appeals filed after 30 calendar days of the date on which the Commissioner's decision was filed with the Board will be rejected.

HOW TO SUBMIT AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD

Signed original appeal documents must be sent to: Chair, Board of Environmental Protection, c/o Department of Environmental Protection, 17 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333-0017; faxes are acceptable for purposes of meeting the deadline when followed by the Board's receipt of mailed original documents within five (5) working days. Receipt on a particular day must be by 5:00 PM at DEP's offices in Augusta; materials received after 5:00 PM are not considered received until the following day. The person appealing a licensing decision must also send the DEP's Commissioner a copy of the appeal documents and if the person appealing is not the applicant in the license proceeding at issue the applicant must also be sent a copy of the appeal documents. All of the information listed in the next section must be submitted at the time the appeal is filed. Only the extraordinary circumstances described at the end of that section will justify evidence not in the DEP's record at the time of decision being added to the record for consideration by the Board as part of an appeal.

WHAT YOUR APPEAL PAPERWORK MUST CONTAIN

Appeal materials must contain the following information at the time submitted:

- 1. *Aggrieved Status*. The appeal must explain how the person filing the appeal has standing to maintain an appeal. This requires an explanation of how the person filing the appeal may suffer a particularized injury as a result of the Commissioner's decision.
- 2. The findings, conclusions or conditions objected to or believed to be in error. Specific references and facts regarding the appellant's issues with the decision must be provided in the notice of appeal.
- 3. *The basis of the objections or challenge*. If possible, specific regulations, statutes or other facts should be referenced. This may include citing omissions of relevant requirements, and errors believed to have been made in interpretations, conclusions, and relevant requirements.
- 4. *The remedy sought.* This can range from reversal of the Commissioner's decision on the license or permit to changes in specific permit conditions.
- 5. All the matters to be contested. The Board will limit its consideration to those arguments specifically raised in the written notice of appeal.
- 6. Request for hearing. The Board will hear presentations on appeals at its regularly scheduled meetings, unless a public hearing on the appeal is requested and granted. A request for public hearing on an appeal must be filed as part of the notice of appeal.
- 7. New or additional evidence to be offered. The Board may allow new or additional evidence, referred to as supplemental evidence, to be considered by the Board in an appeal only when the evidence is relevant and material and that the person seeking to add information to the record can show due diligence in bringing the evidence to the DEP's attention at the earliest possible time in the licensing process or that the evidence itself is newly discovered and could not have been presented earlier in the process. Specific requirements for additional evidence are found in Chapter 2.

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS IN APPEALING A DECISION TO THE BOARD

- 1. Be familiar with all relevant material in the DEP record. A license application file is public information, subject to any applicable statutory exceptions, made easily accessible by DEP. Upon request, the DEP will make the material available during normal working hours, provide space to review the file, and provide opportunity for photocopying materials. There is a charge for copies or copying services.
- 2. Be familiar with the regulations and laws under which the application was processed, and the procedural rules governing your appeal. DEP staff will provide this information on request and answer questions regarding applicable requirements.
- 3. The filing of an appeal does not operate as a stay to any decision. If a license has been granted and it has been appealed the license normally remains in effect pending the processing of the appeal. A license holder may proceed with a project pending the outcome of an appeal but the license holder runs the risk of the decision being reversed or modified as a result of the appeal.

WHAT TO EXPECT ONCE YOU FILE A TIMELY APPEAL WITH THE BOARD

The Board will formally acknowledge receipt of an appeal, including the name of the DEP project manager assigned to the specific appeal. The notice of appeal, any materials accepted by the Board Chair as supplementary evidence, and any materials submitted in response to the appeal will be sent to Board members with a recommendation from DEP staff. Persons filing appeals and interested persons are notified in advance of the date set for Board consideration of an appeal or request for public hearing. With or without holding a public hearing, the Board may affirm, amend, or reverse a Commissioner decision or remand the matter to the Commissioner for further proceedings. The Board will notify the appellant, a license holder, and interested persons of its decision.

II. JUDICIAL APPEALS

Maine law generally allows aggrieved persons to appeal final Commissioner or Board licensing decisions to Maine's Superior Court, see 38 M.R.S.A. § 346(1); 06-096 CMR 2; 5 M.R.S.A. § 11001; & M.R. Civ. P 80C. A party's appeal must be filed with the Superior Court within 30 days of receipt of notice of the Board's or the Commissioner's decision. For any other person, an appeal must be filed within 40 days of the date the decision was rendered. Failure to file a timely appeal will result in the Board's or the Commissioner's decision becoming final.

An appeal to court of a license decision regarding an expedited wind energy development, a general permit for an offshore wind energy demonstration project, or a general permit for a tidal energy demonstration project may only be taken directly to the Maine Supreme Judicial Court. See 38 M.R.S.A. § 346(4).

Maine's Administrative Procedure Act, DEP statutes governing a particular matter, and the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure must be consulted for the substantive and procedural details applicable to judicial appeals.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

If you have questions or need additional information on the appeal process, for administrative appeals contact the Board's Executive Analyst at (207) 287-2452 or for judicial appeals contact the court clerk's office in which your appeal will be filed.

Note: The DEP provides this INFORMATION SHEET for general guidance only; it is not intended for use as a legal reference. Maine law governs an appellant's rights.

707 Sable Oaks Drive, Suite 30

South Portland, Maine 04106

207.772.2515



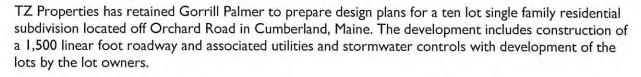
October 19, 2017

Mr. Kirk Mohney State Historic Preservation Officer Maine Historic Preservation Commission 55 Capitol Street, State House Station 65 Augusta, ME 04333

Subject:

Presence of Historical Areas Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine

Dear Mr. Mohney,



The attached Location Map shows the project location.

The project will include a roadway stream crossing of an unnamed stream tributary to the Piscataqua River.

As part of permitting for the project, Gorrill Palmer requests information from your department relative to the presence of any nearby structure or area with historical, architectural or archeological significance as defined by the National Historic Preservation Act.

Thank you for your consideration. If you have any questions regarding the proposed project, please contact our office.

Sincerely,

Gorrill Palmer

James Attianese

Enclosure

Based on the information submitted, I have concluded that there will be no historic properties affected by the proposed undertaking, as defined by Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

Consequently, pursuant to 36 CFR 800.4(d)(1), no further Section 106 consultation is required unless additional resources are discovered during project implementation pursuant to 36 CFR 800.13.

Kirk F. Mohney.

State Historic Preservation Officer

Maine Historic Preservation Commission

JWA/jwa/U:\3236.01 TZ Properties Orchard Rd Cumberland\P Applications\Local\Resource Letters\Mohney_10-3-17.doc



GROUNDWATER IMPACT STUDY ORCHARD ROAD SUBDIVISION ORCHARD ROAD, CUMBERLAND

INTRODUCTION:

The purpose of this study is to make an assessment of the hydrogeologic conditions of the above-mentioned site and estimate the groundwater quality impact caused by the proposed on-site subsurface wastewater disposal systems for 10 four-bedroom houses.

The proposed development is located along southwest and west sides of Orchard Road opposite the intersection of Orchard Road and Apple Blossom Way at the position indicated on the attached topographic map (Appendix A, Figure 1). Data used for this project includes a site plan titled *Concept Plan – Cluster for TZ Properties* prepared by Gorrill & Palmer and dated June, 2017 along with test pit logs generated by Sebago Technics and published regional maps and literature.

DISPOSAL FIELDS AND WATER SUPPLY:

The proposed disposal fields will be ten individual subsurface wastewater disposal systems (SSWD) each designed to serve a four-bedroom home. Water for this project will be provided by individual on-site wells. The location of test pits, wastewater disposal systems, well exclusion zones and simulated nitratenitrogen (NO₃-N) plumes are shown on the Groundwater Impact Study Map (Appendix A, Figure 2).

A potential water supply related concern was raised concerning the potential presence of arsenic in the groundwater under the site. Arsenic is a naturally occurring element in bedrock and was a component of some pesticides used in orchards historically. To evaluate the potential presence of arsenic in the bedrock aquifer under the site, Sebago Technics collected a sample from the water supply at 74 Orchard Road. The water supply consists of a drilled well located near the north wall of the house.

The sample was placed in containers provided by Katahdin Analytical (Katahdin) of Scarborough, Maine. The containers were stored in a cooler, on ice, and delivered to Katahdin the same day. Katahdin analyzed the samples for arsenic and nitrates. Katahdin reported the arsenic level at below the Practical Quantitation Level (PQL) of 0.008 mg/L. The nitrate concentration was reported at 1.1 mg/L. A copy of the Katahdin report is in Appendix B.

SURFICIAL GEOLOGY AND TOPOGRAPHY:

The site is located on the *U.S.G.S. Cumberland Center, Maine 7.5 Minute Series* (Appendix A, Figure 1). Site area topography slopes generally downward from north to south towards Blanchard Road.

The Significant Sand and Gravel Aquifer Map of the Cumberland Center, Maine Quadrangle (Appendix A, Figure 3) shows that the site does not fall within a Significant Sand and Gravel Aquifer.

The Surficial Geology Map of the Cumberland Center, Maine Quadrangle (Appendix A, Figure 5) shows glacial till underlying the Site.

17440

According to the U.S. Department of Agriculture-National Cooperative Soil Service (USDA-NCSS) soil web, the soil under the site consists of four types of glacial till: Hollis fine sandy loam, Paxton fine sandy loam, Woodbridge fine sandy loam and Ridgebury fine sandy loam. Hollis and Paxton soil forms at the summits and shoulders of hills. Woodbridge soil forms till plains on the shoulders and back slopes of hills. Ridgebury forms till plains in toe slopes environments. Logs for Testpit 101 to 110 and 301 to 303 are included in Appendix B.

HYDROGEOLOGY:

Precipitation falling on this site enters the open pore spaces on the upper soil horizon, and percolates vertically downward until the water table is encountered. Thereupon, flow is both horizontal and downhill. Two factors of importance in determining the amount of recharge of precipitation into the soil on this site are the groundwater slope or gradient and soil texture. The groundwater seepage velocity is used to calculate the extent of groundwater impact downgradient of the disposal field sites and has been calculated utilizing the following equation:

v = Ki/n

where.

v = groundwater seepage velocity (ft/day)

K = hydraulic conductivity (ft/day)

i = hydraulic gradient (ft/ft)

n = effective porosity (dimensionless)

The hydraulic conductivity of the soil in the disposal area is estimated at 2 feet per day. The average hydraulic gradient under the areas downgradient of the disposal fields varied from 3 to 8%. A groundwater surface gradient of 1.5% was used for the flatter areas and 3% for steeper areas was used as the slope parameter in the model.

CONTAMINATION POTENTIAL:

It is assumed that the worst potential for contamination is the nitrate-nitrogen (NO₃-N) released from wastewater disposal fields. NO₃-N is known to cause methemoglobinemia in infants and is a suspected cause of stomach cancer. The average NO₃-N concentration value of untreated septic tank effluent entering a disposal field is assumed to be 40 milligrams per liter (mg/L). A level of 1.1 mg/L (according to onsite sampling results) was used as a background nitrate concentration in the aquifer. The Federal and State Drinking Water Limit for NO₃-N in public water supplies is 10 mg/L.

The primary mechanism of NO₃-N concentration reduction is through dilution in groundwater and surface water. Since groundwater is always slowly flowing beneath a disposal field, the NO₃-N intercepting the water table below a disposal field mixes and dilutes in the groundwater and moves in the direction of groundwater flow in the form of a plume. NO₃-N is more concentrated in the center than near the edges of a plume. A source that emanates a constant quantity of potential contaminants into groundwater will eventually reach a "steady state." The plume can then be characterized with regard to size, shape, and distribution of concentration.

The method of analysis used to assess the impact of the septic systems on groundwater is an analytical model used to simulate individual plumes. Analysis of the results of this model is instructive in assessing the possible shape and size of wastewater plumes. The model was developed by Baetsle (1969) to depict the migration of radionuclides in porous media, which is adapted here to represent the subsurface

migration of NO₃-N. It is a three-dimensional transport model of plumes generated by continuous, point sources in a uniform groundwater flow field. Variables employed include seepage velocity (hydraulic conductivity multiplied by hydraulic gradient, divided by effective porosity), nitrate mass, time, and dispersivity. The concentration of NO₃-N is calculated at a downgradient point at a specified time by use of the following equation:

$$C(x, y, z, t) = \left[\frac{CoVo}{8(\pi t)^{1.5} \sqrt{DxDyDz}} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{(x - vt)^2}{4Dxt} - \frac{y^2}{4Dyt} - \frac{z^2}{4Dzt} \right] ;$$

where.

NO₃-N concentration at specified location and time (mg/L) C(x,y,z,t)specified distance from source parallel to the direction of groundwater flow (ft) specified distance from source perpendicular to the direction of y groundwater flow (ft) specified vertical distance from source (ft) Z initial concentration at the source (mg/L) Co Vo volume of source (ft³) time elapsed (day) Dx,Dy,Dz dispersion coefficient along the x,y,z axes (ft^2/day) average linear velocity (ft/day).

Assuming that groundwater flow is horizontal, the dispersion coefficient can be calculated as follows:

$$D_{x,y,z} = v_{x,y,z};$$

where $_{x,y,z}$ is dispersivity (ft).

The contaminant velocity of a solute subject to sorption/adsorption is calculated as follows:

$$V_p = v/R_d;$$

where V_p is the contaminant velocity (ft/day) and R_d is the retardation factor (unitless). The retardation factor for NO_3 -N is equal to one, however, so the contaminant velocity is equal to the average linear velocity ($V_p = v$). Dispersivity is estimated by an equation based on a weighted least-squares statistical analysis of collected longitudinal dispersivity data versus scale (Xu, Eckstein, 1995). Longitudinal dispersivity can be estimated based on the following calculation:

$$= (0.83)[\log_{10}(L_p)]^{2.414};$$

where $_x$ is longitudinal dispersivity (ft), and L_p is the plume length (ft). The plume length is a function of the elapsed time and is calculated by the following equation:

$$L_p = V_p t.$$

It has already been established that for NO_3 -N, the contaminant velocity (V_p) is equal to the average linear velocity (v). Thus, $L_p = vt$. The transverse and vertical dispersivities are related to the longitudinal dispersivity, as shown below:

$$_{v}$$
 = $_{v}/3$

This method is used to calculate a downgradient NO₃-N concentration at a specified elapsed time for a single release of NO₃-N. However, by applying the superposition technique, the estimated concentration of NO₃-N downgradient at a specified time can be calculated for reoccurring daily NO₃-N releases to simulate the NO₃-N plume of a septic system (Chang, *et al.* 1998).

 $_{\rm x}/20.$

In the main equation, CoVo is represented as a daily mass of nitrate-nitrogen loaded into the subsurface wastewater disposal systems. This is estimated by multiplying the design flow volume of effluent by the assumed NO₃-N concentration in the effluent. The simulations were run based on average annual precipitation during drought conditions (60% of average annual precipitation). The NO₃-N concentration of the wastewater is diluted by the rainfall infiltrating the disposal fields during drought conditions. The rainfall is assumed to have a NO₃-N concentration of 0.5 mg/L. The percent of rainfall infiltrating the soils above the disposal fields is estimated based on the soil type and ground surface slope (Maine Department of Environmental Protection, 1991).

Parameters and results for the disposal field are displayed in Appendix D. The resulting 10 mg/L NO₃-N concentration plume lengths for the disposal fields are shown on the site plan. The 10 mg/L plumes do not cross the boundaries of the subdivision.

CONCLUSION:

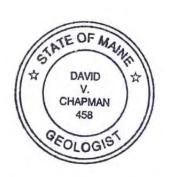
According to the assumptions made for this simulation, the wastewater disposal system will not result in an increase of NO₃-N concentrations above 10 mg/L in groundwater at the subdivision perimeter property line.

David Chapman

Dand v. Chapman

Maine Certified Geologist #458

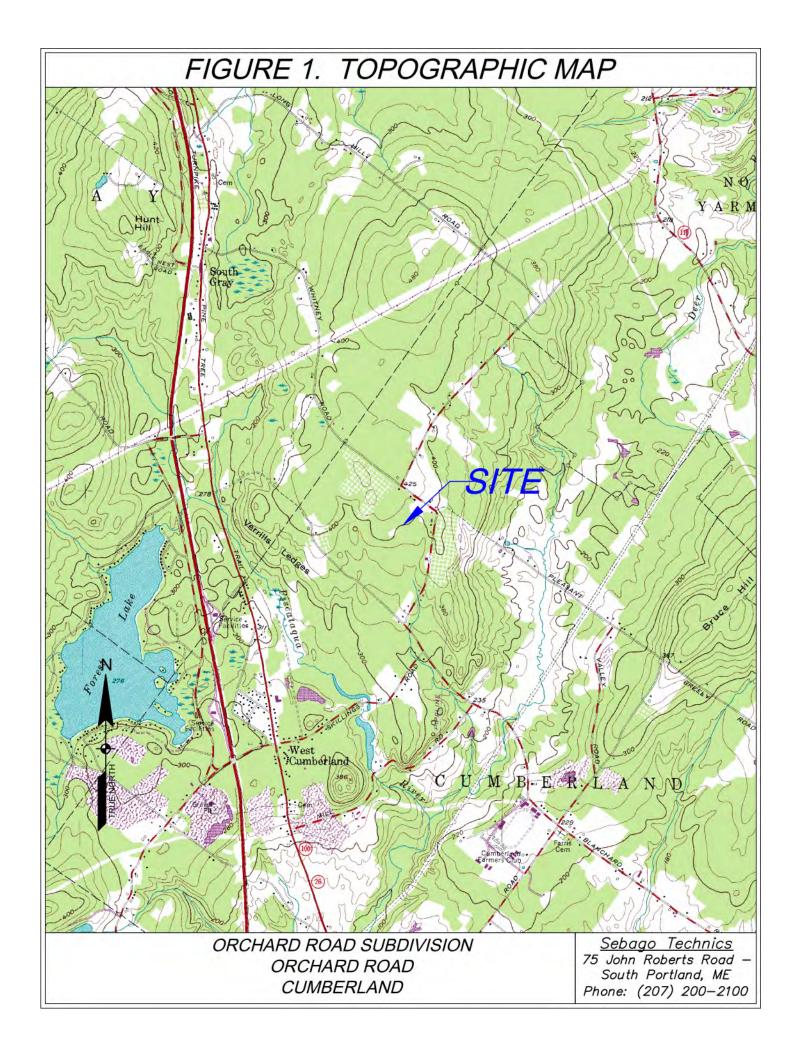
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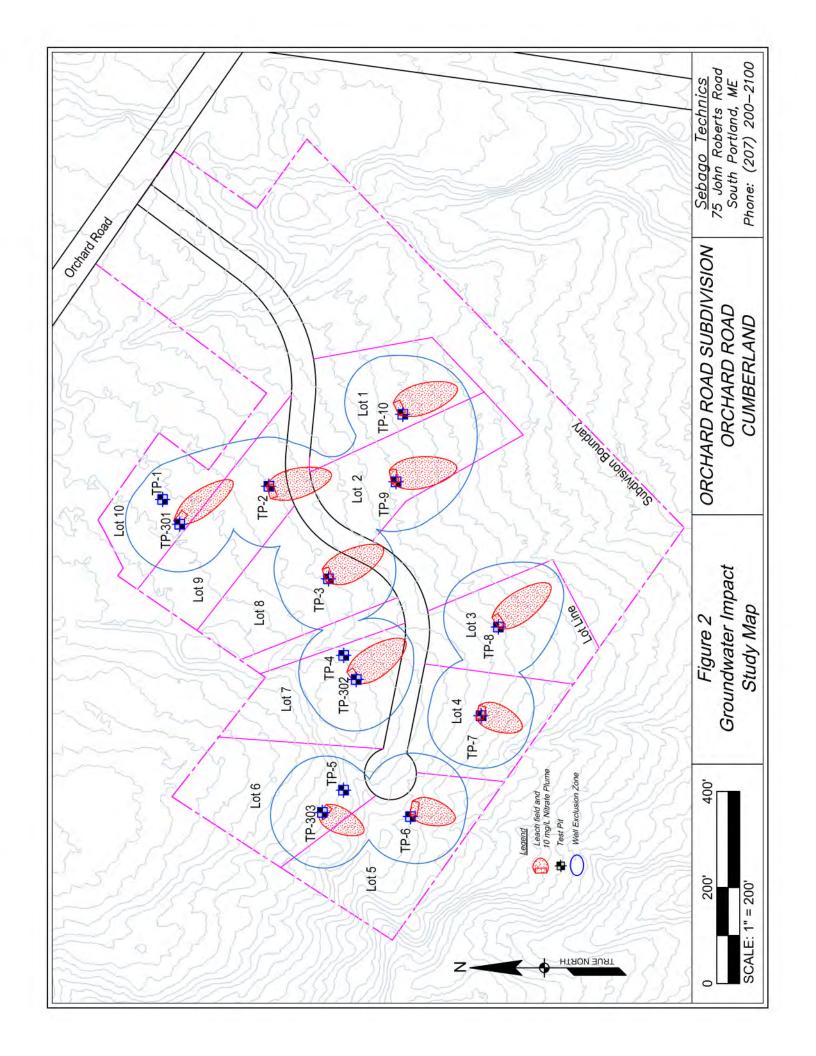


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- U.S.G.S., Cumberland Center Quadrangle (Maine) 7.5' Quadrangle 1:24,000, Topographic Map.
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APPENDIX A FIGURES





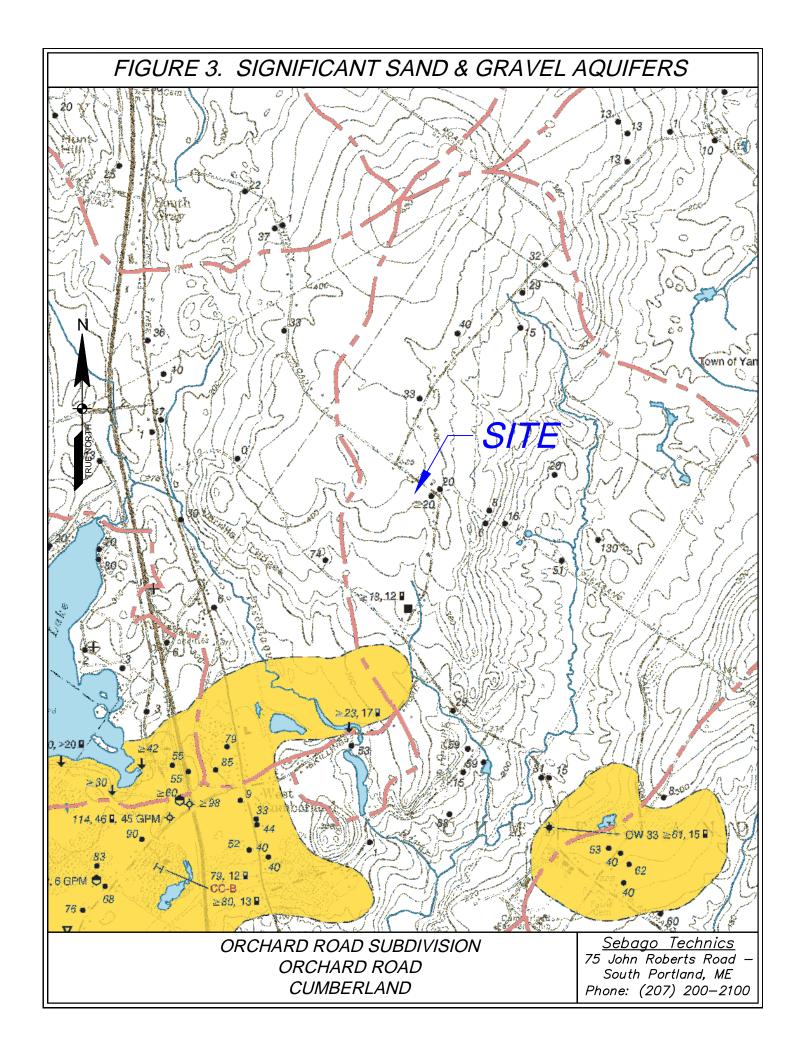
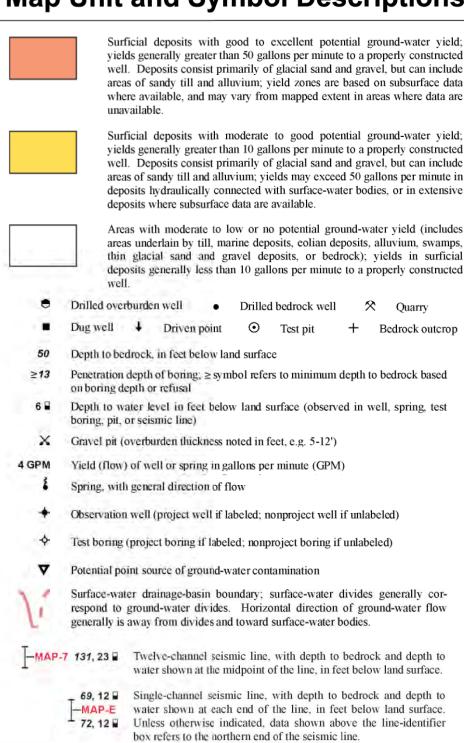


FIGURE 4. AQUIFERS LEGEND

Significant Sand & Gravel Aquifer Map Unit and Symbol Descriptions



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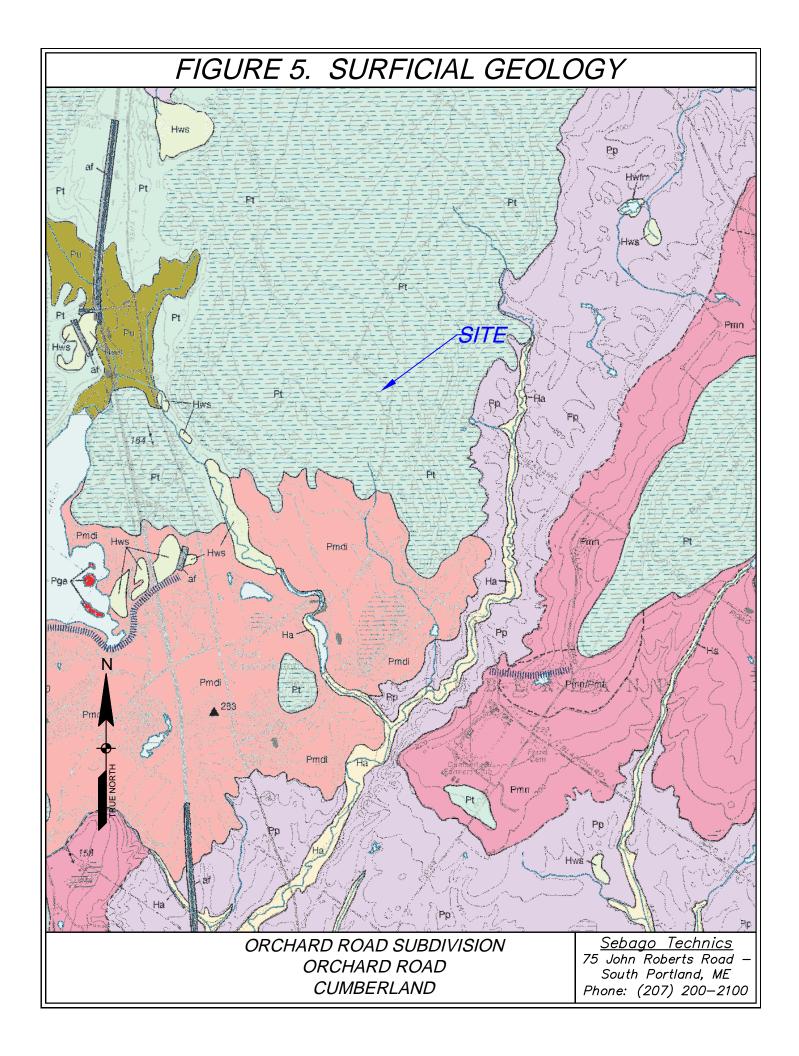


FIGURE 6. SURFICIAL GEOLOGY LEGEND

	HOLOCENE DEPOSITS	₽t	Till - Poorly sorted mixture of gravel, sand, silt, and clay deposited directly by thaction of glacierice.
На	Stream alluvium - Sand, silt, and minor amounts of gravel deposited on floed plains of modern streams	Pu	Undifferentiated sediments - Pleistocene surficial sediments of uncertain origin
Het	Stream terraces - Flat alluvial benches situated above modern flood plains of streams. Materials forming the depositional terrace include gravel, sand, silt, and clay. Step-like morphology is created by downcutting of the stream through previously deposited material, of glacial or postglacial origin and age.	ie	Bedrock - Gray dots indicate individual outcrops of ledge exposed at the surfac Horizontal ruled pattern indicates areas where bedrock is covered by a thin vene of surficial sediments.
Hess	Wetland, swamp - Peat and fine-grained morganic sediment. Poorly drained area with standing water common. Hwsp indicates swamps which are likely to include peat deposits that equal or exceed 1.5 meters in thickness.	201	Artificial fill - Mixture of till, gravel, sand, clay, and artificial materials transporte and dumped to form elevated sections of roadways, etc.
Hefm	Wetland, freshwater marsh - Peat and fine-grained inorganic sediment. Poorly drained grassland with standing water common. Hw/mp indicates marshes that are likely to include peat deposits that equal or exceed 1.5 meters in thickness.		Contact - Indicates boundary between adjacent map units, dashed whe approximate.
	PLEISTOCENE DEPOSITS	\{\$5	Glacial striation or groove - Arrow shows direction of former ice movement. D marks point of observation.
Fmn	Marine nearshore deposits - Sand and gravel deposits formed as beaches, and shallow marine sand bodies formed during marine submergence and regression.		End moraine - Ridge of till, sand, and gravel deposited and/or deformed by glaci
Pp	Presumpscot Formation - Fine-grained marine mud (silt and clay with local sandy beds and lenses) locally with marine fossils and dropstones deposited in deeperquieterwater during the marine submergence of the coastal lowland	11111111111111111	ice. Ice margin position - Line shows approximate position of ice margin during glacial retreat for major ice-margin positions. Dashed where approximate.
Pmf	Marine fan - Layered gravel and sand deposited on the seafloor in a wedge or mound format the glacier margin during marine submergence	Ø	Glacially streamlined hill - Symbol shows trend of long axis, which is parallel former ice-flow direction.
Pmd	Marine delta - Sorted and stratified sand and gravel deposited in the late-glacial sea, with flat top graded to ocean surface.	10,150±450 (D)	Marine fossil locality - Indicates site where marine fossils were located. Sit where radiocarbon age estimates were obtained also show radiocarbon agestimate.
Firmiti	Marine ice-contact delta - Ice-contact delta composed primarily of sorted and stratified sand and gravel. Deposit was graded to surface of late-glacial sea and is distinguished by flat top and foreset and topset beds.	▲ 350	Glaciomarine delta - Elevation of contact between topset and foreset beds glacionarine delta, which indicates former position of sea level (from Thompse
Pge	Esker - Gravel and sand deposited in an ice tunnel by subglacial meltwater stream.		and others, 1989).
Pamic	End moraine complex - Area of end moraines and associated glaciomarine sediments (submarine fan and sea-floor deposits). Composed of till, sand, and gravel deposited at the margin of the late Wisconsinan ice sheet.		

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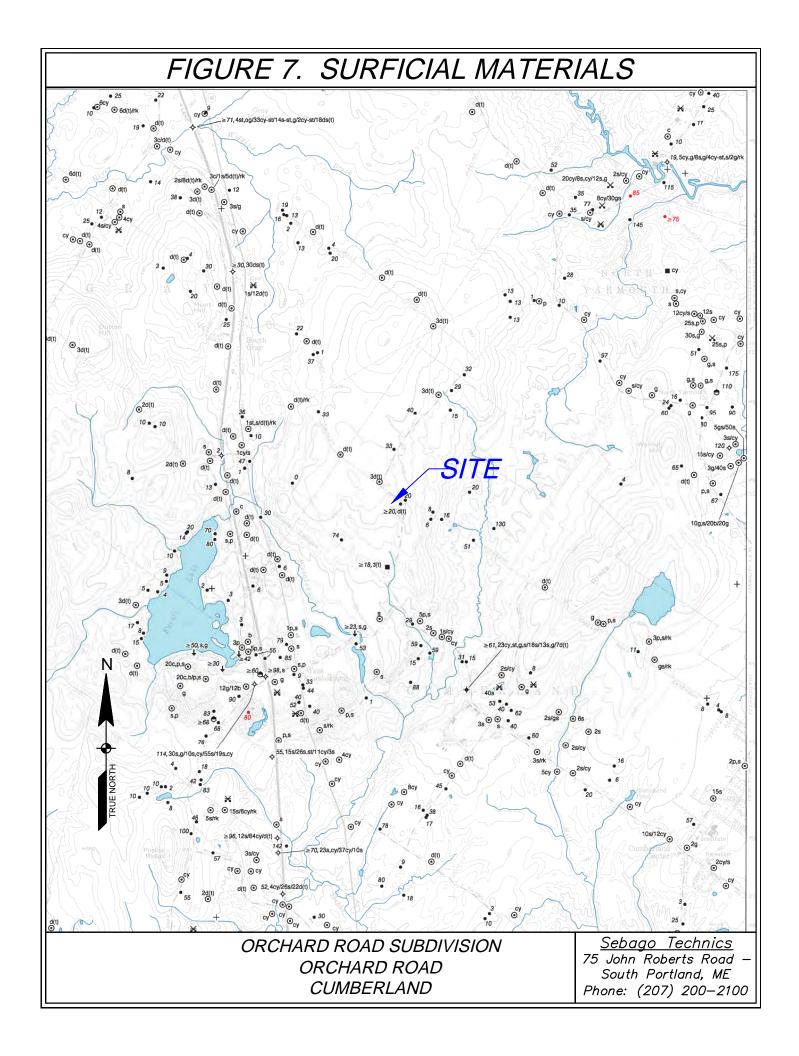


FIGURE 8. SURFICIAL MATERIALS LEGEND

Surficial Material Symbol Descriptions

This map shows the textures of surficial sediments in the quadrangle, independent of interpretations regarding their origin. For example, poorly sorted sediments deposited directly from glacial ice are shown here as "diamicton", although they may be genetically classified as "till".

The symbols listed below indicate materials observed in borrow pits and other surface exposures, as well as subsurface data from varius sources. Where more than one textural class is present, materials are separated by commas and listed in decreasing order of abundance (e.g. s, st, cy). Individual materials may occur in distinct layers, or they may be mixed. Hyphens show the ranges of particle sizes present where their relative abundances are uncertain (e.g. st-c). Slash marks indicate superposition of materials; thicknesses are in feet (e.g. 10s/3cy). "E" indicates a significant stratigraphic sequence of interbedded materials. Some bottow pits and other localities may be designated by numbers that refer to descriptions in the quadrangle text. Not all symbols will necessarily be found on the map.

g Undifferentiated gravel, used as a general term. Can be subdivided by size as follows:

b Boulder gravelc Cobble gravel

>256 mm (10") 64-256 mm (2.5-10")

C Cobble gravelPebble gravel

2-64 mm (0.1-2.5")

- gs Gravelly sand (this is a special case for sand with lesser amounts of intermixed gravel, i.e. pebbly sand, cobbly sand, or bouldery sand)
- sg Sand and gravel (used only to describe slumped face or other site where relative abundances of sand vs. gravel are unknown).
- S Undifferentiated sand, used as a general term. Can be subdivided by size as follows:

vcs Very coarse sand cs Coarse sand (1-2 mm)

ms Medium sand fs Fine sand vfs Very fine sand (0.5-1 mm) (0.25-0.5 mm) (0.125-0.25 mm) (0.0625-0.125 mm)

- st Silt (0.002-0.0625 mm)
- cy Clay (<0.002 mm)
- og Organic-rich sediment (can be any organic material, including forest litter, wood, shells, etc.)
- pt Peat (reserved for actual fibrous peat)

- d Undifferentiated diamicton (poorly-sorted sediment in which particle sizes may range from clay to boulders). Used as a general term or subdivided as follows:
 - dg Gravelly-matrix diamicton
 - ds Sandy-matrix diamicton
 - dt Silty-matrix diamicton
 - dy Clayey-matrix diamicton

Note: Diamictons of glacial origin may be classified as one of the following varieties of till (shown on the map in parentheses):

- Till, undifferentiated. Usually of late Wisconsinan age (deposited by the last glacial ice sheet).
- ta Ablation till. Deposited during retreat of the late Wisconsinan ice sheet. Typically sandy, stony, and not very compact.
- tl Lodgement till. Inferred to have been deposited at the base of the late Wisconsinan ice sheet. Usually very compact.
- tf Flowtill. Deposited by slumping adjacent to glacial ice.
- Variably weathered till (usually a lodgment facies) of inferred pre-late Wisconsinanage.
- af Artificial fill (e.g. road fills, building sites, dumps)
- bd Scattered boulders; interpreted as till where followed by (t)
- rk Bedrock (observed in pit floor, boring, or natural exposure)
- rs Rottenstone, disintegrated or weathered bedrock, saprolite,
- Unknown (material unidentified)
- R Refusal (in test boring or well)
- (f) Fossiliferous (used to indicate fossiliferous units within a sequence).

Bedrock well

Dug well
Driven point

Bedrock outcrop

- Drilled overburden well
- ⊙ 8s-b
- Materials data from shovel hole, hand-auger hole, natural exposure, or excavation (other than borrow pit).
- Depth to bedrock from well (≥ is used to indicate minimum depth to bedrock), in feet helper land surface.
- X s-b
- Borrow pit, recently active at time of mapping, with materials data,
- **#** s-p
- Borrow pit, evidently abandoned or in long disuse at time of mapping, with
- materials data.
 - Location of site for which a data sheet is on file at the Maine Geological Survey.
- ♦ 20fa,st Observation well with materials data
 ♦ 10gs/rk Test boring with materials data
- Depth to bedrock from seismic line, in feet below land surface

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APPENDIX B KATAHDIN ANALYTICAL REPORT





October 27, 2017

Mr. Dave Chapman Sebago Technics 75 John Roberts Rd Suite 1A South Portland,ME 04106

RE: Katahdin Lab Number: SK9925

Project ID: Orchard Road IVIT
Project Manager: Mr. Galen Nickerson
Sample Receipt Date(s): October 25, 2017

Dear Mr. Chapman:

Please find enclosed the following information:

- * Report of Analysis (Analytical and/or Field)
- * Chain of Custody (COC)
- * Login Report

A copy of the Chain of Custody is included in the paginated report. The original COC is attached as an addendum to this report.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this Report of Analysis, please do not hesitate to contact the project manager listed above. The results contained in this report relate only to the submitted samples. This cover letter is an integral part of the ROA.

We certify that the test results provided in this report meet all the requirements of the NELAC standards unless otherwise noted in an attached technical narrative or in the Report of Analysis.

We appreciate your continued use of our laboratory and look forward to working with you in the future. The following signature indicates technical review and acceptance of the data.

Please go to http://www.katahdinlab.com/cert.html for copies of Katahdin Analytical Services Inc. current certificates and analyte lists.

Sincerely,

KATAHDIN ANALYTICAL SERVICES

Authorized Signature - Quality Assurance Officer

Date

KATAHDIN ANALYTICAL SERVICES - INORGANIC DATA QUALIFIERS

The sampled date indicated on the attached Report(s) of Analysis (ROA) is the date for which a grab sample was collected or the date for which a composite sample was completed. Beginning and start times for composite samples can be found on the Chain-of-Custody.

U Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected above the specified level. This level may be the Practical Quantitation Level (PQL) (also called Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)), the Limit of Detection (LOD) or Method Detection Limit (MDL) as required by the client. Note: All results reported as "U" MDL have a 50% rate for false negatives compared to those results reported as "U" PQL "U" LOQ or "U" LOD, where the rate of false negatives is <1%. Ε Estimated value. This flag identifies compounds whose concentrations exceed the upper level of the calibration range of the instrument for that specific analysis. Estimated value. The analyte was detected in the sample at a concentration less than the laboratory Practical Quantitation J Level (PQL) (also called Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)), but above the Method Detection Limit (MDL). The laboratory's Practical Quantitation Level (PQL) or LOQ could not be achieved for this parameter due to sample 1-7 composition, matrix effects, sample volume, or quantity used for analysis. Please refer to cover letter or narrative for further information. A-4 Please note that the regulatory holding time for ___ _ is "analyze immediately". Ideally, this analysis must be performed in Н the field at the time of sample collection. for this sample was not performed at the time of sample collection. The analysis was performed as soon as possible after receipt by the laboratory. H1 - pH H2 - DO H3 - sulfite H4 - residual chlorine T1 The client did not provide the full volume of at least one liter for analysis of TSS. Therefore, the PQL of 2.5 mg/L could not be achieved. The client provided the required volume of at least one liter for analysis of TSS, but the laboratory could not filter the full one T2 liter volume due to the sample matrix. Therefore, the PQL of 2.5 mg/L could not be achieved. The matrix spike and/or matrix spike duplicate recovery performed on this sample was outside of the laboratory acceptance M1 criteria. Sample matrix is suspected. The laboratory criteria was met for the Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) analyzed concurrently with this sample. The matrix spike and/or matrix spike duplicate recovery was outside of the laboratory acceptance criteria. The native sample M2 concentration is greater than four times the spike added concentration so the spike added could not be distinguished from the native sample concentration. R1 The relative percent difference (RPD) between the duplicate analyses performed on this sample was outside of the laboratory acceptance criteria (when both values are greater than ten times the PQL). MCL Maximum Contaminant Level NL No limit NFL FLP No Free Liquid Present Free Liquid Present NOD No Odor Detected TON Threshold Odor Number As required by Method 5210B, APHA Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater (21st edition), the BOD D-1

D-2 The measured final dissolved oxygen concentrations of all dilutions were less than the method-specified limit of 1 mg/L. The reported BOD result was calculated assuming a final oxygen concentration equal to 1 mg/L. The reported value should be considered a minimum value.

value reported for this sample is 'qualified' because the check standard run concurrently with the sample analysis did not meet the criteria specified in the method (198 +/- 30.5 mg/L). These results may not be reportable for compliance purposes.

D-3 The dilution water used to prepare this sample did not meet the method and/or regulatory criteria of less than 0.2 or 0.4 mg/L dissolved oxygen (DO) uptake over the five day period of incubation. These results <u>may</u> not be reportable for compliance purposes.



REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Client: Dave Chapman

Sebago Technics 75 John Roberts Rd

Suite 1A

South Portland, ME 04106

Lab Sample ID: Report Date:

SK9925-001 10/27/2017

PO No.:

Project:

Orchard Road IVIT

Sample Description						Matrix	Filtered		Date Sample	d	Da Rece		
74 ORCHARD ROAD					AQ		No(Total	1)	10/25/201	17	10/25/	2017	
Parameter	Result	Units	Adjusted PQL	Dilution Factor	PQL	AnalyticalM ethod	Analysis Date	Ву	Prep F Method	Prepped Date	Ву	QC	Notes
ARSENIC	U 0.008	mg/L	0.008	1	0.008	3 SW846 6010	10/26/17	MD	SW846 3010	10/26/17	AMJ I	KJ26ICW2	



Report of Analytical Results

Cert No E87604

Sebago Technics Client: Dave Chapman

75 John Roberts Rd South Portland, ME 04106

Report Date: 26-OCT-17 Lab Sample ID: SK9925-1 Client PO:

Project: Orchard Road IVIT

SDG: SK9925

Date Received 25-OCT-17 25-OCT-17 09:20:00 Date Sampled Matrix ΑQ 74 ORCHARD ROAD Sample Description

Parameter	Result	Adj PQL	Adj MDL	Anal. Method	QC Batch	Analysis Date	Prep. Method Prep. Date Analyst Footnotes	Prep. Date	Analyst	Footnotes	RPD/RSD
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Nitrate As N	1.1 mg/L	0.050	.0152	EPA 353.2	WG216349	WG216349 25-OCT-17 16:56:23	N/A	N/A	ΑP		

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KAS Work Order#: 5K9925			Кім	S Revie	ew By:	(N	Received By: ACA
SDG #:	Cooler:		of			- 	
						Dettoring	Rec.: 10.25.17 1000
Receipt Criteria	>	Y	N	EX*	NA	Com	ments and/or Resolution
Custody seals present / intact?							
2. Chain of Custody present in cooler?							
3. Chain of Custody signed by client?	·						
4. Chain of Custody matches samples?			: :				
Temperature Blanks present? If not temperature of any sample w/ IR gun.						Temp (°C):	4.6
Samples received at <6 °C w/o free	zing?					Note: Not requir	red for metals (except Hg soil) analysis.
Ice packs or ice present?		/				The lack of ic	e or ice packs (i.e. no attempt to
If yes, was there sufficient ice to me temperature requirements?		/	<u> </u>			not meet cert	process) or insufficient ice may ain regulatory requirements and e certain data.
If temp. out, has the cooling process (i.e. ice or packs present) and samp collection times <6hrs., but samples yet cool?	le					Note: No coo (except Hg so	oling process required for metals oil) analysis.
6. Volatiles:		† †					,
Aqueous: No bubble larger than a pea? Soil/Sediment:	l						
Received in airtight container?					/		
Received in methanol?	ļ	 				Í	
Methanol covering soil?	ļ						
D.I. Water - Received within 48 hour HT							·
Air: Refer to KAS COC for canister/flow controller requirements.		√ if air	includ	ded			
7. Trip Blank present in cooler?					/		
8. Proper sample containers and volume	;?						
9. Samples within hold time upon receipt							
 Aqueous samples properly preserved Metals, COD, NH3, TKN, O/G, pheno TPO4, N+N, TOC, DRO, TPH – pH Sulfide - >9 	ol.	/.				-	
Cyanide – pH >12					\dashv		
* Log-In Notes to Exceptions: docume	ent any n	-oblam					
and the Extended Liver and the Control of the Contr	site arry pr	ODICH	s will	ı samp	Xes o	r discrepancie	s or pH adjustments.



600 Technology Way Scarborough, ME 04074 Tel: (207) 874-2400 Fax: (207) 775-4029

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Katahdin Analytical Services

Login Chain of Custody Report (Ino1)

Oct. 25, 2017 11:05 AM

Login Number: SK9925

Quote/Incoming:

Account: SEBAGOTECH001

Sebago Technics

NoWeb

Login Information:

ANALYSIS INSTRUCTIONS : FIRM-HARD COPY BY END OF DAY

CHECK NO.

CLIENT PO# : CLIENT PROJECT MANAGE :

CONTRACT

CONTRACT

COOLER TEMPERATURE : 4.6
DELIVERY SERVICES : Client

EDD FORMAT

LOGIN INITIALS : SO PM : GN

PROJECT NAME : Orchard Road IVIT

QC LEVEL

REPORT INSTRUCTIONS :

: email pdf, EDD and Invoice to Dave, no HC

Page: 1 of 1

SDG ID

SDG STATUS : VERBAL TAT :

75 John Roberts Rd Suite 1A

Accounts Payable

Sebago Technics

Project:

Dave Chapman

Suite 1A

Sebago Technics

75 John Roberts Rd

South Portland, ME 04106

Primary In the Address:

Primary Report Address:

South Portland,ME 04106

Report CC Addresses:

Invoice CC Addresses:

Laborator Sample iD		Collection Date/I	-	Receive Date	PR	Verbal Date	Due Date	Mailed
SK9925-1	74 ORCHARD ROAD	25-OC	T-17 09:20	25-OCT-17		27-OCT-17	27-OCT-17	
Matrix	Product	Hold Date (shortest)	Bottle Type	8	ottle C	ount	Comments	
Aqueous	S E353.2-NITRATE	27-OCT-17	125mL Plastic					
Aqueous	S SW3010-PREP	23-APR-18	250mL Plastic-	+HNO3				
Aqueous	S SW6010-ARSENIC	23-APR-18	250mL Plastic	+HNO3				

Total Samples: 1 Total Analyses: 3

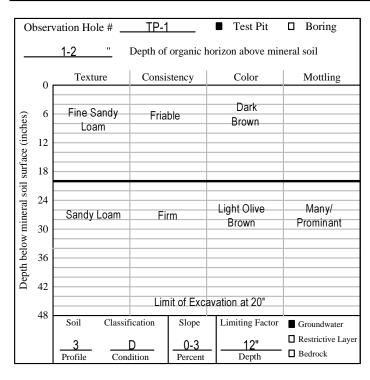
APPENDIX C TESTPIT LOGS

PAGE	1	OF	3
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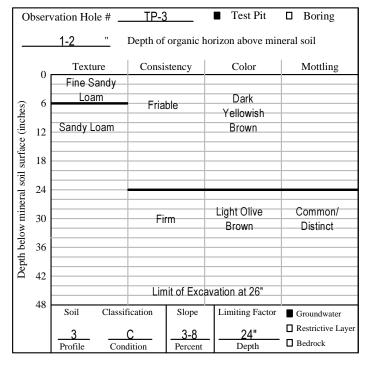
SOIL PROFILE / CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT PROJECT SITES

Project Name: Applicant Name: Project Location (municipality): Orchard Road Subdivision Gorrill & Palmer Cumberland



О	bserv	vation Hole #	TP-2	<u> </u>	■ Test Pit	□ Boring
_		1-2 "	Depth of	organic h	orizon above mir	neral soil
	0	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
e (inches)	6	Fine Sandy Loam	Fria	ble	Dark Brown	
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	18 24	Sandy Loam		-	Light Olive Brown	Common/
th below mi	30		Fi	m		Distinct
Depi	42 48		Lim	nit of Exca	vation at 30"	
	40	Soil Classif	ication	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater
		Profile Cond	Clition	0-3 Percent	12" 	☐ Restrictive Layer ☐ Bedrock



O	bserv	vation Hole # _	TP-4		■ Test Pit	□ Boring
_		1-2 "	Depth of	organic h	orizon above mir	neral soil
	0 1	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
shes)	6	Condy	F		Dark Yellowish Brown	
(inc	12	Sandy Loam	Fria	ole -		None Observed
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	18				Yellowish Brown	Observed
eral so	24					
w min	30					
th belo	36					
Dep	42					
			Lim	it of Exca	vation at 24"	
	48	Soil Classif	fication	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater
		Profile Cone	Cdition	3-8 Percent	>24" Depth	Restrictive Layer Bedrock

INVESTIGATOR INFORMATION	AND SIGNATURE
Signature: Dand v. Chapman	Date: 9-27-17
Name Printed/typed: David V. Chapman	Cert/Lic/Reg.# 293
Title: Licensed Site Evaluator Certified Geologist	☐ Certified Soil Scientist☐ Other:

Sebago Technics 75 John Roberts Road, South Portland, ME - ph: 207-200-2100

SOIL PROFILE / CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION

Project Name:
Orchard Road Subdivision

Applicant Name:
Gorrill & Palmer

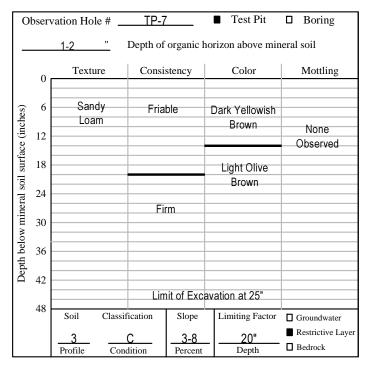
Applicant Name:
Cumberland

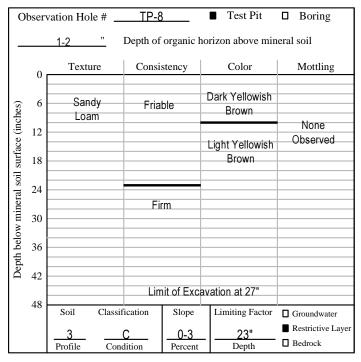
DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT PROJECT SITES

Project Location (municipality):
Cumberland

0	bserv	ation Hole #	TP-5	<u> </u>	■ Test Pit	□ Boring
_		1-2 "	Depth of	organic ho	rizon above min	neral soil
	0 г	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
(Se	6	Sandy	Fria	ble	Dark Brown	
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	12	Loam			Light Olive Brown	None Observed
surfa	18					
eral soil	24		Fi	rm		
w min	30					
th belo	36					
Dept	42					
	40		Lim	nit of Excav	ation at 24"	
	48	Soil Class	ification	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater
		Brofile Co	C ndition	3-8 Percent	21 Depth	■ Restrictive Layer □ Bedrock

О	bserv	vation Hole # _	TP-6	<u> </u>	■ Test Pit	□ Boring
_		1-2 "	Depth of	organic h	orizon above mir	neral soil
	0 1	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
es)	6	Sandy	Fria	ble	Dark Brown	
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	12	Loam			Light Olive	None Observed
1 surfac	18				Brown	
eral soi	24		Fir	m		
ow min	30			"		
pth belo	36					
De	42		Lim	it of Exca	vation at 24"	
	48	Soil Classif	ication	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater
		Profile Cond	Dlition	3-8 Percent	21" Depth	Restrictive Layer Bedrock

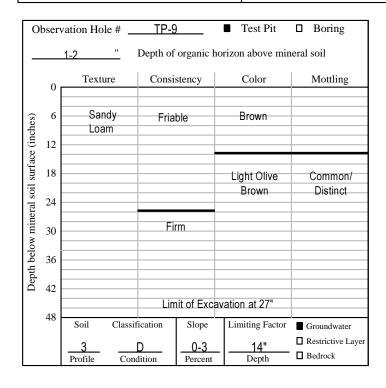




INVESTIGATOR INFORMATION AND SIGNATURE						
Signature: Dand v. Chapman	Date: 9-27-17					
Name Printed/typed: David V. Chapman	Cert/Lic/Reg.# 293					
Title: Licensed Site Evaluator Certified Geologist	☐ Certified Soil Scientist☐ Other:					

PAGE _ 3 _ OF _ 3

SOIL PROFILE / CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT PROJECT SITES Project Name: Orchard Road Subdivision Applicant Name: Gorrill & Palmer Project Location (municipality): Cumberland



О	bserv	vation Hole # _	TP-10		■ Test Pit	□ Boring
_		1-2 "	Depth of	organic h	orizon above mir	neral soil
	0 1	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
ches)	6	Sandy Loam	Fria	ble	Dark Yellowish Brown	
e (inc	12				Light Olive	Common/
surfac	18				Brown	Distinct
eral soil	24					
v min	30					
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	36					
De	42					
	48				avation at 22"	
		_3	D ndition	Slope 0-3 Percent	Limiting Factor 10" Depth	☐ Groundwater ☐ Restrictive Layer ☐ Bedrock

10	Observation Hole #					☐ Test Pit	☐ Boring	
_			<u>"</u>	Depth of	organic h	c horizon above mineral soil		
	0	Textu	re	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling	
(a)	6							
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)								
face (12							
oil sur	18							
eral sc	24							
w min	30							
belov	36							
Depth	42							
	48	Soil	Classif	ication	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater	
		Profile	Cond	lition	Percent	Depth	☐ Restrictive Layer ☐ Bedrock	

Observation Hole #				☐ Test Pit	□ Boring		
_			<u>"</u>	Depth of	organic ho	orizon above mir	neral soil
	0	Textu	re	Consis	stency	Color	Mottling
hes)	6						
e (incl	12						
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	18						
ral soi	24						
w mine	30						
h belo	36						
Dept	42						
	48	Soil	Classif	ication	Slope	Limiting Factor	☐ Groundwater
			2-40011		2-3pc		Restrictive Layer
		Profile	Cond	lition	Percent	Depth	Bedrock

INVESTIGATOR INFORMATION AND SIGNATURE						
Signature: Dand v. Chapman	Date: 9-27-17					
Name Printed/typed: David V. Chapman	Cert/Lic/Reg.# 293					
Title: Licensed Site Evaluator Certified Geologist	☐ Certified Soil Scientist☐ Other:					

Sebago Technics
75 John Roberts Road, South Portland, ME - ph: 207-200-2100

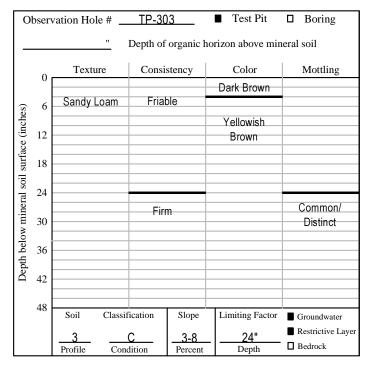
PAGE	1	OF	1

SOIL PROFILE / CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT PROJECT SITES

Project Name: Applicant Name: Project Location (municipality): TZ Properties Cumberland

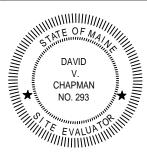
TP-301 Test Pit □ Boring Observation Hole # Depth of organic horizon above mineral soil Consistency Color Mottling Texture 0 Brown Friable Sandy Loam 6 Depth below mineral soil surface (inches) Yellowish Brown 12 18 Olive Brown Common/ Distinct 24 Light Olive Firm Brown 30 36 42 48 Slope Soil Classification Limiting Factor Groundwater ☐ Restrictive Layer 0-3 ■ Bedrock Profile Condition Percent Depth

О	bserv	ation Hole # _	TP-30)2	■ Test Pit	□ Boring
_		"	Depth of	organic ho	orizon above mir	neral soil
	0 г	Texture	Consi	stency	Color	Mottling
		0 1 1			Dark Brown	
(sa)	6	Sandy Loam	Frial	ole -		
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	12				Yellowish Brown	
l surfa	18					
eral soi	24					
w mine	30		Fire	n		Common/ Distinct
th belo	36					
Dep	42					
	48	a 11 a1 1		- A1	Iv	
		Soil Classi	fication	Slope	Limiting Factor	Groundwater
		Profile Con	C dition	3-8 Percent	26" Depth	■ Restrictive Layer ■ Bedrock



Observation Hole #							Test Pit	□ Boring
Depth o				Depth of	f organic horizon above mineral soil			
	0	Textu	re	Consis	stency	(Color	Mottling
hes)	6							
e (inc	12							
surfac	18							
eral soil	24							
w min	30							
Depth below mineral soil surface (inches)	36							
Del	42							
	48	Soil Classification		Slope	Lim	iting Factor	Groundwater	
		Profile	Cond	ition	Percent		Depth	☐ Restrictive Layer ☐ Bedrock

INVESTIGATOR INFORMATION AND SIGNATURE						
Signature: Land v. Aupman	Date: 12-8-17					
Name Printed/typed: David V. Chapman	Cert/Lic/Reg.# 293					
Title: ■ Licensed Site Evaluator □ Certified Geologist	☐ Certified Soil Scientist☐ Other:					



APPENDIX D PARAMETERS AND RESULTS

Groundwater Impact Study, Nitrates Model Input Parameters and Solution Orchard Road Subdivision Orchard Road, Cumberland, Maine Lot 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, and 10

Annual rainfall (inches):	44
Hydrologic soil group* (above disposal field):	C to D
% Slope (above disposal field):	2%
% Infiltration* (into disposal field):	21
Assumed rainfall flow into disposal field (gal/day):	6.63
Assumed rainfall flow into disposal field during drought conditions^(gal/day):	3.98
Background NO3-N concentration (mg/L):	0
Assumed effluent NO3-N concentration (mg/L):	41
Assumed effuent flow into disposal field (gal/day):	360
Assumed NO3-N concentration in rainfall (mg/L):	0.5
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer (ft/day):	2
Hydraulic gradient of aquifer (ft/ft):	0.015
Effective porosity of aquifer:	0.21
Seepage velocity of aquifer (ft/day):	0.14
Retardation factor	1
Half-Life (0 for no decay)	0
Simulation duration to reach NO3-N concentration equilibrium (days)	2,655
Longitudinal dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	2.23
Lateral dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	0.74
Vertical dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	0.11
Disposal bed length (ft)	15
Disposal bed width (ft)	28
Length of 10 mg/L plume during drought conditions (ft)	120

Notes:

- * from The State of Maine Department of Environmental Protection, 1991, The guidelines for expediating the processing of applications under the site location of development act.
- ^- drought conditions equals 60% of average annual rainfall

% - percent

gal/day - gallons per day

ft - feet

mg/L - milligrams per liter

NO3-N - Nitrate-Nitrogen

Groundwater Impact Study, Nitrates Model Input Parameters and Solution Orchard Road Subdivision Orchard Road, Cumberland, Maine Lots 4, 5, and 6

Annual rainfall (inches):	44
Hydrologic soil group* (above disposal field):	C to D
% Slope (above disposal field):	2-3%
% Infiltration* (into disposal field):	21
Assumed rainfall flow into disposal field (gal/day):	6.63
Assumed rainfall flow into disposal field during drought conditions^(gal/day):	3.98
Background NO3-N concentration (mg/L):	0
Assumed effluent NO3-N concentration (mg/L):	41
Assumed effuent flow into disposal field (gal/day):	360
Assumed NO3-N concentration in rainfall (mg/L):	0.5
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer (ft/day):	2
Hydraulic gradient of aquifer (ft/ft):	0.030
Effective porosity of aquifer:	0.21
Seepage velocity of aquifer (ft/day):	0.29
Retardation factor	1
Half-Life (0 for no decay)	0
Simulation duration to reach NO3-N concentration equilibrium (days)	1,135
Longitudinal dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	4.12
Lateral dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	1.37
Vertical dispersivity at end of simulation duration (ft)	0.21
Disposal bed length (ft)	28
Disposal bed width (ft)	15
Length of 10 mg/L plume during drought conditions (ft)	80

Notes:

- * from The State of Maine Department of Environmental Protection, 1991, The guidelines for expediating the processing of applications under the site location of development act.
- ^- drought conditions equals 60% of average annual rainfall

% - percent

gal/day - gallons per day

ft - feet

mg/L - milligrams per liter

NO3-N - Nitrate-Nitrogen

DECLARATION OF PROTECTIVE COVENANTS AND COMMON EASEMENTS ORCHARD ROAD SUBDIVISION TOWN OF CUMBERLAND, COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, STATE OF MAINE BY TZ PROPERTIES, LLC

THIS DECLARATION dated this	day of	, 2017, by TZ Properties,
LLC, a Maine limited liability company with a r	mailing address of	f
(here	einafter referred to	as the "Declarant").
WITN	NESSETH:	

WHEREAS, the Declarant owns certain real property in the Town of Cumberland, Cumberland County, State of Maine, as described on **Exhibit A** attached hereto and as delineated on a plan entitled "Orchard Road Subdivision, Cumberland, Maine" prepared for Declarant by Gorrill Palmer and dated October 2017, and recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds in Plan Book xxx, Page xxx (the "Plan"), which subdivision consists of Ten (10) lots numbered on the Plan as 1-10 and also a parcel of land designated "Open Space." Lots 1 through 10 inclusive shall hereinafter be referred to as the "Lots," and together with the appurtenant Common Open Space easements shown on the Plan or referenced in this Declaration hereinafter referred to as the "Property." Declarant proposes to develop and improve the Property in accordance with the Plan; and

WHEREAS, Declarant desires to assure quality standards for the orderly development of the Property and to promote the interest and welfare of each owner of a part of the Property and therefore desires to subject the Property to protective covenants and common easements as set forth hereinafter.

WHEREAS, Declarant desires to subject the Property to protective covenants and common easements as set forth hereinafter to incorporate the conditions of the Town of Cumberland Planning Board approval for the subdivision of the Property.

NOW, THEREFORE, Declarant hereby declares that the Property is and shall be owned, occupied, improved, transferred, leased and otherwise used and disposed of subject to the protective covenants and common easements set forth herein, all of which are declared to be in furtherance of a uniform scheme of mutual equitable servitudes upon each and every portion thereof, in favor of each and every other portion thereof, and to create reciprocal rights and privity of contract and estate between all persons acquiring or owning an interest in any portion thereof, which protective covenants and common easements shall be determined to run with the land and be a burden and benefit upon and to, and be enforceable by, all persons having any interest in any portion of the Property, their heirs, successors and assigns.

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS.

1. <u>Association:</u> "Association" shall mean and refer to *Orchard Road Subdivision Homeowners Association*, its successors and assigns, a non-profit, non-stock Maine corporation, to be formed by Declarant pursuant to the terms of Article V below.

- 2. <u>Building:</u> "Building" shall mean and refer to any dwelling, garage, or storage structures or other improvement now or hereafter constructed on a Lot.
- 3. <u>Common Expenses:</u> "Common Expenses" shall mean and refer to expenditures made by or financial liabilities of the Association, together with any allocations to capital or other reserve accounts.
- 4. <u>Lot</u>: "Lot" shall mean each whole Lot or any interest therein as joint tenants or tenants in common.
- 5. <u>Remaining Land</u>: "Remaining Land" shall mean and refer to any land not a Lot and all improvements thereon, including without limitation the roads, curbing, and storm water drainage fixtures and improvements, all as shown on the Plan. Remaining Land also shall include the Common Open Space, which shall be owned as tenants-in-common by each of the Lot Owners.
- 6. <u>Easement Areas</u>: "Easement Areas" shall mean and refer to all of the easements areas shown on the Plan or described below or on Exhibit A attached hereto that burden any Lot or Lots or that benefit the Association and all of the Lots, including without limitation utility easements, pedestrian access to open space easement, vehicle and pedestrian access easements in the roadway, forested buffer easements, drainage easements, and and all improvements on, in, across or under such easement areas including pavement, curbing, landscaping, storm water drainage fixtures and improvements.
- 7. <u>Member</u>: "Member" shall mean and refer to those persons entitled to membership in the Association as determined by the Bylaws of the Association and as set forth herein.
- 8. Owners: "Owners" or in the singular, "Owner", shall mean and refer to the record owner or owners of fee simple title in and to any Lot, and shall include the Declarant so long as it owns any Lot or any other portion of the Property, but shall not include any person or legal entity owning an interest merely as security for an obligation.

ARTICLE II PROTECTIVE COVENANTS AND RESTRICTIONS.

Each conveyance by Declarant, its successors and assigns, of any Lot, and all subsequent conveyances of any Lot, whether directly or by operation of law, shall be subject to the following:

- 1. <u>No Commercial Uses</u>: Subject to the rights of the Declarant to develop and sell the Lots and such other rights of the Declarant as are set forth in this Declaration, each Lot shall be used only for residences, and no commercial enterprise of any nature or description shall be conducted or maintained on any portion of the Property, except that Lots may be used for a home office for telecommuting purposes by the Owners of such Lots provided that no customer, client or employee visits are made to the Lots incident to such commercial use.
- 2. <u>Buildings and Lot Improvements</u>: One single family residential structure shall be constructed or kept on any Lot. Each such Lot shall be improved subject to the following restrictions:
- (a) Not less than 1 ½ stories in height that meets or exceeds seventeen hundred (1700) square feet of usable living area excluding basements, garages, decks and patios, one (1) private garage attached to the single-family dwelling or detached from said dwelling, for not more

- than three (3) cars, in ground pool, pool house and outbuildings incidental and accessory to the permitted use of the premises. All structures shall comply with all applicable state and municipal building codes.
- (b) No structure shall be constructed outside of the building envelope shown on the Plan, which building envelope is determined by the application of the Town of Cumberland setback requirements.
- (c) All construction, including paved driveway, must be completed not more than twenty-four (24) months from the commencement date. Commencement of construction shall be defined as the date on which site work has begun on the subject property.
- (d) Any additions to a structure after initial construction that increase the footprint, that materially change the exterior appearance, or that require structural modification to the structure must be approved by the Declarant, or after the Declarant has conveyed the last Lot, by the Board of Directors of the Association, in writing prior to commencement of construction of such additions or modifications.
- (e) Declarant reserves to itself, its successors and assigns, the exclusive right to erect, place and maintain such facilities in or upon any portion of the Property as in its sole discretion may be necessary or convenient while selling the Lots or portions thereof, selling or constructing residences and other improvements upon the Property. Such facilities shall include, but are not limited to, sales and construction offices, storage areas, model units, signs, and portable toilet facilities.
- 3. <u>Damage of Destruction</u>: Any Building on any Lot that is destroyed or damaged in whole or in part by fire, windstorm, or other casualty promptly must be rebuilt or all debris removed and the affected portion of the Lot restored to its natural condition without delay.
- 4. <u>Compliance with Governmental Regulations</u>: Owners shall occupy and maintain the Lots in accordance with the rules, regulations, ordinances, and statutes enacted by governmental entities having jurisdiction over the Property, including without limitation the terms and conditions imposed by the Town of Cumberland Planning Board in connection with the subdivision approval for the Property on xxx, and xxx (the "Town Approvals"), and as reflected on the Plan.
- Maintenance of the Remaining Land and Easement Areas: The Association shall bear all cost (subject to the right to assess lots as provided below) and responsibility of operation, upkeep, maintenance, repair and replacement of any Remaining Land and Easement Areas, including without limitation any necessary routine maintenance and repair of the roads, storm drainage and grassed underdrained soil filters, landscaping, curbing, utility wires and conduits, development signage or other common area improvements. The Association shall also obtain and maintain adequate commercial general liability insurance on said Remaining Land and with respect to the Easement Areas, which insurance shall be obtained on an occurrence basis in an amount not less than \$5,000,000 combined single limit. Until and only until conveyance of any portion of the Remaining Land to the Association, the Declarant shall undertake the maintenance responsibilities of the Association with respect to the Remaining Land and Easement Areas; provided, however, the Association shall be unconditionally obligated to accept conveyance of the Remaining Land and Easement Areas or any part thereof, and Declarant may record a deed or deeds to the Association for such areas without further action by the Association. The Remaining Land shall be conveyed to the Association by Declarant at any time prior to or contemporaneously with Declarant conveying out the last Lot of the Property, with the timing of such conveyance to be in Declarant's sole

discretion. Upon any such conveyance to the Association, the Declarant shall be relieved of all obligations under this paragraph with respect to the land conveyed.

- 6. <u>Animals</u>: No poultry, swine, livestock or other animals shall be kept on a Lot or otherwise on the Property, except household pets of the kind and number normally housed in a residence. There shall be no exterior pet fencing, shelters, or caging. No boarding of dogs, cats or other household pets shall be conducted on a Lot.
- 7. <u>Prohibited Vehicles:</u> Except in the development and sale of the Lots by the Declarant and construction of houses and other Buildings by Owners, no business or commercial vehicle or vehicle of similar nature shall be brought upon, or be maintained, or be permitted to remain on the Property except that a business or commercial vehicle regularly used by an Owner in his or her occupation may remain on a Lot. No junk automobiles or other vehicles that do not display a current State of Maine motor vehicle inspection sticker may be kept or maintained on the Property unless parked in a garage or storage shed.
- 8. <u>Prohibited Activities</u>: No hunting or use of firearms, air guns, or bows shall be allowed anywhere on the Property.
- 9. <u>Rubbish and Debris</u>: Except during the initial construction of a Building, rubbish and debris shall be stored between pickups in the garage in sanitary receptacles with sealing covers or as required by Town of Cumberland ordinances or regulations and shall be placed curbside for pickup in such receptacles with the covers placed tightly over the receptacles and promptly restored in a garage after rubbish pickup.
- 10. <u>Exterior Lighting:</u> Any exterior lighting shall be directed to illuminate only the ground or the Buildings on the Lot and shall be installed such that no light is directly visible from any other part of the Property.

ARTICLE III DURATION.

The protective covenants, common easements and other provisions of this Declaration as set forth herein and as may be amended from time to time as provided below in Article X, shall run with the land and burden the Property and shall inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the Declarant, the Association, and any other Owner of any portion of the Property, their respective legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns, in perpetuity.

<u>ARTICLE IV</u> <u>DECLARANT'S RESERVED RIGHTS.</u>

The conveyance of the Lots to Owners shall be subject to the following rights reserved by the Declarant until completion of the construction, marketing and sale of all Lots:

1. To change the size, number, dimension, and location of Lots and other improvements owned by the Declarant, subject to the requirement that Declarant obtain necessary approval from the Town of Cumberland planning authority. The foregoing change or changes shall be effective upon the recording by the Declarant of an amendment to this Declaration, no other

signatures being necessary on such amendment, and/or the recording by the Declarant of an amended subdivision plan indicating the changes made;

- 2. To locate on the Property, even though not depicted on the Plan, and grant and reserve easements and rights of way for the installation, maintenance, repair, replacement and inspection of utility lines, wires, pipes, conduits and facilities, including, but not limited to, water, electric, telephone, cable and sewer;
- 3. To connect with and make use of utility lines, wires, pipes and conduits located on the Property for construction and sales purposes, provided that the Declarant shall be responsible for the cost of services so used;
- 4. To use the roads shown on the Plan and access easements appurtenant to the Property for ingress and egress to the Property or any portion thereof for all purposes including, but not limited to development and construction of a residential subdivision and use the Property for the storage of materials used in the construction of the residences and improvements on the Lots and infrastructure on the Property and equipment used in the completion of the project;
 - 5. To install and maintain signs and lighting for marketing and sales purposes; and
- 6. To do all things reasonably necessary to facilitate the development of the Property and the marketing and sale of the Lots.

Declarant further reserves from the land described in Exhibit A attached hereto a perpetual easement in gross, assignable to any other party or parties in part or in whole, for vehicular and pedestrian access on and all utilities under, across or over the 50' wide roadway right-of-way as shown on the Plan. The foregoing reserved easement may benefit any additional land and any number of additional lots or dwellings without exceeding the scope of or overburdening the reserved easement rights. The foregoing reserved easement is perpetual in nature and does not expire upon the sale of the Lots by Declarant.

ARTICLE V HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION.

On or about the date of execution and recording of this Declaration, there will be formed *Orchard Road Subdivision Homeowners Association*, a non-profit, non-stock corporation organized under the laws of the State of Maine (the "Association"). Each Owner or Owners of a Lot, including the Declarant prior to the conveyance of each Lot, shall automatically become and be a member of the Association as long as said Owner(s) continues as record owner of a Lot. Upon termination of the interest of an Owner in a Lot, the Owner's membership and any interest in the Association shall automatically terminate and transfer and inure to the next successive record owner of the Lot. Each Owner shall be bound by the Bylaws of the Association, as the same may be amended from time to time, and each Owner shall comply strictly with such Bylaws. No holder of a mortgage on a Lot shall be considered as an Owner until such holder shall have acquired title to such Lot by foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure. With respect to Association governance matters requiring a vote of the Owners, each Lot shall have One (1) vote.

ARTICLE VI ASSESSMENTS FOR COMMON EXPENSES.

- 1. Upon ratification of the budget for Common Expenses (as defined herein), the Association shall cause to be sent to each Owner a statement showing such Owner's share of the Common Expenses. The Common Expenses shall include, without limitation, the costs necessary to own, operate, manage, maintain, repair and replace the Remaining Land and Easement Areas and to operate, maintain, repair and replace the roads, curbing, landscaping, signage, drainage swales, grassed underdrained soil filter, and all structures and equipment related or connected thereto. Assessments for Common Expenses shall be billed on or about the first day of each quarter. All sums so assessed and billed shall become due no later than 30 days after the date of mailing or delivery of each bill. The Members of the Association may from time to time at special meetings levy additional assessments, in accordance with the terms of the Bylaws.
- 2. Assessments authorized and billed by the Association shall be a charge on the Lot and shall be a continuing lien upon the Lot upon which such assessment is made. If the assessment to an Owner shall not be paid within Thirty (30) days after the date when due, then said assessment shall be delinquent and shall, together with interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month or any portion thereof, costs of collection and attorneys' fees, become a continuing lien on the Lot owned by the delinquent Owner, which lien shall bind the Lot with the Building and improvements thereon, as well as the delinquent Owner, his heirs, devisees, successors, personal representatives and assigns, without the necessity of filing any document of record. Such lien may be enforced and foreclosed by the Association in the manner provided by applicable law for the foreclosure of real estate mortgages. The lien for unpaid assessments established hereby shall be prior to all liens and encumbrances on the Lot other than (i) the first mortgage recorded prior to the date on which the assessment that is sought to be enforced becomes delinquent, (ii) any second mortgage in favor of Declarant, (iii) liens for real estate taxes and other governmental/municipal assessments or charges against the Lot, or (iv) any other lien that according to law takes priority over existing liens pursuant to any statute. All such assessments, in addition to being a lien, shall also constitute the personal liability of the Owner of the Lot so assessed at the time of the assessment. In the collection of any assessment, the defaulting Owner also shall pay all of the Association's costs of collection, including attorneys' fees.

ARTICLE VII EASEMENTS.

The Lots and the Remaining Land are and shall be subject to all of the conditions, restrictions, easements and reservations set forth on the Plan, as it may be amended from time to time, and as more fully described below, and all Owners shall be bound by all of said conditions, restrictions, easements and reservations.

- 1. "<u>Common Open Space</u>": An easement for maintenance and use of the land for passive recreational activities such as walking, running, snowshoeing, and Nordic skiing.
- 2. "Roadway Access and Utility Easement": An easement for access by pedestrians and vehicles to and from the Lots and including the right to construct, maintain, repair and replace the roadway, including without limitation the gravel, pavement and curbing therefor. Also an easement to construct, install, use, repair, maintain and replace above and/or below ground any and all utility lines, pipes, conduits, wires, poles, guys, transformer and juncture boxes including without limitation those necessary for the provision of sewer, water, electricity, telephone, cable television, data and other communication services, including the right to enter the easement area at any time and from time to time with workers and equipment to exercise the rights reserved pursuant to this easement, including without limitation the removal of stumps and roots, the construction decorative walls and columns, and the alteration of the grade of the earth, including the right to

maintain and replace all of the foregoing, including the right to enter the easement area at any time and from time to time with pedestrians, motor vehicles and equipment to exercise the rights reserved pursuant to this easement. Declarant reserves for itself and its successors and assigns the right to dedicate and convey the right-of-way to the Town of Cumberland for all public purposes.

- 3. <u>"Drainage Swales"</u>: An easement for the installation, maintenance, repair, and replacement of level lip spreaders and drainage swales for the purpose of treating storm water runoff, which easement includes access thereto with workers and equipment for such purposes.
- 4. <u>"Winter Maintenance Easement":</u> An easement across the roadway for the Town of Cumberland to use for all purposes in connection with the plowing and snow removal activities on the roadway right-of-way, in the event that the roadway is offered and accepted by the Town of Cumberland for winter maintenance purposes.

ARTICLE VIII MAINTENANCE OF STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

The Association shall comply with the recommendations and requirements contained in the "Stormwater management report and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Report for Orchard Road Subdivision, Cumberland, Maine" prepared by Gorrill Palmer for Declarant and dated November, 2017, and October, 2017, as such maintenance plan has been approved by the Town of Cumberland Planning Board and the Maine Department of Environmental Protection. The Maintenance of Facilities section of the Erosion and Sedimentation Report presents the required maintenance for the Orchard Road Subdivision and is included as follows.

Maintenance of facilities

The stormwater facilities will be maintained by the Applicant, TZ Properties, LLC or their assigned heirs. The contract documents will require the contractor to designate a person responsible for maintenance of the sedimentation control features during construction as required by the Erosion Control Report. Long-term operation/maintenance recommended for the stormwater facilities is presented below.

The responsible party may contract with such professionals, as may be necessary in order to comply with this provision and may rely on the advice of such professionals in carrying out its duty hereunder, provided, that the following operation and maintenance procedures are hereby established as a minimum for compliance with this section. A maintenance log of the inspections shall be kept by the responsible party.

Inspection and Maintenance Frequency and Corrective Measures:

The following areas, facilities, and measures will be inspected and the identified deficiencies will be corrected. Clean-out must include the removal and legal disposal of any accumulated sediments and debris.

Catch Basins:

Inspect catch basins 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the catch basins are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Clean structures when sediment depths reach 12" from invert of outlet. If the basin outlet is designed with a hood to trap floatable materials (i.e. Snout), check to ensure watertight

seal is working. At a minimum, remove floating debris and hydrocarbons at the time of the inspection.

Culverts:

Inspect culverts 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the culverts are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the inlet, at the outlet, and within the conduit and repair any erosion damage at the culvert's inlet and outlet.

Inlet/Outlet Control Structures:

Inspect structures and piping 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the structures are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris within the structure.

Stormdrain Outlets:

Inspect outlets 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the outlets are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the outlet and within the conduit Repair any erosion damage at the stormdrain outlet.

Soil Filter – Bio-Filtration:

Inspect all upstream pre-treatment measures 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) for sediment and floatables accumulation. Remove and dispose of any sediments or debris.

Surface (Underdrain Pond, Swale or Bio-Filter):

The soil filter will be inspected within the first three months after construction; thereafter the filter will be inspected 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the filter is draining within 24 to 48 hours of a rain event equivalent to 1" or more. Adjustments will be made to the outlet valve to ensure that the grassed underdrained soil filter drains within 24 to 48 hours. Failure to drain in 72 hours will require part or all of the soil filter media to be removed and replaced with new material meeting the soil filter gradation. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected. Harvesting and weeding of excessive growth shall be performed as needed. Inspect for unwanted or invasive plants and remove as necessary.

Vegetated Areas:

Inspect slopes and embankments early in the growing season to identify active or potential erosion problems. Replant bare areas or areas with sparse growth. Where rill erosion is evident, armor the area with an appropriate lining or divert the erosive flows to on-site areas able to withstand the concentrated flows. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected.

Ditches, Swales and other Open Stormwater Channels:

Inspect 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure they are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of sediment and debris. Remove any obstructions to flow, including accumulated sediments and debris and vegetated growth. Repair any erosion of the ditch lining. Vegetated ditches will be mowed at least annually or otherwise maintained to control the growth of woody vegetation and maintain flow capacity. Any woody vegetation growing through riprap linings must also be removed. Repair any slumping side slopes as soon as practicable. If the ditch has a riprap lining, replace riprap on areas where any underlying filter fabric or underdrain gravel is showing through the stone or where stones have dislodged. Correct any erosion of the channel's bottom or sideslopes. The facilities shall be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies shall be corrected.

Roadways and Parking Surfaces: Clear accumulations of winter sand in parking lots and along roadways at least once a year, preferably in the spring. Accumulations on pavement may be removed by pavement sweeping. Accumulations of sand along road shoulders may be removed by grading excess sand to the pavement edge and removing it manually or by a front-end loader. Repair potholes and other roadway obstructions and hazards. Plowing and sanding of paved areas shall be performed as necessary to maintain vehicular traffic safety.

In the event that the Roadway is accepted by the Town of Cumberland, the maintenance requirements of all stormwater facilities within the right-of-way will become the responsibility of the Town of Cumberland. In the event that the Roadway is accepted by the Town of Cumberland, the Association shall be responsible for the maintenance of all stormwater facilities outside of the right-of-way, including but not limited to the grassed underdrained soil filters, inlet/outlet control structures, storm drain outlets, vegetated areas, and swales.

ARTICLE IX RESTRICTED BUFFER AREAS.

To preserve the "75' Buffer." areas shown on the Plan (hereinafter referred to as the "75' Buffer Areas"), the Buffer Areas shall be maintained as follows:

The Buffer Areas are and shall forever be held, transferred, sold, conveyed, occupied and maintained subject to the conditions and restrictions set forth in this Article IX of the Declaration (the "Restrictions"). The Restrictions shall run with the Buffer Areas and shall be binding on all parties having any right, title or interest in and to the Restricted Buffer Areas, or any portion thereof, and their heirs, personal representatives, successors, and assigns. Any present or future owner or occupant of the Buffer Areas or any portion thereof, by the acceptance of a deed of conveyance of all or part of the Buffer Areas or an instrument conveying any interest therein, whether or not the deed or instrument shall so express, shall be deemed to have accepted the Buffer Areas subject to the Restrictions and shall agree to be bound by, to comply with and to be subject to each and every one of the Restrictions hereinafter set forth.

1. <u>Restrictions on Buffer Area</u>. The Buffer Area must remain undeveloped in perpetuity. To maintain the ability of the Buffer Area to filter and absorb stormwater, the use of the Buffer Area is hereinafter limited as follows.

- a. No soil, loam, peat, sand, gravel, concrete, rock or other mineral substance, refuse, trash, vehicle bodies or parts, rubbish, debris, junk waste, pollutants or other fill material may be placed, stored or dumped on the Buffer Area, nor may the topography of the area be altered or manipulated in any way;
- b. Any removal of trees or other vegetation within the Buffer Area must be limited to the following:
 - (i) No purposefully cleared openings may be created and an evenly distributed stand of trees and other vegetation must be maintained. An "evenly distributed stand of trees" is defined as maintaining a minimum rating score of 24 points in any 50 foot by 50 foot square (2500 square feet) area, as determined by the following rating scheme:

Diameter of tree at 4 1/2 feet above ground level	Points
2-4 inches	1
4-8 inches	2
8-12 inches	4
>12 inches	8

Where existing trees and other vegetation result in a rating score less than 24 points, no

trees may be cut or sprayed with biocides except for the normal maintenance of dead, wind- blown or damaged trees and for pruning of tree branches below a height of 12 feet provided two thirds of the tree's canopy is maintained;

- (ii) No undergrowth, ground cover vegetation, leaf litter, organic duff layer or mineral soil may be disturbed except that one winding path, that is no wider than six feet and that does not pro-vide a downhill channel for runoff, is allowed through the area;
- c. No building or other temporary or permanent structure may be constructed, placed or permitted to remain on the Restricted Buffer Area, except for a sign, utility pole or fence;
- d. No trucks, cars, dirt bikes, ATVs, bulldozers, backhoes, or other motorized vehicles or mechanical equipment may be permitted on the Restricted Buffer Area;

Any activity on or use of the Buffer Area inconsistent with the purpose of these Restrictions is prohibited.

2. <u>Binding Effect</u>. If a Buffer Area is at any time owned by more than one owner, each owner shall be bound by the foregoing restrictions to the extent that any of the Buffer Area is included within such owner's property.

ARTICLE X AMENDMENTS.

This declaration may be amended at any time and from time to time by written instrument duly executed by the Owners of record of six of the ten Lots; provided, however, that at any time during which the Declarant owns one or more Lots, no amendment shall be effective unless the written consent of the Declarant to such amendment is obtained and further provided that no provisions of this Declaration required as conditions of approval for the subdivision of the Property may be terminated or modified without the approval of the planning authority of the Town of Cumberland. Any such amendment shall be recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds.

ARTICLE XI GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- 1. <u>Enforcement.</u> By the acceptance of the deed to a Lot, each Owner covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, devisees, successors, personal representatives and assigns, to comply with the covenants and restrictions set forth in this Declaration. Any failure to so comply shall be grounds for an action against the Owner, his heirs, devisees, successors, personal representatives and assigns, to recover damages or for injunctive relief or both. Such action may be maintained by the Association, the Declarant or by any aggrieved Owner. Notwithstanding anything in this Declaration to the contrary, the Association <u>shall</u> enforce the provisions of this Declaration that satisfy the conditions of the Town Approvals. In the event the Association, Declarant or an Owner shall substantially prevail in any such action, they shall be entitled to recover attorneys' fees and related expenses incurred in enforcing the terms of this Declaration. Nothing herein shall require the Declarant to enforce any of the covenants and restrictions in this Declaration.
- 2. <u>Waivers</u>. No delay or omission on part of the Declarant, the Association, or any Owner in enforcing the covenants set forth herein shall be construed as a waiver of any right to enforce or seek such remedy or acquiescence in such breach.
- 3. <u>Severability</u>. In the event any one or more of the provisions of this Declaration shall be found for any reason by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable or null and void, such judgment or decree shall not affect, modify, change, abrogate or nullify any other provision of this Declaration.
- 4. <u>Pronouns</u>. Wherever used, the singular number shall include the plural, the plural the singular, and the use of any gender shall be applicable to all genders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, TZ Properties, LLC, has caused this Declaration to be executed by Anthony J. Procida, its duly-authorized Manager, as of the day and year first above written.

WITNESS:	TZ PROPERTIES, LLC		
	By:		
	Anthony J. Procida its Manager		

STATE OF MAINE
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND

			,	201	7

Personally appeared before me the above-named Anthony J. Procida, Manager of TZ Properties, LLC, as aforesaid, and acknowledged the foregoing to be his free act and deed in said capacity and the free act and deed of said company.

Print name:

Notary Public/Attorney-at-Law

EXHIBIT A

[ADD PERIMETER DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY FROM DEED]

The access and utility easement in gross reserved by Declarant pursuant to Article IV above.



DECLARATION OF PROTECTIVE COVENANTS AND COMMON EASEMENTS ORCHARD ROAD SUBDIVISION TOWN OF CUMBERLAND, COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, STATE OF MAINE BY TZ PROPERTIES, LLC

THIS DECLARATION dated this	day of	, 2017, by TZ Properties,
LLC, a Maine limited liability company with a r	nailing address of	
(here	inafter referred to	as the "Declarant").
WITN	IESSETH;	

WHEREAS, the Declarant owns certain real property in the Town of Cumberland, Cumberland County, State of Maine, as described on **Exhibit A** attached hereto and as delineated on a plan entitled "Orchard Road Subdivision, Cumberland, Maine" prepared for Declarant by Gorrill Palmer and dated October 2017, and recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds in Plan Book xxx, Page xxx (the "Plan"), which subdivision consists of Ten (10) lots numbered on the Plan as 1-10 and also a parcel of land designated "Open Space." Lots 1 through 10 inclusive shall hereinafter be referred to as the "Lots," and together with the appurtenant Common Open Space easements shown on the Plan or referenced in this Declaration hereinafter referred to as the "Property." Declarant proposes to develop and improve the Property in accordance with the Plan; and

WHEREAS, Declarant desires to assure quality standards for the orderly development of the Property and to promote the interest and welfare of each owner of a part of the Property and therefore desires to subject the Property to protective covenants and common easements as set forth hereinafter.

WHEREAS, Declarant desires to subject the Property to protective covenants and common easements as set forth hereinafter to incorporate the conditions of the Town of Cumberland Planning Board approval for the subdivision of the Property.

NOW, THEREFORE, Declarant hereby declares that the Property is and shall be owned, occupied, improved, transferred, leased and otherwise used and disposed of subject to the protective covenants and common easements set forth herein, all of which are declared to be in furtherance of a uniform scheme of mutual equitable servitudes upon each and every portion thereof, in favor of each and every other portion thereof, and to create reciprocal rights and privity of contract and estate between all persons acquiring or owning an interest in any portion thereof, which protective covenants and common easements shall be determined to run with the land and be a burden and benefit upon and to, and be enforceable by, all persons having any interest in any portion of the Property, their heirs, successors and assigns.

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS.

1. <u>Association:</u> "Association" shall mean and refer to *Orchard Road Subdivision Homeowners Association*, its successors and assigns, a non-profit, non-stock Maine corporation, to be formed by Declarant pursuant to the terms of Article V below.

- 2. <u>Building:</u> "Building" shall mean and refer to any dwelling, garage, or storage structures or other improvement now or hereafter constructed on a Lot.
- 3. <u>Common Expenses:</u> "Common Expenses" shall mean and refer to expenditures made by or financial liabilities of the Association, together with any allocations to capital or other reserve accounts.
- 4. <u>Lot</u>: "Lot" shall mean each whole Lot or any interest therein as joint tenants or tenants in common.
- 5. <u>Remaining Land</u>: "Remaining Land" shall mean and refer to any land not a Lot and all improvements thereon, including without limitation the roads, curbing, and storm water drainage fixtures and improvements, all as shown on the Plan. Remaining Land also shall include the Common Open Space, which shall be owned as tenants-in-common by each of the Lot Owners.
- 6. <u>Easement Areas</u>: "Easement Areas" shall mean and refer to all of the easements areas shown on the Plan or described below or on Exhibit A attached hereto that burden any Lot or Lots or that benefit the Association and all of the Lots, including without limitation utility easements, pedestrian access to open space easement, vehicle and pedestrian access easements in the roadway, forested buffer easements, drainage easements, and and all improvements on, in, across or under such easement areas including pavement, curbing, landscaping, storm water drainage fixtures and improvements.
- 7. <u>Member</u>: "Member" shall mean and refer to those persons entitled to membership in the Association as determined by the Bylaws of the Association and as set forth herein.
- 8. Owners: "Owners" or in the singular, "Owner", shall mean and refer to the record owner or owners of fee simple title in and to any Lot, and shall include the Declarant so long as it owns any Lot or any other portion of the Property, but shall not include any person or legal entity owning an interest merely as security for an obligation.

ARTICLE II PROTECTIVE COVENANTS AND RESTRICTIONS.

Each conveyance by Declarant, its successors and assigns, of any Lot, and all subsequent conveyances of any Lot, whether directly or by operation of law, shall be subject to the following:

- 1. <u>No Commercial Uses</u>: Subject to the rights of the Declarant to develop and sell the Lots and such other rights of the Declarant as are set forth in this Declaration, each Lot shall be used only for residences, and no commercial enterprise of any nature or description shall be conducted or maintained on any portion of the Property, except that Lots may be used for a home office for telecommuting purposes by the Owners of such Lots provided that no customer, client or employee visits are made to the Lots incident to such commercial use.
- 2. <u>Buildings and Lot Improvements</u>: One single family residential structure shall be constructed or kept on any Lot. Each such Lot shall be improved subject to the following restrictions:
- (a) Not less than 1 ½ stories in height that meets or exceeds seventeen hundred (1700) square feet of usable living area excluding basements, garages, decks and patios, one (1) private garage attached to the single-family dwelling or detached from said dwelling, for not more

- than three (3) cars, in ground pool, pool house and outbuildings incidental and accessory to the permitted use of the premises. All structures shall comply with all applicable state and municipal building codes.
- (b) No structure shall be constructed outside of the building envelope shown on the Plan, which building envelope is determined by the application of the Town of Cumberland setback requirements.
- (c) All construction, including paved driveway, must be completed not more than twenty-four (24) months from the commencement date. Commencement of construction shall be defined as the date on which site work has begun on the subject property.
- (d) Any additions to a structure after initial construction that increase the footprint, that materially change the exterior appearance, or that require structural modification to the structure must be approved by the Declarant, or after the Declarant has conveyed the last Lot, by the Board of Directors of the Association, in writing prior to commencement of construction of such additions or modifications.
- (e) Declarant reserves to itself, its successors and assigns, the exclusive right to erect, place and maintain such facilities in or upon any portion of the Property as in its sole discretion may be necessary or convenient while selling the Lots or portions thereof, selling or constructing residences and other improvements upon the Property. Such facilities shall include, but are not limited to, sales and construction offices, storage areas, model units, signs, and portable toilet facilities.
- 3. <u>Damage of Destruction</u>: Any Building on any Lot that is destroyed or damaged in whole or in part by fire, windstorm, or other casualty promptly must be rebuilt or all debris removed and the affected portion of the Lot restored to its natural condition without delay.
- 4. <u>Compliance with Governmental Regulations</u>: Owners shall occupy and maintain the Lots in accordance with the rules, regulations, ordinances, and statutes enacted by governmental entities having jurisdiction over the Property, including without limitation the terms and conditions imposed by the Town of Cumberland Planning Board in connection with the subdivision approval for the Property on xxx, and xxx (the "Town Approvals"), and as reflected on the Plan.
- Maintenance of the Remaining Land and Easement Areas: The Association shall bear all cost (subject to the right to assess lots as provided below) and responsibility of operation, upkeep, maintenance, repair and replacement of any Remaining Land and Easement Areas, including without limitation any necessary routine maintenance and repair of the roads, storm drainage and grassed underdrained soil filters, landscaping, curbing, utility wires and conduits, development signage or other common area improvements. The Association shall also obtain and maintain adequate commercial general liability insurance on said Remaining Land and with respect to the Easement Areas, which insurance shall be obtained on an occurrence basis in an amount not less than \$5,000,000 combined single limit. Until and only until conveyance of any portion of the Remaining Land to the Association, the Declarant shall undertake the maintenance responsibilities of the Association with respect to the Remaining Land and Easement Areas; provided, however, the Association shall be unconditionally obligated to accept conveyance of the Remaining Land and Easement Areas or any part thereof, and Declarant may record a deed or deeds to the Association for such areas without further action by the Association. The Remaining Land shall be conveyed to the Association by Declarant at any time prior to or contemporaneously with Declarant conveying out the last Lot of the Property, with the timing of such conveyance to be in Declarant's sole

discretion. Upon any such conveyance to the Association, the Declarant shall be relieved of all obligations under this paragraph with respect to the land conveyed.

- 6. <u>Animals</u>: No poultry, swine, livestock or other animals shall be kept on a Lot or otherwise on the Property, except household pets of the kind and number normally housed in a residence. There shall be no exterior pet fencing, shelters, or caging. No boarding of dogs, cats or other household pets shall be conducted on a Lot.
- 7. <u>Prohibited Vehicles:</u> Except in the development and sale of the Lots by the Declarant and construction of houses and other Buildings by Owners, no business or commercial vehicle or vehicle of similar nature shall be brought upon, or be maintained, or be permitted to remain on the Property except that a business or commercial vehicle regularly used by an Owner in his or her occupation may remain on a Lot. No junk automobiles or other vehicles that do not display a current State of Maine motor vehicle inspection sticker may be kept or maintained on the Property unless parked in a garage or storage shed.
- 8. <u>Prohibited Activities</u>: No hunting or use of firearms, air guns, or bows shall be allowed anywhere on the Property.
- 9. <u>Rubbish and Debris</u>: Except during the initial construction of a Building, rubbish and debris shall be stored between pickups in the garage in sanitary receptacles with sealing covers or as required by Town of Cumberland ordinances or regulations and shall be placed curbside for pickup in such receptacles with the covers placed tightly over the receptacles and promptly restored in a garage after rubbish pickup.
- 10. <u>Exterior Lighting:</u> Any exterior lighting shall be directed to illuminate only the ground or the Buildings on the Lot and shall be installed such that no light is directly visible from any other part of the Property.

ARTICLE III DURATION.

The protective covenants, common easements and other provisions of this Declaration as set forth herein and as may be amended from time to time as provided below in Article X, shall run with the land and burden the Property and shall inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the Declarant, the Association, and any other Owner of any portion of the Property, their respective legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns, in perpetuity.

<u>ARTICLE IV</u> <u>DECLARANT'S RESERVED RIGHTS.</u>

The conveyance of the Lots to Owners shall be subject to the following rights reserved by the Declarant until completion of the construction, marketing and sale of all Lots:

1. To change the size, number, dimension, and location of Lots and other improvements owned by the Declarant, subject to the requirement that Declarant obtain necessary approval from the Town of Cumberland planning authority. The foregoing change or changes shall be effective upon the recording by the Declarant of an amendment to this Declaration, no other

signatures being necessary on such amendment, and/or the recording by the Declarant of an amended subdivision plan indicating the changes made;

- 2. To locate on the Property, even though not depicted on the Plan, and grant and reserve easements and rights of way for the installation, maintenance, repair, replacement and inspection of utility lines, wires, pipes, conduits and facilities, including, but not limited to, water, electric, telephone, cable and sewer;
- 3. To connect with and make use of utility lines, wires, pipes and conduits located on the Property for construction and sales purposes, provided that the Declarant shall be responsible for the cost of services so used:
- 4. To use the roads shown on the Plan and access easements appurtenant to the Property for ingress and egress to the Property or any portion thereof for all purposes including, but not limited to development and construction of a residential subdivision and use the Property for the storage of materials used in the construction of the residences and improvements on the Lots and infrastructure on the Property and equipment used in the completion of the project;
 - 5. To install and maintain signs and lighting for marketing and sales purposes; and
- 6. To do all things reasonably necessary to facilitate the development of the Property and the marketing and sale of the Lots.

Declarant further reserves from the land described in Exhibit A attached hereto a perpetual easement in gross, assignable to any other party or parties in part or in whole, for vehicular and pedestrian access on and all utilities under, across or over the 50' wide roadway right-of-way as shown on the Plan. The foregoing reserved easement may benefit any additional land and any number of additional lots or dwellings without exceeding the scope of or overburdening the reserved easement rights. The foregoing reserved easement is perpetual in nature and does not expire upon the sale of the Lots by Declarant.

ARTICLE V HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION.

On or about the date of execution and recording of this Declaration, there will be formed *Orchard Road Subdivision Homeowners Association*, a non-profit, non-stock corporation organized under the laws of the State of Maine (the "Association"). Each Owner or Owners of a Lot, including the Declarant prior to the conveyance of each Lot, shall automatically become and be a member of the Association as long as said Owner(s) continues as record owner of a Lot. Upon termination of the interest of an Owner in a Lot, the Owner's membership and any interest in the Association shall automatically terminate and transfer and inure to the next successive record owner of the Lot. Each Owner shall be bound by the Bylaws of the Association, as the same may be amended from time to time, and each Owner shall comply strictly with such Bylaws. No holder of a mortgage on a Lot shall be considered as an Owner until such holder shall have acquired title to such Lot by foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure. With respect to Association governance matters requiring a vote of the Owners, each Lot shall have One (1) vote.

ARTICLE VI ASSESSMENTS FOR COMMON EXPENSES.

- 1. Upon ratification of the budget for Common Expenses (as defined herein), the Association shall cause to be sent to each Owner a statement showing such Owner's share of the Common Expenses. The Common Expenses shall include, without limitation, the costs necessary to own, operate, manage, maintain, repair and replace the Remaining Land and Easement Areas and to operate, maintain, repair and replace the roads, curbing, landscaping, signage, drainage swales, grassed underdrained soil filter, and all structures and equipment related or connected thereto. Assessments for Common Expenses shall be billed on or about the first day of each quarter. All sums so assessed and billed shall become due no later than 30 days after the date of mailing or delivery of each bill. The Members of the Association may from time to time at special meetings levy additional assessments, in accordance with the terms of the Bylaws.
- 2. Assessments authorized and billed by the Association shall be a charge on the Lot and shall be a continuing lien upon the Lot upon which such assessment is made. If the assessment to an Owner shall not be paid within Thirty (30) days after the date when due, then said assessment shall be delinquent and shall, together with interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month or any portion thereof, costs of collection and attorneys' fees, become a continuing lien on the Lot owned by the delinquent Owner, which lien shall bind the Lot with the Building and improvements thereon, as well as the delinquent Owner, his heirs, devisees, successors, personal representatives and assigns, without the necessity of filing any document of record. Such lien may be enforced and foreclosed by the Association in the manner provided by applicable law for the foreclosure of real estate mortgages. The lien for unpaid assessments established hereby shall be prior to all liens and encumbrances on the Lot other than (i) the first mortgage recorded prior to the date on which the assessment that is sought to be enforced becomes delinquent, (ii) any second mortgage in favor of Declarant, (iii) liens for real estate taxes and other governmental/municipal assessments or charges against the Lot, or (iv) any other lien that according to law takes priority over existing liens pursuant to any statute. All such assessments, in addition to being a lien, shall also constitute the personal liability of the Owner of the Lot so assessed at the time of the assessment. In the collection of any assessment, the defaulting Owner also shall pay all of the Association's costs of collection, including attorneys' fees.

ARTICLE VII EASEMENTS.

The Lots and the Remaining Land are and shall be subject to all of the conditions, restrictions, easements and reservations set forth on the Plan, as it may be amended from time to time, and as more fully described below, and all Owners shall be bound by all of said conditions, restrictions, easements and reservations.

- 1. "<u>Common Open Space</u>": An easement for maintenance and use of the land for passive recreational activities such as walking, running, snowshoeing, and Nordic skiing.
- 2. "Roadway Access and Utility Easement": An easement for access by pedestrians and vehicles to and from the Lots and including the right to construct, maintain, repair and replace the roadway, including without limitation the gravel, pavement and curbing therefor. Also an easement to construct, install, use, repair, maintain and replace above and/or below ground any and all utility lines, pipes, conduits, wires, poles, guys, transformer and juncture boxes including without limitation those necessary for the provision of sewer, water, electricity, telephone, cable television, data and other communication services, including the right to enter the easement area at any time and from time to time with workers and equipment to exercise the rights reserved pursuant to this easement, including without limitation the removal of stumps and roots, the construction decorative walls and columns, and the alteration of the grade of the earth, including the right to

maintain and replace all of the foregoing, including the right to enter the easement area at any time and from time to time with pedestrians, motor vehicles and equipment to exercise the rights reserved pursuant to this easement. Declarant reserves for itself and its successors and assigns the right to dedicate and convey the right-of-way to the Town of Cumberland for all public purposes.

- 3. <u>"Drainage Swales"</u>: An easement for the installation, maintenance, repair, and replacement of level lip spreaders and drainage swales for the purpose of treating storm water runoff, which easement includes access thereto with workers and equipment for such purposes.
- 4. <u>"Winter Maintenance Easement":</u> An easement across the roadway for the Town of Cumberland to use for all purposes in connection with the plowing and snow removal activities on the roadway right-of-way, in the event that the roadway is offered and accepted by the Town of Cumberland for winter maintenance purposes.

ARTICLE VIII MAINTENANCE OF STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

The Association shall comply with the recommendations and requirements contained in the "Stormwater management report and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Report for Orchard Road Subdivision, Cumberland, Maine" prepared by Gorrill Palmer for Declarant and dated November, 2017, and October, 2017, as such maintenance plan has been approved by the Town of Cumberland Planning Board and the Maine Department of Environmental Protection. The Maintenance of Facilities section of the Erosion and Sedimentation Report presents the required maintenance for the Orchard Road Subdivision and is included as follows.

Maintenance of facilities

The stormwater facilities will be maintained by the Applicant, TZ Properties, LLC or their assigned heirs. The contract documents will require the contractor to designate a person responsible for maintenance of the sedimentation control features during construction as required by the Erosion Control Report. Long-term operation/maintenance recommended for the stormwater facilities is presented below.

The responsible party may contract with such professionals, as may be necessary in order to comply with this provision and may rely on the advice of such professionals in carrying out its duty hereunder, provided, that the following operation and maintenance procedures are hereby established as a minimum for compliance with this section. A maintenance log of the inspections shall be kept by the responsible party.

Inspection and Maintenance Frequency and Corrective Measures:

The following areas, facilities, and measures will be inspected and the identified deficiencies will be corrected. Clean-out must include the removal and legal disposal of any accumulated sediments and debris.

Catch Basins:

Inspect catch basins 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the catch basins are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Clean structures when sediment depths reach 12" from invert of outlet. If the basin outlet is designed with a hood to trap floatable materials (i.e. Snout), check to ensure watertight

seal is working. At a minimum, remove floating debris and hydrocarbons at the time of the inspection.

Culverts:

Inspect culverts 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the culverts are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the inlet, at the outlet, and within the conduit and repair any erosion damage at the culvert's inlet and outlet.

Inlet/Outlet Control Structures:

Inspect structures and piping 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the structures are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris within the structure.

Stormdrain Outlets:

Inspect outlets 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the outlets are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the outlet and within the conduit Repair any erosion damage at the stormdrain outlet.

Soil Filter - Bio-Filtration:

Inspect all upstream pre-treatment measures 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) for sediment and floatables accumulation. Remove and dispose of any sediments or debris.

Surface (Underdrain Pond, Swale or Bio-Filter):

The soil filter will be inspected within the first three months after construction; thereafter the filter will be inspected 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the filter is draining within 24 to 48 hours of a rain event equivalent to 1" or more. Adjustments will be made to the outlet valve to ensure that the grassed underdrained soil filter drains within 24 to 48 hours. Failure to drain in 72 hours will require part or all of the soil filter media to be removed and replaced with new material meeting the soil filter gradation. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected. Harvesting and weeding of excessive growth shall be performed as needed. Inspect for unwanted or invasive plants and remove as necessary.

Vegetated Areas:

Inspect slopes and embankments early in the growing season to identify active or potential erosion problems. Replant bare areas or areas with sparse growth. Where rill erosion is evident, armor the area with an appropriate lining or divert the erosive flows to on-site areas able to withstand the concentrated flows. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected.

Ditches, Swales and other Open Stormwater Channels:

Inspect 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure they are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of sediment and debris. Remove any obstructions to flow, including accumulated sediments and debris and vegetated growth. Repair any erosion of the ditch lining. Vegetated ditches will be mowed at least annually or otherwise maintained to control the growth of woody vegetation and maintain flow capacity. Any woody vegetation growing through riprap linings must also be removed. Repair any slumping side slopes as soon as practicable. If the ditch has a riprap lining, replace riprap on areas where any underlying filter fabric or underdrain gravel is showing through the stone or where stones have dislodged. Correct any erosion of the channel's bottom or sideslopes. The facilities shall be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies shall be corrected.

Roadways and Parking Surfaces: Clear accumulations of winter sand in parking lots and along roadways at least once a year, preferably in the spring. Accumulations on pavement may be removed by pavement sweeping. Accumulations of sand along road shoulders may be removed by grading excess sand to the pavement edge and removing it manually or by a front-end loader. Repair potholes and other roadway obstructions and hazards. Plowing and sanding of paved areas shall be performed as necessary to maintain vehicular traffic safety.

In the event that the Roadway is accepted by the Town of Cumberland, the maintenance requirements of all stormwater facilities within the right-of-way will become the responsibility of the Town of Cumberland. In the event that the Roadway is accepted by the Town of Cumberland, the Association shall be responsible for the maintenance of all stormwater facilities outside of the right-of-way, including but not limited to the grassed underdrained soil filters, inlet/outlet control structures, storm drain outlets, vegetated areas, and swales.

ARTICLE IX RESTRICTED BUFFER AREAS.

To preserve the "75' Buffer." areas shown on the Plan (hereinafter referred to as the "75' Buffer Areas"), the Buffer Areas shall be maintained as follows:

The Buffer Areas are and shall forever be held, transferred, sold, conveyed, occupied and maintained subject to the conditions and restrictions set forth in this Article IX of the Declaration (the "Restrictions"). The Restrictions shall run with the Buffer Areas and shall be binding on all parties having any right, title or interest in and to the Restricted Buffer Areas, or any portion thereof, and their heirs, personal representatives, successors, and assigns. Any present or future owner or occupant of the Buffer Areas or any portion thereof, by the acceptance of a deed of conveyance of all or part of the Buffer Areas or an instrument conveying any interest therein, whether or not the deed or instrument shall so express, shall be deemed to have accepted the Buffer Areas subject to the Restrictions and shall agree to be bound by, to comply with and to be subject to each and every one of the Restrictions hereinafter set forth.

1. <u>Restrictions on Buffer Area</u>. The Buffer Area must remain undeveloped in perpetuity. To maintain the ability of the Buffer Area to filter and absorb stormwater, the use of the Buffer Area is hereinafter limited as follows.

- a. No soil, loam, peat, sand, gravel, concrete, rock or other mineral substance, refuse, trash, vehicle bodies or parts, rubbish, debris, junk waste, pollutants or other fill material may be placed, stored or dumped on the Buffer Area, nor may the topography of the area be altered or manipulated in any way;
- b. Any removal of trees or other vegetation within the Buffer Area must be limited to the following:
 - (i) No purposefully cleared openings may be created and an evenly distributed stand of trees and other vegetation must be maintained. An "evenly distributed stand of trees" is defined as maintaining a minimum rating score of 24 points in any 50 foot by 50 foot square (2500 square feet) area, as determined by the following rating scheme:

Diameter of tree at 4 1/2 feet above ground level	Points
2-4 inches	1
4-8 inches	2
8-12 inches	4
>12 inches	8

Where existing trees and other vegetation result in a rating score less than 24 points, no

trees may be cut or sprayed with biocides except for the normal maintenance of dead, wind- blown or damaged trees and for pruning of tree branches below a height of 12 feet provided two thirds of the tree's canopy is maintained;

- (ii) No undergrowth, ground cover vegetation, leaf litter, organic duff layer or mineral soil may be disturbed except that one winding path, that is no wider than six feet and that does not pro- vide a downhill channel for runoff, is allowed through the area;
- c. No building or other temporary or permanent structure may be constructed, placed or permitted to remain on the Restricted Buffer Area, except for a sign, utility pole or fence;
- d. No trucks, cars, dirt bikes, ATVs, bulldozers, backhoes, or other motorized vehicles or mechanical equipment may be permitted on the Restricted Buffer Area;

Any activity on or use of the Buffer Area inconsistent with the purpose of these Restrictions is prohibited.

2. <u>Binding Effect</u>. If a Buffer Area is at any time owned by more than one owner, each owner shall be bound by the foregoing restrictions to the extent that any of the Buffer Area is included within such owner's property.

ARTICLE X AMENDMENTS.

This declaration may be amended at any time and from time to time by written instrument duly executed by the Owners of record of six of the ten Lots; provided, however, that at any time during which the Declarant owns one or more Lots, no amendment shall be effective unless the written consent of the Declarant to such amendment is obtained and further provided that no provisions of this Declaration required as conditions of approval for the subdivision of the Property may be terminated or modified without the approval of the planning authority of the Town of Cumberland. Any such amendment shall be recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds.

ARTICLE XI GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- 1. <u>Enforcement.</u> By the acceptance of the deed to a Lot, each Owner covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, devisees, successors, personal representatives and assigns, to comply with the covenants and restrictions set forth in this Declaration. Any failure to so comply shall be grounds for an action against the Owner, his heirs, devisees, successors, personal representatives and assigns, to recover damages or for injunctive relief or both. Such action may be maintained by the Association, the Declarant or by any aggrieved Owner. Notwithstanding anything in this Declaration to the contrary, the Association <u>shall</u> enforce the provisions of this Declaration that satisfy the conditions of the Town Approvals. In the event the Association, Declarant or an Owner shall substantially prevail in any such action, they shall be entitled to recover attorneys' fees and related expenses incurred in enforcing the terms of this Declaration. Nothing herein shall require the Declarant to enforce any of the covenants and restrictions in this Declaration.
- 2. <u>Waivers</u>. No delay or omission on part of the Declarant, the Association, or any Owner in enforcing the covenants set forth herein shall be construed as a waiver of any right to enforce or seek such remedy or acquiescence in such breach.
- 3. <u>Severability</u>. In the event any one or more of the provisions of this Declaration shall be found for any reason by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable or null and void, such judgment or decree shall not affect, modify, change, abrogate or nullify any other provision of this Declaration.
- 4. <u>Pronouns</u>. Wherever used, the singular number shall include the plural, the plural the singular, and the use of any gender shall be applicable to all genders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, TZ Properties, LLC, has caused this Declaration to be executed by Anthony J. Procida, its duly-authorized Manager, as of the day and year first above written.

WITNESS:	TZ PROPERTIES, LLC		
	By:		
	Anthony I Procida its Manager		

STATE OF MAINE
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND

	, 2017
	, 201/

Personally appeared before me the above-named Anthony J. Procida, Manager of TZ Properties, LLC, as aforesaid, and acknowledged the foregoing to be his free act and deed in said capacity and the free act and deed of said company.

Print name:

Notary Public/Attorney-at-Law

EXHIBIT A

[ADD PERIMETER DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY FROM DEED]

The access and utility easement in gross reserved by Declarant pursuant to Article IV above.





May 10, 2018

Confirmation:

Information regarding the credit line account of TZ Properties LLC

C/o Zareh Derhagopian -- UBS Account Number: 5Vxxx37

I am writing in response to your request for verification of information concerning the UBS Financial Services Inc. ("UBS") account of TZ Properties LLC. As of the close of business on Wednesday, May 9, 2018, the above mentioned credit line account had cash available in excess of \$700,000.

Please be aware this account is linked to a securities account and is not a "bank" account. Securities, mutual funds and other non-deposit investment products are not FDIC-insured or bank guaranteed and are subject to market fluctuation. The above-referenced account value may reflect assets not held at UBS.

Questions

If you have any questions about this information, please contact Katie Ouellette at 207-791-5526.

UBS Financial Services is a member firm of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

Sincerely,

Katie Ouellette, FPOP™

Kosa

Wealth Management Associate

Senior Registered Client Service Assoc.

UBS Financial Services Inc.

PROJECT PARCEL SITE **CUMBERLAND ASSESSOR'S** MAP & LOT NUMBERS

<u>LOT</u>

59

Applicant:

TZ PROPERTIES 23 STORMY BROOK ROAD FALMOUTH, ME 04105

ORCHARD ROAD SUBDIVISION

CUMBERLAND, MAINE

PREPARED BY:



Relationships. Responsiveness. Results. www.gorrillpalmer.com

LEGEND

EXISTING DESCRIPTION BUILDING ______ — ZONE LINE • • • • • • • • • WETLAND BOUNDARY EDGE OF PAVEMENT EDGE OF GRAVEL DRIVE GRADING CONTOUR LINE SPOT ELEVATION 大100.31 X 226.4 $\sim\sim\sim$ POLE WITH LIGHT FIXTURE(S) UTILITY POLE FREESTANDING SIGN PAINTED DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC ARROW OVERHEAD ELECTRIC/TELEPHONE UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC/TELEPHONE 8*****W WATER LINE 8"SD STORM DRAIN LINE 8"CUL√ERT CULVERT HYDRANT WATER GATE VALVE WATER SHUT OFF VALVE MANHOLE CATCH BASIN

GENERAL NOTES

GENERAL NOTES

1. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA, EXISTING CONDITIONS, AND BOUNDARY SURVEY WAS PREPARED BY TITCOMB ASSOCIATES OF FALMOUTH. MAINE ON SEPTEMBER 29, 2017. FIELD SURVEYED TOPOGRAPHY INCLUDED A 100 FOOT WIDE STRIP CENTERED ON THE ROAD AND THE STORMWATER TREATMENT BASINS. ALL OTHER TOPOGRAPHY IS AERIAL BASED OBTAINED FROM THE MAINE GIS WEBSITE.

2. THE CONTRACTOR IS SPECIFICALLY CAUTIONED THAT THE LOCATION AND/OR THE ELEVATION OF THE EXISTING UTILITIES AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS IS BASED ON RECORDS OF THE VARIOUS UTILITY COMPANIES AND WHERE POSSIBLE MEASUREMENTS TAKEN IN THE FIELD. THIS INFORMATION IS NOT TO BE RELIED ON AS BEING EXACT OR COMPLETE. THE CONTRACTOR MUST CALL THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY AND DIG SAFE AT LEAST 72 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION TO REQUEST EXACT FIELD LOCATION OF UTILITIES. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO RELOCATE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WHICH CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

3. MAINTENANCE OF EROSION CONTROL MEASURES IS OF PARAMOUNT IMPORTANCE TO THE OWNER AND THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLYING WITH ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHOWN ON THE PLANS. ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY ON-SITE INSPECTIONS OF THE OWNER, THE TOWN OF CUMBERLAND OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVES AT NO ADDITIONAL

4. ALL MATERIAL SCHEDULES SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE HIS OWN MATERIAL SCHEDULES BASED UPON HIS PLAN REVIEW. ALL SCHEDULES SHALL BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS OR PERFORMING WORK.

5. ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS SHALL CONFORM TO MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SPECIFICATIONS, AND/OR TOWN OF CUMBERLAND SPECIFICATIONS.

6. WETLANDS ON THIS PLAN WERE DELINEATED AND GPS LOCATED BY TRC OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE.

PERMITTING NOTES

1. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF A SUBDIVISION PLAN APPROVAL FROM THE TOWN OF CUMBERLAND. THE CONSTRUCTION WILL BE GOVERNED BY THE TOWN OF CUMBERLAND ZONING ORDINANCE WHICH IS AVAILABLE FOR VIEWING AT THE OFFICE OF THE ENGINEER

2. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF A STORMWATER PERMIT AND NRPA PERMIT BY RULE FROM MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND A CATEGORY 2 PERMIT FROM THE US. ARMY

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REVIEW THE ABOVE REFERENCED PERMITS PRIOR TO SUBMITTING A BID FOR THIS PROJECT, AND INCLUDE COSTS AS NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH THE CONDITIONS OF THESE PERMITS.

LAYOUT NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONING, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, IS TO THE FACE OF

OFFSETS TO CATCH BASINS AND MANHOLES ARE TO THE CENTER OF

3. PIPE LENGTH EQUALS THE CENTER TO CENTER DISTANCES BETWEEN

CATCH BASINS AND/OR MANHOLES MINUS ONE-HALF OF THE DIAMETER OF OR MANHOLE. PROPERTY LINE AND R.O.W. MONUMENTS SHALL NOT BE DISTURBED BY

CONSTRUCTION. IF DISTURBED, THEY SHALL BE RESET TO THEIR ORIGINAL LOCATIONS AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE, BY A MAINE LICENSED LAND

PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY MONUMENTS AND PROPERTY LINE PINS SHALL BE INSTALLED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A MAINE LICENSED LAND

6. CURB RADII UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLAN SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 3'.

1. THE LOCATION OF THE PROPOSED UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL SERVICE IS APPROXIMATE AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE EXACT LOCATION WITH CENTRAL MAINE POWER COMPANY.

SUBSURFACE WASTEWATER DISPOSAL SHALL COMPLY WITH THE HHE-200 APPLICATION FOR EACH SITE.

GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL STORM DRAIN PIPE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MDOT SPECIFICATIONS SECTION 603—— PIPE CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS, LATEST REVISION WITH THE EXCEPTION THAT THE ONLY ACCEPTABLE TYPES OF PIPE ARE AS FOLLOWS:

> REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, CLASS III POLYVINYL-CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE SMOOTH BORE POLYETHYLENE - ADS OR HANCOR

2. TOPSOIL STRIPPED IN AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION THAT IS SUITABLE FOR REUSE AS LOAM SHALL BE STOCKPILED ON SITE AT A LOCATION TO BE DESIGNATED BY THE OWNER. UNSUITABLE SOIL SHALL BE SEPARATED, REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF AT AN APPROVED DISPOSAL LOCATION OFF SITE.

3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ANTICIPATE THAT GROUNDWATER WILL BE ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL INCLUDE SUFFICIENT COSTS WITHIN THEIR BID TO PROVIDE DEWATERING AS NECESSARY. NO SEPARATE PAYMENT SHALL BE MADE TO THE CONTRACTOR FOR DEWATERING.

EROSION CONTROL NOTES

CONTROL NOTES INCLUDED ON SHEET 15.

LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN A MANNER AND SEQUENCE THAT CAUSES THE LEAST PRACTICAL DISTURBANCE OF THE

PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CLEARING/LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL THE PERIMETER SILT FENCES AND THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.

ALL GROUND AREAS DISTURBED FOR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE GRADED, LOAMED AND SEEDED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. PERMANENT SEED MIXTURE SHALL CONFORM TO THE SEEDING PLAN CONTAINED IN THE EROSION

PRIOR TO PAVING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FLUSH SEDIMENT FROM ALL STORM DRAIN LINES, REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT FROM SUMPS AND INVERTS AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF.

5. ALL CATCH BASINS WITH OUTLET PIPES 18" DIAMETER OR LESS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH A "SNOUT" SEDIMENTATION HOOD PER DETAIL.

6. SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSPECTED, REPAIRED AND CLEANED AS

NOTED IN THE EROSION CONTROL NOTES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR AND ADD STONE TO THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS IT BECOMES SATURATED WITH MUD TO

SILT REMOVED FROM AROUND INLETS AND BEHIND THE SILT FENCES SHALL BE PLACED ON A TOPSOIL STOCKPILE AND MIXED INTO IT FOR LATER

9. EROSION CONTROL NOTES ACCOMPANY THIS PLAN SET AND ARE CONTAINED ON DRAWING 15 OF THIS PLAN SET.

10. THE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR THE CATCH BASIN SEDIMENT SUMPS IS CONTAINED IN THE EROSION CONTROL NOTES INCLUDED ON

11. THE CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION, EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, AND OTHER PERMIT REQUIREMENTS BASED UPON ANY THIRD PARTY REVIEW (ie MDEP) MAY RESULT IN MONETARY PENALTIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE ASSESSED ALL SUCH PENALTIES AT NO COST TO THE OWNER OR

12. ALL NON-PAVED AREAS DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED, UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE OWNER. 13. ALL DISTURBED AREAS ARE TO RECEIVE A MINIMUM OF 4" OF TOPSOIL PRIOR TO PERMANENT SEEDING.

LOCATION MAP SCALE: 1" = 1000'

UTILITIES

PROJECT LOCATION

CENTRAL MAINE POWER 162 CANCO ROAD PORTLAND, MAINE 04103 (207) 828-2882 CONTACT: JAMES COUGH

TELEPHONE:

5 DAVIS FARM ROAD PORTLAND, MAINE 04103 (207) 797-1842 CONTACT: TROY MACDONALD

TIME WARNER CABLE 118 JOHNSON ROAD PORTLAND, MAINE 04102 (207) 253-2222

INDEX

COVER SHEET, GENERAL NOTES, & LEGEND

EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN

BOUNDARY SURVEY SUBDIVISION PLAN

OVERALL LAYOUT AND UTILITY PLAN

OVERALL GRADING, DRAINAGE & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

LAYOUT AND UTILITY PLAN

GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN AND PROFILE

CULVERT DETAILS

SITE DETAILS

DRAINAGE & UTILITY DETAILS

GRASSED UNDERDRAIN DETAILS EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

EROSION CONTROL NOTES

CALL BEFORE YOU DIG 1-888-344-7233

PERMITS

TYPE OF PERMIT

MDEP STORMWATER PERMIT NRPA PERMIT BY RULE

CATEGORY 2 PERMIT

675 WESTERN AVE #3

312 CANCO ROAD

(207) 822-6300

PORTLAND, ME 04103

GOVERNING BODY

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS RECEIVED: 4/9/18 MANCHESTER, ME 04351

MAJOR SUBDIVISION APPLICATION

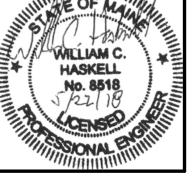
TOWN OF CUMBERLAND 290 TUTTLE ROAD CUMBERLAND, MAINE 04021 (207) 829-5559

10/31/17 (PRELIMINARY PLAN)

<u>STATUS</u>

RECEIVED: 4/3/18

NOTE: THIS PLAN SET IS ISSUED FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.



6.0			
3236			
Working`			
× ×			
ΑP			
c: \c	Rev.	Date	Revision

TEST PIT

MONUMENT

RIPRAP

FENCE

WELL

IRON ROD (SET)

IRON ROD (FOUND)

SILT FENCE - PERIMETER

STONE SEDIMENT BARRIER

5-22-18	WCH
12/22/17	WCH
10-31-17	WCH
Date	Ву
	12/22/17 10-31-17

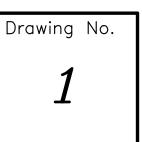
		Design: JWA	Draft: LAN	Date: DEC 2017
		Checked: WCH	Scale: NTS	Job No.: 3236.0
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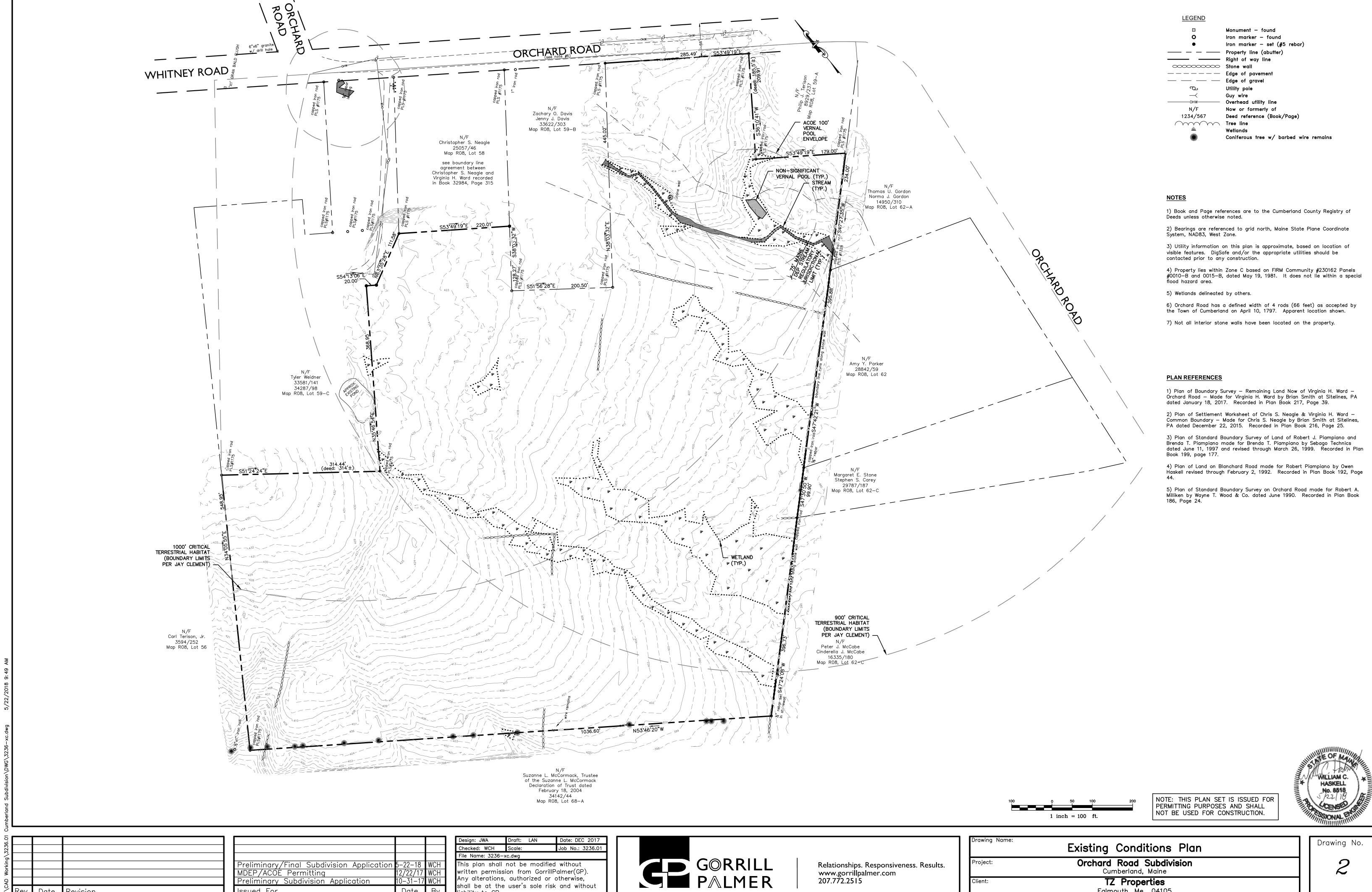
iability to GP.



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Drawing Name:	Cover Sheet, General Notes, and Legend	
Project:	Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine	
Client:	TZ Properties Falmouth, Me 04105	





Any alterations, authorized or otherwise,

liability to GP.

shall be at the user's sole risk and without

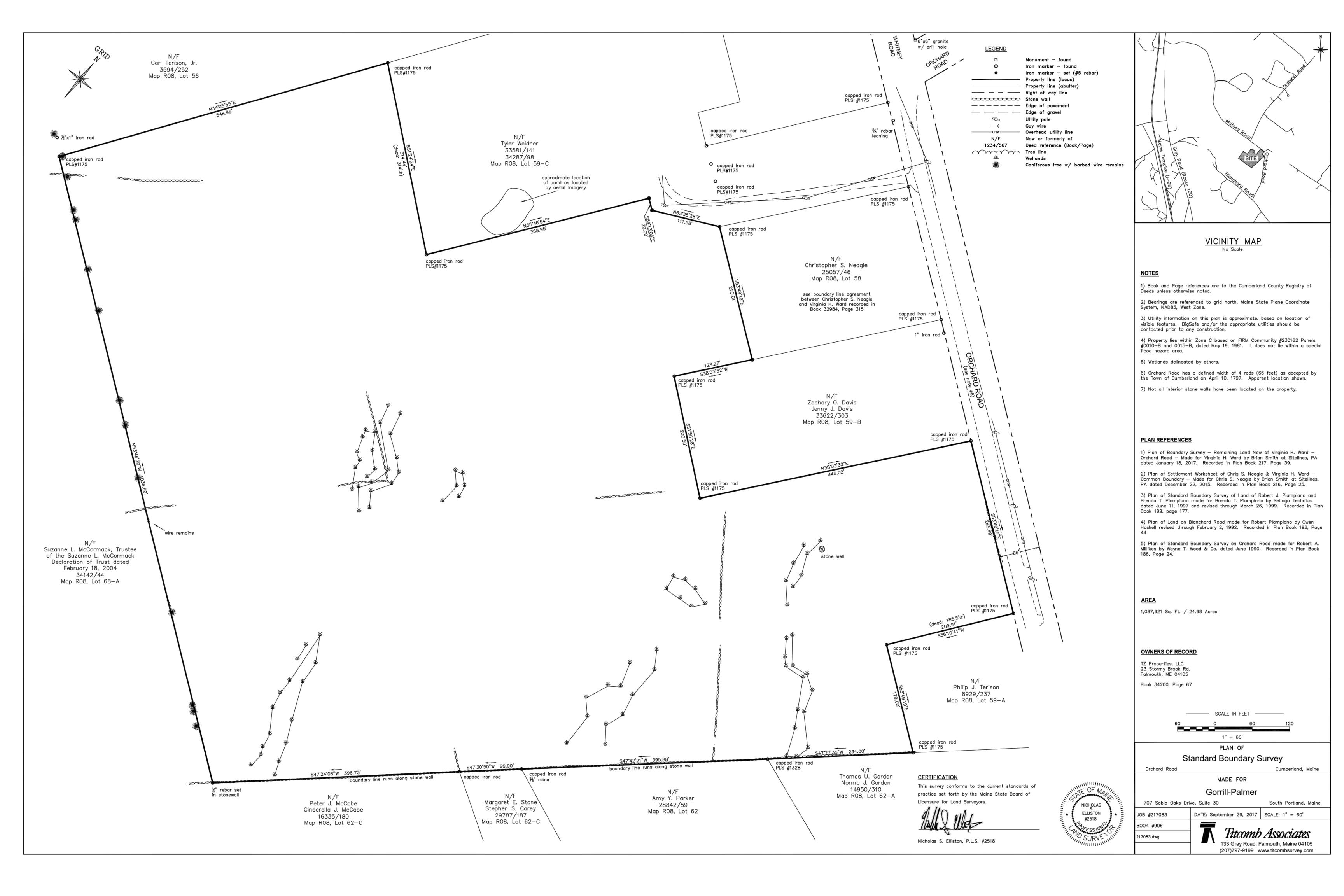
Preliminary Subdivision Application

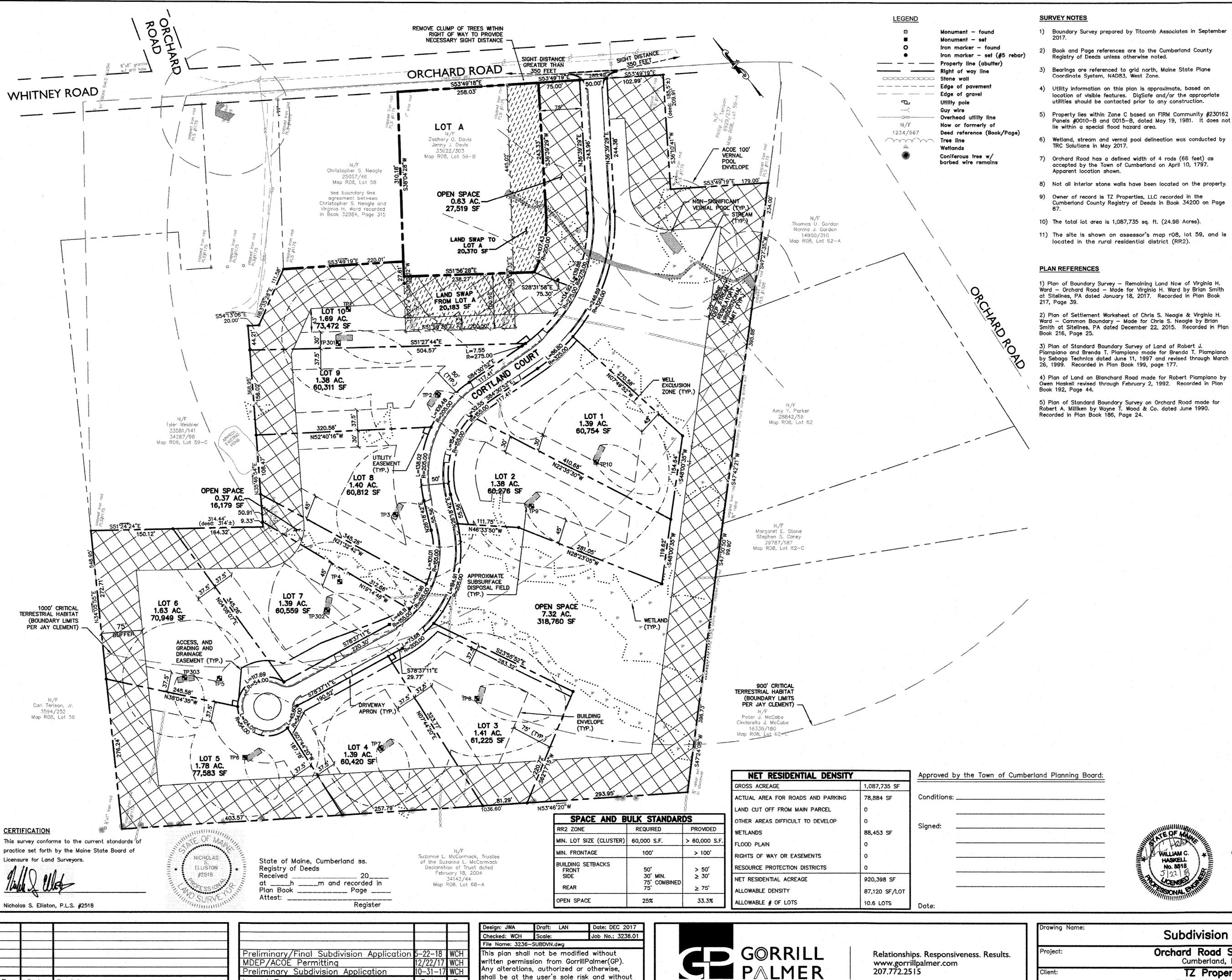
Issued For

Date

Revision

Orchard Road Subdivision
Cumberland, Maine **TZ Properties**Falmouth, Me 04105





SITE VICINITY MAP

SUBDIVISION NOTES:

Coordinate electric service with CMP.

Transformer and pull box final locations to be determined upon review

Lots shall have individual subsurface wastewater disposal systems. 4. Lots shall have individual wells for water supply.

5. The parcel is not located within a 100-year flood plain.

6. All residential buildings constructed within this subdivision shall be equipped with automatic fire control sprinklers in accordance with chapter

96 article ii of the Town of Cumberland ordinance. Septic system test pits completed by Dave Chapman with Sebago technics in December 2017. Subsurface disposal field sized for four

All roadways are proposed to be Public Roads and shall be designed and

constructed in accordance with the Town of Cumberland Residential Access 9. The roadways shall be designed in accordance with the Residential Access

Roadway Standards; -Right of way width = 50 feet -Pavement width = 22 feet 10. The approval of this plan by the Planning Board shall not constitute acceptance

by the Town of any street, easement, open space area, park, playground, or other recreation area thereon. 11. All residential buildings constructed within this subdivision shall be

equipped with automatic fire control sprinklers in accordance with Chapter 96 Article II of the Town of Cumberland Ordinance. 12. Dug wells or overburden wells are prohibited on site for drinking water

13. Restrictions on Restricted Buffer Area. The Restricted Buffer Area must remain undeveloped in perpetuity. To maintain the ability of the Restricted Buffer Area

to filter and absorb stormwater, the use of the Restricted Buffer Area is hereinafter limited as follows.

(a) No soil, loam, peat, sand, gravel, concrete, rock or other mineral substance, refuse, trash, vehicle bodies or parts, rubbish, debris, junk waste, pollutants or other fill material may be placed, stored or dumped a the Restricted Buffer Area, nor may the topography of the area be altered or manipulated in any way;

(b) Any removal of trees or other vegetation within the Restricted Buffer Area must be limited to the following:

(i) No purposefully cleared openings may be created and an evenly distributed stand of trees and other vegetation must be maintained. An "evenly distributed stand of trees" is defined as maintaining a minimum rating score of 24 points in any 50 foot by 50 foot square (2500 square feet) area, as determined by the following rating scheme:

Diameter of tree at 4 ½ feet above ground level	Points
2-4 inches	1
4-8 inches	2
8-12 inches	4
> 12 inches	R

Where existing trees and other vegetation result in a rating score less than 24 points, no trees may be cut or sprayed with blockdes except for the normal maintenance of dead, wind- blown or damaged trees and for pruning of tree branches below a height of 12 feet provided two thirds of the tree's canopy is maintained;

(ii) No undergrowth, ground cover vegetation, leaf litter, organic duff layer or mineral soil may be disturbed except that one winding path, that is no wider than six feet and that does not pro—vide a downhill channel for runoff, is allowed through the area;

(c) No building or other temporary or permanent structure may be constructed, placed or permitted to remain on the Restricted Buffer Area, except for a sign, utility pole or fence;

(d) No trucks, cars, dirt bikes, ATVs, bulldozers, backhoes, or other motorized vehicles or mechanical equipment may be permitted on the Restricted

Any activity on or use of the Restricted Buffer Area inconsistent with the purpose o these Restrictions is prohibited.

1 inch = 80 ft.

NOTE: THIS PLAN SET IS ISSUED FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.

Date Revision

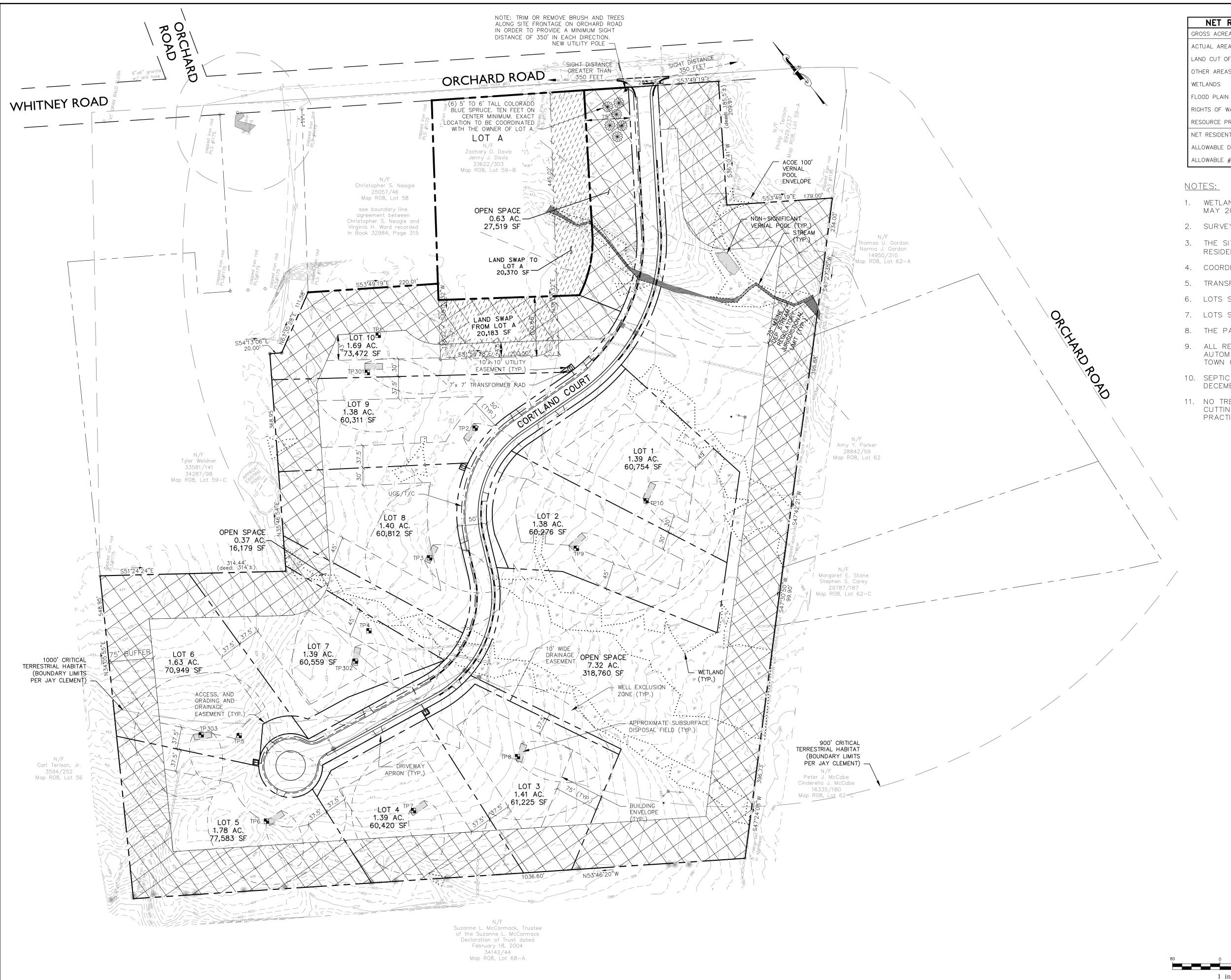
Preliminary/Final Subdivision Application	5-22-18	WCH
MDEP/ACOE Permitting	12/22/17	WCH
Preliminary Subdivision Application	10-31-17	WCH
Issued For	Date	Ву

iability to GP.



	Subdivision Plan
Project:	Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine
Client:	TZ Properties Falmouth, Me 04105

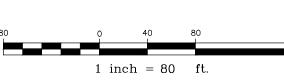
Drawing No.



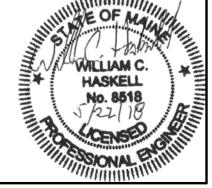
NET RESIDENTIAL DENSITY GROSS ACREAGE 1,087,735 SF ACTUAL AREA FOR ROADS AND PARKING 78,884 SF LAND CUT OFF FROM MAIN PARCEL OTHER AREAS DIFFICULT TO DEVELOP 88,453 SF FLOOD PLAIN RIGHTS OF WAY OR EASEMENTS RESOURCE PROTECTION DISTRICTS NET RESIDENTIAL ACREAGE 920,398 SF ALLOWABLE DENSITY 87,120 SF/LOT ALLOWABLE # OF LOTS 10.6 LOTS

SPACE AND B	ULK STANDAR	DS
RR2 ZONE	REQUIRED	PROVIDED
MIN. LOT SIZE (CLUSTER)	60,000 S.F.	> 60,000 S.F.
MIN. FRONTAGE	100'	> 100'
BUILDING SETBACKS FRONT SIDE REAR	50' 30' MIN. 75' COMBINED 75'	> 50' ≥ 30' ≥ 75'
OPEN SPACE	25%	33.3%

- 1. WETLAND, STREAM, AND VERNAL POOL DELINEATION WAS CONDUCTED BY TRC SOLUTIONS IN MAY 2017.
- 2. SURVEY PREPARED BY TITCOMB ASSOCIATES IN SEPTEMBER 2017.
- 3. THE SITE IS SHOWN ON ASSESSOR'S MAP RO8, LOT 59, AND IS LOCATED IN THE RURAL RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (RR2).
- 4. COORDINATE ELECTRIC SERVICE WITH CMP.
- 5. TRANSFORMER AND PULL BOX FINAL LOCATIONS TO BE DETERMINED UPON REVIEW FROM CMP.
- 6. LOTS SHALL HAVE INDIVIDUAL SUBSURFACE WASTEWATER DISPOSAL SYSTEMS.
- 7. LOTS SHALL HAVE INDIVIDUAL WELLS FOR WATER SUPPLY.
- 8. THE PARCEL IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN A 100-YEAR FLOOD PLAIN.
- 9. ALL RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS CONSTRUCTED WITHIN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH AUTOMATIC FIRE CONTROL SPRINKLERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 96 ARTICLE II OF THE TOWN OF CUMBERLAND ORDINANCE.
- 10. SEPTIC SYSTEM TEST PITS COMPLETED BY DAVE CHAPMAN WITH SEBAGO TECHNICS IN DECEMBER 2017. SUBSURFACE DISPOSAL FIELD SIZED FOR FOUR BEDROOM HOMES.
- 11. NO TREE CUTTING SHALL OCCUR BETWEEN JUNE 1 AND JULY 31 OF ANY YEAR. TREE CUTTING SHALL OCCUR BETWEEN OCTOBER 16 AND APRIL 19 OF ANY YEAR TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE.



NOTE: THIS PLAN SET IS ISSUED FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.



Rev.	Date	Revision
	Rev.	Rev. Date

Preliminary/Final Subdivision Application	5-22-18	WCH
MDEP/ACOE Permitting	12/22/17	WCH
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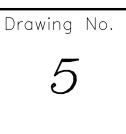
		Design: JWA	Draft: LAN	Date: DEC 2017
		Checked: WCH	Scale:	Job No.: 3236.01
File Name: 3236—SP.dwg				
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		written permissi	on from GorrillP	almer(GP).

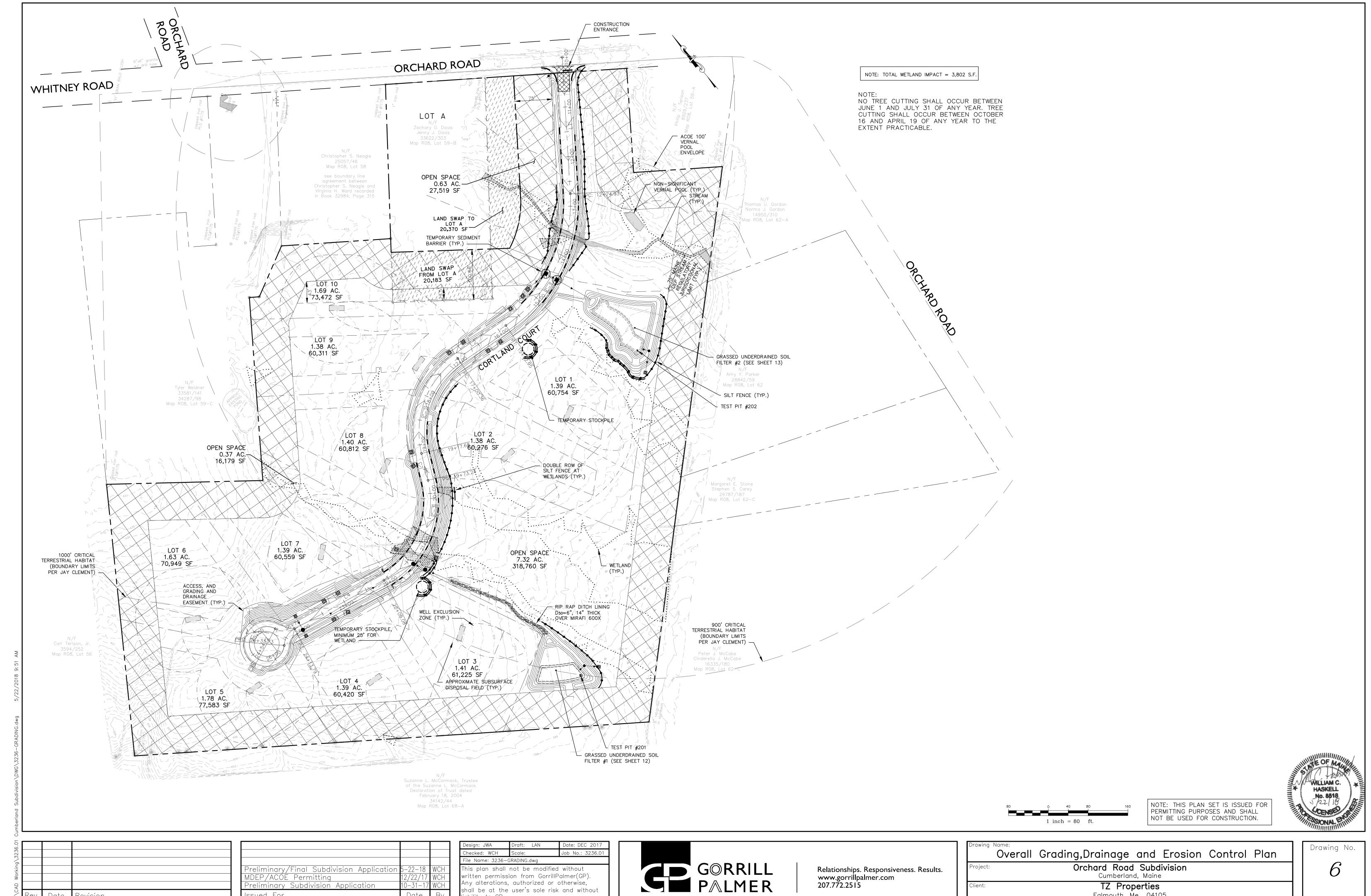
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Project:	Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine
Client:	TZ Properties Falmouth, Me 04105

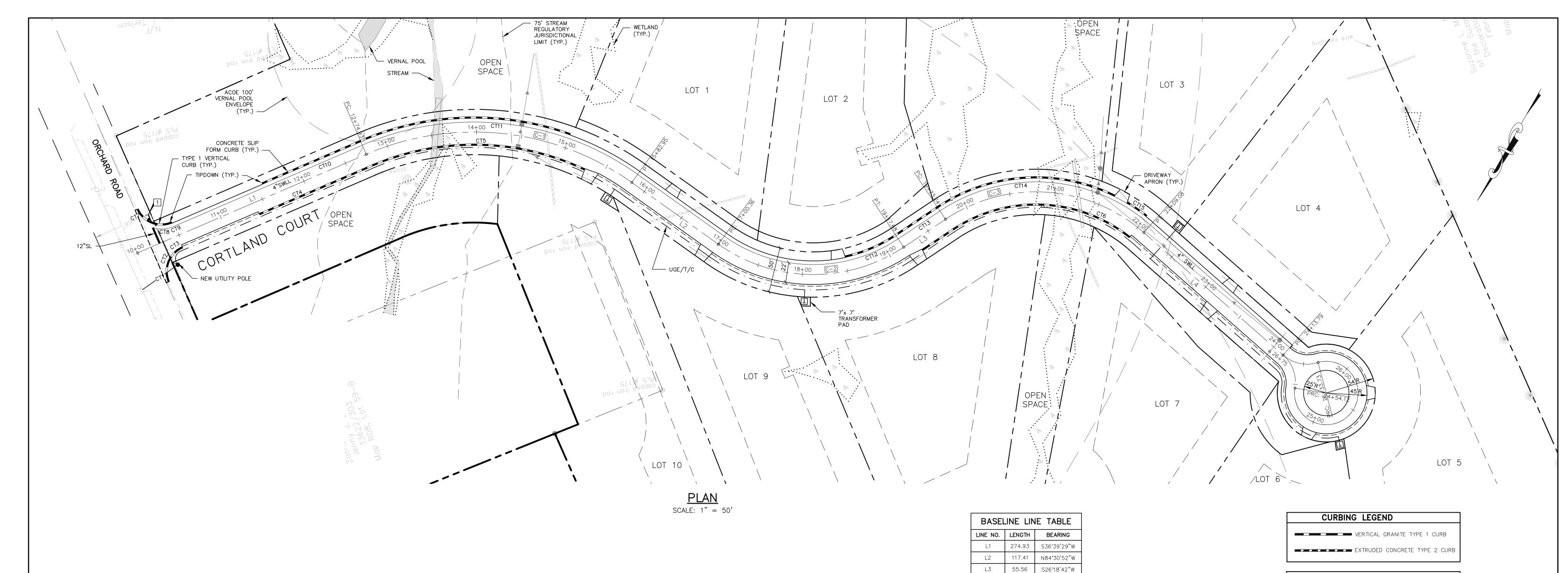




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ssued For

Falmouth, Me 04105



L4 204.72 N78°37'11"W

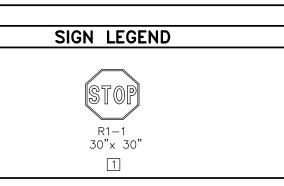
BASELINE CURVE TABLE

CURVE NO.	LENGTH	RADIUS	TANGENT	DELTA	CHORD BEARING	START STATION	END STATION
C-1	308.02	300.00	169.14	58°49'38"	S66°04'18"W	12+74.93	15+82.95
C-2	217.32	180.00	124.11	69°10'26"	S60°53'55"W	17+00.36	19+17.68
C-3	235.83	180.00	138.29	75°04'07"	S63°50'45"W	19+73.24	22+09.08

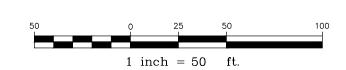
STRIPING LEGEND

SIGNAGE, STRIPING AND PAVEMENT MARKING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD) REGARDING SIZE, INSTALLATION, LOCATION & REFLECTIVITY.

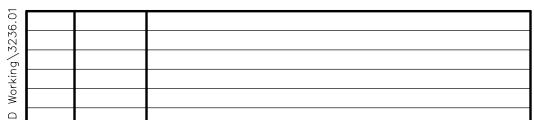
12"SL — 12" WIDTH STOP LINE 4"SWLL 4" SOLID WHITE LANE LINE



	CURB TABLE						
CURB ID	STATION/OFFSET FROM	STATION/OFFSET TO	LENGTH (FT)	RADIUS (FT)	CURB TYPE	COMMENT	
CT1	10+18.15, 42.95' RT	10+18.43, 38.96' RT	4.00	30.00	TYPE 1 TIP DOWN		
CT2	10+18.43, 38.96' RT	10+44.16, 13.27' RT	39.07	30.00	TYPE 1		
CT3	10+44.16, 13.27' RT	10+48.15, 13.00' RT	4.00	30.00	TYPE 1 TIP DOWN		
CT4	10+99.30, 13.00' RT	12+74.93, 13.00' RT	175.63	_	EXTRUDED CONC.		
CT5	12+74.93, 13.00' RT	15+00.00, 13.00' RT	215.32	287.00	EXTRUDED CONC.		
CT6	20+50.00, 13.00' RT	22+00.00, 13.00' RT	139.17	167.00	EXTRUDED CONC.		
CT7	10+18.31, 44.46' LT	10+18.64, 40.48' LT	4.00	30.00	TYPE 1 TIP DOWN		
CT8	10+18.64, 40.48' LT	10+44.31, 15.27' LT	38.58	30.00	TYPE 1		
CT9	10+44.31, 15.27' LT	10+48.30, 15.00' LT	4.00	30.00	TYPE 1 TIP DOWN		
CT10	11+00.00, 15.00' LT	12+74.93, 15.00' LT	174.93	-	EXTRUDED CONC.		
CT11	12+74.93, 15.00' LT	15+00.00, 15.00' LT	236.32	315.00	EXTRUDED CONC.		
CT12	19+00.00, 15.00' LT	19+17.68, 15.00' LT	16.21	165.00	EXTRUDED CONC.		
CT13	19+17.68, 15.00' LT	19+73.24, 15.00' LT	55.56	_	EXTRUDED CONC.		
CT14	19+73.24, 15.00' LT	21+61.27, 15.00' LT	203.70	195.00	EXTRUDED CONC.		
CT15	21+76.35, 15.00' LT	22+00.00, 15.00' LT	25.62	195.00	EXTRUDED CONC.		



NOTE: THIS PLAN SET IS ISSUED FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.



	Preliminary/Final Subdivision Application	5-22-18	WCH
	MDEP/ACOE Permitting	12/22/17	WCH
	Preliminary Subdivision Application	10-31-17	WCH
	Issued For	Date	Ву

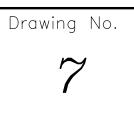
Design: JWA	Draft: LAN	Date: DEC 2017			
Checked: WCH	Scale:	Job No.: 3236.01			
File Name: 3236-PP.dwg					
This plan shall	not he modified	without			

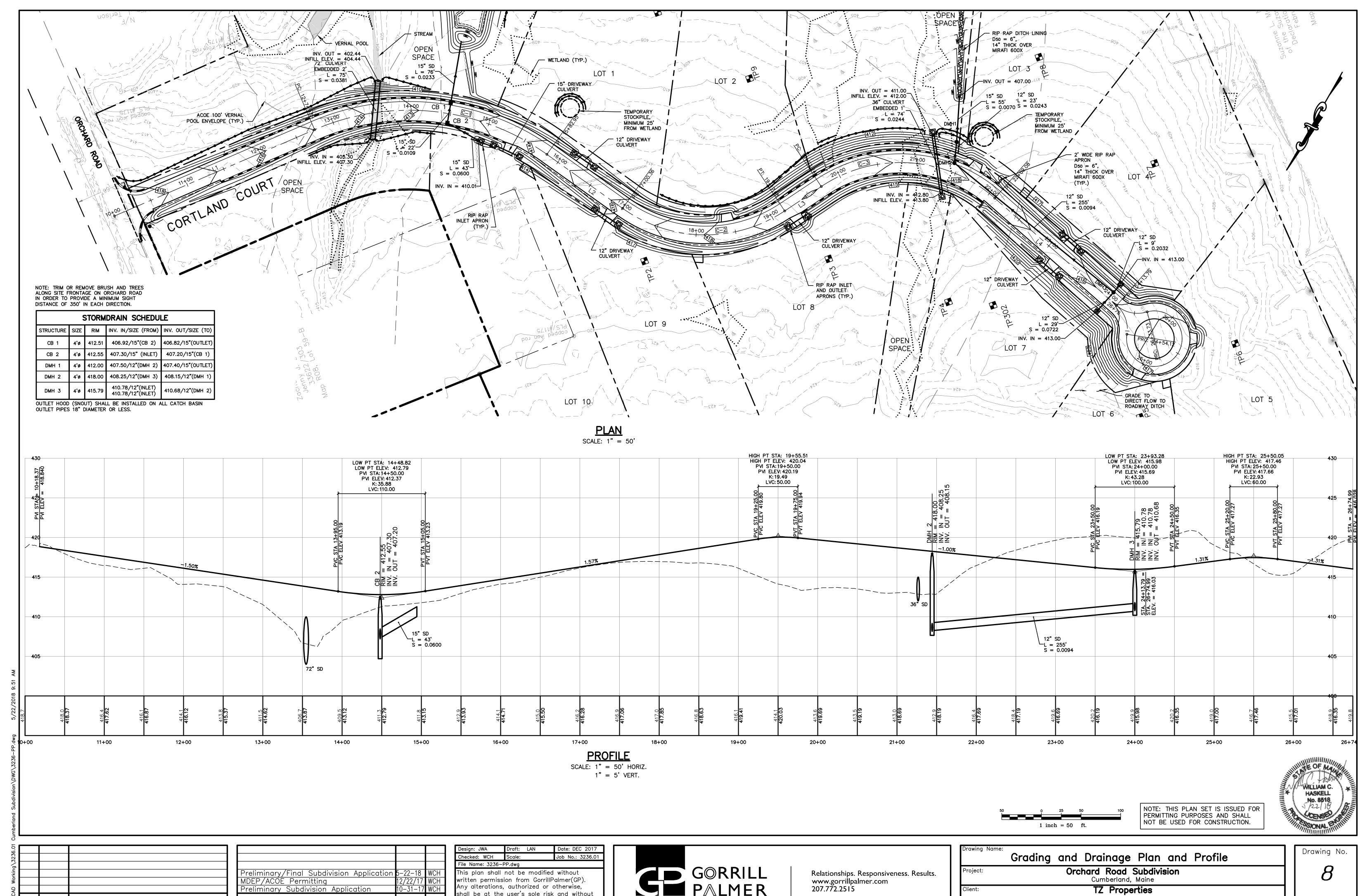
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Drawing Name:	Layout and Utility Plan
Project:	Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine
Client:	TZ Properties Falmouth, Me 04105





Revision

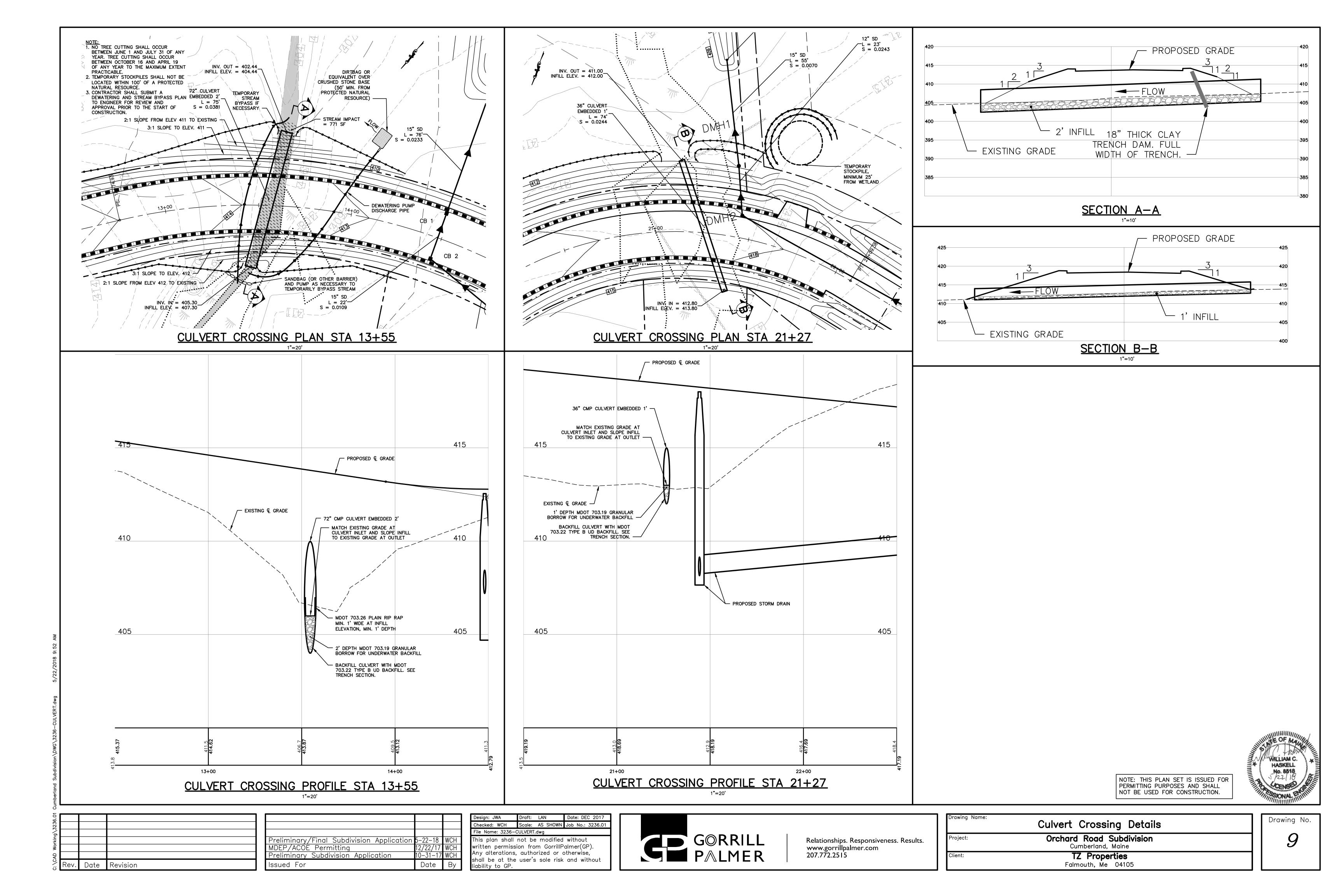
Preliminary/Final Subdivision Application	5-22-18	WCH
MDEP/ACOE Permitting	12/22/17	WCH
Preliminary Subdivision Application	10-31-17	WCH
Issued For	Date	Ву
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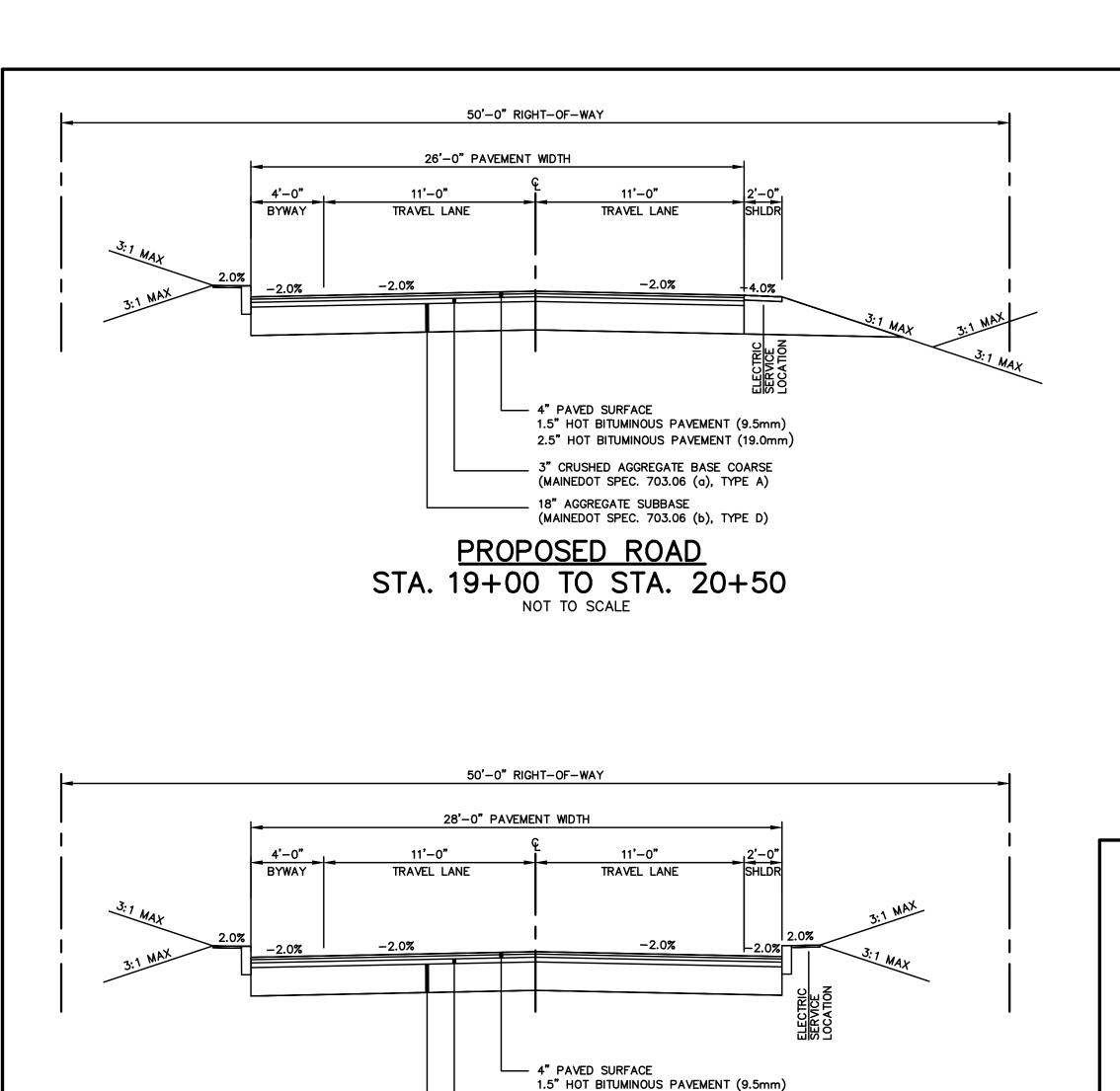


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Drawing Name:	Grading and Drainage Plan and Profile			
Project:	Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine			
Client: TZ Properties Falmouth, Me 04105				





PROPOSED ROAD STA. 10+18 TO STA. 10+48 STA. 11+00 TO STA. 15+00 STA. 20+50 TO STA. 22+00 NOT TO SCALE

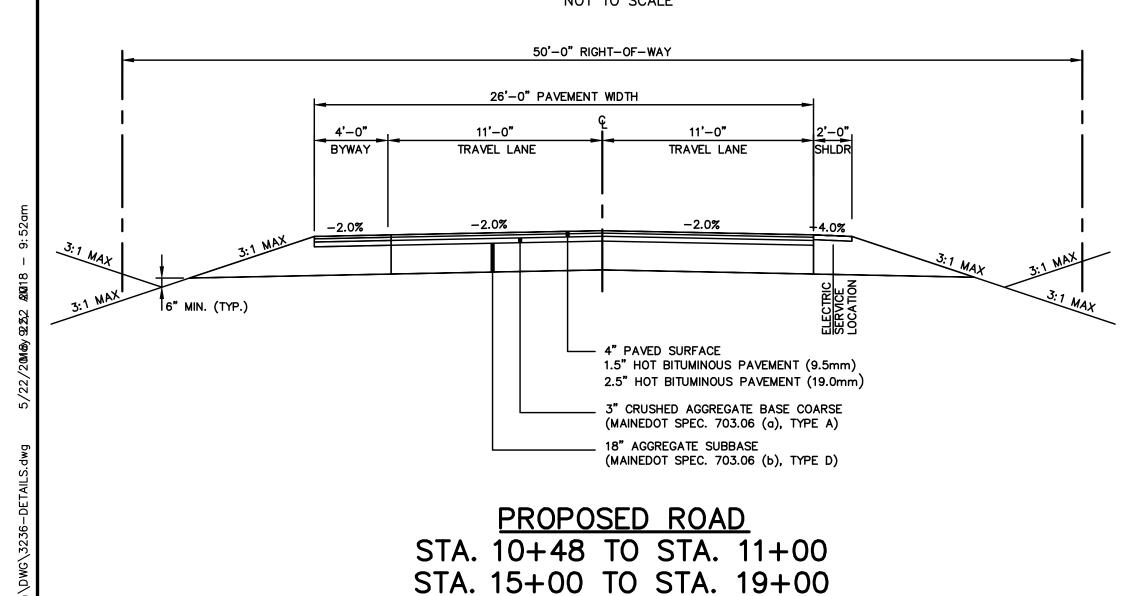
18" AGGREGATE SUBBASE

2.5" HOT BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT (19.0mm)

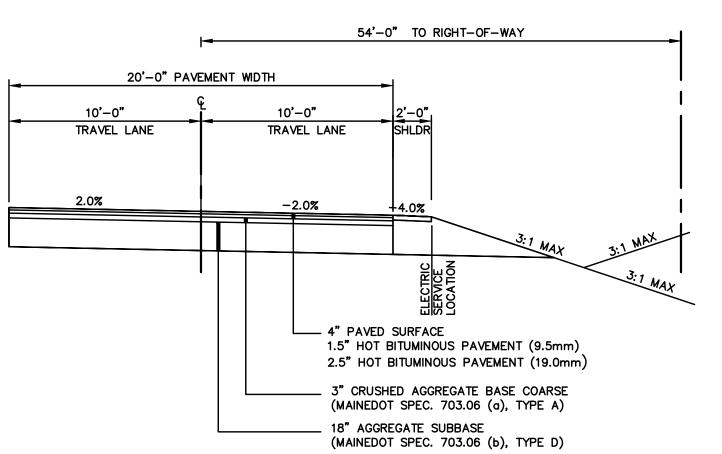
3" CRUSHED AGGREGATE BASE COARSE

(MAINEDOT SPEC. 703.06 (b), TYPE D)

(MAINEDOT SPEC. 703.06 (a), TYPE A)

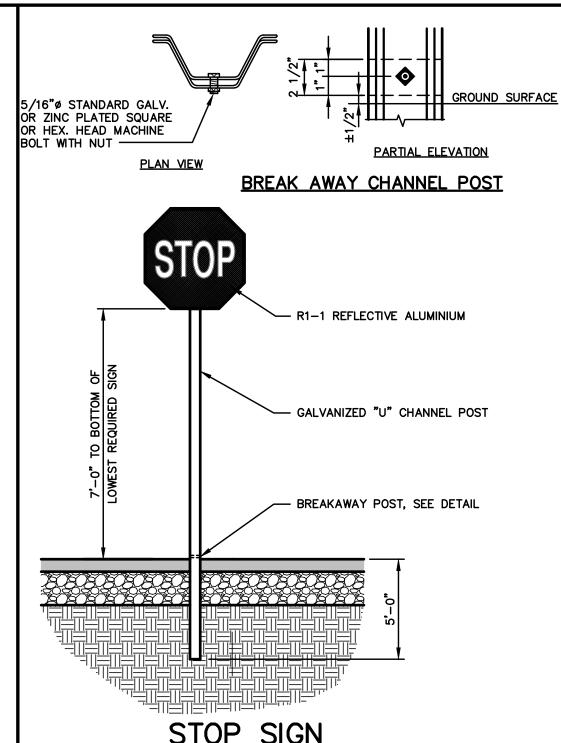


STA. 22+00 TO STA. 24+13



PROPOSED ROAD STA. 24+03 TO STA. 26+75 NOT TO SCALE

- 1. COMPACT SUBGRADE TO 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM
- 2. ROADWAY TO MEET TOWN OF CUMBERLAND "RESIDENTIAL ACCESS" STANDARD.



NOT TO SCALE

WHITE REFLECTIVE TRAFFIC PAINT — - STOP BAR VARIES, SEE SITE PLAN

ALL TRAFFIC MARKINGS TO BE SOLID WHITE REFLECTIVE TRAFFIC PAINT AS PER DIMENSIONS BELOW

> **PAVEMENT MARKINGS** NOT TO SCALE

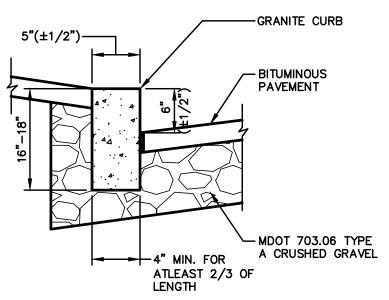
GENERAL PLANTING NOTES

- 1. ALL PLANT MATERIAL INSTALLED SHALL MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS OF "AMERICAN STANDARDS FOR NURSERY STOCK BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN".
- 2. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE FROM INSECTS AND DISEASE.
- 3. ALL PLANTING SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACCEPTABLE HORTICULTURAL PRACTICES. THIS IS TO INCLUDE PROPER PLANTING MIX, PLANT BED AND TREE PIT PREPARATION, PRUNING STAKING OR GUYING WRAPPING, SPRAYING, FERTILIZATION, PLANTING AND ADEQUATE MAINTENANCE UNTIL ACCEPTANCE FROM THE OWNER.
- 4. ALL GRASS, OTHER VEGETATION AND DEBRIS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM ALL PLANTING AREAS PRIOR TO PLANTING.
- 5. EXISTING TREES TO BE PRESERVED SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR.
- 6. ANY DEVIATION FROM THE LANDSCAPE PLAN, INCLUDING PLANT LOCATION, SELECTION, SIZE, QUANTITY, OR CONDITION SHALL BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE OWNER (AND MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY, IF APPLICABLE) PRIOR TO INSTALLATION ON SITE.
- 7. DAMAGE TO EXISTING SITE IMPROVEMENTS DURING INSTALLATION OF LANDSCAPE MATERIAL SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR.
- 8. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE INSPECTION OF PLANT MATERIAL AND LOCATIONS WITH OWNER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE ON—SITE AND PLACED BEFORE INSPECTION CAN BE COMPLETED. A MINIMUM OF 48 HOUR NOTIFICATION SHALL BE
- 9. MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS: PRUNE DEAD OR DAMAGED BRANCHES POST INSTALLATION AND WATER AS REQUIRED UNTIL PROJECT COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE BY OWNER.
- 10. WATERING: ALL PLANTINGS SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WATERED UPON INSTALLATION, AND THEN WEEKLY WHENEVER ANY DRY SPELLS OCCUR, UNTIL ACCEPTANCE BY OWNER.

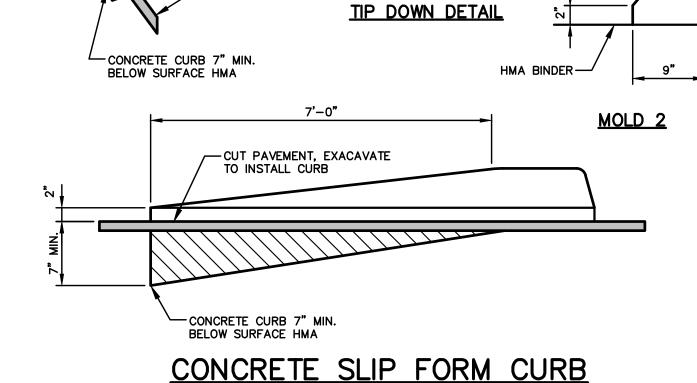
TREE INSTALLATION DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

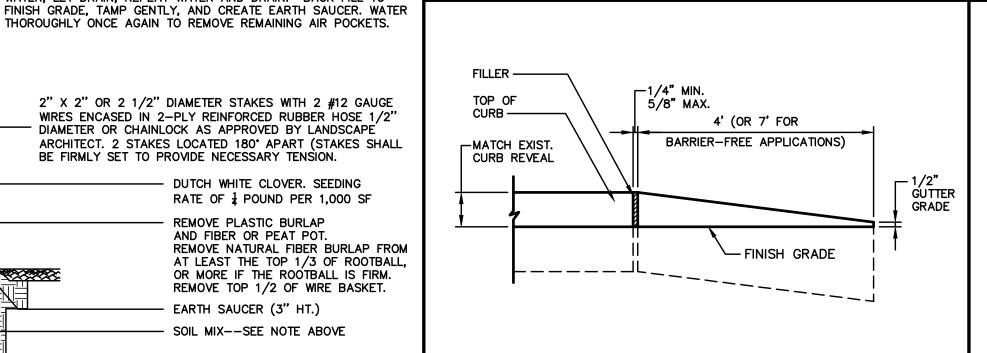
11. LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR OR PLANT SUPPLIER SHALL GUARANTEE PLANTS AND PROVIDE REPLACEMENTS FOR TWO YEARS FROM INSTALLATION.



NOTE: VERTICAL GRANITE CURB SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 609 OF THE MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (MAINEDOT) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, LATEST REVISION, AND THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. SLOPED GRANITE CURB SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 609 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, LATEST REVISION, AND THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON



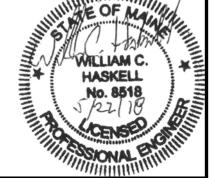
TYPE 1 VERTICAL GRANITE CURB



TYPE 1 TIPDOWN CURB

NOT TO SCALE

NOTE: THIS PLAN SET IS ISSUED FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.



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C: \CAD	Rev.	Date	Revision

1	Preliminary/Final Subdivision Application	5-22-18	WCH
	MDEP/ACOE Permitting	12/22/17	WCH
	Preliminary Subdivision Application	10-31-17	WCH
	Issued For	Date	Ву
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	Any alterations	authorized or a	otherwise		

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DIG HOLE AT LEAST 2 TIMES THE WIDTH OF ROOT BALL AND AS DEEP AS THE ROOT BALL (NO DEEPER). SET ROOT BALL CENTERED, WITH TOP AT GROUND LEVEL OR SLIGHTLY HIGHER. CORRECT HOLE DEPTH AS NEEDED.

FOR DECIDUOUS AND NEEDLED EVERGREEN TREES AND SHRUBS 1 FULL WHEELBARROW EXISTING SOIL, 2 SHOVELS PEAT, 1 SHOVEL WELL ROTTED MANURE, OR OTHER COMPOSTED ORGANIC MATERIAL.

CONTAINER GROWN STOCK:
REMOVE ALL CONTAINER PROTECTING ROOT BALL. GENTLY COMB
OUT ROOTS, PRUNE DAMAGED ROOTS.

BACKFILL 2/3 OF HOLE WITH AMENDED SOIL THEN FILL HOLE WITH WATER, LET DRAIN, REPEAT WATER AND DRAIN. BACK FILL TO

DIAMETER OR CHAINLOCK AS APPROVED BY LANDSCAPE

DUTCH WHITE CLOVER. SEEDING

REMOVE PLASTIC BURLAP AND FIBER OR PEAT POT.

EARTH SAUCER (3" HT.)

- UNDISTURBED SUBGRADE

- SOIL MIX--SEE NOTE ABOVE

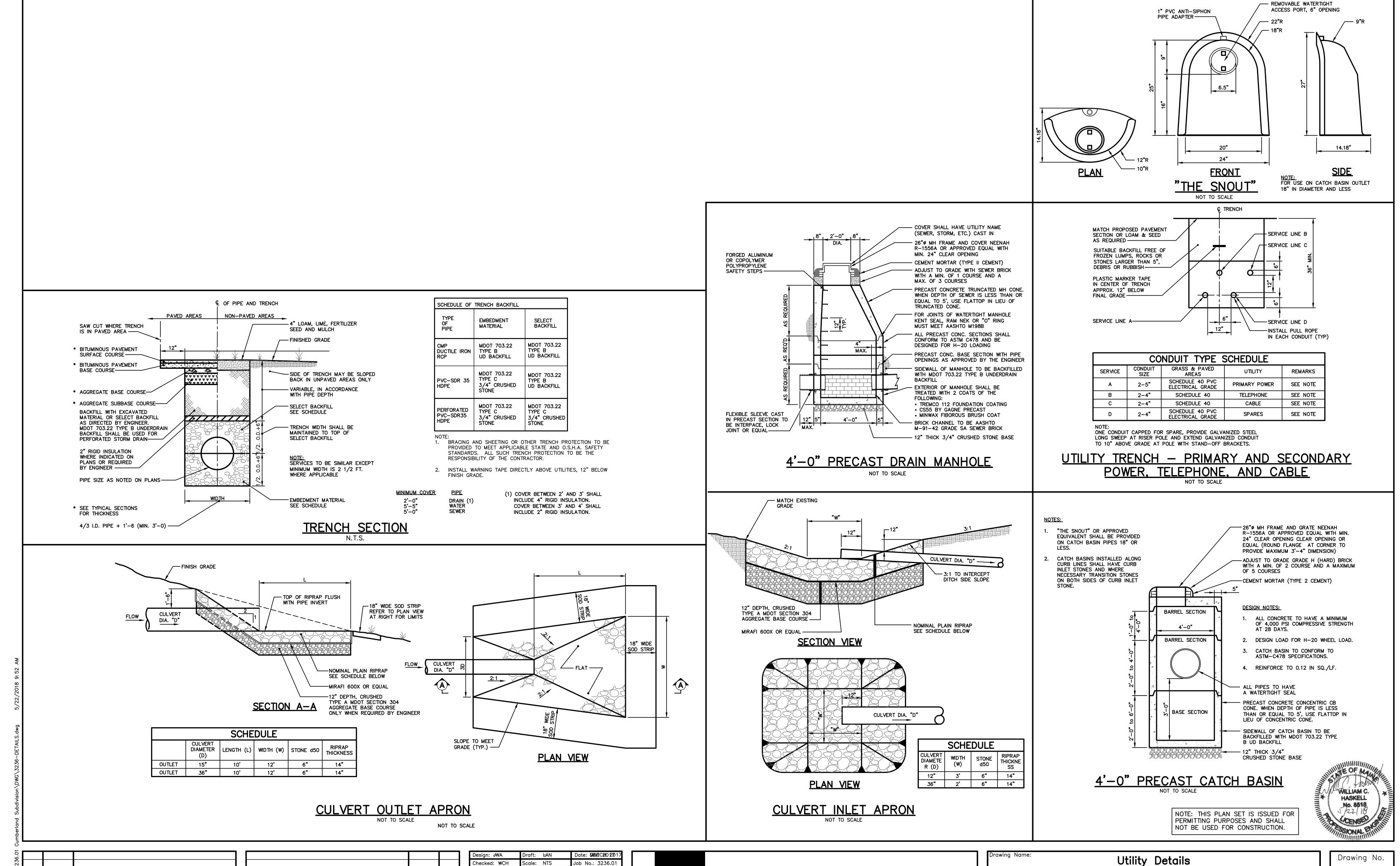
RATE OF 1 POUND PER 1,000 SF

BE FIRMLY SET TO PROVIDE NECESSARY TENSION.

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Drawing Name:	Site Details	
Project:	Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine	
Client:	TZ Properties Falmouth, Me 04105	

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	Preliminary/Final Subdivision Application	5-22-18	WCH
	MDEP/ACOE Permitting	12/22/17	WCH
	Preliminary Subdivision Application	10-31-17	WCH
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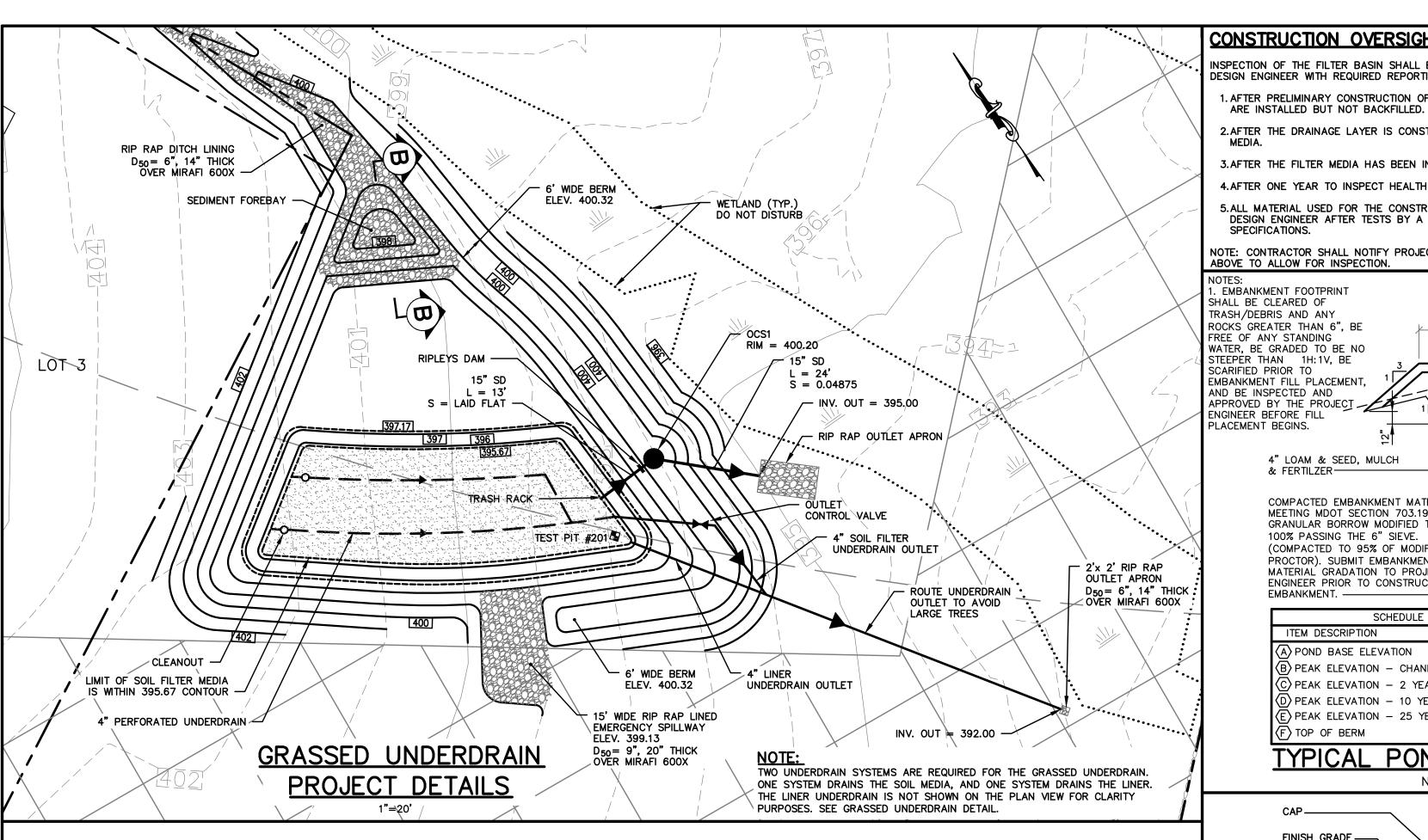
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Drawing Name:	Utility Details	
Project:	Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine	
Client:	TZ Properties Falmouth, Me 04105	

Drawing No.



Specifications for Sandy Underdrain Type B (MEDOT SIEVE SIZE % PASSING BY WEIGHT #10 #40 #200 #200 CLAY SIZE

Table 2 MEDOT

*#*703.22)

90-100

50-100

15-80

0-15

0-5

-FLAT TOP COVER DESIGN

FOR H-20 WHEEL LOAD

- WATERTIGHT JOINT O RING OR KENT SEAL

- USE PRECAST BARREL

AND BASE SECTIONS

/2" KEYWAY FOR **BULKHEAD CONSTRUCTION**

-12" LAYER OF

3/4" CRUSHED STONE

KEY BULKHEAD INTO

MANHOLE STRUCTURE -

SIEVE SIZE

#20

#50

#200

		SCHEDULE C				
	Table 3		ITEM DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION		
V	Loam Topsoil					
,		Α	TOP OF STRUCTURE	400.32		
	% PASSING BY WEIGHT	В	UNDERSIDE TOP SLAB	399.65		
	75–95	С	TOP CONCRETE BULKHEAD	399.12		
	60–90	D	MANHOLE INVERT	395.67		
	35–85	Ε	BOTTOM OF STRUCTURE	394.67		
	20-70	F	ORIFICE INVERT	397.17		
-	<2.0	G	ORIFICE DIAMETER	6"		
	(2.0	Н	ORIFICE INVERT	397.68		
		1	ORIFICE DIAMETER	4"		
			PIPE DIAMETER	15"		
		J	INVERT IN	395.67		
		1/	PIPE DIAMETER	15"		
		K	INVERT OUT	397.00		

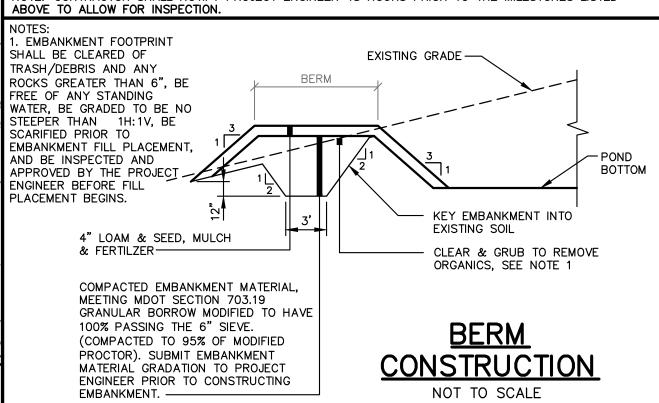
FLOW

MANHOLE ACCESS (TYP.)

STEPS (TYP.) INSTALL 12" O.C.

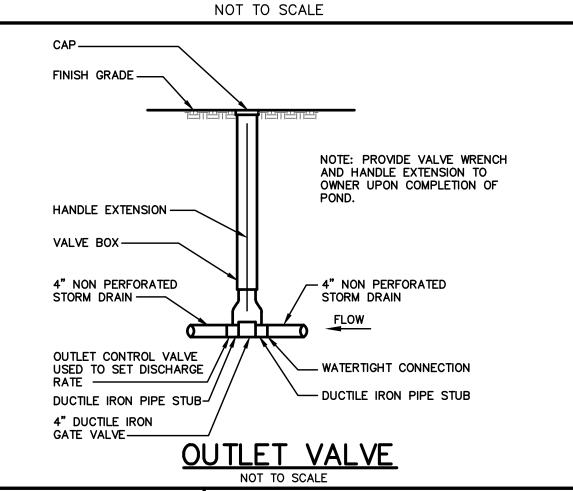
CONSTRUCTION OVERSIGHT

- INSPECTION OF THE FILTER BASIN SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER WITH REQUIRED REPORTING TO THE DEP. AT A MINIMUM, INSPECTIONS WILL OCCUR: 1. AFTER PRELIMINARY CONSTRUCTION OF THE FILTER GRADES AND ONCE THE UNDERDRAIN PIPES
- 2.AFTER THE DRAINAGE LAYER IS CONSTRUCTED AND PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF THE FILTER
- 3.AFTER THE FILTER MEDIA HAS BEEN INSTALLED AND SEEDED.
- 4.AFTER ONE YEAR TO INSPECT HEALTH OF THE VEGETATION AND MAKE CORRECTIONS.
- 5.ALL MATERIAL USED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE FILTER BASIN WILL BE APPROVED BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER AFTER TESTS BY A CERTIFIED LABORATORY SHOW THAT THEY ARE PASSING DEP
- NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY PROJECT ENGINEER 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE MILESTONES LISTED



SCHEDULE B — EMBANKMENT SCHEDULE				
ITEM DESCRIPTION	DIMENSION/ELEVATION			
A POND BASE ELEVATION	395.67			
B PEAK ELEVATION - CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME	397.17			
© PEAK ELEVATION - 2 YEAR STORM	397.55			
D PEAK ELEVATION - 10 YEAR STORM	398.38			
E PEAK ELEVATION - 25 YEAR STORM	399.12			
F TOP OF BERM	400.32			

TYPICAL POND CROSS SECTION



STEEL PIPE TRASH GUARD MODEL TGCMP 15 OR

FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW

TRASH RACK

NOT TO SCALE

ADAPTOR

HDPE INLET

EQUIVALENT—

TRASH RACK

CLIPS (TYP.) -

CORRUGATED

METAL PIPE FLARED END—

GALVANIZED STEEL BAR

TRASH RACK -

CONNECTION

BOLT PATTERN TO

-BLIND FLANGE, CUT ORIFICE LEVEL WITH

BOTTOM OF WALL

DIMENSION/ ELEVATION

ORIFICE G ORIFICE I

13.5**"**

11.75"

0.875"

13.5"

11.75"

0.875"

MATCH FITTINGS

GRASSED UNDERDRAIN NOTES:

SOIL SPECIFICATIONS:

- 1. THE SOIL FILTER MEDIA SHALL BE A LAYERED SYSTEM CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING FROM THE BOTTOM:
- A. 12" OF LOAMY COARSE SAND, SEE TABLE 1.
- 2" LAYER OF TOPSOIL (SEE "C" BELOW) ROTOTILLED INTO THE LOAMY COARSE SAND LAYER. C. 6" OF NON-CLAYEY, LOAMY TOPSOIL SUCH AS USDA SANDY LOAM TOPSOIL WITH 5-8% HUMIFIED ORGANIC MATTER. SUPERHUMUS OR EQUIVALENT MAY BE ADDED TO THE TOPSOIL TO INCREASE ORGANIC CONTENT, SEE TABLE 3.

2. SOIL FILTER MEDIA MIXTURE SHALL HAVE A PERMEABILITY OF 2.4 IN./HR. TO 4 IN./HR UPON COMPACTION BETWEEN 90% AND 92% STANDARD PROCTOR (ASTM D698).

SUBMITTALS:

- 1. SUBMIT RESULTS OF FIELD AND LABORATORY TESTING TO PROJECT ENGINEER.
- 2. SUBMIT 75 Ib. SAMPLE OF EACH TYPE OF MATERIAL: SUBMIT IN AIR TIGHT CONTAINERS TO PROJECT ENGINEER.
- 3. THE FOLLOWING MATERIAL SHALL BE SUBMITTED:

A. SAND. UNDERDRAIN BEDDING MATERIAL

4. PERFORM A SIEVE ANALYSIS CONFORMING TO ASTM C136 - STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR SIEVE ANALYSIS OF FINE AND COARSE AGGREGATES; 1996a ON EACH TYPE OF THE SAMPLE MATERIAL AND SUBMIT RESULTS TO PROJECT ENGINEER.

5. PERFORM A PERMEABILITY TEST ON THE SOIL FILTER MEDIA MIXTURE CONFORMING TO ASTM D2434 WITH THE MIXTURE COMPACTED TO 90% TO 92% OF MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY BASED ON ASTM D698. SUBMIT RESULTS TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER.

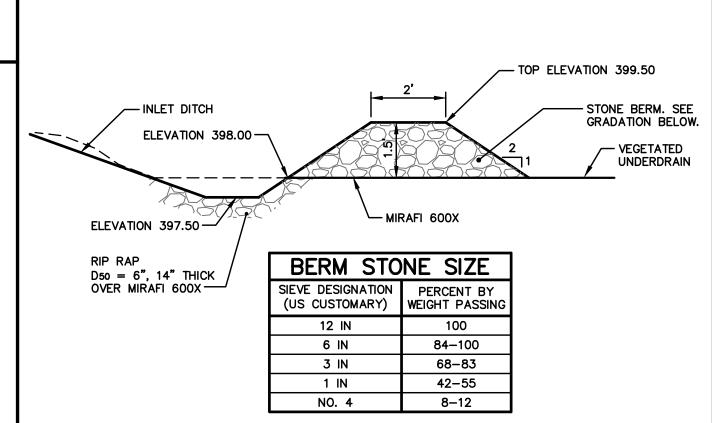
6. PERFORM ONE COMPACTION DENSITY TEST ON THE IN PLACE SOIL FILTER FOR EVERY 2,000 SQUARE FEET OF FILTER SURFACE AREA. TEST SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM D 2922 - STANDARD TEST METHODS FOR DENSITY OF SOIL AND SOIL-AGGREGATE IN PLACE BY NUCLEAR METHODS (SHALLOW DEPTH); 1996. SUBMIT RESULTS TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER.

CONSTRUCTION:

1. SOIL FILTER MEDIA AND UNDERDRAIN BEDDING MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO BETWEEN 90% AND 92% STANDARD

- 2. PERFORATED UNDERDRAIN PIPE SHALL BE 4" SLOTTED PIPE. SPACED 15 FEET ON CENTER MAXIMUM.
- 3. TRIBUTARY AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF THE SOIL FILTER MEDIA MIXTURE AND UNDERDRAIN. STABILIZED IS DEFINED AS PAVED IF IN A PARKING AREA OR ROADWAY, AND 90% GRASS CATCH IF IN A VEGETATED AREA.
- 4. OUTFLOW OF THE VEGETATED UNDERDRAIN SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY A 4" DUCTILE IRON GATE VALVE WITH VALVE WRENCH AND EXTENSION (AVAILABLE FROM E.J. PRESCOTT OR EQUIVALENT). A THREE PIECE VALVE BOX (AVAILABLE FROM E.J. PRESCOTT OR EQUIVALENT) SHALL BE INSTALLED OVER THE VALVE.
- 5. ALL EQUIPMENT USED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE VEGETATED UNDERDRAIN SHALL BE LOW GROUND PRESSURE VEHICLES (LESS THAN 2.0 PSI) WHEN FULLY LOADED.

6. UPON COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATION OF THE SOIL FILTER MEDIA AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A 90% CATCH OF GRASS OVER THE FILTER MEDIA, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FLOOD THE GRASSED UNDERDRAIN TO THE DESIGN ELEVATION WITH CLEAN WATER AND ADJUST THE VALVE TO OBTAIN A 24 HOUR TO 32 HOUR RELEASE TIME.



		В	TOP SOIL FILTER
		С	TOP UNDERDRAIN BEDDING STONE
		D	PIPE INVERT: 4" PERF. UD
		Ε	BOTTOM UNDERDRAIN BEDDING
Ъ		F	LINER UNDERDRAIN INVERT
-D	· '		

SCHEDULE A

SEE SCHEDULE A ABOVE

ITEM DESCRIPTION

CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME STAGE

GRASSED

DIMENSION /

ELEVATION

397.17

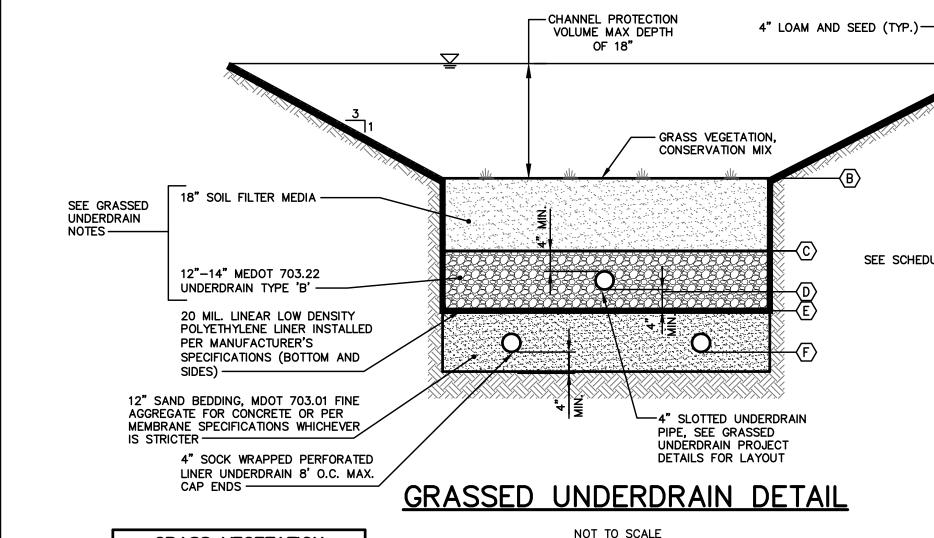
395.67

394.17 393.50

393.17

392.50

<u>SEDIMENT FOREBAY - SECTION B-E</u>



GRASS VEGETATION				
CREEPING RED FESCUE	20 LBS/ACRE			
TALL FESCUE	20 LBS/ACRE			
BIRDSFOOT TREEFOIL	8 LBS/ACRE			

NOT TO SCALE

NOTE: THIS PLAN SET IS ISSUED FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.
PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL
NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.

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SECTION A-A

Table 1

Loamy Coarse Sand

NEENAH-R-1556A FRAME AND COVER OR EQUIVALENT ON INLET AND OUTLET SIDE OF BULKHEAD -

ADJUST TO GRADE WITH BRICK-

SIEVE SIZE

#20

#200

#200 CLAY SIZE

% PASSING BY WEIGHT

85-100

70-100

15-40

8-15

<2.0

Preliminary/Final Subdivision Application	5-22-18	WCH
MDEP/ACOE Permitting	12/22/17	WCH
Preliminary Subdivision Application	10-31-17	WCH
Issued For	Date	Ву

6' OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE 1 (OCS1)

SEE SCHEDULE C

- INSTALL WATERTIGHT

MANHOLE BOOT (TYP.)

PLAN VIEW

Date: DEC 2017 Scale: AS SHOWN Job No.: 3236.01 Checked: WCH File Name: 3236-DETAILS.dwg

nis plan shall not be modified without vritten permission from GorrillPalmer(GP) Any alterations, authorized or otherwise, shall be at the user's sole risk and without ability to GP.

DIAMETER(G)
FROM SCHEDULE C-

A | FLANGE O.D.

B BOLT CIRCLE

ORIFICE DETAIL 1

SEE SCHEDULE B

ITEM DESCRIPTION

NOMINAL PIPE DIAMETER

E | ECCENTRIC ORIFICE DIAMETER |

D BOLT HOLE DIAMETER

SCHEDULE B ORIFICE



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- 4"x4" CLEAR

GALVANIZED

STEEL BARS

WELDED AT

INTERSECTION

EACH

OPENING

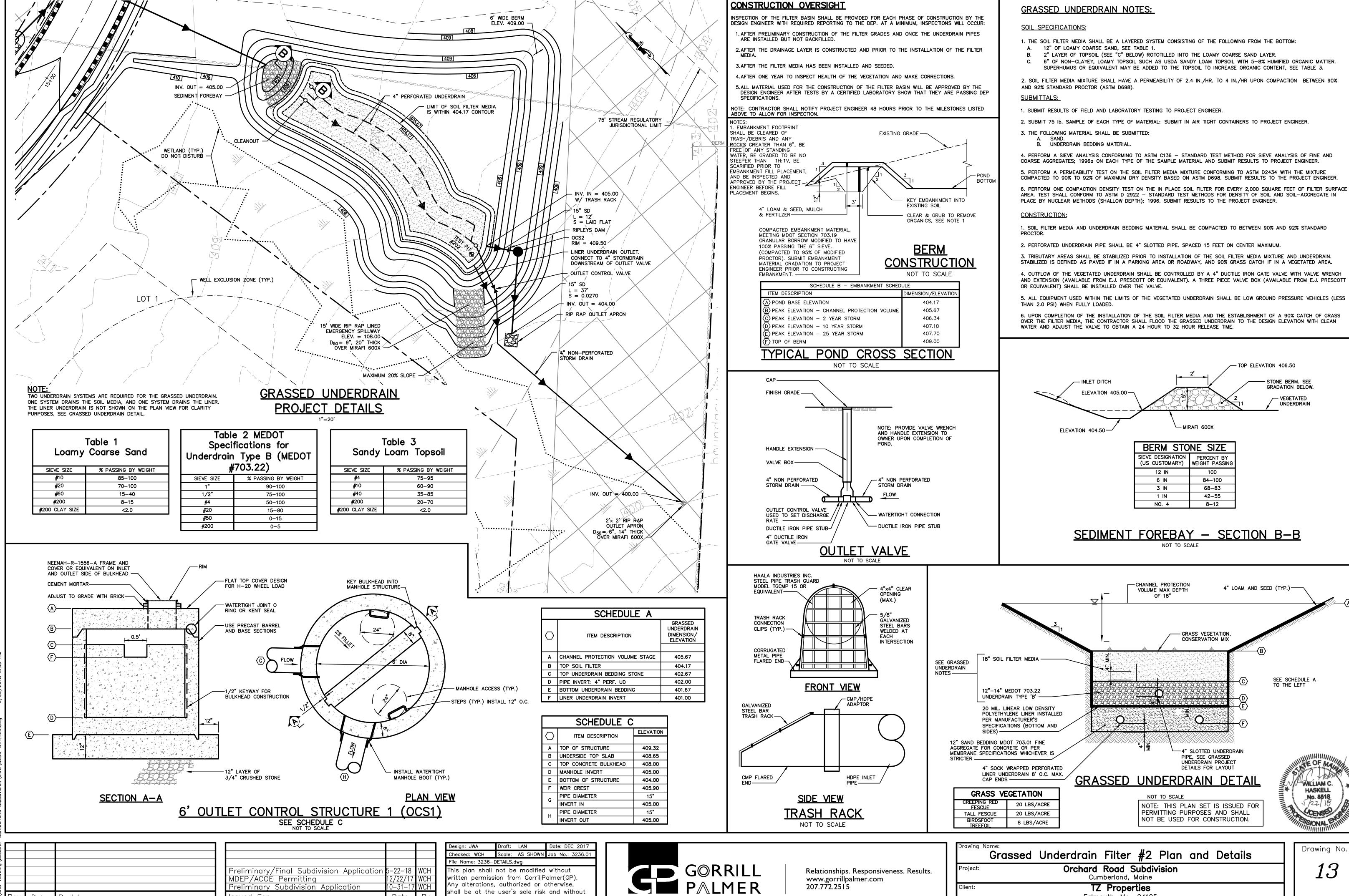
(MAX.)

Drawing N	Underdrain	Filter	#1	Plan	and	Details
Project:	Orchard Cun	Road S		vision		
Client:		Proper outh, Me		5		

Drawing No. 12

HASKELL

No. 8518



207.772.2515

any alterations, authorized or otherwise,

shall be at the user's sole risk and without

Preliminary Subdivision Application

Date

Issued For

Revision

Cumberland, Maine TZ Properties Falmouth, Me 04105

13

SEEDING PLAN

Orchard Road Subdivision Site Location: Orchard Road, Cumberland, ME

Permanent Seeding ☐ Temporary Seeding

1. Instruction on preparation of soil: Prepare a good seed bed for planting method used.

2. Apply lime as follows: _____# / acres, OR 138 # /M Sq. Ft.

3. Fertilize with _____ pounds of _____ N-P-K/ac. OR <u>13.8</u> pounds of <u>10-10-10 N-P-K/M Sq. Ft.</u>

4. Method of applying lime and fertilizer: Spread and work into the soil before seeding.

5. Seed with the following mixture:

50% Winter Rye

50% Annual Rye

6. Mulching instructions: Apply at the rate of _____per acre, OR <u>75 pounds per M. Sq. Ft.</u>

7. TOTAL LIME	Amount 138	<u>Unit # Tons. Etc.</u> #/1000 sq. ft.
8. TOTAL FERTILIZER	13.8	#/1000 sq. ft.
9. TOTAL SEED	1.03	#/1000 sq. ft.
10. TOTAL MULCH	75	#/1000 sq. ft.

11. TOTAL other materials, seeds, etc.

12. REMARKS

Spring seeding is recommended; however, late summer (prior to September 1) seeding can be made. Permanent seeding should be made prior to August 5 or as a dormant seeding after the first killing frost and before the first snowfall. If seeding cannot be done within these seeding dates, temporary seeding and mulching shall be used to protect the site. Permanent seeding shall be delayed until the next recommended seeding period.

SEEDING PLAN

Orchard Road Subdivision

Site Location: Orchard Road, Cumberland, ME

☐ Temporary Seeding Permanent Seeding

1. Instruction on preparation of soil: Prepare a good seed bed for planting method used.

2. Apply lime as follows: ____# / acres, OR 138 # /M Sq. Ft.

3. Fertilize with _____ pounds of _____ N-P-K/ac. OR <u>18.4</u> pounds of <u>10-20-20 N-P-K/M Sq. Ft.</u>

4. Method of applying lime and fertilizer: Spread and work into the soil before seeding.

5. Seed with the following mixture:

40% Creeping Red Fescue

30% Charger II Perennial Ryegrass

20% KenBlue Kentucky Bluegrass

10% Tiffany Chewings Fescue

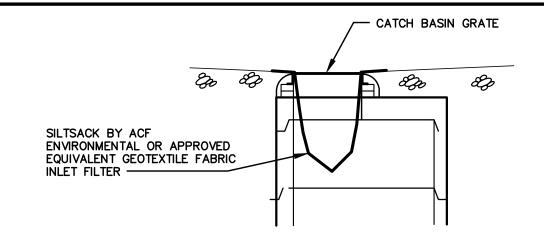
6. Mulching instructions: Apply at the rate of _____per acre, OR <u>75 pounds per M. Sq. Ft.</u>

7. TOTAL LIME	<u>Amount</u> 138	<u>Unit # Tons. Etc</u> #/1000 sq. ft.
8. TOTAL FERTILIZER	18.4	#/1000 sq. ft.
9. TOTAL SEED	1.03	#/1000 sq. ft.
10. TOTAL MULCH	75	#/1000 sq. ft.

11. TOTAL other materials, seeds, etc.

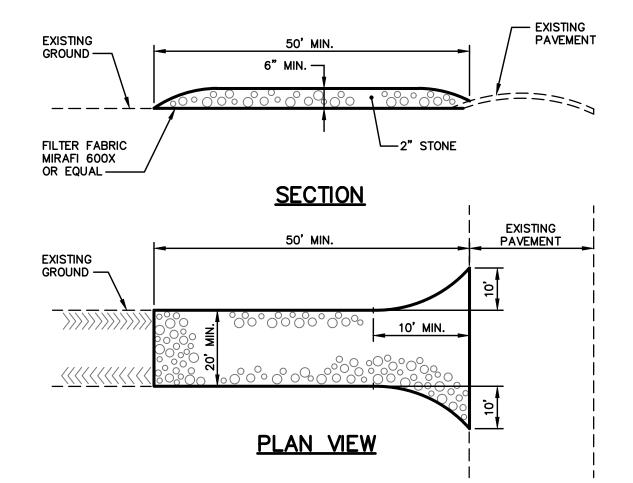
12. REMARKS

Spring seeding is recommended, however, late summer (prior to September 1) seeding can be made. Permanent seeding should be made prior to August 5 or as a dormant seeding after the first killing frost and before the first snowfall. If seeding cannot be done within these seeding dates, temporary seeding and mulching shall be used to protect the site. Permanent seeding shall be delayed until the next recommended seeding period.



CATCH BASIN INLET FILTER NOT TO SCALE

NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL ADD STONE TO ENTRANCE AS MUD/SILT MATERIAL ACCUMULATES



STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

SECTION A-A

L = THE DISTANCE SUCH THAT POINTS

SPACING BETWEEN CHECK DAMS

(FT./FT.)

0.020

0.030

0.040 0.050

0.080

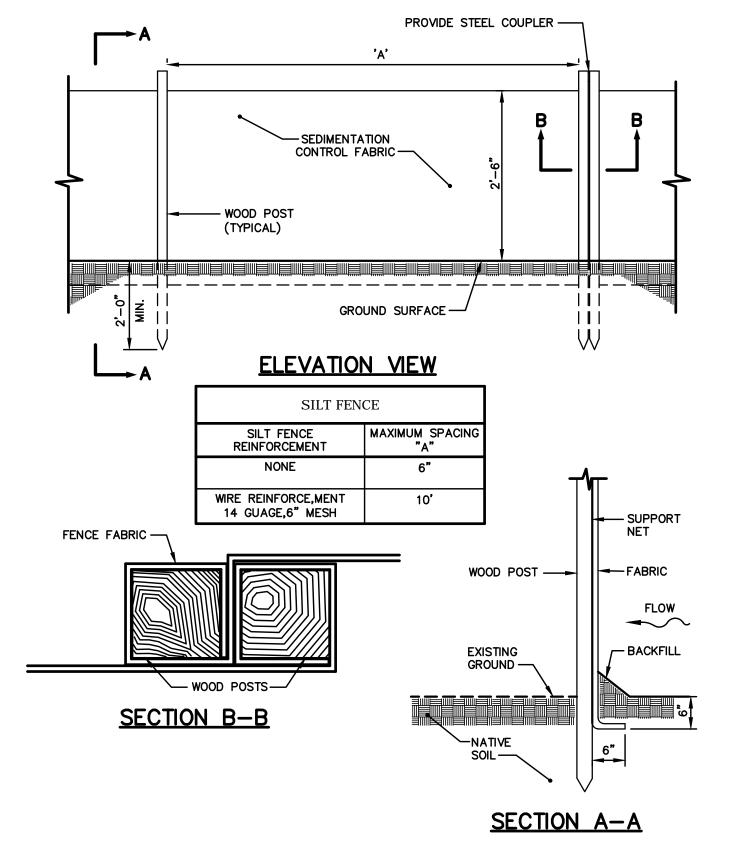
0.100

STONE CHECK DAM

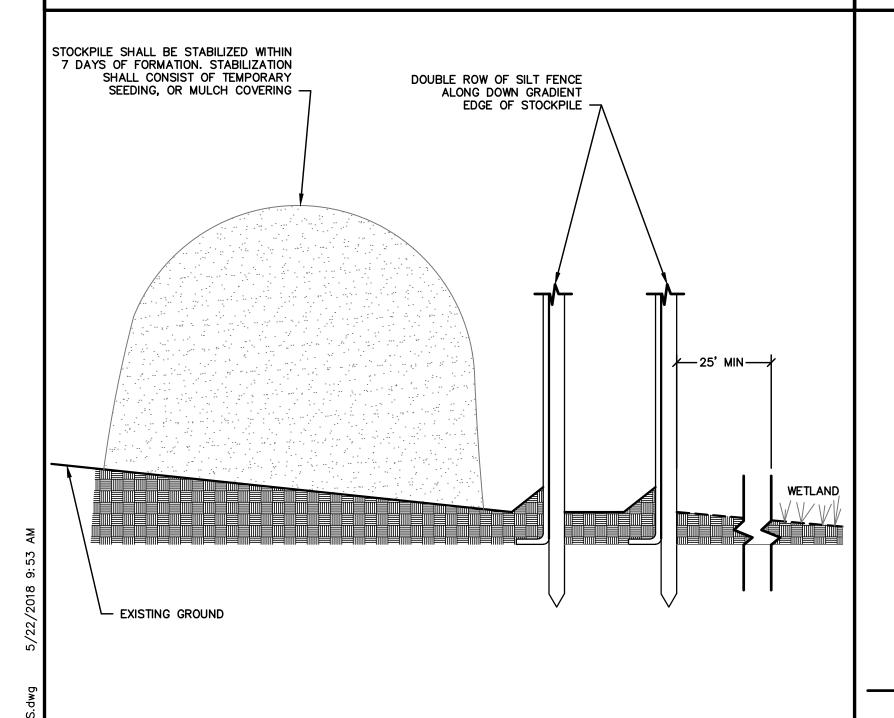
A AND B ARE OF EQUAL ELEVATION

CRUSHED STONE-

FLOW



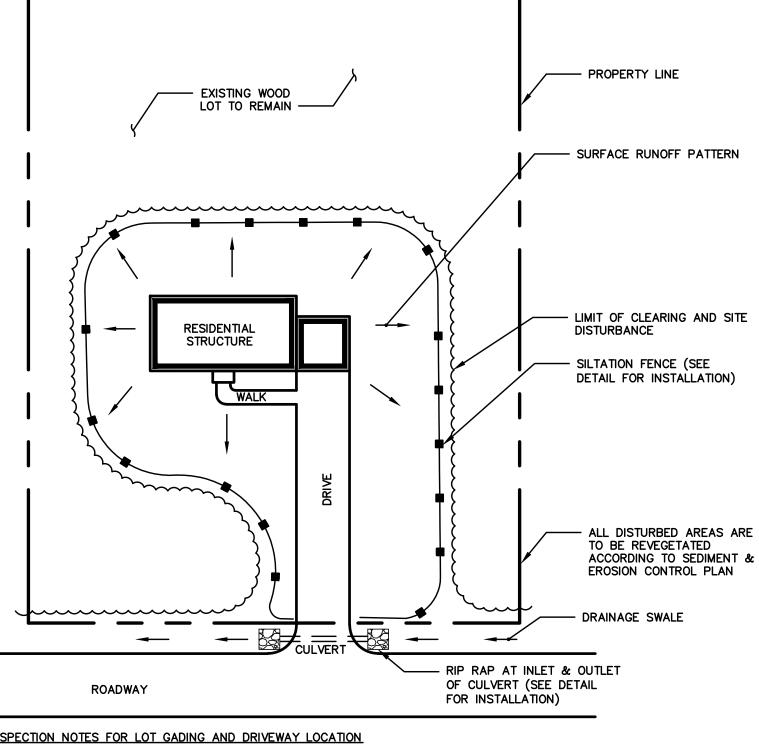
SILTATION FENCE NOT TO SCALE



STOCKPILE

NOT TO SCALE

Revision



INSPECTION NOTES FOR LOT GADING AND DRIVEWAY LOCATION

INSPECTIONS BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER SHALL CONSIST OF A VISIT TO THE SITE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO CONSULT WITH THE EARTHWORK CONTRACTOR AND A POST CONSTRUCTION MEETING TO CONFIRM GRADING ON LOTS AND FOR ALL DRIVEWAYS TO ENSURE RUNOFF IS DIRECTED ACCORDINGLY TO PLANS AND TO OVERSEE THE RESTABILIZATION OF THE LOT INTO A VEGETATED COVER.

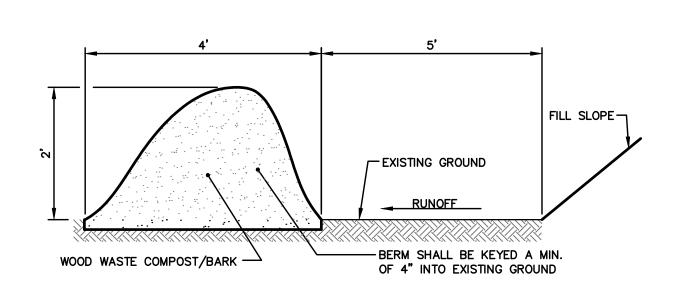
TYPICAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR DWELLING UNITS NOT TO SCALE

NOTES:

- 1. THE WOOD WASTE COMPOST/BARK MIX SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:
- A. MOISTURE CONTENT 30-60%. B. pH - 5.0 - 8.0.
- C. SCREEN SIZE 100% LESS THAN 3", MAX. 70% LESS THAN 1". D. NO LESS THAN 40% ORGANIC MATERIAL (DRY WEIGHT) BY LOSS OF IGNITION.
- E. NO STONES LARGER THAN 2" IN DIAMETER. F. SILTS, CLAYS OR SUGAR SANDS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE IN THE MIX.
- 2. THE COMPOST BERM SHALL BE PLACED, UNCOMPACTED, ALONG A RELATIVELY LEVEL CONTOUR.
- 3. THE WOOD WASTE COMPOST/BARK FILTER BERM MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF SILTATION FENCE, AT THE TOE OF SHALLOW SLOPES, ON FROZEN GROUND, LEDGE OUT CROPS, VERY ROOTED FORESTED AREA OR AT THE EDGE OF GRAVEL PARKING AREAS.

4. BERMS SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL UPSTREAM AREA IS COMPLETED OR 70% CATCH OF VEGETATION IS ATTAINED. BERMS SHALL BE REMOVED BY SPREADING SUCH THAT NATIVE EARTH CAN BE SEEN BELOW.

5. WOODWASTE COMPOST BARK FILTER SHALL NOT BE USED IN WETLAND AREAS.



WOOD WASTE COMPOST/BARK FILTER BERM DETAIL

NOTE: THIS PLAN SET IS ISSUED FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.



							77711111
		Design: JWA Draft: LAN Date: DEC 2017 Checked: WCH Scale: NTS Job No.: 3236.01			Drawing Name:	Erosion Control Details	Drawir
		File Name: 3236-DETAILS.dwg		1			$ \mid$ \mid \mid \mid
Preliminary/Final Subdivision Application 5-22	2-18 WCH	This plan shall not be modified without written permission from GorrillPalmer(GP).	G ©RRILL	Relationships. Responsiveness. Results.	Project:	Orchard Road Subdivision Cumberland, Maine	- I I I
 MDEP/ACOE Permitting 12/23 Preliminary Subdivision Application 10-3	31-17 WCH	Any alterations, authorized or otherwise,	PMIMER	www.gorrillpalmer.com 207.772.2515	Client:	TZ Properties	
Issued For Da		shall be at the user's sole risk and without liability to GP.		1		Falmouth, Me 04105	11

- ♦ Development of a careful construction sequence.
- Rapid revegetation of denuded areas to minimize the period of soil exposure.
- Rapid stabilization of drainage paths to avoid rill and gully erosion.
- The use of on-site measures to capture sediment (hay bales/ stone check dams/silt fence, etc.)

The following temporary and permanent erosion and sediment control devices will be implemented as part of the site development. These devices shall be installed as indicated on the plans or as described within this report. For further reference, see the latest edition of the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control Practices Field Guide for Contractors.

A. <u>Dewatering</u>

Water from construction trench dewatering shall pass first through a filter bag or secondary containment structure (e.g. hay bale lined pool) prior to discharge. The discharge site shall be selected to avoid flooding, icing, and sediment discharges to a protected resource. In no case shall the filter bag or containment structure be located within 50 feet of a protected natural resource. B. <u>Inspection and Monitoring</u>

Maintenance measures shall be applied as needed during the entire construction season. After each rainfall, snow storm or period of thawing and runoff, the site contractor shall perform a visual inspection of all installed erosion control measures and perform repairs as needed to insure their continuous function. Following the temporary and/or final seeding and mulching, the contractor shall in the spring inspect and repair any damages and/or unestablished spots. Established vegetative cover means a minimum of 90% of areas vegetated with viaorous

The following standards must be met during construction.

(a) Inspection and corrective action. Inspect disturbed and impervious areas, erosion control measures, materials storage areas that are exposed to precipitation, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the site. Inspect these areas at least once a week as well as before and within 24 hours after a storm event (rainfall), and prior to completing permanent stabilization measures. A person with knowledge of erosion and stormwater control, including the standards and conditions in the permit, shall conduct the inspections.

(b) Maintenance. If best management practices (BMPs) need to be repaired, the repair work should be initiated upon discovery of the problem but no later than the end of the next workday. If additional BMPs or significant repair of BMPs are necessary, implementation must be completed within 7 calendar days and prior to any storm event (rainfall). All measures must be maintained in effective operating condition until areas are permanently stabilized.

(c) Documentation. Keep a log (report) summarizing the inspections and any corrective action taken. The log must include the name(s) and qualifications of the person making the inspections, the date(s) of the inspections, and major observations about the operation and maintenance of erosion and sedimentation controls, materials storage areas, and vehicles access points to the parcel. Major observations must include BMPs that need maintenance, BMPs that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate for a particular location, and location(s) where additional BMPs are needed. For each BMP requiring maintenance, BMP needing replacement, and location needing additional BMPs, note in the log the corrective action taken and when it was taken.

The log must be made accessible to MDEP and Town of Cumberland staff and a copy must be provided upon request. The permittee shall retain a copy of the log for a period of at least three years from the completion of permanent stabilization.

C. <u>Temporary Erosion Control Measures</u>

The following measures are planned as temporary erosion/sedimentation control measures during construction:

1. Crushed stone—stabilized construction entrance shall be placed at the entrance from Orchard Road.

2. Siltation fence or wood waste compost berms shall be installed downstream of any disturbed areas to trap runoff— borne sediments until grass areas are revegetated. The silt fence and/or wood waste compost berms shall be installed per the details provided in this package and inspected at least once a week and before and immediately after a storm event of 0.5 inches or greater, and at least daily during prolonged rainfall. Repairs shall be made if there are any signs of erosion or sedimentation below the fence or berm line. If there are signs of undercutting at the center or the edges, or impounding of large volumes of water behind the fence or berm, the barrier shall be replaced with a stone check dam. Wood waste compost berms are not to be used adjacent to wetland areas that are not to be

3. Straw or hay mulch including hydroseeding is intended to provide cover for denuded or seeded areas until revegetation is established. Mulch placed between April 15th and October 15th on slopes of less then 15 percent shall be anchored by applying water; mulch placed on slopes of equal to or steeper than 15 percent shall be covered by a fabric netting and anchored with staples in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation. Fabric netting and staples shall be used on disturbed areas within 50' of lakes, streams, and wetlands regardless of the upstream slope. Mulch placed between October 15th and April 15th on slopes equal to or steeper than 8 percent shall be covered with a fabric netting and anchored with staples in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Slopes steeper than 3:1 and equal to or flatter than 2:1, which are to be revegetated, shall receive curlex blankets by American Excelsior or equal. Slopes steeper than 2:1 shall receive riprap as noted on the plans. The mulch application rate for both temporary and permanent seeding is 75 lbs per 1000 sf as identified in the seeding plan. Mulch shall not be placed over snow.

4. Temporary stockpiles of stumps, grubbings, or common excavation will be protected as follows:

a) Temporary stockpiles shall not be located within 100 feet of any wetlands which will not be disturbed and shall be located away from drainage swales.

b) Stockpiles shall be stabilized within 7 days by either temporarily seeding the stockpile by a hydroseed method containing an emulsified mulch tackifier or by covering the stockpile with mulch, such as hay, straw, or erosion control mix.

c) Stockpiles shall be surrounded by sedimentation barrier at the time of formation.

5. All denuded areas that are within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland, which have been rough graded and are not located within a building pad, parking area, or access drive subbase area, shall receive mulch or erosion control mesh fabric within 48 hours of initial disturbance of soil. All areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland shall be mulched prior to any predicted rain event regardless of the 48 hour window. In other areas, the time period may be extended to 7 days.

6. For work, which is conducted between October 15th and April 15th of any calendar year, all denuded areas, shall be covered with hay mulch or erosion control mix, applied at twice the normal application rate and anchored with a fabric netting. The time period for applying mulch shall be limited to 2 days for all areas.

7. Orchard Road shall be swept to control mud and dust as necessary. Additional stone shall be added to the stabilized construction entrance to minimize the tracking of material off the site and onto the surrounding roadways.

8. During grubbing operations stone check dams shall be installed at any evident concentrated flow discharge points and as directed on

9. Silt fencing with a minimum stake spacing of 6 feet shall be used, unless the fence is supported by wire fence reinforcement of minimum 14 gauge and with a maximum mesh spacing of 6 inches, in which case stakes may be spaced a maximum of 10 feet apart.

The bottom of the fence shall be anchored. A double row of silt fence shall be used adjacent to wetlands.

10. Wood waste compost/bark berms may be used in lieu of siltation fencing. Berms shall be removed and spread in a layer not to exceed 3□ thick once upstream areas are completed and a 90% catch of vegetation is attained.

11. Storm drain catch basin inlet protection shall be provided through the use of stone sediment barriers or approved sediment bags (such as Silt Sack). Installation details are provided in the plan set. The barriers shall be inspected after each rainfall and repairs made as necessary. Sediment shall be removed and the barrier restored to its original dimensions when the sediment has accumulated to ½ the design depth of the barrier. The barrier shall be removed when the tributary drainage area has been stabilized.

12. Water and/or calcium chloride shall be furnished and applied in accordance with MDOT specifications — Section 637 — Dust Control.

13. Loam and seed is intended to serve, as the primary permanent revegetative measure for all denuded areas not provided with other erosion control measures, such as riprap. Application rates are provided in the seeding plan. Seeding shall not occur over snow.

Permanent Erosion Control Measures

The following permanent erosion control measures have been designed as part of the Erosion/Sedimentation Control Plan:

1. All areas disturbed during construction, but not subject to other restoration (paving, riprap, etc.) will be loamed, limed, fertilized, mulched, and seeded. Fabric netting, anchored with staples, shall be placed over the mulch in areas as noted in Temporary Erosion Control Measures paragraph 3 of this report. All areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland shall be mulched prior to any predicted rain event regardless of the 48 hour window. Native topsoil shall be stockpiled and reused for final restoration when it is of sufficient quality.

2. All storm drain pipe outlets shall have riprap aprons at their outlet to protect the outlet and receiving channel from scour and deterioration. Installation details are provided in the plan set. The aprons shall be installed and stabilized to the extent practicable prior to directing runoff to the tributary pipe or culvert.

3. Catch basins shall be provided with sediment sumps and inlet hoods (the Snout) for all outlet pipes that are 18□ in diameter or less.

4 <u>Implementation Schedule</u>

The following construction sequence shall be required to insure the effectiveness of the erosion and sedimentation control measures are optimized: It is anticipated that construction of the Subdivision roadway and related infrastructure will commence in Spring of 2018 and be completed by

Note: For all grading activities, the contractor shall exercise extreme caution not to overexpose the site, this shall be accomplished by limiting

the disturbed area. 1. Install stabilized construction entrance at the intersection of the proposed roadway and Orchard Road.

- 2. Install perimeter silt fence and/or wood waste berms prior to grubbing respective areas.
- 3. Clear and grub roadway and stormwater management areas using caution not to overexpose the site. Install stone check dams at any evident concentrated flow discharge points.
- 4. Commence earthwork and grading to subgrade.

- 5. Commence installation of drainage appurtenances.
- 6. Commence construction grassed underdrained soil filter.
- 7. Commence installation of electric/cable/telephone lines.
- 8. Complete remaining earthwork operations.
- 9. Complete installation of catch basins and appurtenances.
- 10. Install sub-base and base gravel within roadway.
- Install curbing along the streets as needed.
- 12. Install base course paving for roadway.
- 13. Loam, lime, fertilize, seed and mulch disturbed areas. 14. Install surface course paving for roadway. Stripe per plan.
- 15. Once the site is stabilized and a 90% catch of vegetation has been obtained, remove all temporary erosion control measures.
- 16. Touch up loam and seed.

Note: All denuded areas not subject to final paving, riprap, or gravel shall be revegetated.

Prior to construction of the project, the contractor shall submit to the owner a schedule for the completion of the work, which will satisfy the

- The above construction sequence should generally be completed in the specified order; however, several separate items may be constructed simultaneously. Work must also be scheduled or phased to reduce the extent of the exposed areas as specified below. The intent of this sequence is to provide for erosion control and to have structural measures such as silt fence and construction entrances in place before large areas of land are denuded.
- 2. The work shall be conducted in sections which shall:
- a) Limit the amount of exposed area to those areas in which work is expected to be undertaken during the proceeding 30 days.
- b) Revegetate disturbed areas as rapidly as possible. All areas shall be permanently stabilized within 7 days of final grading or before a storm event; or temporarily stabilized within 48 hours of initial disturbance of soil for areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland and 7 days for all other areas. Areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland shall be mulched prior to any predicted rain event regardless
- c) Incorporate planned inlets and drainage system as early as possible into the construction phase. The ditches shall be immediately lined or revegetated as soon as their installation is complete.

1.5 <u>Erosion, Sedimentation and Stabilization Control Plan</u>

The Erosion Control Plan is included in the plan set.

1.6 <u>Details and Specifications</u>

The Erosion Control details and specifications are included in the plan set.

1.7 Winter Stabilization Plan

The winter construction period is from November 1 through April 15. If the construction site is not stabilized with pavement, a road gravel base, 75% mature vegetation cover or riprap by November 15 then the site needs to be protected with over—winter stabilization. An area considered open is any area not stabilized with pavement; vegetation, mulching, erosion control mats, riprap or gravel base on a road.

Winter excavation and earthwork shall be completed such that any area left exposed can be controlled by the contractor. Limit the exposed area to those areas in which work is expected to be under taken during the proceeding 15 days and that can be mulched in one day prior to any

All areas shall be considered to be denuded until the subbase gravel is installed in roadway/parking areas or the areas of future loam and seed have been loamed, seeded and mulched. Hay and straw mulch rate shall be a minimum of 150 lbs./1,000 s.f. (3 tons/acre) and shall be properly anchored.

The contractor shall install any added measures which may be necessary to control erosion/sedimentation from the site dependent upon the actual site and weather conditions. Continuation of earthwork operations on additional areas shall not begin until the exposed soil surface on the

area being worked has been stabilized, in order to minimize areas without erosion control protection. Stockpiles of soil or subsoil shall be mulched for over winter protection with hay or straw at twice the normal rate or at 150 lbs/1,000 s.f. (3

tons per acre) or with a four—inch layer of woodwaste erosion control mix. This shall be done within 24 hours of stocking and re—established

prior to any rainfall or snowfall. Any soil stockpile shall not be placed (even covered with hay or straw) within 100 feet from any natural

Natural Resource Protection Any areas within 100 feet from any natural resources, if not stabilized with a minimum of 75% mature vegetation catch, shall be mulched by

December 1 and anchored with plastic netting or protected with erosion control mats. During winter construction, a double line of sediment barriers (i.e. silt fence backed with hay bales or erosion control mix) shall be placed between any natural resource and the disturbed area. Projects crossing the natural resource shall be protected a minimum distance of 100 feet on either side from the resource. Existing projects not stabilized by December 1 shall be protected with the second line of sediment barrier to ensure functionality during the spring thaw and rains.

3. <u>Sediment Barriers</u> During frozen conditions, sediment barriers shall consist of woodwaste filter berms as frozen soil prevents the proper installation of hay bales and

An area shall be considered denuded until areas of future loam and seed have been loamed, seeded and mulched. Hay and straw mulch shall be applied at a rate of 150 lb. per 1,000 square feet or 3 tons/acre (twice the normal accepted rate of 75—lbs./1,000 s.f. or 1.5 tons/acre) and shall be properly anchored. Mulch shall not be spread on top of snow. The snow shall be removed down to a one—inch depth or less prior to application. After each day of final grading, the area shall be properly stabilized with anchored hay or straw or erosion control matting. An area shall be considered to have been stabilized when exposed surfaces have been either mulched with straw or hay at a rate of 150 lb. per 1,000 square feet (3 tons/acre) and adequately anchored that ground surface is not visible though the mulch.

Between the dates of November 1 and April 15, all mulch shall be anchored by peg line, mulch netting, asphalt emulsion chemical, or wood cellulose fiber. When ground surface is not visible through the mulch then cover is sufficient. After November 1st, mulch and anchoring of all bare soil shall occur at the end of each final grading workday.

Mulching on Slopes and Ditches

Slopes shall not be left exposed for any extended time of work suspension unless fully mulched and anchored with peg and netting or with erosion control blankets. Mulching shall be applied at a rate of 230 lbs/1,000 s.f. on all slopes greater than 8%.

Mulch netting shall be used to anchor mulch in all drainage ways with a slope greater than 3% for slopes exposed to direct winds and for all other slopes greater that 8%. Erosion control blankets shall be used in lieu of mulch in all drainage ways with slopes greater than 8%. Erosion control mix can be used to substitute erosion control blankets on all slopes except ditches.

Between the dates of October 15 and April 1st, loam or seed will not be required. During periods of above freezing temperatures finished areas shall be fine graded and either protected with mulch or temporarily seeded and mulched until such time as the final treatment can be applied. If the date is after November 1st and if the exposed area has been loamed, final graded with a uniform surface, then the area may be dormant seeded at a rate of 3 times higher than specified for permanent seed and then mulched. Dormant seeding may be selected to be placed prior to the placement of mulch and fabric netting anchored with staples. If dormant seeding is used for the site, all disturbed areas shall receive 4□ of loam and seed at an application rate of 5 lbs/1,000 s.f. All areas seeded during the winter shall be inspected in the spring for adequate catch. All areas insufficiently vegetated (less than 75% catch) shall be revegetated by replacing loam, seed and mulch. If dormant seeding is not used for the site, all disturbed areas shall be revegetated in the spring.

Standards for Timely Stabilization of Construction Sites During Winter

Standard for the timely stabilization of ditches and channels —— The applicant shall construct and stabilize all stone—lined ditches and channels on the site by November 15. The applicant shall construct and stabilize all grass—lined ditches and channels on the site by September 1. If the applicant fails to stabilize a ditch or channel to be grass—lined by September 1, then the applicant will take one of the following actions to stabilize the ditch for late fall and winter.

Install a sod lining in the ditch -- The applicant shall line the ditch with properly installed sod by October 1. Proper installation includes the applicant pinning the sod onto the soil with wire pins, rolling the sod to guarantee contact between the sod and underlying soil, watering the sod to promote root growth into the disturbed soil, and anchoring the sod with jute or plastic mesh to prevent the sod strips from sloughing during flow conditions.

Install a stone lining in the ditch ——The applicant shall line the ditch with stone riprap by November 15. The applicant shall hire a registered professional engineer to determine the stone size and lining thickness needed to withstand the anticipated flow velocities and flow depths within the ditch. If necessary, the applicant shall regrade the ditch prior to placing the stone lining so to prevent the stone lining from reducing the

2. Standard for the timely stabilization of disturbed slopes —— The applicant shall construct and stabilize stone—covered slopes by November 15. The applicant shall seed and mulch all slopes to be vegetated by September 1. The department shall consider any area having a grade greater than 15% to be a slope. If the applicant fails to stabilize any slope to be vegetated by September 1, then the applicant shall take one of the following actions to stabilize the slope for late fall and winter.

Stabilize the soil with temporary vegetation and erosion control mats -- By September 1 the applicant shall seed the disturbed slope with winter rye at a seeding rate of 3 pounds per 1,000 square feet and apply erosion control mats over the mulched slope. The applicant shall monitor growth of the rye over the next 30 days. If the rye fails to grow at least three inches or cover at least 75% of the disturbed slope by November 1, then the applicant shall cover the slope with a layer of woodwaste compost as described in item iii of this standard or with stone riprap as described in item iv of this standard.

Stabilize the slope with sod -- The applicant shall stabilize the disturbed slope with properly installed sod by September 1. Proper installation includes the applicant pinning the sod onto the slope with wire pins, rolling the sod to guarantee contact between the sod and underlying soil, and watering the sod to promote root growth into the disturbed soil. The applicant shall not use late—season sod installation to stabilize slopes having a grade greater than 33% (3H:1V).

Stabilize the slope with woodwaste compost -- The applicant shall place a six-inch layer of woodwaste compost on the slope by November 15. Prior to placina the woodwaste compost, the applicant shall remove any snow accumulation on the disturbed slope. The applicant shall not use woodwaste compost to stabilize slopes having grades greater than 50% (2H:1V) or having groundwater seeps on the slope face.

Stabilize the slope with stone riprap -- The applicant shall place a layer of stone riprap on the slope by November 15. The applicant shall hire a registered professional engineer to determine the stone size needed for stability and to design a filter layer for underneath the riprap.

3. Standard for the timely stabilization of disturbed soils — By September 15 the applicant shall seed and mulch all disturbed soils on areas having a slope less than 15%. If the applicant fails to stabilize these soils by this date, then the applicant shall take one of the following actions to stabilize the soil for late fall and winter.

Stabilize the soil with temporary vegetation -- By September 1 the applicant shall seed the disturbed soil with winter rye at a seeding rate of 3 pounds per 1000 square feet, lightly mulch the seeded soil with hay or straw at 75 pounds per 1000 square feet, and anchor the mulch with plastic netting. The applicant shall monitor growth of the rye over the next 30 days. If the rye fails to grow at least three inches or cover at least 75% of the disturbed soil before November 1, then the applicant shall mulch the area for over—winter protection as described below.

Stabilize the soil with sod -- The applicant shall stabilize the disturbed soil with properly installed sod by September 15. Proper installation includes the applicant pinning the sod onto the soil with wire pins, rolling the sod to guarantee contact between the sod and underlying soil, and watering the sod to promote root growth into the disturbed soil.

Stabilize the soil with mulch -- By November 15 the applicant shall mulch the disturbed soil by spreading hay or straw at a rate of at least 150 pounds per 1000 square feet on the area so that no soil is visible through the mulch. Prior to applying the mulch, the applicant shall remove any snow accumulation on the disturbed area. Immediately after applying the mulch, the applicant will anchor the mulch with plastic netting to prevent wind from moving the mulch off the disturbed soil.

1.8 <u>Maintenance of facilities</u>

The stormwater facilities will be maintained by the Applicant, TZ Properties, LLC or their assigned heirs. The contract documents will require the contractor to designate a person responsible for maintenance of the sedimentation control features during construction as required by the Erosion Control Report, Long-term operation/maintenance recommended for the stormwater facilities is presented below.

The responsible party may contract with such professionals, as may be necessary in order to comply with this provision and may rely on the advice of such professionals in carrying out its duty hereunder, provided, that the following operation and maintenance procedures are hereby established as a minimum for compliance with this section. A maintenance log of the inspections shall be kept by the responsible party.

Inspection and Maintenance Frequency and Corrective Measures: The following areas, facilities, and measures will be inspected and the identified deficiencies will be corrected. Clean—out must include the removal

and legal disposal of any accumulated sediments and debris.

Inspect catch basins 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the catch basins are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Clean structures when sediment depths reach 12 from invert of outlet. If the basin outlet is designed with a hood to trap floatable materials (i.e. Snout), check to ensure watertight seal is working. At a minimum, remove floating debris and hydrocarbons at the time of the inspection.

Inspect culverts 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the culverts are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the inlet, at the outlet, and within the conduit and repair any erosion damage at the culvert's inlet and outlet.

Inspect structures and piping 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the structures are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris within the structure.

Inspect outlets 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the outlets are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the outlet and within the conduit Repair any erosion damage at the stormdrain outlet.

Inspect all upstream pre—treatment measures 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) for sediment and floatables accumulation. Remove and dispose of any sediments or debris.

Surface (Underdrain Pond, Swale or Bio-Filter): The soil filter will be inspected within the first three months after construction; thereafter the filter will be inspected 2 times per year

Ädjustments will be made to the outlet valve to ensure that the grassed underdrained soil filter drains within 24 to 48 hours. Failure to drain

(preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the filter is draining within 24 to 48 hours of a rain event equivalent to 1□ or more.

sparse growth. Where rill erosion is evident, armor the grea with an appropriate lining or divert the erosive flows to on—site greas able

in 72 hours will require part or all of the soil filter media to be removed and replaced with new material meeting the soil filter gradation. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected. Harvesting and weeding of excessive growth

shall be performed as needed. Inspect for unwanted or invasive plants and remove as necessary. Inspect slopes and embankments early in the growing season to identify active or potential erosion problems. Replant bare areas or areas with

withstand the concentrated flows. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected. Ditches. Swales and other Open Stormwater Channels:

Inspect 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure they are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of sediment and debris. Remove any obstructions to flow, including accumulated sediments and debris and vegetated growth. Repair any erosion of the ditch lining. Vegetated ditches will be moved at least annually or otherwise maintained to control the growth of woody vegetation and maintain flow capacity. Any woody vegetation growing through riprap linings must also be removed. Repair any slumping side slopes as soon as practicable. If the ditch has a riprap lining, replace riprap on areas where any underlying filter fabric or underdrain gravel is showing through the stone or where stones have dislodged. Correct any erosion of the channel's bottom or sideslopes. The facilities shall be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies shall be corrected.

Roadways and Parking Surfaces: Clear accumulations of winter sand in parking lots and along roadways at least once a year, preferably in the spring. Accumulations on pavement may be removed by pavement sweeping. Accumulations of sand along road shoulders may be removed by grading excess sand to the pavement edge and removing it manually or by a front—end loader. Repair potholes and other roadway obstructions and hazards. Plowing and sanding of paved areas shall be performed as necessary to maintain vehicular traffic safety.

<u>Recertification</u>

As part of the Stormwater Permit, the applicant is required to meet the standards in Appendix B of the Chapter 500 Rules. Appendix B states that a project must submit a certification of the following to the department within three months of the expiration of each five-year interval from the date of issuance of the permit.

(a) Identification and repair of erosion problems. All areas of the project site have been inspected for areas of erosion, and appropriate steps have been taken to permanently stabilize these areas. (b) Inspection and repair of stormwater control system. All aspects of the stormwater control system have been inspected for damage, wear, and malfunction, and appropriate steps have been taken to repair or replace the system, or portions of the system.

(c) Maintenance. The erosion and stormwater maintenance plan for the site is being implemented as written, or modifications to the plan have been submitted to and approved by the department, and the maintenance log is being maintained. (d) Proprietary Systems. All proprietary systems have been maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Where required by the Department, the permittee shall execute a 5-year maintenance contract with a qualified professional for the coming 5-year interval. The

Spill Prevention:

As part of the Stormwater Permit, the applicant is required to meet the standards in Appendix C of the Chapter 500 Rules. The following procedures are hereby established as a minimum for compliance with this section. For further information on the procedures listed below, refer to Chapter 500 rules - Appendix C.

Appropriate spill prevention, containment, and response planning/implementation shall be used to prevent pollutants from being discharged from

Groundwater Protection: During construction, hazardous materials with the potential to contaminate groundwater shall not be stored or handled in areas of the site which drain to an infiltration area.

Fugitive Sediment and Dust: Appropriate measures shall be taken to ensure that activities do not result in noticeable erosion of the soils and water and/or calcium chloride

shall be used to ensure that activities do not result in fugitive dust emissions during or after construction. Litter, construction debris, and chemicals exposed to stormwater must be prevented from becoming a pollutant source.

maintenance contract must include provisions for routine inspections, cleaning, and general maintenance.

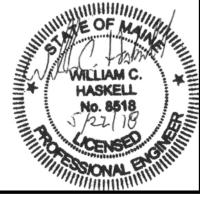
Trench or Foundation De-watering:

Water collected through the process of trenching and/or de-watering must be removed from the ponded area, and must be spread through natural wooded buffers or other areas that are specifically designed to collect the maximum amount of sediment possible.

Non-stormwater Discharges:

Identify and prevent contamination by non-stormwater discharges.

NOTE: THIS PLAN SET IS ISSUED FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.



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Preliminary/Final Subdivision Application	5-22-18	WCH
MDEP/ACOE Permitting	12/22/17	WCH
Preliminary Subdivision Application	10-31-17	WCH
Issued For	Date	Ву

Design: JWA	Draft:	LAN	Date: DEC 2017
Checked: WCH	Scale:	NTS	Job No.: 3236.01
File Name: 3236-D	ETAILS.d	wg	
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Client:	TZ Properties
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